THE WEATHER.
Fair today; moderate southerly winds.
Sun rises—5:39 a. m.; sets—6:07 p. m.
Moon rises—2:29 a. m.
High tide—5:30 a. m.; 6:15 p. m.

Boston American

LARGEST CIRCULATION — THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER — IN NEW ENGLAND

CITY EDITION
1—Main Sheet, Part I (Latest News).
2—Main Sheet, Part II (General News and Sports).
3—Main Sheet, Part III (General News).
4—Main Sheet, Part IV (General News and Wants).
5—Colored Comic Pictures.
6—Magazine Features. 6—City Life.
7—Editorial and Drama. 9—Society and Foreign.

VOL. 10—No. 10. BOSTON, SUNDAY, MARCH 30, 1913. Registered in U. S. Patent Office. ★ VOL. 10—No. 10.

MISSISSIPPI LEVEES BREAK; MISSOURI IN FLOOD DANGER

TORRENT 75 FEET HIGH RUSHING DOWN ON CINCINNATI

PROBE LOOTING AFTER FIRE AT BRAMAN-DOW'S

Fire Officials Seek Light on Wholesale Thefts in Firm's Office.

DESKS CHISELLED OPEN

Protective Men, Accused by Telephone Tipster, Exonerated by Inquiry.

STIRRED by reports of the looting that is said to have gone on in the Braman, Dow building at Nos. 239-245 Causeway street, following the great four-alarm fire on the night of February 20, Fire Commissioner Cole, Chief Mullen and Deputy Chiefs Grady and Fox, will today begin a roundup of all the firemen detailed to the premises following the fire in an effort to get at the facts, so far as they may touch the Fire Department.

No complaint that any member of the department was concerned in the robbery at the Braman-Dow plant has yet come to the officials of the department in Bristol street. No member of Braman, Dow & Co has ever mentioned the looting to any official of the Fire Department and asked for an investigation. The robbery, however, has been the talk of the North Station bulanoss community for several weeks.

It became known yesterday that the raid on the Braman Dow offices had, soon after the fire, been put up to the Boston protective department, that Superintendent Samuel Abbott and Captain Fitzgerald had gone down to the new Braman, Dow offices in Beverly street prepared for a showdown and that the result of that conference was a letter of apology which cleared the men of the Protective Department, but still leaves the matter hanging in a manner most peculiar and ugly.

Protective Men Cleared

This is the letter which has completely satisfied Superintendent Abbott and his men and which has led the officials of the regular department to look into the matter on their own account in the absence of anything like a complaint.

Captain Samuel Abbott,
Superintendent, Boston Protective Department,
Boston, Mass.

Dear Sir—

Referring to your call together with Captain Fitzgerald at our office last week in reference to information given you as to occurrences on February 20, 21 and 22 in our building at Nos. 239-245 Causeway street after the fire, we were told at the time that the men in charge belonged to the Boston Protective Department, but the information you gave us and the records shown us lead us to believe we were entirely mistaken, as you show conclusively that your men left the premises during the day of February 21 and the trouble occurred principally in the early morning of the 22nd.

We are very glad that the blame does not attach to your department and remain,

Very truly yours,
(Signed) BRAMAN, DOW & CO.

Biggest for Three Years.

The Braman Dow fire was the biggest Boston had known since the Albany street conflagration of three years ago. The house is one of the most important in the United States in iron pipe, fittings, valves, tools, plumbing supplies and specialties.

The loss was estimated at the time at $250,000. The interior of a five-story building was ruined. The building was the property of the J. P. Thorndike estate and others, and was assessed at $54,000. The Braman Dow firm was insured for $300,000.

Immediately after the fire—a five-alarm affair which brought 19 engines and three fire boats to Causeway street—it was observed and reported by everybody that the only part of the building which "escaped" was the office, running the length of the first floor on Causeway street immediately in the shadow of the Elevated.

Two days later the members of the Braman Dow firm would have been ready to take oath that the office had suffered more than any other portion of the plant. This is what they then observed:

What the Thieves Took.

Every desk in the office broken open by chisels.

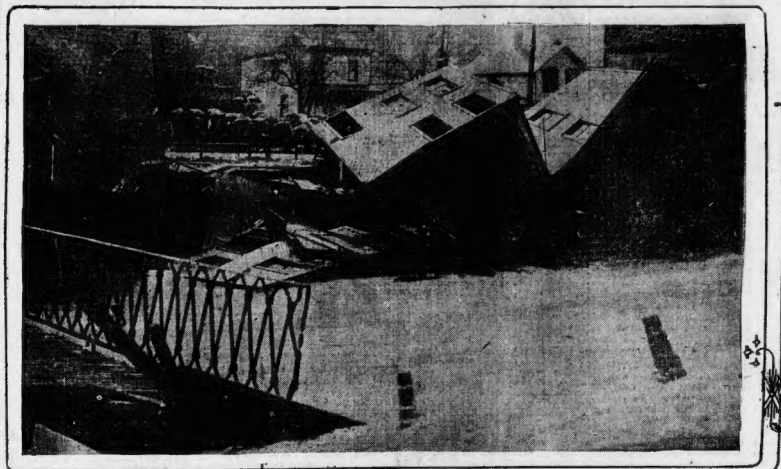
Desk clocks gone, in one case torn from its fittings.

Drawers rifled, pulled out and dumped.

Thirty lockers looted, five or six of them stripped clean.

Continued on Page 3, Column 6.

TYPICAL FLOOD SCENE IN SOUTHERN OHIO TOWN.
This photograph, taken Wednesday, of scene on Cuyahoga street, Columbus, shows terrible force of floods.



Five Face Death Charge Tomorrow

All Were Indicted for Killing of Hood Rubber Employe During Strike.

Five Italians charged with murder in the first degree will be placed on trial tomorrow morning in the Middlesex Superior Court at East Cambridge before Judge Frederic C. Chase. They were recently indicted for the murder of Francisco Citillo at Watertown on November 17, during the trouble which followed efforts of the Industrial Workers of the World to organize the strikers at the works of the Hood Rubber Company in that town. Citillo was shot down on the street during a melee in which Francisco Iossi, another Italian, was badly wounded.

The defendants and their counsel are: Vicenzo Ristagno, represented by James H. Vahey; Tommaso Fittanzie, represented by Maurice M. Lynch; Luigi Lagaro, represented by Roger Sherman Hoar; Gabriele Lapere, represented by John H. Hurley, and Francisco Falbo, represented by James J. Kerwin of Lowell. District-Attorney John J. Higgins will conduct the prosecution.

7 Feet 2 Not Enough; Giant Will Be 7 Feet 6

Comes to America to Have the Surgeons Take a Four-inch Curve Out of His Legs.

CHICAGO, March 29.—Julius Laubach, who is 7 feet 2 inches tall, traveled all the way from Brussels to Chicago to get four inches added to his height. His legs are very bowed. The curvature was caused some years ago when he fell out of a four-story window and landed on his feet. He came here to consult a Chicago specialist who straightens deformed limbs. Four inches will be added to his height if the physician is successful in straightening him.

"A PLEASANT JOURNEY TO YOU"

You've selected the hotels you'll stay at and the roads you'll travel over through the "TOURS and TRAVEL" advertising in the American, so you will be well cared for. It's a great comfort to feel assured in advance of all the conveniences and luxuries, isn't it? Good-bye and good luck.

MRS. JOSHUA CRANE HURT IN AUTO CRASH

Former Racquet Champion's Wife Faints at Auto Wheel on Middleboro Hill.

CAR DASHES INTO POLE

Mrs. Joshua Crane, wife of the former champion racquet player of Boston and Westwood, was seriously if not fatally injured in an automobile accident on the Boston and Cape Cod turnpike early last night near Middleboro.

Mr. Crane and his little son and daughter were buried into the street, but were uninjured. Mrs. Crane was taken to her Westwood home suffering with concussion of the brain.

The accident was the result of a fainting spell which Mrs. Crane suffered while she was driving the motor car. Her husband, who was on the front seat at her side, tried with one hand to save her from falling and to stop the machine with the other. The car was going down a steep grade. Mr. Crane was unable to make a turn in the road. The automobile dashed into a telegraph pole. Mrs. Crane was hurled headlong through the wind shield. Mr. Crane and the children were thrown out into the road.

Prominent Socially.

The Cranes are prominent socially. They have a Summer home at Cuttyhunk on Buzzard's Bay. Mr. Crane and his wife motored down to the summer place yesterday afternoon. They started home about 5 o'clock. Mrs. Crane took the wheel. The children were in the big rear seat. Everything went along smoothly until a point about five miles from Middleboro was reached.

Suddenly Mrs. Crane turned white. Her grip on the steering wheel loosened. Her body began to sway. In a second the former tennis champion realized that she had fainted. Mr. Crane grasped his wife in one arm and prevented her from falling from the rapidly moving machine while he took hold of the wheel with the other, but was unable to prevent the crash.

Carries Wife to Farmhouse.

Mr. Crane picked up his unconscious wife in his arms and carried her to the farmhouse of Howard Carver.

Dr. J. P. Leahy and Miss Harriet Ruggles, district nurse, hurried to the scene in answer to a telephone summons. Then Mrs. Crane was taken to Fox Hill Farm, the Westwood home, in a car that Mr. Crane had summoned.

Mrs. Crane before her marriage was Ethel M. Hill, a prominent debutante. Mr. Crane is a graduate of Harvard and Technology and is a member of several Boston clubs. He coached one of Harvard's star football elevens and is a polo player of some note.

TAKING A SPRING TONIC?
The best is Father John's Medicine.

ALARM SHOWN OVER MORGAN'S CONDITION

Financier Believed to Be Suffering from Cerebral Anaemia —Rest Is Ordered.

FRIENDS ARE EXCLUDED

ROME, March 29.—Complete rest and the exclusion of even his most intimate friends is the prescription which Professor Giuseppe Bastianelli and Dr. George A. Dixon have ordered for J. Pierpont Morgan.

Officially the great financier's condition is reported unchanged, but the precautions that have been taken to keep him from the least excitement or interruption of any kind indicate how serious his present condition is regarded.

During the first week of his stay in Rome, Mr. Morgan overtaxed his strength by his daily journeys to the Janiculum Hill to observe the progress being made upon the American Academy.

Has Cerebral Anaemia.

Because of these journeys and his natural tendency to move about, the financier's health has been growing worse for some time. Today there is little doubt about his critical condition.

Cerebral anaemia, or lack of blood supply for the brain, is said to be at the bottom of his illness. Great exhaustion and physical lassitude is one of the chief characteristics of this disease.

Much secrecy, however, is still maintained concerning the financier. Doctors refuse to give out more than the carefully censored official statements and the real facts have been deduced from a combination of these reports, the fact that Mr. Morgan is closely guarded, and what his friends who have seen him most recently, say.

Just now it is said to be doubtful whether the plan to remove him to his London residence can be carried out, because of his weakened condition.

Rest Cure Ordered.

The rest cure which has been ordered now is regarded by his friends here as indicating that he is even worse than they had thought. He has now been here for several weeks, having come from Egypt, where the report of his illness first started.

Last Sunday Mr. Morgan insisted upon being permitted to attend Easter services at the American church, where he remained until the services were over. The day following came the command from the physicians that no visitors would be admitted and since that time anxious messages have been coming from his son in New York.

NEW YORK, March 29.—J. P. Morgan, Jr., who was asked tonight at his home for some comment in regard to the dispatches from Rome and London that his father's recovery was not progressing favorably, said:

"I received a cable message this afternoon, which, while it gave no details, indicated that my father's condition had been less favorable for the past three days and, in view of his years, is such as to give rise to considerable anxiety.

LIPTON CABLES $1,000.

Cup Challenger Sends Cash for Relief of Flood Sufferers.

CLEVELAND, O., March 29.—Sir Thomas Lipton today cabled $1,000 to the Ohio flood relief fund.

Babe Saved at Fire by Unknown Hero

Fireman Off Duty Carries Infant from Burning Building; Then Walks Away in Gathering Crowd.

A little month-old baby was saved from suffocation by smoke through the bravery of an unknown Boston fireman last night during a fire which broke out in a tenement house at No. 33 Edinboro street. Samuel Thomas, Jr., the baby, was in his mother's arms, in a small garret room, when the fire broke out in the floor directly below. The flames burst through the ceiling and the smoke enveloped the mother and her baby.

Just as the fire was discovered, a fireman off duty happened to pass. The alarm had been sounded and he was told by a boy that the mother and child were on the top floor. He ran up the stairs to the room, caught up the baby and carried him downstairs. Then the fireman returned and guided the mother downstairs to the street. When the fire engine arrived, the fireman was lost sight of and no one knew the hero's name.

The fire started in a small kitchen on the third floor in the rear. Mrs. David W. Cunningham had just returned from work and started to light the gas stove, when her waist became ignited by the gas flame. Her husband threw water over her and shouted for help. A boy heard his shouts and sounded the fire alarm box on Beach street, near the house.

BEDFORD STAYS DRY.

Selectmen Announce They Will Grant No Liquor Licenses.

The town of Bedford, which recently voted for license, after being in the dry column for twenty-seven years, has decided to be as "dry" as ever after all.

This announcement—that no liquor licenses would be granted—was made at a public indignation meeting held in the Town Hall. It served to lessen much of the feeling engendered against the members of the Board of Selectmen in their refusal to grant a hearing with regard to the exact status of Chief of Police Edward P. Kelley, whom some of the townsfold wished to see ousted from office. The intentions of the board was made known through a communication received from Chairman E. L. Hodgdon. The principal speakers at the meeting were the Rev. David C. Torrey, Norman L. Skeen and Timer E. Gray.

SEEK OWNER OF $310,000.

This Much Is Unclaimed and in the State Treasurer's Hands.

State Treasurer Stevens has just $310,000 on his hands that is waiting for folks to come along and bear it away, that is, if they have a right to the money. This sum represents the unclaimed savings bank deposits since under the law all deposits lying unclaimed for thirty years are turned over to the State Treasurer.

The amount on hand was considerably greater up to a few days ago when the Boston Five Cents Savings Bank published a list, which led to fifty persons calling upon Mr. Stevens with the intimation that he fork over.

SIXTY BLOCKS ALREADY UNDER WATER; HEAVY DAMAGE DONE, WITH THOUSANDS HOMELESS

Ohio's Governor Wires Thanks To the East Through American.

COLUMBUS, O., March 29.

To the Editor, Boston American, Boston, Mass.:

Wire received. My thanks to the big-hearted bunch of the East. Life loss not so great as first reported, but considerable in all Central and Southern Ohio. Two hundred dead here in Columbus; quarter million people homeless. We can use funds to best advantage. Remit to Colonel M. L. Wilson, Ohio Flood Relief Commissioner, Columbus, O.

JAMES M. COX.

COLUMBUS, O., March 29.—The telephone operator at Jackson tonight reported to General John C. Speaks, in command of troops on duty in flood districts, that she had received a telephone message from the office in Portsmouth that the latter city is on fire in several places and without water facilities because of the flood.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 29.—The levee at Drinkwater, Mo., broke at 2 o'clock this afternoon, flooding all southeastern Missouri and endangering the lives of hundreds of citizens.

An Iron Mountain train was caught in the yards at Birds Point and the passengers, the report says, had to be rescued in skiffs. Families are fleeing.

CINCINNATI is today the center of the flood district. The waters from the southern part of the State, joined with the flood waters from Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia are rushing down the Ohio River and a flood crest of seventy-five feet is expected at Cincinnati and cities opposite on the Kentucky shore during the day.

Sixty blocks in Cincinnati are already submerged. Many other cities and towns along the reach of the Muddy Ohio from Pittsburgh southward are partially under water, thousands of families are refugees and tremendous damage has already been done.

Dayton, Columbus and other cities in Ohio and Indiana which received staggering blows in the recent flood scourge, began their battle against pestilence and for reconstructions yesterday. Conditions in those sections are rapidly improving and with two exceptions almost complete temporary relief has been given.

Along the lower Ohio and the Mississipi the water level is increasing and the inhabitants are preparing to resist the worst flood in many years. Two levees have already broken on the Missouri side of the Mississippi and the militia is patroling the valley districts.

Every river and stream in the states of Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Missouri and Tennessee is reported full to the point of overflow and within the next few days a tremendous volume of water will be added to the Mississippi.

The total deaths in Ohio, Indiana, Pennsylvania and West Virginia, through the flood will not exceed 600, according to the latest and most authentic reports.

The maximum estimate of deaths in Dayton is two hundred, with Hamilton, Ohio, next with an estimated one hundred and fifty, while the total for Columbus is placed at one hundred.

Hamilton, O., twenty-five miles above Cincinnati, is in danger of being cut off from all sources of supply, through washouts near Cincinnati, that route having been the only means of transportation since the flood.

The situation in several Indiana towns remains acute, but it is expected that the relief of all will be effected by today.

DAMAGE IN INDIANA AT LEAST $50,000,000.

Governor Ralston said last night that the damage through the state would surely be $50,000,000 and might perhaps reach $100,000,000. Indianapolis, Peru, and Terre Haute are found to have been worst sufferers. The Governor said that the flood victims are in urgent need of supplies of all kinds and money. Transportation in the state is paralyzed. The total deaths in the state is placed at 46.

Secretary of War Garrison arrived in Dayton yesterday and is co-operating with the State and municipal authorities in carrying out the work of sanitation and rehabilitating. The problem of supplying drinking water and a sanitary system is the most important in Dayton.

Nearly all of the water mains have been broken and the entire sewerage system has been demolished. A corps of State and government engineers are now in the city, and Monday every man who is out of employment through the closing of the factories there, will be engaged in the work of rebuilding these systems.

Medical experts have begun the fight to prevent the spread of disease.

Steps toward sanitation are being taken in Columbus and conditions in that city are rapidly improving. The known dead there are 66, much less than was anticipated.

The fear of epidemics through districts remains uppermost. The complete paralysis of transportation ties has greatly hindered the impose of medical supplies and with the rec sufferers. The Governor said that the flood victims are in urgent need of supplies of all kinds and money. Transportation in the state is paralyzed. The total deaths in the state is placed at 46.

Several men have been shot, one as he was taking a jeweled ring from the finger of a dead woman.

The oil regions in Ohio and West Virginia have suffered heavily. Derricks have been wrecked and pipe lines broken and many homes demolished.

Many parts of eKntucky have felt the flood. At Covington, Newport and Dayton, on the Ohio river, opposite Cincinnati, twelve thousand are homeless and a large part of the three towns is submerged. In other parts of the State along the Kentucky river, the same conditions prevail. The Kentucky river has reached a higher level than for years past and thousands of logs have been swept loose and are creating havoc as they are carried down the torrent.

Continued on Page 6, Column 2.

NEW ENGLAND PERIL ENDS AS RIVERS FALL

Merrimack Goes Down 6 Inches at Haverhill—Trains Menaced by Washouts.

It looks now as if northern New England might begin to breathe less nervously as the people read the stories of flood havoc in the West.

Up to New Hampshire they have been worrying and along the Merrimack and Connecticut rivers the people have been watching seriously the rise of the streams and rivers.

But reports last night from various points show that danger from flood practically is over.

The Merrimack fell six inches at Haverhill. At one time the river was at its highest since the floods of 1897.

The water was running even with the top of the fender pier of the Haverhill bridge. Firemen were called to the Emery & Marshall Shoe Factory, where the water filled the cellar. A steamer pumped the water out and employes were obliged to remove $20,000 worth of leather stored there.

Change Routes of Trains.

Because of the high water and washouts near Burlington and West Lebanon, N. H., several passenger trains of the Central Vermont divisions have been running over the White Mountain division of the B. & M. between Woodsville and Concord, Friday and yesterday.

Montreal expresses to Boston have been from four to eight hours behind time nearly all the week.

All along the route from Tilton, N. H. to the Canada line the traffic is still upset, although the rain has ceased and it is said by railroad men that danger from washouts and track settling will exist for several days.

Winnipesaukee Full.

The Winnipesaukee River has been running full all the week, but no serious damages have been reported. The ice in Lakes Winnipesaukee and Winnisquam began to break up Friday, and alarm was felt at East Alton for fear of the river overflowing some of the lowlands. The Belmont River has been overflowing for several days, and the adjacent roads have been under a foot of water. But Saturday it was down so that the mail team was able to get through. The Pemigewasset River between Hill and Franklin overflowed the Bristol Railroad and stopped train service.

At Franklin Junction the Merrimack River was 18 feet 2 inches, the highest for years.

HENRY OF REUSS DIES.

Prince Passes Away in His Eighty-First Year.

GERA, Germany, March 29.—Prince Henry XIV. of Reuss, the head of the younger branch of the Reuss family, and who had reigned over the principality since July 11, 1867, died today in his eighty-first year.

MISS ELVA STUART PEASE, Martha's Vineyard suffragist, to whom former Senator Roger Sherman Hoar is betrothed.

Suffrage Romance Interests Capitol

Former Senator Roger Sherman, "Votes for Women" Supporter, to Wed Suffragist.

Boston suffragists and legal and State House circles are interested in the unfolding of Boston's first suffrage romance which comes to light with the announcement of the engagement of Roger Sherman Hoar, the young attorney and former Senator from the Fifth Middlesex District, to Miss Elva Stuart Pease, the Bay State's youngest suffragist.

Attorney Hoar is an ardent advocate of votes for women. During his career at the State House he gained State-wide fame for his work for suffrage. His fiancee is the daughter of Benjamin W. Pease, a contractor and member of the Selectmen of Edgartown, Martha's Vineyard. Miss Pease, who is a descendant of Governor Bradford, is also an ardent suffragist.

The romance of the couple was not known to many of Mr. Hoar's friends. He met the pretty suffragist while on a recent business trip to Edgartown.

Mr. Hoar is twenty-six, son of the late Congressman Sherman Hoar. He was graduated from Harvard in 1909. He had two years at Harvard Law School, and on being admitted to the bar entered politics. He was elected to the Senate on a Democratic ticket in a strong Republican district. Mr. Hoar has since turned a cold shoulder on politics to enter the law offices of Louis D. Brandeis.

With other young women of Edgartown Miss Pease came to Boston last month and presented a large silk banner to the Democratic Club of the Boston University Law School in recognition of the work the club did for the Democratic party in the campaign last Fall.

WILKIE EXAMINES CUSTOMS OFFICIALS

Chief of Secret Service Here Probing Five Million Dollar Smuggling Scandal.

In connection with the investigation of the $5,000,000 smuggling fraud which brought Chief John E. Wilkie of the United States Treasury Department to this city in haste, customs inspectors were put on the rack yesterday.

Details of the inquiry being conducted here by Federal experts, who are the pick of the Government's sleuths, cropped out last night. It was learned among other things that the customs inspectors were admitted one at a time to the presence of Chief Wilkie and subjected to the most rigid kind of a third degree.

The inspectors examined were all connected with the Cunard docks in East Boston. They were compelled to detail their memorandum books and to give samples of their individual stamps which they are supposed to place upon dutiable goods after they have been inspected and passed.

More Arrests Expected.

The peremptory summonses to attend these star chamber examinations caused consternation among the dock officials. Others are to be called tomorrow. The inquiry is said to have become so important that Secretary McAdoo is expected to come to Boston personally to direct the search.

More arrests are looked for hourly. The Treasury Department is said to be determined to break up a combination which is said to have been defrauding the government out of thousands of dollars annually by the smuggling of costly goods, chiefly gowns from Paris.

Boston is said long to have been the clearing house of the wholesale operations promoted by New York modistes, who are said to have had trunks filled with imported gowns sent by rail from Boston to New York to avert suspicion and detection.

Inquiry Has Gone on for a Year.

The credit for unearthing the conspiracy to defraud the United States government out of huge sums in duties on valuable Parisian gowns brought to Boston belongs to Customs Inspector Herman W. Kuckemeister, following a year's work in this direction.

The announcement was made, yesterday by the United States authorities in Boston, coupled with the information that the probe which Chief Tar has resulted in two arrests, would be more thorough and far-reaching. It followed the arrival in this city of Chief Wilkie.

According to customs officials, Inspector Kuckemeister had spent a year awaiting an opportunity to seize contraband. He was on board watch on March 17, watching out for smugglers and at that time noticed a trunk marked "W. M. Ellison." It aroused his suspicions, since it bore no other means of identification. When he looked over the list of passengers arriving on the Carpathia, he was unable to find the name of Ellison among them. He soon he informed his superiors of what he had discovered, it was decided to hold the trunk.

The Inspector's Story.

According to Kuckmeister, some other person on the wharf was as interested in that particular trunk as he was. He claims that while he was away notifying his superiors, this individual sneaked up and pasted a sticker on the trunk, reading: "U. S. Customs," with an ancient serial number, for the purpose of misleading him.

Edward G. Graves surveyor of the port, it was learned yesterday, has known for nearly a year that smuggling was being carried on at this port, but has been unable to detect the culprits.

Sherlin and his wife are under bonds of $2,000 each, and will appear before U. S. Commissioner Hayes on April 14.

CHAS. W. SWETT DEAD.

Former Secretary of Wellesley Passes Away.

Charles Webster Swett, former president of the Wellesley Savings Bank, secretary of the United Fruit Company until twelve years ago and former president of the Boston and Riverside Holiday Company, died yesterday at his home, No. 1362 Beacon street, Brookline, from heart trouble. Mr. Swett was born sixty-one years ago in Wellesley, and after attending the public schools entered the Wellesley Savings Bank as chashier. He came to Boston in 1891 and was elected secretary of the Boston Fruit Company. He married Elma Ella Worth Freeman, whose father, Jesse H. Freeman, founded the Fruit Company.

At the time of the merger of the Boston Fruit Company with that of the Jamaica Fruit Company he was elected secretary and took an active part in the executive affairs of the concern.

ENGLISH HIGH BANQUET.

Boys of 1904 Talk of Former School Days.

Songs of alma mater and speeches featured the annual dinner of the graduates of the English High School, class of 1904, at the Copley Square Hotel last evening. John F. Casey, Malcolm D. Barrows and John D. O'Reilly were the toastmasters.

The following were chosen officers: Paul H. Hackel, president; Robert T. McCance, permanent secretary; treasurer, Frank S. Eggleston, jr., vice-president; Dr. Hyman Myrael, Arthur C. Hilton and V. L. H. Pratt, committee.

TO ADDRESS CREDIT MEN.

Brandeis and Cushing Will Speak at Banquet.

Louis D. Brandeis and Grafton Cushing, speaker of the Massachusetts house of Representatives, are to be the chief speakers of the April dinner of the Boston Credit Men's Association, Tuesday, April 8, at Young's Hotel. The plans for Treasurer Hall's representation at the 1913 credit men's convention, which is to be held in Cincinnati in June, are to be discussed. The subject of the meeting is to be the case of credit in business expansion.

CONSTIPATION VANISHES and FREEDOM COMES

No drugs or diet—nothing to swallow; no inducing, no constipation before it gets you. Send for FREE BOOK telling how. Address F. W. WINNOM, 202 W. 103 St., New York, N. Y.

PENNANTS

36 Inches Long x 15 Inches Wide

THIS COUPON

is Good for One Pennant OF ANY Subject Offered

When Presented at American Promotion Dept., 15 Winthrop Sq.,

or at any distributing agency, with 20 cents. Pennants are handsomely embossed on university felt, with artistic letterings, owners' colors and special and exclusive designs.

If there is no distributing agency in your city, mail the coupon with 20 cents (no extra charge for mailing) to P.O. Box 3047, Boston, and Pennant will be sent you.

SUNDAY, MARCH 30.

For List of Pennant Distributing Points See City Life Section.

FIREMEN IN BUILDING TO BE QUESTIONED

Continued from First Page.

Five suits of clothing gone.

Cigar boxes cleaned of their contents, in one instance a smoke that retails at 40 cents.

Collection of coins vanished.

Silver photograph frames gone from the heavy solid-oak desks, the thieves thoughtfully leaving behind the photographs.

One hundred safety razor sets intended for customers.

Gets Tip by Telephone.

This is only a partial list of the wreck, which will strock the members of the firm the toughest blow of the week. These firm members are Henry O. and Harry W. Barrett of Malden and Frank M. Sheldon of Farlow and Newton.

All at once it came to one of the members of the firm that he had received a strange tip by telephone to "Watch the men of the Protective Department." Yesterday there was some mention, also, of anonymous letters.

And so, with the marks of the chisels still visible on every solid oak desk in the big office—so big that it housed thirty people, bookkeepers and all, and contained three private telephone booths—Mr. Sheldon of the firm wrote a letter to Purchasing Agent Abbott and his force.

Everybody in Boston who knows "Bret" and "Geraldine" knows "Hank" Abbott. From 1895 until 1880 he was a member of the fire department, the last six years its chief. In 1880 he went over to the "Protective," and he has been there ever since—thirty-two years, now—boss of the works.

Protective Men Aroused.

The Protective Department is maintained by the insurance companies doing business in Boston. It was incorporated in 1874. Its business is to care for property, mainly in the interest of fire insurance writers. Under the act of incorporation it plays second fiddle to the regular fire department and stands in a position to "take orders" from that direction.

The first letter from Brenan Dow & Company was of a sort to sting the people at Protective headquarters in Purchase street—Superintendent Abbott's whole force consists of only 20 regulars and 20 "night" men—and the "Snipe" grabbed his hat, called Captain Fitzgerald and steered straight for the temporary home of the firm in Beverly street.

And Abbott had the goods with him. Mr. Sheldon fixed the time of the "warning" at about 8:20 o'clock on the morning of Washington's Birthday. "Wasn't that about the time we got that telephone message?" he said, turning to Mr. H. W. Barrett. And Mr. Barrett said "Yes." It was.

"What was the condition of things in the office on February 21?" the boss of the Protective Department wanted to know, and the Brenan Dow folks admitted that it was "all right," as reported to them.

Abbott Shows Discharge.

Whereupon, Superintendent Abbott pulled from his pocket the officially signed "discharge" by the insurance people—their employers—of the last man from the Protective Department on duty at Brenan Dow's. This is a copy:

11 A. M., February 21, 1913.

I hereby discharge the detailed private assigned to protect insured property, on premises of Brenan Dow & Company, 239-245 Causeway street.

(Signed) REED,

For Jordan, Lovett & Company.

Jordan, Lovett & Company, being the well-known insurance house in Water street, and Mr. Reed being their acknowledged representative, this discharge seems to have cleared the air so far as the Protective folks are concerned. The Superintendent and the captain came away from Beverly street somewhat happier. A day or two they got a clean bill of health in the form of the letter already printed.

The Protective detail was discharged, therefore, at 11 o'clock on Friday—the day after the fire and the day before the tip came to be on the watch—while repairs were men were on the job until the following Sunday morning.

Private Detective at Work.

It was said yesterday that for some time the members of the firm whose office was looted have had a private detective or two on the job. They look for results.

At fire headquarters in Bristol street, strangely enough, both Commissioner Cole and Chief Mullen declined that no complaint had ever reached them. They decided last night, however, to do a little investigating on their own account.

Chief Mullen said with emphasis:

"I do not believe that we have a crook in the Fire Department, let alone the several who must have worked together to do a job like this, but if we have such a man we want to find him and give him the limit.

"I did hear, a long time ago, that there were stories afloat about the stealing of $50 from the Brenan Dow offices. As I heard these rumors, they did not touch the Fire Department. I talked with Superintendent Abbott of the Protective about them, and I gathered from what he said that there was nothing for us here to worry about.

"Now we seem to be in the somewhat peculiar position of investigating when there is nothing to investigate; that is to say, before any formal complaint has been entered. But it is enough for us to know that these stories are being circulated, that this correspondence has passed between the complaining firm and the Protective Department, and that the business men of a great and important district are talking and wondering."

Cole Calls for List.

Commissioner Cole, agreeing with the Chief on the necessity for prompt action, got in touch with the down-town deputies immediately, and called for a complete list of all the men who were on duty at the ruins following the fire. The detail was constantly shifted, of course, so that possibly sixty different men were there at various times up to Sunday forenoon.

The responsible heads of the fire department will talk with each of these men and will do all in their power to get at the facts. Mr. Sheldon and the Messrs. Barrett will be asked to help.

Among the loot were 100 vest pocket shaving sets. It may be that one of these unique shaving sets will sooner or later lead to the detection of the man or men who robbed under cover of fire and water.

May Have Been Civilians.

It may well be, too, as the firemen believe, that the robbers will turn out to be civilians. Some of the firemen recall that men in citizens' clothes, who appeared to be employes of the house, were running in and out at all hours on the days immediately following the fire.

The pocket shaving sets were prepared by the hundred, in the holiday season, at the office for the purchasing agents and superintendents of the great plants with which Brenan Dow & Co. do business all over the country. They contain a pocket razor—not of the safety school—a dainty little brush and a tube or two.

The original lots were wrapped in black leather holders, with the name of the new owner in gold. Regenerated they come in from gentlemen who were overlooked, a new supply was ordered. These were not stamped in gold letters. It was one hundred of these that disappeared on February 22.

One member of the firm estimates his personal loss by the robbery at $300. The total loss by robbery—following the fire —is estimated at roughly from $3,500 to $5,000.

There are about 1,100 men on the rolls of the Fire Department and today they will all be anxious that the "Brenan Dow" case be sifted to the bottom. The cause of the fire at the Brenan Dow plant is still as big a mystery as the robbery, here reported for the first time in print.

PLANS UTOPIAN COLONY

Woman Projects a Co-operative "Village."

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—The colonization of artists, magazine writers, musicians and song writers into a "Utopia," where work will be provided for them and a market found for their product, is the project undertaken by Mrs. Jane Palmer, a Philadelphian artist, with the aid of a half a dozen men and several women.

The plans call for the establishment of an institution that will combine the conveniences and equipment of a club, hotel, apartment house and department store. Commodities and foodstuffs will be purchasable on the premises. The site of the colony is at Glenside, a picturesque spot in Montgomery County.

GENERAL WOOD AS GUEST.

Beacon Society to Hear Military Chief at Algonquin Club, April 5.

Chief of Staff of the United States Army, Major-General Leonard Wood, will address the members of the Beacon Society of Boston at the regular meeting which is to be held at the Algonquin Club, Saturday evening, April 5. General Wood will take as his subject: "The Military Policy of the United States."

The address of the speaker will follow the regular dinner of the club.

A SCOOTER FOR YOUR BOY

Will give him many happy hours. Absolutely safe, for it is so constructed that it is impossible to fall off. Built like a Bicycle. Roller bearings, Metal parts of Steel. On a slight incline a boy can coast for blocks. Price $2.50. Send check or P. O. order.

Agents wanted in every City and Town in New England. Write for terms.

ESCO SPECIALTIES CO.

88 Broad St., Boston, Mass. Room 810

Taboo 'Tango' Dance at West Roxbury

Couples Requested to Quit At the "Clarion" High School Dance.

When the orchestra started a snappy schottische at the "Clarion" dance in the West Roxbury High school yesterday afternoon three couples tripped lightly out and started to dance the "Grapevine" and the "Tango." A floor director tripped out, too, to tell them that the new dances had been tabooed.

Three hundred girls and boys were present. Some person in authority had caused to be printed on the dance tickets a notice that the "Turkey Trot," "Chicken Wing" and other fancy steps would not be permitted.

Thomas B. Kelly was floor director and was assisted by Edward K. Hull, James J. Hart, Miss Marjorie Smith, Miss May Cullis, Miss A. Jean Dorchester, Miss May V. Toomey, Miss Madeline Brown, Miss Madeline Rowan, Miss Florence Young, Miss Alice Beam and Miss Lillian Gormley.

FREE—A Picture For Your Den

Most beautiful magazine cover you ever saw, by Penrhyn Stanlaws, suitable for framing without printing, on the AMERICAN'S great magazine, given Free

With Next Sunday's BOSTON AMERICAN

SNOW CALLS BRIBE CHARGE JUST SPITE

CONCORD, March 29.—When the legislative committee investigating the charges of corruption in connection with the recent Senatorial election resumes its work next Monday, Representative Clifford L. Snow of Manchester, who is charged with attempting to corrupt fellow members of the Legislature, will have decided whether he will appear before the committee in his own behalf.

"The charges against me are very flimsy and are actuated by spite. In fact the whole investigation is the result of my attitude in voting for Henry F. Hollis for United States Senator. My vote displeased other candidates and this investigation is the result. I may go before the committee. I am yet to decide that question. I am represented by Nathaniel E. Martin."

This statement by Representative Snow following a committee hearing today caused the legislators to take a keener interest in the so-called bribery scandal.

The nature of the testimony against Representative Snow today and his statement concerning his course in the matter is the one big topic of conversation tonight.

The committee meeting today produced seven varieties of excitement for those who attended. Snow was directly charged by two witnesses with attempting to sell legislative votes in the Senatorial contest.

Colonel John H. Bartlett of Portsmouth enlivened the meeting by a scathing denunciation of those with "damnable tongues" who dared employ a man to shadow him. The Colonel is a member of the General Court and has an exceptionally heavy voice. He has the habit of talking right out in meeting and did so today.

April Grocery-Wine Sale

Week of March 31-April 5

Big reductions—Purest and best qualities. SAVINGS OF MORE THAN 1/3

FRESH EGGS Price Cut to Doz. 23c

STRICTLY FRESH LAID LARGE FANCY EGGS. WORTH 40c Per DOZ.

60c TEAS Cut to 29c
"Golden Rose" delicious Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast, Green and Black Mixed, lb. 29c
Orange Pekoe Ceylon Special, Lb., 31c

40c COFFEE 27c
"Golden Rose" Rich Mocha and Java Type, worth 40c lb. Try it!
FLOUR "Golden Rose" Bbl. Bag 75c
Best Spring Wheat Patent, $5.98

Seeded Raisins Finest Quality, Four Crown. Regular 12c. Value. Price Cut, No. 1, Pkg. 9c
Evap. Milk Van Camp's Large Can 8c
Old Dutch Cleanser Can 9c
Corn Fancy Quality Cream Can 7½c
Peas Early Jones, 10c Value Can 12c
Tomatoes Fruit, Solid Pack Can 9c
Prunes Large, Meaty Santa Lb. 7½c
Molasses Finest Porto Rico. Qt. Can 12½c
Cocoa "Golden Rose" Purest Soluble Lb. 27c

Shredded Wheat Pkg. 10c
Burnett's Vanilla 2 Oz. Bot. 23c
Rice Fancy Whole Head Carolina 3 Lbs. 25c
Rolled Oats Buckeye 5 Lbs. 15c
Kidney Beans Finest Quality Pt. 7½c Qt. 10c
Salmon Pride of Columbia Can 18c
Bacon Finest Fancy Sugar Cured Lb. 19c
Fig Bars Spice Tea, Sugar Jumbles, Arrow Root Sugar Finger, 15c Val. Lb. 11c

Wines and Liquors

A Ginter Label, honest evidence of Purest and Best Qualities—to this we add FREE Quick Deliveries, polite, dignified service and 1/3 savings.

Imported Port "Favorita" Fine Old Tarragona A Rich Bodied Wine for Table or Invalid's Use. $1.00 Val. Qt. 45c

Pure Whiskies

Whiskey "Mentor" Pure $1.25 Value Qt. 71c
Hunter Rye G. G. Bottling 83c
Old Crow Bourbon 95c
Kentucky Taylor Whiskey 79c
Canadian Club Whiskey 1.05
Scotch, Black & White 1.03
Scotch, Usher's O. V. S. 89c
Scotch, Isle of Glenlivet 87c
Irish Wm. Jameson's Bot. 93c
Duffy's Malt Whiskey 79c
Malt "AQUINAS" Pure. Best Qt. 71c

Rums and Gins

Rum Imported Old Jamaica Pt. 48c Qt. 95c
Rum Lowest Spring Pt. Best Domestic Qt. 73c
Gin "Lighthouse" Finest Holland Type Pt. 45c Qt. 87c
Gin, Gordon Dry Bot. 89c

Old Wines

Calif. Wines Ports, Sherry, All Kinds, Bot. 23c
Wines Port, Sherry, Etc. Bot. 29c
Sherry "Paras" Imp. $1.00 Value Bot. 47c
Duff Gordon Sherry 69c
Champagne Trouville Sec. ½ Bot. 85c
Claret ½ Bottle 27c Or Sauterne Bot. 45c
Champagne Moet & Chandon Brand's Pt. $1.40, Qt. 2.75

Miscellaneous

Cocktails Houbiden's Club All Kinds 89c
Brandy Jos. Rezenoy Fine Vieux Bot. 1.39
Rock, Rye Monopole Pt. Qt. 73c
Ale, Bass Bottle's or McMullen's Pt. Qt. 28c
Stout. Bottle's or McMullen's Pt. Qt. 28c
Beer Budweiser Anheuser Busch. Doz. 1.30
M. & R. Vermouth Bot. 47c
Punch "BANQUET" RUM BASE Bot. 73c

WRITE, OR ASK FOR FREE COMPLETE MAIL ORDER PRICE LIST

The Ginter Co

FREE DELIVERY Order 'Phone Rich. 941

2 Union St., Cor. Elm Opposite Scollay Square 495 Washington St. Cor. West & Temple Pl. 16 Canal Opp. Haymarket Square 163 Summer St. Specialty Shop, Agts. 122 Tremont St. South Terminal

15 WINTER ST.

VORENBERG'S

Umbrella Special

Once more the famous Vorenberg Umbrella, made of combination silk and linen, an Umbrella that is positively guaranteed by us for one year, in ladies' or gentlemen's sizes, with hand carved handles, at.... $1.29

Never sold for less than $2.00, and in some stores as high as $2.50

Mail Orders Promptly Attended To. Write Today.

All Prices on Silver Goods have Been Raised by the Manufacturers from 10 to 15%, but we Rogers Silver Combination Set, consisting of 6 table knives, 6 table spoons, 6 table forks, 6 teaspoons, in the popular beaded pattern, complete, including silk chest, at only $2.59

GENUINE ROGERS SILVER TEA SERVICE

Like cut, consisting of teapot, sugar bowl and cream pitcher, hand burnished, heavy piece stands 3.99

Solid Gold Locket, like cut, size heavy, will take piece for two pictures, large size, suitable for engraving, value that has sold for $5. Special price, $2.59

Genuine Goat Seal Leather Vanity Bag, like cut, fitted with purse and mirror, leather lining shows photo, including your initial, $1.79

One of Vorenberg's Specials.

Fine Pearl Necklace, like cut, strung on fine silk chain, every pearl matched carefully and a beautiful silk lined case. This $2.50 combination reduced to 99c

Brass Foot Dish, with artificial fern and plateau; dish stands on 3 feet and measures 6 inches across; plateau 7½ inches; fern is artificial and will last for 7 years. Complete 79c

The Popular Black Forest Weather House, like cut, complete with thermometer, upon the appearance of the clock, good weather is predicted, a stormy weather when the man appears different colors. Worth 75c. Our special for one week. 39c

Sterling Silver Pendant, like cut, and other designs, in the new pink pearls, German Silver chain, extra strong clasp. A $1.00 pendant for 39c

Imported China Miyanaka Set, like cut, consisting of mayonnaise bowl, ladle and plate to match, popular Geisha decoration. Imported to sell for 49c. Our Special for 3 pieces 29c

Rich China Chocolate Set, like cut, consisting of the usual number of pieces in the Royal Satsuma decoration; floral decoration; finest quality of china. Worth $5.00. Our special 2.59

Rich China Berry Set Combination, like cut, consisting of Berry Bowl, 6 Saucers, with sugar bowl and cream pitcher to match, in the Rose Subi china; beautiful lustre decoration; finest quality of china. Worth $3.99. Our special 1.99

Hand Painted China Dresser Set, like cut, consisting of large vase and brush tray, hair receiver, puff box, hat pin holder, with pin tray en suite to match; fine quality of china, dainty floral decoration; imported to sell for $3.50. Our special 1.89

Solid Gold Cuff Links, like cut, or other designs, in Roman or Engraved finish, some suitable for engraving and others fancy designs. Values up to $4.00. Reduced to 1.69

Full size Cut Glass Celery Tray, like cut, new cutting. Our special 1.39

ONE OF OUR SPECIALS

Gold Filled Neck Chains, 16 inches long in all desired quality worth up to 75c. our special 29c

Rich Cut Glass Flower Vase, like cut, 6 inches high, unusual value. Our price 99c

Really worth $2.00

Gold Filled or Silver Plated Lorgnette or Watch Chains, with fancy slides, extra strong and handsome, values in this lot have sold for $2.50, $3.00 and $4.00. All reduced while they last 99c

Rich Cut Glass Spoon Tray, like cut, new shape, fine cutting. Our special 99c

Special Sale of Rogers Silverware, in the plain beaded pattern, at the following prices:

Tea Spoons, each 8c
Dessert Spoons and Forks, each 9c
Table Spoons and Forks, each 10c
Dinner Knives, each 16c
All these pieces are made by Wm. A. Rogers

Unusual opportunity!

Wedding Gifts Our Specialty

Our stronghold articles from $1.00 to $10.00

HATTIE LE BLANC IS NOW PROUD MOTHER

Girl Acquitted of Murder of Clarence Glover Sends Glad Tidings to Counsel Here.

SHE IS MRS. LINDEN NOW

People whose hearts throbbed with sympathy for pretty Hattie LeBlanc when she was on trial in the Glover murder case two years ago and who thrilled with happiness when she was acquitted, will have a keen interest in this item of news that came in a letter from the Cape Breton girl yesterday. This is the news item:

Hattie LeBlanc is a mother.

LeBlanc isn't her last name now. She is Mrs. Felix Linden, the wife of a former Boston young man. They were married over a year ago as a result of a romance that had its beginning in the East Cambridge courtroom when she was on trial for her life.

The letter in which the girl—she is now nineteen years old—tells of the visit of the stork to the little LeBlanc cottage at West Arichat, C. B., was received by Attorney Melvin M. Johnson, her counsel in the famous murder trial. The public at the time of her acquittal praised the Boston lawyer for his masterly handling of the girl's defence. Naturally, the young wife has always had a deep regard for the lawyer, and sends him an occasional letter telling of her happy married life. Hattie, who spoke French when she came to this country, has done very well with English. Her letter follows:

Tells the Glad News.

From Mrs. Felix Linden,

To Mr. Melvin M. Johnson.

Mr. Johnson:

In reply to your letter which I have received from you quite a while ago.

The reason I did not answer before is because I have been sick.

Also, I may tell you I am the mother of a young son, and I have him baptised by the name of Arthur Francis Linden; and also I may say I am going to move to my new house early this Spring.

Also, I have received the check all right, and many thanks to you for your trouble.

Also I will be glad when I will be over in my new house. My husband probably be home with me this Summer, as he has been away all Winter.

Also I may tell you, Fr. Robetaille is well and getting along fine.

Also, no more for this time, hoping to hear from you soon.

Regards to Mrs. Johnson and to Mr. Brewer.

But don't forget yourself.

I remain yours truly,

MRS. FELIX LINDEN.

West Arichat, Cape Breton, N. S.

Guarded by Parish Priest.

Father Robetaille, mentioned by the young mother in her letter, will be remembered by New Englanders who followed every move in the East Cambridge murder trial following the slaying of Clarence F. Glover, the Waltham laundryman. Father Robetaille is the parish priest in West Arichat. He came to Boston during the trial and later took Hattie home to her family.

Linden, Hattie's husband, is working at Sydney, N. S., where the marriage took place. He is a native of Nova Scotia. At the time of the trial he was working in Boston. He secured an introduction to Hattie in the courtroom the day she was freed.

FLOOD HOLDS BISHOP.

Ohio Prelate to Have Preached Here Today, Remains in Ohio.

Dean Rousmaniere, of Saint Paul's Cathedral, received a telegram yesterday which had been filed in Columbus last Thursday, announcing that because of the flood, Bishop Vincent's duty demanded his staying in that city and which would preclude of his preaching the sermon in memory of Bishop Jagger, at Saint Paul's, this morning. Bishop A. B. Kinsolving, of Texas, a brother-in-law of Bishop Jagger, will preach the sermon in place of Bishop Vincent.

PATROLMAN RETIRED.

Frederick W. Miller to Get $650 Yearly.

Patrolman Frederick W. Miller of the Jamaica Plain station has been retired from the police department with half pay amounting to $650 a year. He has been in the department eighteen years.

Destroy Opium Crop in China.

AMOY, China, March 29.—The destruction of the opium crops by the government authorities is being carried out with great energy. A force of 800 troops were dispatched from here to Tungan, where the farmers have hitherto resisted the efforts of the authorities to destroy the poppy plants.

FREE—A Picture For Your Den

Most beautiful magazine cover ever seen; by Penrhyn Stanlaws, suitable for framing, without printing, on the AMERICAN'S great magazine, given Free

With Next Sunday's BOSTON AMERICAN

$200,000 Mansion Gift to Elizabeth Sears

Richest Bride's Sister Gets $100,000 Gem

Elaborate Church Wedding Planned for Marriage to Wealthy Bayard Warren.

Boston's richest April bride, Miss Elizabeth Sears, of No. 287 Commonwealth avenue, daughter of millionaire Herbert M. Sears, had a secret—or thought she did. But it has all leaked out now—the fact that her father has decided to present her a $200,000 residence on the North Shore. This was secret number one—the surprise that was to be made known to her friends upon her wedding day. Then came secret number two, in which her pretty and athletic sister, Phyllis Sears, participates.

Miss Phyllis thought she had it all to herself that on the very day her sister became a bride she herself would appear, resplendent in a $100,000 necklace, a truly royal gift from her grandmother, Francis Bartlett. But that secret as well got out and now both sisters, the bride that is to be and the pretty debutante, are wondering how it all transpired.

Host at Bachelor Dinner.

Last night Bayard Warren, whom Elizabeth Sears is to wed, gave a bachelor dinner to his friends at the Somerset—and 'tis whispered that even there mention was made sub rosa of the letting out of the secrets that were to be the girls' very own.

The necklace given to Miss Phyllis is said to be the finest string of pearls ever worn by a Boston society girl. And the residence her sister gets at Pride's Crossing, on the North Shore, is to be all that money can furnish.

It is something to be the richest bride of a season in Boston. It is something to receive a $200,000 mansion as a wedding present from papa and to be an heiress of three or four millions in your own right which you carry to a very wealthy and exceedingly popular husband.

Boston society at talking of little else than the wedding on April 8, at noon, in the Arlington Street Church, of Miss Sears and Bayard Warren, son of the late Samuel D. Warren.

It has all been planned as the most lavish and costly nuptials that society will probably know for a long time, and Elizabeth Sears will be a beautiful bride.

Buys Endicott Estate.

Her equally beautiful sister, who is only nineteen, and has but lately been formally presented to society, will of course prove a much admired figure at the wedding, for Miss Phyllis is to share

RICHEST BRIDE-TO-BE, FIANCE AND GIFT.

Elizabeth Sears and Bayard Warren, who are to be married in April, and the North Shore mansion, for merly Endicott estate, at Prides Crossing, presented by Mr. Sears to his daughter as a wedding gift.

honors as the bridesmaid. Miss Phyllis has won laurels on the tanbark, the tennis court and the golf links. In fact her name is often coupled with that of her famous cousin, Miss Eleonora Sears as a coming rival to the latter in athletics.

The tall and graceful sister Elizabeth, is not at all unknown as an athlete herself, though she goes in for them perhaps a little less extensively than Phyllis.

Elizabeth, her close friends in society and especially those of the Vincent Club will tell you, has more of a leaning for the indoor diversions with which society is wont to beguile the hours of leisure.

Naturally it came as a great surprise when everyone learned that Mr. Sears had purchased the William Endicott estate on Hale street, at Prides Crossing, for Elizabeth. It is the bride's wedding present. And few Boston girls are ever lucky enough to receive such a royal gift.

The estate consists of fifteen acres on an elevation on which stands the historic mansion built more than a half a century ago by William Whiting, then a member of Congress. On the land there also stands a cottage directly on the highway, which is adjoined by a stable where, no doubt, the future bride and groom will keep a string of horses, since both are fond of thoroughbreds. Besides, there is a small cottage for the gardener's use and a wonderful rose garden which for many years Mr. Endicott maintained.

Adjoins Old Home.

And when the bride and groom go there to live, next adjoining will stand the mansion where Miss Elizabeth has spent the many summers of her girlhood—when she has not been abroad. Mr. Sears' mansion at Prides is one of the most beautiful estates there, with its fifty acres of land. And besides the large mansion there is a stable, garage, greenhouses, tennis courts and an outlook down to the ocean where on the beach a bathhouse modelled after a classic design has been built.

Then on the other side of the wedding gift stands another equally beautiful mansion, with outlying buildings, belonging to Grandfather Francis Bartlett, whose town house is at No. 236 Beacon street.

Miss Elizabeth has already decided to have no wedding attendents.

Mr. Sears will escort his daughter to the altar.

Mr. Bayard Warren, who is a namesake of the former ambassador, Thomas F. Bayard of Wilmington, Del., will have his brother Samuel F., as best man.

The ushers will include Charles P. Curtis, Jr., Thomas C. Frothingham, Percy C. Wendell, Robert S. Peter, John S. Parker, Gordon H. Balch, A. Montgomery Goodale, Frederick Parker, Jr., Daniel Sargent, Georgs C. Cutler, Jr., Upton Sullivan and Edwin D. Morgan, Jr. The Rev. Paul Revere Frothingham will officiate and after the ceremony the guests will be entertained at a reception at No. 287 Commonwealth avenue.

A member of the Vincent coterie and the New Riding Club and with such a host of friends and admirers, society long found it a puzzle to predict with any degree of accuracy the lucky man whom the brilliant "Lily" Sears would choose.

But if you believe what some of her girl friends say, she didn't pick and choose after all. She had known Mr. Warren for a long time. He is a brother of Sam Warren, Jr., who married Helen Thomas. He himself is as well known among the bachelor set, and benedict, too—in society as was Miss Elizabeth among the women.

TRIAL IS DUE AFTER CURE.

Insane Soldier, if He Leaves Asylum, Must Face Murder Charge.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, Wash., March 29.—Frank Frisoni of B Company, Twenty-first Infantry, who shot and killed Michael Dobrovitch of the same company, September 10, 1912, was up for trial for the murder in Tacoma, before the Federal Court, but it developed that the defendant had gone insane. A master was appointed by the Federal Court to hear this phase of the situation, and it was decided to send Frisoni to St. Elizabeth's Hospital, a Government institution in Washington, D. C., for treatment.

As soon as Frisoni recovers his mind, he is to be brought back to answer for the killing.

MILITANT TELLS WHY SHE BROKE WINDOWS

Miss Florence Ward, Held Here as Undesirable, Says She Was Tormented Mentally.

Miss Florence Weld Ward, militant English suffragette and lieutenant of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, who is held in the pen at the Boston immigration station as an undesirable immigrant, declared to the AMERICAN last evening that "All true English militant suffragettes have suffered a great deal more mental anguish before resorting to militant methods than they have suffered physically in prison thereafter."

"Oh, I was tormented before I broke a window," she continued. "But after it was done I felt jubilant. I felt that I had struck a blow for the cause."

Miss Ward is a woman of refinement. She spoke with the soft accent of the true English woman. She discussed at length the inner thoughts of the women who are battling "For the Cause" across the Atlantic.

Score One for America.

"Your tactics are incomprehensible to us over here," the interviewer began.

"Oh my," Miss Ward exclaimed goodnaturedly, "But you don't have to knock an American on the head to make him see the point."

"Why do you break windows?" was the next question.

"That is simply one method of our warfare. Every militant move is one that is taken to make people think. It may seem silly to destroy a golf green, but a class of people think men who wouldn't be affected by window breaking."

"How do you excuse arson?" asked the reporter.

"You must recognize that we are carrying on a guerilla warfare. When the British army marched through South Africa and came across a peaceful farmhouse in which they expected that treachery lurked, they ruthlessly burned that house with all the great army of England behind them.

Hitting Back at Treachery.

"When Winston Churchill was defied by two anarchists who were ambushed in a house, he resorted to arson to bring them to terms. He had all the constabulary of London with him. Is it any wonder that we women use arson when we find treachery?"

"But how can such a mild and cultured woman as yourself destroy property?" she was asked.

"Oh, you don't know the anguish of mind that tormented me before I broke a window. After it was done I felt jubilant. I felt that I had struck a blow for the cause. It's our determination to be free that gives us courage to battle on."

As she concluded she looked wistfully out of the window of the immigration station at the twinkling lights of the boats in the harbor.

Appeals to Washington.

Her four months of imprisonment in Holloway jail, together with the hunger strike, broke down her health. She was worried over the condition, too, because of the other fellows will pitch in and help. So it's up to them, seems like.

Carmen Get Wage Increase.

CHICAGO, March 29.—An average increase of two cents an hour was granted to the 10,000 men employed by surface street car companies today in the finding of the board of arbitrators which has been trying for three months to reach a decision. The increase will date from August 1, 1912. It will cost the companies $700,000 a year.

MISS FLORENCE WELD WARD, suffragette detained here as undesirable, who says that after smashing windows and being jailed, she felt she "had done something for the cause."

YALE TO GREET TAFT.

NEW HAVEN, Ct. March 29.—Yale undergraduates are planning a parade and reception for Ex-President William H. Taft when he comes to this city Tuesday to take up his work as a Yale professor. At the request of Mr. Taft the city of New Haven has called off a planned reception, but the students say they will carry out their plans any way.

News for Boys and Girls of 50 or So

Prominent Citizen, Who Can Spell Almost Anything, Suggests an Old-time Spellin' Bee.

Spell "psychopathy."

No; that's wrong; "psychopathy."

Spell it!

Give up? Listen:

"P-s-y-c-h-o-p-a-t-h-y," psychopathy.

Well, sir, the Mayor got to talking yesterday, about the schools, and the three R's, and the fact that so many of our young people begin a High School course and have to quit and go to work, and finally he touched upon spelling, and he said as a boy he used to be able to spell them all down.

"And that leads me to think," Mr. Fitzgerald said, "that it would be a fine thing, and an instructive thing, for the youth of our great city if some of us old timers—I suppose I'm an old timer, now, at 50—could get Faneuil Hall some night for an old fashioned spelling bee.

"I should like to see Sam Elder there, and Commissioner O'Meara, who ought to know his letters, and Matt Hale, and all the other scholars. I should be willing to take my chances against them, for when I was a boy I could spell psychopathy and tropaeolum and ichthyosaurus with the best of them."

And the Mayor said he'd get the hall, and 'tend to the advertising, if only some of the other fellows will pitch in and help. So it's up to them, seems like.

OPERA DEFICIT THIS YEAR HALF OF 1912'S

Attendance Larger Than Ever Before and Averaged 75 Per Cent. of Capacity.

The Boston Opera House deficit has been cut in halves this season as compared with last year. Attendance has been much larger than ever before and the prospects for the future were never so bright.

Henry Russell, director of the Opera company, made this statement yesterday to the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN:

The cause of the deficit is the failure of the public to patronize the opera in sufficient numbers to pay expenses. I have heard it said that if every seat were occupied every night we would still have a deficit, but this is not so.

If the house were nine-tenths sold out for the whole season we would pay expenses. I think the average attendance has been slightly under 75 per cent. of the capacity.

Now it may be argued that we should base our budget upon the 75 per cent. attendance we get instead of the 90 per cent. we hope to get, but in grand opera you cannot do that. If we weakened our company and reduced our budget so that we were upon a 75 per cent. basis our performances would naturally suffer and the attendance would instantly be affected.

Capacity is $9,000 a Night.

The Boston Opera House is one of the smallest opera houses in point of capacity in America. That makes it a wonderful place in which to give opera, for most works suffer when performed in great barns.

Every opera experiences a number of nights when it cannot accommodate all who wish to attend and thousands of dollars are turned away. There are nights when we could take in $12,000 or $13,000, but our capacity limits us to about $9,000.

Our Opera House ought to be sold out to all performances, and the Boston public is nearing this goal every year.

Recently when an attack was made upon the business administration of this house the matter was taken up at a meeting of the directors and Mr. Otto Kahn of New York came over with the figures of New York and Chicago. They demonstrated that our Boston with weekly budget was more than $30,000 less than that of the Metropolitan and about $14,000 less than that of the Chicago, Philadelphia company which effectually disposed of the idea that our deficits are caused by extravagance.

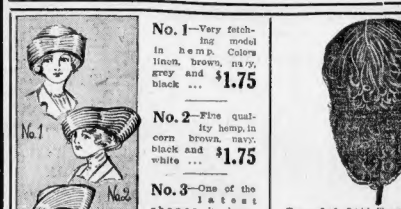
Gave 29 Operas This Year.

During the season we gave performances of twenty-nine operas and ballets, and 104 performances in all, including double bills, but not including two performances at New Haven.

The plan of this opera house to have a large and changing company instead of a small permanent one has proved to be very successful. The old-fashioned way of giving opera was to give but a dozen singers forty or fifty performances. By the end of the season the subscribers never wanted to hear them again.

Next season we are going to have a greater variety of opera and of artists. I am starting for Europe almost immediately.

THRESHER BUILDING
INTERESTING MILLINERY SPECIALS
AT OUR DIRECT-TO-CONSUMER WHOLESALE PRICES



No. 1—Material to trim like illustration: Hat, $1.05; Aigrette, 75c; Velvet, 15c; Lining, 5c. Total $2.85

No. 2—Hat in Black Hemp, $1.75; Ostrich Fancy (6 cords), $1.75; Flowers, 35c; Lining, 5c; Velvet, 10c. Total $4.06

No. 3—Materials to trim like illustration: Hat, $2.75; Feather, 75c; Velvet, 25c; Flower, 15c; Lining, 5c. Total $2.99

No. 4—Materials to trim like illustration: Hat, $1.75; Aigrette, 75c; Flower, 35c; Ribbon, 15c; Lining, 5c. Total ... $3.05

No. 1—Very fetching model in hemp, Colors linen, brown, navy, grey and black ... $1.75

No. 2—Fine quality hemp, in corn brown, navy, black and white ... $1.75

No. 3—One of the latest shapes in hemp. Colors brown, navy, burnt, white and cerise... $1.75

Special—Ostrich Plumes, 15 inches long, in Black, White, all colors and color combinations..... $4.95

Special—Beautiful Ostrich Plumes, 15 inches long, extra fine. Our Special Wholesale Price $1.95

No. 4—Best quality hemp, in four of the most popular colors $2.25

No. 5—Fashionable Shaped Hemp Hat, with colored hemp flanges, black with cerise; brown with burnt; burnt with brown; blue with grey ... $1.95

No. 6—Very stylish pronenade model; black only; baby seurs velvet facing ... $1.75

MAIL ORDERS.

ASK ABOUT OUR FREE TRIMMING SERVICE

Temple Place Wholesale Millinery Co.

Mail Orders Promptly Executed via Parcel Post when postage is enclosed. No C. O. D.'s

46 TEMPLE PLACE

TAKE ELEVATOR TO 3d FLOOR

Latest New York Frames 19c and 25c

Auto Malline, all colors, 15c yd.

"FUMED EGGS

Bunker Bean

By HARRY LEON WILSON

A just perfectly yarn.

hundred p'cent efficient"

Do you know what they are? Bunker was married on them

Geo. W. Tipping, as Bunker, would say.

It's caught on. Everybody's speaking in Bunkerisms

Just out. For sale at all Book Shops. Illustrated. Net $1.25.

DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & CO., Garden City, New York

ALLIES PIERCE TURK LINES AT TCHATALJA

Bulgars Moving Victoriously on Constantinople; Big Losses at Adrianople.

CASUALTIES TOTAL 14,000

LONDON, March 29.—The Bulgarian troops pierced the Tchatalja lines in the neighborhood of Lake Derkos, on the Black Sea, today, and are pushing forward victoriously on Constantinople, according to a Central News dispatch from Sofia.

Severe fighting is now going on near Hademkeui.

From Belgrade comes the dispatch today that the Servian troops suffered great losses in their attack on Adrianople. The third and fourth battalions of the thirteenth column of infantry lost 1,000 men killed and from 3,000 to 4,000 wounded, including 100 officers.

The entire losses of the allies is now placed at 14,000.

The Sultan wept bitterly when told of the general situation in Turkey, including the wrecking of the holy places in Adrianople, which the Moslems feared might be profaned.

All accounts reaching here agree that the Turks have suffered severe defeat at Tchatalja. Some of the correspondents placed the Turkish losses as high as 2,600 killed and 7,500 wounded.

Before surrendering Adrianople, the Turks set fire to the grain store, but overlooked the flour depots, the contents of which are being distributed among the poor.

Houston Refuses to Lower Sausage Bars

Secretary of Agriculture Firm in Stand to Maintain Standard—Turns Down Packers' Plea.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Secretary of Agriculture Houston today denied the plea of the Chicago packers for more leeway in the manufacture of sausage.

He refused to suspend or rescind the recent order of the department that sausage shall not contain more than 2 per cent. cereal and 3 per cent water.

The only exceptions are sausages in the frankfurter, Vienna, or Bologna styles. When these contain more than the rule specifies, they shall be labelled "Sausage, water and cereal."

Among the packers heard today were G. F. Swift, Jr., Edward Morrell, Edward Cudahy and George L. McCarthy, secretary of the American Meat Packers' Association.

DEATH TO MOSQUITOES.

Malden, Medford and Everett Plan Extermination Campaign.

Appropriations aggregating $19,500 will be asked from the Malden, Medford and Everett city governments next week for the purpose of exterminating the mosquitoes in the three cities. In addition several hundred dollars more will be expended by the Boards of Trade of the three cities for the same purpose.

Plans have been approved by the Boards of Trade for draining all the salt water marshes where the mosquitoes breed. The work will cost about $15 an acre. It will cost Malden $1,500 for its share of the work, Medford $6,000 and Everett $12,000. The trade bodies will drain the fresh water pools at their own expense.

'LIKE TO RIDE,' SAYS CHAMPION RUNAWAY

Walter McCarthy Puzzles Parents as to How He Gets Away on 10c on His Trips.

"I like to ride and see the world," is all that Walter Joseph McCarthy, of No. 73 Bartlett street, Charlestown, will say in explanation for his long series of runaway expeditions during the past year. Walter is Boston champion runaway.

Although he often wandered about Charlestown, and got as far away from home as "The Neck," long before he celebrated his sixth birthday last Thanksgiving Day, his series of long journeys, which have caused his parents and the police of many cities and towns no end of trouble, began in June, 1912.

Between then and September he made two trips each to Medford, Malden, Cambridge, Chelsea and the North End, Boston. He also "saw the sights" in Stoneham, Norwood, Worcester, Providence, New Haven, Somerville and Mattapan.

In each city and town he was eventually picked up by the police, who kept him in custody until his father forwarded money for his fare home or one of his parents arrived.

Found Lost on Beach.

Walter was playing with other boys of his age near his home shortly before noon Friday, March 21, when he suddenly ran away from his comrades and boarded a Boston-bound car on Bunker Hill street. That night he was found cold and hungry wandering along the beach of Vineyard Haven. He was turned over to Sheriff Walter H. Remears, who kept him at his home until Monday, when he sent him to Boston on a train in charge of the conductor.

He told the sheriff the same story related to the police of the other cities and towns visited: That his name was Walter Joseph McCarthy and that he lived in East Boston. That is all he would ever tell about himself.

His mother said yesterday:

His Mother Puzzled.

How Walter travels so far without a cent is a mystery to us. He starts on his journeys without a cent, and ten cents is the most money he ever had when found by the police. We cannot get anything out of him when he returns beyond the statements that he was taken home to sleep either by a man or a woman and that he had good things to eat.

We have been unable to find out from him whether he traveled by trolley, steam train or boat, or who paid his fare, if it was paid.

Ever since he was able to walk he has had a mania for car rides. At first I whipped him when he returned from a runaway excursion. It did not stop the running away and so I discontinued it. He is a good boy at home. His only bad trait is running away.

ANCIENT COIN IS FOUND

Piece of Money Believed to Indicate Arrival of White Men.

CHICAGO, March 29.—Discovery of an ancient Roman or Greek coin in an Illinois Indian mound at least 300 years old may open an unrevealed epoch in ancient American history. The coin was unearthed in one of the Indian mounds in Hancock County by S. W. Lenave, of the Gray Publishing Company, Chicago, several weeks ago, and left for identification yesterday with Dr. Alfred Emerson at the Chicago Art Institute.

Dr. Emerson, who is considered one of the nation's greatest numismatists, said he had never seen a coin like it, and could only estimate that it had been made in Rome or Greece during the period between 250 B. C. and 250 A. D.

"It shows," he said, "that there must have been some prehistoric connection with the American continent before the white invasion or that some one of the earlier explorers happened to possess the coin and it fell into the Indians' hands. It is hard to understand how one of these explorers would have in his possession a coin at least 1,000 years old.

BOSTON AMERICAN
Thrilling Story of Adventure
"The Wolf Cub," by Albert Dorrington, in the magazine given Free
With Next Sunday's BOSTON AMERICAN

UP-TO-DATE COURT NOW.

Changes Give Dorchester Room Modern Appearance.

The Dorchester Municipal Court has taken on the garb of an up-to-date court room. John Halligan, the recently appointed court officer, holds the gavel at the regular desk and Alvin W. Philips, who for twenty-seven years has acted as probation and court officer, now tends the probation end altogether and has a new desk in the court room. Clerk Frank Tuttle also has a private office, fitted with new furniture, while Assistant Clerk Simmons has his desk in the outer office. More than that, there are signs on the doors leading to the offices.

Held on Larceny Charge.

Inspector Dorsey of Police Headquarters went to Belmont yesterday and arrested Howard F. Moss, aged twenty-six, on a warrant charging the larceny of $500 from Joseph A. Hawes, a broker of No. 70 State street. The complainant alleges that Moss obtained the money February 1 under false pretences. The young man was brought to the city prison in Boston.

Ross Dental Parlors
630 Washington St., Boston.
AMERICAN DENTISTS EXCLUSIVELY
10-Year Guaranteed Gold Crowns Bridge Work. 10-Year Guaranteed Gold Teeth Fillings. Crowns Bridge Work. Teeth Fillings. SUPER SECTION CAPITOL SHOP
$3.00 Newest Styles—Newest Painless Methods $5.00
FREE TRIAL COUPON
If you wish to try our work before committing yself, cut this coupon and we will gladly fill or extract. Open 9 a.m. Sundays, 9:30—1.

Democratic Donkey Has Balky Streak

Anderson After Progressive Beast for Companion on Walking Wager.

B. H. Anderson the young man, who made a wager that Col. Roosevelt would be elected President this year, and who is now attempting to pay the debt by walking across the country with a twenty-two year old donkey, is having a peck of trouble.

Mr. Anderson is an out and out Progressive. The donkey which was christened "Miss Democracy" when she saw the light of day, made a fine companion until the young Progressive decided that it was a trifle inconsistent for him to walk across the country with a Democrat donkey. He re-christened his companion "Girl." The donkey then balked and has been making trouble. Anderson and "Girl" arrived in Stoneham yesterday, but "Girl," was immediately placed in the hands of a horse doctor. She is lame and her shoes are bothering her. Mr. Anderson expects to arrive in Boston on Monday afternoon and will make an attempt to procure as a companion a donkey that is not so Democratic in principles as "Girl."

BOSTON & EASTERN MAY LOSE CHARTER

High Speed Electrics Must Get Extension of Bond Provision —Investigation Proposed.

The Boston & Eastern Interurban Electric Railroad, the proposed high-speed electric line between Boston and Essex County cities and towns, is in danger of losing its charter.

Representative Clarence A. Barnes of Mansfield, Republican, has introduced an order directing the Railroad Commission to learn if there are contractors or intercorporate relations between the Boston & Eastern Railroad Company and any construction companies or other corporations. The order is in the hands of the House Rules Committee.

Under the terms of the Act of 1911 the company was required to file a bond for $400,000 with the State Treasurer as a guarantee of the construction of the road within four years. The time for the filing of the bond expires Wednesday and the company has asked a year's extension on account of stringency in the money market. Should action fail in this petition the charter is forfeited.

Friends of the Boston and Eastern are at loss to understand the proposed investigation. They point to the fact that the company has filed its certificate of incorporation with a statement of cash deposits with the International Trust Company of $2,175,000.

According to the plans of the road's officers, Lynn, Salem and Danvers were to have a service with Lynn and Boston at intervals of fifteen minutes in each direction during the day and hourly service after midnight. Lynn was to have a service with Boston every ten minutes in each direction, all trains running express, or practically so, with half hourly service after midnight.

Revere was to have a service of six trains per hour in each direction, two of these trains to be express, while Revere and East Boston were to have a frequent service with all North Shore points reached by the road.

The following table giving the running time for express trains from Postoffice square to the various points to be reached by the road, has already been prepared.

To Revere Town Hall	8 minutes
Lynn City Hall	14 minutes
Peabody Square	22 minutes
Danvers Square	28 minutes
Salem Court House	19 minutes
Beverly Farms	23 minutes

The average speed for express service, as planned, is to be 45 miles per hour and for local service 25 miles per hour.

The commutation rate (five-trip tickets) to Post Office square, as announced by Engineer Hackfeld, were to be from:

Revere and Chelsea	6 cents
Lynn	12 cents
Peabody and Salem	17 cents
Danvers and Beverly	22 cents

It has been planned to issue special workingmen's tickets.

JAMES M'CREA DEAD.

Former President of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—James McCrea, former president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, is dead at his home in Haverford.

Mr. McCrea entered the service of the Pennsylvania Company in June, 1865, as rodman and assistant engineer. He was rapidly promoted and elected a director on Feb. 9, 1899 and on January 2, 1907, was elected president, following the death of Mr. Cassatt.

ARE YOU RUN DOWN
DR. GREENE'S NERVURA
RESTORES HEALTH
It is the reinforcement Nature needs to put you on your feet. Start using it today. Advice Free, personally or by mail. 597 ALBANY ST., BOSTON

Washington Women in Craze for Beauty

Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry Starts Excitement Among Fat and Lean Alike.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Fat congressional women are rolling on the floor and thin ones are pulling themselves through cracks in the excitement of the craze to be beautiful that has swept over the Congressional set. Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry, wife of Representative Gerry, of Rhode Island, who was the famous beauty Matilde Townsend, is more or less responsible for these evolutions. She remarked some time ago:

"Any woman could be beautiful if she took the proper care of herself." Therefore a number of Congressional women have been haunting the parlors of a beauty doctor, who set up her establishment here recently.

Lectures were the favorite diversion of Lent and the fad has lapped over into the Easter octave.

SAILS WITH BRITISH FLAG OVER AMERICAN

GLOUCESTER, March 24—While hundreds of men, women and children lined the waterfront and the fishwharves this afternoon and blessed, the fishing schooner Lizzie M. Stanley, sold to Canadian fishermen, was towed out to sea with the British flag floating above the Star Spangled Banner.

The schooner, just sold by Captain "Josh" Stanley of Gloucester and manned by a British skipper and a British crew, was well under way in the harbor, when a fisherman sighted the British ensign hauled to the mast above the American flag. He summoned his companions and they sought to catch the schooner in a tug, but before they could get away, the schooner was disappearing.

It is the first time in the history of Gloucester, it is said, that any skipper has dared to sail out of Gloucester harbor with any flag floating above the American flag. The schooner is reported to have been purchased by a firm in Harbor Breton, Newfoundland. Captain Stanley was the former owner of the schooner.

Vorenberg's
Under-Selling Is Our Delight!

We take particular pride in selling for less than any other store. We count careful comparison. Every woman who here finds that our prices are much lower. She tells her friends—and that accounts for our popularity and continual growth—

Mail Orders Filled on Every Item

$19.98 $5.98 $5.98 $9.98 $10.98

Send Cash or Money Order. No Stamps.

ALTERATIONS FREE

$15 Suits	$30 Suits	$10 Coats	$10 Coats	$18 Suits
$9.98	$19.98	$5.98	$5.98	$10.98
Strictly tailored, all wool serge suit, guaranteed satisfying in coat, sleeves and ladies' sizes, to 46, in navy blue, black.	New Hingham cloths, in stylish two-button or cadet blue, fancy cheviot, as illustrated, with satin lining in coat; silk collar and buttons, an elaborate novelty cut suit, well tailored, $30 value, for $19.98; sizes 36 to 46.	American Woolen Mills Blue Serge Summer Coats, made with black satin collar and cuffs, elaborately trimmed with silk braid, a very dashy model, all sizes up to 46.	Mannish Blue Serge Summer Coats, made like Norfolk jacket, absolutely tailored, perfectly tailored, in misses' and ladies sizes up to 42 bust measure.	Serge suit, with Persian collar, excellent quality serge, satin and Persian cloth collars, perfectly tailored, in misses' and ladies sizes up to 42 bust measure.

LARGE WOMEN'S SUITS, SIZES TO $1. NO EXTRA CHARGE.

$5 and $6 Evening Waists $1.88

Shoulder Chiffons, Taffetas and Messalines, elaborately embellished and trimmed with lace medallions — sample — only one or two of a style, but all sizes in the lot.

$5.75 $5.75 $5.75

$10 and $15 Dresses $5.75

A maker's loss and sacrifice—namely the values, and good luck we're ever had—beautiful new spring, dressy, styles from the famous French modes—two pieces—messaline, taffeta and crepe de chine—white, black and colors—some trimmed with fringe, some with buttons—some with braid—all sizes—you'll get a chance of a lifetime.

$6 Hats, Beautifully Trimmed, $3.98

There is not a store in Boston that can compete with our millinery values. Hundreds of the most beautiful hats, each one copied from the Paris models, and sold at prices that defy examination. A delight and surprise.

$3.98 $5 Coats $3.98 Snappy Autumn and winter models, in cheviots and mixtures, trimmed with buttons, novelty collars, lined with Red Serge Skirt, ages 8 to 14.

$2 Dresses $1.29 White Lawn Dresses, beautifully trimmed with lace and embroidery, ages 6 to 14, illustrated on left.

$6 Child's Coat, $3.98 Novelty Serge Tailored Coat, with sailor collar and cuffs, in contrasting colors, ages 1 to 6 yrs.

$1.29 $3.98

$1 Combinations 59c of fine Nainsook, lace, beading and medal trimmed, as illustrated. All sizes.

50c Drawers 29c Best grade of Muslin, elaborately tucked and lace trimmed. Less than half price.

$2 White Petticoats 89c Splendid Muslin Petticoats, with deep Hamburg flounce and shirred ruffle, Hamburg with lace insertion.

75c Corset Covers 39c Daintily Hand-Embroidered Corset Covers, as illustrated.

59c 50c 89c 89c

Since 1876 The House of Values
Vorenberg's
Washington, Hanover and Elm Sts.

THREE-FIGURE SALE
CONTINUED

Thousands of feathers have been sold since we inaugurated this THREE-FIGURE SALE. By featuring cut prices persistently, by cutting our profits down to the smallest margin possible, we have created a new field in the feather business. We are ORIGINATORS in our line, EXPERTS in the selection of raw stock. We know our business. Therefore we are able to offer you fine feathers that are made right—at the right prices.

This Beautiful FRENCH CURL PLUME
19 in. long, 8 in. wide. Regularly $6.50.
This Sale, $3.33

14-inch French Plume.	Regular $2.00.	Three-figure sale	$1.11
15-inch French Plume.	Regular 3.50.	Three-figure sale	2.22
17-inch French Plume.	Regular 7.50.	Three-figure sale	4.44
20-inch French Plume.	Regular 14.00.	Three-figure sale	6.66
21-inch French Plume.	Regular 15.00.	Three-figure sale	7.77
22-inch French Plume.	Regular 16.50.	Three-figure sale	8.88
24-inch French Plume.	Regular 20.00.	Three-figure sale	9.99
Stay Tied Willows.	Regular $6.00.	Three-figure sale	$3.33
Stay Tied Willows.	Regular 9.00.	Three-figure sale	5.55
Stay Tied Willows.	Regular 11.00.	Three-figure sale	6.66
Stay Tied Willows.	Regular 12.50.	Three-figure sale	7.77
Stay Tied Willows.	Regular 20.00.	Three-figure sale	9.99

REPAIRING
We will guarantee to make from your old feathers a beautiful willow or a French feather; let us estimate. Dyeing and curling done at ½ regular price.

MAIL ORDERS BY PARCEL POST
On receipt of money order or check, we will mail any feather desired. We guarantee satisfaction or your money back. WE PAY ALL MAIL CHARGES. SEND FOR OUR CATALOGUE.
We have no other branches, and we are not connected with any other Feather House.

CROWN FEATHER CO., Dept. C
611 WASHINGTON STREET
Tel. 1499-M Ox. Take Elevator. Opposite Siegel's.
OPEN SATURDAY EVENING

E. E. GRAY CO.
Blackstone, Hanover, Union Sts. and Haymarket Sq.
Directly Opposite Union-Friend & Haymarket Sq. Subway Stations.

CANNED GOODS WEEK
NOW IS THE TIME TO STOCK UP
At All Stores Week Commencing March 31

TOMATOES
FANCY HAND PICKED 12c VALUE, Can 9c

EVAPORATED MILK
Van Camp's Brand. Small 6c Tall 9c
6 & 10c Values. Can

CORN	Fancy Maine 12c Value	Can 10c	PEACHES	Sliced "Griffith & Skelly" 15c Value	Can 14c
CORN	Fancy Standard 10c Value	Can 7c	PEARS	"Silver Lake"	Can 11c
PEAS	Fancy Early June	Can 10c	STRAWBERRIES	"Victory" Brand	Can 17c
PEAS	Fancy Sifted "Butter-Cup" Brand 10c Value	Can 12c	RASPBERRIES	Fancy "Violet" 15c Value	Can 15c
STRING BEANS	"Shield" Brand 10c Value	Can 7c	BLUEBERRIES	Fancy "Stewart"	Can 13c
ASPARAGUS TIPS	Fancy	Can 21c	SALMON	Fancy, Red Alaska	Can 15c
SQUASH	Fancy "Green Mountain" 12c Value	Can 10c	SARDINES	Fancy Norwegian Smoked, 10c Value	Can 8c
BEETS	Fancy Small 15c Value	Can 13c	CRAB MEAT	Fancy, Japanese 20c Value	Can 15c
SPINACH	"Cottage" Brand. 15c Value	Can 11c	SOUPS	Campbell's	3 Cans for 25c

Imported Olive Oil, "PLAGNIOL" BRAND, Pint Can 50 Val. 43c Qt. Can 80c Val. 79c

MAIN STORE SPECIALS
MEAT DEPARTMENT SPECIAL

STEAK, SIRLOIN	CHUCK ROASTS of BEEF
27c Value, Per Lb. 25c	16c Value, Per Lb. 14c

Corned Beef	Middle Ribs 10c Value Lb. 13c	Corned Beef Tongues	18c Value Lb. 15c
Pickled Pigs Feet	10c Value Lb. 8c	Fresh Fowl	22c Value Lb. 20c

CRACKER SPECIAL

Grandma's Cookies	20c Value 2 Lbs. for 17c	Currant Bread	10c Value Loaf 9c
Minerva Oat Cake	25c Value Lb. 23c	Jelly Squares	Each 5c
Dinner Biscuits	Measure 5c	Silver Cake	15c Value Each 13c
Fancy Mixed Crackers	30c Value 3 Lbs. 25c	Fruit Cake	Light or Dark Lb. 15c

BAKERY SPECIAL

FRUIT & VEGETABLE DEPT. SPECIAL

Fancy Valencia Oranges	30c Value DOZ. 25c	Fancy Layer Figs	15c Value 2 Lbs. 25c
Fancy Grape Fruit	10c Value 4 for 25c	Fancy Eating Apples	25c Value 2 Qts. 15c
Fancy Cabbage	4c Value Lb. 2c	New Florida Cabbage	5c Value Lb. 3c

TUESDAY ONLY Sugar 3½c Lb. TUESDAY ONLY
With a $1.00 purchase in our Grocery and Tea and Coffee Dept., of general order exclusive of sugar, we will sell 25 Lbs. Sugar at 3 1-2c per lb.
NOTICE—No C. O. D. orders taken on this sale, and all orders will be shipped in turn and delivered as promptly as possible.
Limit 25 lbs. to a Customer

KITCHEN FURNISHING DEPT.
Garden Rakes, long handles, 14-tooth, good quality, each 22c
Black Wire Window Screening, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34 and 36 inches wide, any length, 2c sq. ft.; full rolls only, 160 lineal feet, sq. ft. 1½c
Poultry Netting, 15, 18, 24, 30, 36, 48, 60, 72 in. wide, any length, sq. ft. 2½c
Mixed Lawn Grass Seed, quart 15c
Vegetable Seeds, Peas, pint, 25c. Corn, pint, 15c. Beans, pint, 20c
Flower Seeds, mixed colors, Nasturtium, Sweet Peas, Morning Glory, ounce 10c
Many Other Varieties Flower and Vegetable Seeds.

WINES AND LIQUORS
SPECIALS FOR WEEK COMMENCING MARCH 31
$4.00 Order Delivered Free by Freight or Express Anywhere in New England, Excepting Beer, Ale and Alcohol
ONE-THIRD SAVING. PURITY and QUALITY GUARANTEED

California Wines
PORT, SHERRY, ANGELICA, MUSCATEL, regular full bottle 19c
35c value

Gray's Club Whiskey
A RICH and MELLOW BLEND of old Whiskey. Regular $1 value, full bottle, 69c
Gallon jug 2.70

Duffy's Malt	Bot. 75c	California Wine	7 Vintage fine old Port, Sherry, Angelica or Muscatel, Gallon or $1.50, Quart, 50c
Hunter Rye	Original Bot. 90c	"Elegante" Wine	Imported in Wood, Old Tawny Port and Sherry or Pale Sherry, $1.00 Value, Bottle 69c
G. O. Blake	Original Bot. 85c	Duff Gordon Sherry	Bottled in Wood, Full Value, Bottle 69c
Scotch Whiskey	Gray's Imp. in Wood, $1 Value Bot. 83c	Claret, Best California	Bot. 19c
Black & White Scotch	$1.25 Val. Bottle 1.03	Champagne	Great Western, Large bottle, $1.00. Half bottle 57c
Irish Whiskey	Imp. in Wood Bot. 83c	Champagne	Mumm's Extra Dry, $2.50. Half Bot. 1.45
Irish Old Bushmill's	$1.35 Val. Bottle 1.20	Brandy, Hennessy	Imp. in Wood Bot. 1.35
Gin Old Tom or Holland	$1 Val. Bot. 67c	Brandy	$1.25 Value Full Qt. 69c
Gordon Dry Gin	Bot. 93c	Brandy	Finest California Marsbon Brand Bot. 69c
Booth's Old Tom Gin	$1.00 Value Bot. 85c	Brandy	Finest Cognac, Cassin Le Grand, $1.50 Value Lg. Bot. 99c
Cocktails	Hoffman's Club, Martini or Manhattan, $1.25 Val. Bot. 95c	Rum	Old New England, Victoria Brand, 1 qt. jug, $2.49 Full Qt. 69c
Cocktails, Monarch	Martini or Manhattan, $1 Val. Bot. 79c	Rum	Fallon's Bottled in Bond, $1.25 Value Full Qt. 95c
Gray's Handicap	Pre Val. Bot. 49c	Beer, Schlitz	Doz. 1.00

VERMOUTH M. & R. BOTTLE 49c
Stout Guinness 1-2 Bot. McMullen's 16c Bot. 26c

Sold Only at 116 Canal Street, 1385 Tremont Street and Main Store
SEND ALL MAIL ORDERS TO 164 HANOVER STREET

We Give Special Attention to Telephone Orders
ORDER DEPARTMENT, TEL. RICH. 2900
FREE DELIVERY OF GOODS AMOUNTING TO $2.00 WITHIN 15 MILES
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION

PROVIDENCE SEEKS ALL FACTS ABOUT ICE

Cut in Price Already Made by Dealers; City Committee to Give Hearing.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 29.—The Providence Ice Company, the so-called Rhode Island Ice Trust, this week made decided cut in the rates it planned to charge this Summer. This step is the result of an exposure by the AMERICAN of the exorbitant scale of prices planned for Rhode Island.

The price of ice had soared until it was much higher than in former years and this despite the fact that the Winter had made good ice on hundreds of acres of ponds.

Even the cut in prices, as announced by the big ice company, is said by experts to be nowhere near what ought to be charged. The "Trust" has fallen back on the argument that no local ice has been cut and that the freight rate to bring ice into the State from New Hampshire makes the handling of ice difficult and that the present price may not remain fixed.

A special municipal committee is still investigating the high prices asked.

The present rate of ice in Providence is fifty cents a hundred pounds when delivered in lots of twenty-five pounds or more. For twelve pounds a day to families the cost is fifty-six cents a week. The average price when there has been a good local crop is forty-two cents. These prices are more than is charged in Boston or Worcester or Springfield and it is stated that the conditions in the latter cities are about on a par with those in this city.

Councilman Jeremiah O'Connell, who introduced the resolution in the Common Council a week ago for an investigation, said:

We have not had a meeting yet and there is little to be said about the investigation. The first meeting will be held next Monday afternoon and the committee of five who have been appointed will organize and map out a plan.

It is likely that we shall call witnesses as the best way to determine what evidence there may be of monopoly, if such should exist. Our future action depends largely on the evidence at the hearings which will probably be held. All the meetings will be held at the City Hall and will be open to the public.

Councilman O'Connell has made an exhaustive study of the ice situation.

Powerful Story of Love and Tragedy

"The Second Bullet," by Anna Katherine Green, in the magazine given

With Next Sunday's BOSTON AMERICAN

$5,000 FOR HOSPITAL.

F. P. Hyde's Will Provides for a Free Bed.

Many bequests to charity, including $5,000 for a free bed in the City Hospital and $1,000 to the Salvation Army, are made in the will of Franklin P. Hyde of West Newton street. The free bed bequest is made in memory of his brother, Dr. George S. Hyde, and is to be known as the "Dr. George S. Hyde fund." A bequest is also made the Boston Public Library. Samuel B. Boggett is named as executor.

EDITOR DIES SUDDENLY.

NEW YORK, March 29.—William H. Rankin, editor of the Clipper, a theatrical magazine, fell dead in a Flatbush car in Brooklyn today. He was sixty years old and lived at No. 2,503 Clarendon road, Brooklyn.

COUNTESS DE LASTEYRIE, formerly Constance Warren, who has reached San Francisco on her honeymoon tour.

SHE'S QUIT WEARING 'EM; BACK TO SKIRT

Constance Warren, Now Countess de Lasteyne, Discards Trousers When Hunting.

Word has reached Boston that the Countess de Lasteyrie, the famous "Connie" Warren of New York and Newport, who was the particular rival of our own Eleonora Sears when it came to taking long hikes or plunging into the briny deep for a fifteen or twenty mile swim, has reached San Francisco after a prolonged honeymoon in Southern California.

To the Boston set in which she was so well known this information means that the Countess has given up wearing 'em now that her hunting of mountain goats has ended. Until she goes hunting again it will be her fitted husband, Count Gay Louis Jules de Lasteyrie du Saillant, who will wear male garb for both. That's just what the countess did, however, during the honeymoon period.

She discarded the conventional costume of her sex and appeared in shooting jacket and trousers. This gave her limbs free play so that she was enabled to keep pace with the count when they climbed the cliffs in and about Catalina. Moreover, she killed fourteen mountain goats with her own rifle and declared this kind of sport to be the best she had ever known.

"It's the kind of sport that sets one's heart throbbing," she said, in speaking of her achievements. "Climbing up a cliff and shooting a mountain goat beats swimming and fishing and affords genuine pleasure.

"Every girl ought to go in for a honeymoon like mine. When I'm hunting I just pretend that I'm a man. I wear breeches and puttees, and a soft felt hat and I get the fullest pleasure out of the sport."

The Countess is scarcely past twenty and is a niece of Mrs. Robert Goelet.

BOURKE COCKRAN TO SPEAK FOR N. WHITE

Progressives Full of Pepper for the 14th District Fight; Democrats Are Ready.

Former Congressman John J. Mitchell will open his campaign in the Thirteenth Congressional District on Wednesday night, probably in his home town of Marlboro.

Mr. Mitchell said last night that he wasn't sure about the place—Wednesday'll be the day, fast enough—because he will not know until Tuesday night whether his Republican opponent is to be Alfred L. Cutting of Weston or Mayor J. Henry Gleason of Marlboro, one of Mr. Mitchell's most distinguished fellow-citizens.

If Mr. Mitchell doesn't know, he probably is one of the very few men of prominence in the Thirteenth District who do not know that the Republican State Committee and the Republican Congressional Committee, and all the city and town committees, are said to have decided on Cutting.

It has become apparent in the past day or two that both schools of Republicans are going to centre their fire on Mitchell. The Republicans say they will bring no speakers of national fame into the district. They count upon the strength of United States Senator Weeks. They feel certain that the Republicans of the district will be glad to take the Senator's advice and send Cutting to Congress.

Norman White, on the other hand, will have the powerful support of former Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana, Governor Stubbs of Kansas—one of the original Roosevelt Governors—and Bourke Cockran.

Mr. Cockran will speak on the night of Friday, April 11, four days before the election, at Framingham. The plan and the hope is that he may pull some Democrats away from Mitchell.

Democrats say the eloquent New Yorker will have his labor for his pains, but nevertheless, it is admitted that the Democratic leaders in Massachusetts would better be on their job and hard at work from now on.

The "joba" can wait.

Norman White will open his fight next Wednesday evening at Franklin, in the southwestern corner of the district. On the same platform with him will appear his one-time political foe, Joseph Walker, and Charles Sumner Bird of Walpole. Thus the Progressive candidate for Congress will begin his fight with the support of two of the three candidates for Governor last November, Bird, the Progressive, and Walker, the Republican.

The Republican candidate for Congress in the Thirteenth on April fifteenth, some political observers say, is likely to run a very, very hard third. Foss, Fitzgerald, Hamlin, Pelletier, Vaher, George Anderson and all the Congressmen have offered their services to Mr. Mitchell.

M'ADOO IN FLIGHT.

But It Was Just to Get Away from Office Seekers.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, is lost to—voluntarily. With his secretary and a grip of official papers, he took "to the woods," as he expressed it before leaving Washington, to escape the army of office-seekers which is besieging the Treasury Department.

NEW CLUB TO DANCE.

The newly formed Charlestown Democratic club is to give a ball in Roughan Hall on Monday evening, April 14. Senator James H. Brennan, chairman of the invitation committee, has secured the promises to attend of Lieutenant-Governor David I. Walsh, Secretary of State Frank J. Donahue, Mayor Fitzgerald, Thomas P. Riley, chairman of the Democratic State committee, President Joseph A. Maynard of the City committee, and almost all the Democratic Senators and Representatives in the Legislature.

John R. Murphy is chairman of the reception committee and Patrick O'Riordan chairman of the ball committee of seventy-five members.

The club will hold a house warming April 2 at its headquarters, No. 75 Main street.

All Merchandise Purchased Tomorrow Will Be Charged on Your April Bill

4 Minutes by Tunnel to North Sta — Nearest Big Store to South Station

HENRY SIEGEL CO.

SPECIAL LUNCH IN THE RESTAURANT—FIFTH FLOOR

Are Your Furs Insured?
Our cold storage vaults are on the premises, under our direct care, where your furs will be safe from moth, theft, moisture and other dangers.

Second Floor

Women's & Misses, $32.50, $35.00 and $37.50 Spring Suits

One of the best makers in New York City said to our buyer, "I've got enough pieces of my finest materials left to make about 275 Suits. I'm willing to lose from 1-3 to 1-2 on them if you take the entire lot." We took them.

$19.75

TAILORING is the best possible and linings, shields and silks are the same as are used in the highest grade suits.

MATERIALS include finest eponges, worsteds, serges, diagonals, wool poplins and Bedford cords, all materials used in high-class suits.

Colors are navy, tan, brown, gray, Copenhagen, plain materials, pencil stripes and two-tone stripes. Sizes for misses, 14 to 16 years; sizes for women, 34 to 44.

ILLUSTRATION NO. 1—Exact suit, such as would sell at $34.75; one of the best tailored models of the season; fastens with three buttons; perfectly plain front with breast pocket; back shows new effect up each side seam, with two-inch self-strap trimmed with small self-buttons; new side inverted plait skirt trimmed with self-covered buttons, **$19.75**

ILLUSTRATION NO. 2—$37.50 suit, single breasted, long lapel, fastened with one large pearl button, two blind button holes in lapel, plain tailored front; gathers at top of wide belt trimmed with three pearl buttons; side trimmed skirt, **$19.75**

ILLUSTRATION NO. 3—Balkan blouse model, exact suit such as sold for $39.75. Coat fastens with two large pearl buttons; gathered all round. The skirt is an entirely new model with wide deep flounce, slit on both sides, **$19.75**

ILLUSTRATION NO. 4—This is a high-waisted, one-button, single-breasted, cutaway model; gathered back; plain part comes up in two round tabs, each trimmed with large pearl buttons; smart cuffs. New model skirt, pretty draped effects in front **$19.75**

ILLUSTRATION NO. 5—New tailored suit, shows ¼-inch slit open strap on every seam, one-button effect; back finished with slit seam same as front. Skirt latest model with pretty draped effects in front..... **$19.75**

Main Floor

3000 Pairs of Women's Oxfords

$3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 Oxfords Purchased from the A. H. Berry Co. of Portland, Maine, Go on Sale Tomorrow at $1.00 a Pair

Every pair perfect, two-thirds of them being Goodyear welt. Leathers include tan calf, patent colt, vici kid and gun metal calf; styles, lace, button and pumps; sizes, 1 to 7; widths A to E.

No C. O. D. or Mail Orders Filled. No Exchanges or Credits.

YOUR CHOICE $1.00

There are 489 pairs of high boots that will go into this sale at the same prices of the oxfords, $1.00. You can buy 3 pairs of oxfords, pumps or boots tomorrow for the price of 1 pair.

No C.O.D. or Mail Orders Filled. No Exchanges or Credits.

Basement

SAVE ON ENAMELED WARE

A Great 4-Store Purchase Brings These Wonderful Values—Dozens of Items Not Enumerated—You'll Find Every Conceivable Kind of Utensil Among Them

Group No. 1
1-Qt. Teapots Colanders
1½-Qt. Coffee Pots
2-Qt. Double Boilers
2½-Qt. Tea Kettle
4-Qt. Saucepans
4-Qt. Straight Kettles
4-Qt. Sauce Pots
10-Qt. Dish Pans
4-Qt. Berlin Kettles
3-Qt. Straight Sauce Pan
And many other pieces

Your Choice 19c

Group No. 2
Your Choice
29c
8 and 2-Qt. Berlin Kettles
14-Qt. Dish Pans
10 and 12-Qt. Preserve Kettles
6 and 8-Qt. Sauce Pots
10-Qt. Queen Kettles
No. 6 Size Tea Kettles
10-Qt. Water Pails
6 and 8-Qt. Sauce Pans
3-in-1 Combination Sauce Pans

Group No. 3
14-Qt. Bread Raisers
17-Qt. Dish Pans
14-Qt. Water Pails
14-Qt. Preserving Kettles
12-Qt. Sauce Pots
12-Qt. Berlin Sauce Pans
3-Qt. Coffee Pots
12-Qt. Berlin Kettles
No. 7 Size Tea Kettles

Your Choice 39c

Main Floor

Great Sale of DRUGS and Toilet Articles

We've broken the prices of Drugs in Boston. Below we give you the prices of most of the "cut price" stores and "our sale prices" to show you how the Henry Siegel Store aids you by putting prices where they belong.

IVORY SOAP Regular price 5c a cake sale price 9 cakes 25c

Old Dutch Cleanser 10c value, sale price 3 for..... 21c

THE HENRY SIEGEL CO. CUT-RATE DRUG STORE MAIN FLOOR

	Reg. Price	Sale Price
Old Dutch Hand Soap	.05	.03
Follows' Hypophosphites	$1.07	.98
Sulpho-Naphtol	1.00	.63
Scott's Emulsion	.60	.65
Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur	.50	.50
Listerine	1.00	.97
Malties Preparations	.78	.71
Idealia Beef, Iron & Wine	.45	.35
U. S. P. Peroxide of Hydrogen, 2 lb. bottles	.29	.19
Ext. Witch Hazel, 1 pt.	.23	.14
Milk of Magnesia	.37	.34
Diuxygen	.75	.59
Seidlitz Powders, 1 doz. box	.19	.12
Bicarbonate of Soda, 1 lb.	.10	.04
Epsom Salts	.10	.04
U. S. P. Boric Acid, 1 lb.	.20	.15
Fluid Water, Concentrated	.30	.27
Fluid's Chlorides	.45	.35
Stomach-Rite Tablets	.30	.29
Nurtin for Rheumatism	.87	.67
Aromatic Spts. Ammonia, 2 oz.	.15	.10
100 5-gr. Aspirin Tablets	.25	.19
Kilker's Emporterol	.60	.40
100 5-gr. Quinine Pills	.25	.15
Comp. Syrup Sarsaparilla	.96	.49
Carter's Little Liver Pills	.15	.11
Doan's Kidney Pills	.39	.33
Eff. Kissengen Salts, Dz.	.50	.39
Eff. Vichy Salts, Dz.	.50	.39
D. D. D. for Eczema	.98	.65
Diuxygen	.25	.23

Main Floor

Great Sale of NOTIONS and Dressmakers' Supplies

Only Notions of high-grade quality can enter into any sale we conduct, that is why hundreds of women from every part of New England will profit by tomorrow's sale.

Read the Lowest Notion Prices of the Season

6c Spool O. N. T. Cotton—Limit, six spools, none Mail or C. O. D., 2 spools for 5c

6 Doz. Safety Pins—Assorted sizes, limit 6 dozen, none C. O. D., 6 dozen for 5c

5c Spool Sewing Silk—100 yard spool 3c

5c Thimbles—Nickel or colored, all sizes 1c

25c Dressmakers' Shears—Scissors and Shears—straight or bent handles, assorted sizes 10c

25c Dustless Dusters—Full size 10c
10c Dusting Caps—All full size 5c
4c Milward Sewing Needles—All kinds and sizes, 2 papers for 5c
15c Hose Supporters—Seven styles, rubber buttons 8c
Men's 12c Hose Supporters—Two styles 10c
6c Safety Pins—100 count 3c
25c Sanitary Aprons—Rubber 19c
10c Package Spiral Collar Stays—Containing 6 pairs 5c
10c Jap Silk Covered Dress Shields—Imperials, all sizes, 3 pairs for 25c

5c Asbestos Iron Holders—Round, 2 for 5c
5c Polishing Duffi—Dust, dander and brush, each 10c
15c Twine Shopping Bags—Each 8c
15c Box of Sewing Implements—Box to a boy or girl 8c
5c Pkg. of Sewing Needles—Each 1c

5c Machine Cotton—Large spool, 300 yds., 2 for 5c
5c Linen Thread—For buttons or canvas, 2 spools for 5c
5c French Darning Cotton—Black and white, 2 for 5c
25c Adjustable Dress Shields—Washable and imperious, pair 16c

5c Eyelets—Brass, 100 count 3c
5c Card of Assorted Pins—2 cards for 10c
10c Pin Cushions—Filled with sand and pins 5c
5c Paper of Sandow Pins—300 count, 12 for 5c
5c Paper of No Plus Ultra Pins—Paper 4c

$1.29 Dressmakers' Bust Forms—Latest model, full Jersey covered, wood bottom, with nickel trimmed neck and armpits..... 69c

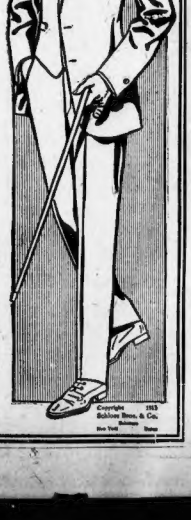
$5.00 Dressmakers' Complete Forms—Latest model, Jersey covered bust, flat wire skirt and extension stand $2.25

19c Dressmakers' Skirt Gauges—Complete with tailors' chalk 9c

We Give S&H Stamps. We Exchange Stamps for Hamilton Coupons.

Probably You're Not A CLOTHING EXPERT

—beyond knowing what you want, or don't want when you see it—it's likely you leave the matter of quality of goods and workmanship to someone's "say-so." Most people do. But you need not. There's a **sure** way to know you're getting right style, service and permanent satisfaction.



LOOK for the LABEL.

LOOK for the LABEL.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Schloss Bros. & Co. Baltimore, DESIGNERS AND MAKERS.

For forty years it has marked the product of a great Tailoring Establishment which makes its goods the very best it knows how.

We put it on our Clothes for your protection; it has never yet appeared on an imperfect garment. **Insist on seeing it before you buy; it's your sure guarantee that you're getting what you pay for,—the greatest Clothes-value your money can buy.**

Schloss Bros. & Co. Makers
BALTIMORE AND NEW YORK

POSTER CAMPAIGN TO FIGHT THE DRINK EVIL

Physicians and Society Women Start Educational Plan on April 4.

The committee of Back Bay physicians and society women, interested in the "Think-It-Over" posters to be placed in many sections of this city as a means of educating the people, announces they will place their first poster on Friday, April 4.

These posters are concise statements against crime, liquor, disease and unhygienic conditions. They will contain everything in a nut shell.

Miss Eugenia Frothingham of No. 676 Boston street will pay the expense of issuing the first poster. It will be put up in conspicuous places in the South, West and North Ends.

Courtney Guild has placed the brave cause in front of the Kenny Manufacturing Company on Albany street at the disposal of the committee. In the business section of this city, Kilby and Water streets, posters will be placed. Several cities in Cambridge have also been secured.

In a statement issued by the committee, that one-half of the crimes committed in Massachusetts in one year were due to liquor, no effort will be made to the posters to give a clear, concise array of facts on the effect of liquor. Backing will be placed upon these posters but what has been verified by the highest authorities.

As soon as the committee agrees upon certain facts to be made known they will print the same on the five by two and a half feet posters.

The campaign will continue for five years. It is not done to suppress any other agency of reform, but is a novel plan to put facts and figures before the attention of the people.

The committee will court any criticism of the matter as the posters are to be educational. The following are on the committee: Charles F. Putnam, M. D., chairman; Walter B. Cannon, M. D.; John W. Elliot, M. D.; James Ford, Alonzo F. Gilbert, Miss Alice L. Higgins, Maurice J. O'Connor, D. D., Francis R. Packard, James J. Putnam, M. D.; Orville F. Rogers, M. D.; Elmer R. Southard, M. D.; Edward W. Taylor, M. D.; Mrs. Elizabeth Howes Tilton, Robert N. Turner, William B. Weatherby, M. D.; Robert A. Woods, W. Stewart Whittemore, M. D., secretary.

You Should Enjoy Your Meals

One of the Most Important Questions to Consider in the Search for Happiness and Health.

If your stomach cannot digest your food, what will? Where's the relief? The answer is in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because, as all stomach troubles arise from indigestion and because one ingredient of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is able to thoroughly and completely digest 3,000 grains of food, it is stand to reason that these tablets are going to digest all the food and whatever food you put into your stomach?

You Can Eat With the Appetite of a Lusty Youngster, If You Help Your Stomach.

Science nowadays can digest food with out having it enter the stomach at all. And Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are the result of this scientific discovery. They digest, and digest thoroughly and well, anything and everything you eat.

The burning question to you is, "Are you getting out of life all the pleasure and the health you are entitled to?" If not, why not?

No matter whether every organ and member of your body is in a sound state of health and strength, if your stomach is in any way disordered, you are not going to be "yourself." You are going to be a worried, out-of-sorts, nervous or sullen individual whose actions will reflect your condition inside, and people will naturally avoid you.

So, if your stomach refuses to work or can't work, and you suffer from eructations, blast, brash, fermentation, biliousness, sour stomach, heartburn, irritation, indigestion, or dyspepsia of whatever form, just take one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and see the difference. It doesn't cost you much to prove it. Then you can eat all you want what you want, whenever you want. If you use these tablets, and you can look the whole world in the face with a beaming eye and you will have a cheerful spirit, a pleasant face, a vigorous body and a clear mind and memory and everything will look and taste delicious to you. That's life.

Get a 50 cent box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at any drug store.

QUINCY IS DIVIDED ON CROSSING PLAN

Citizens Who Favor Depression of Tracks Disappointed at Commissioners' Report.

Citizens of Quincy are divided over the report of ex-Governor John L. Bates of Boston, Arthur H. Wellman of Malden and Winfield S. Slocum of Newton, the commissioners apointed by the Superior Court to submit plans for the abolishing of grade crossings in the city, filed last week at Dedham. For fifteen years the matter of grade crossings has been a great topic for discussion among the residents of the "City of Presidents."

A strong sentiment has always been in favor of having the tracks depressed, and those who advocated this method have been disappointed in the report of the commissioners. According to the report, Adams street, which extends from the Quincy depot to City Hall, Quincy square, will be closed up and a subway will be built under the tracks there. The report calls for a depression of the thoroughfare at Water street, the tracks to run over the street. This has been considered a dangerous spot at all times, and has been commonly known as the "death trap" of Quincy.

Plan Subway Construction.

Upland road is to be extended to Granite street to form a public passage forty feet in width. A footpath of fifteen feet in width is called for, leaving Neville street near the corner of Upland road, and passing in diagonal line towards Depot street. A subway is to be constructed under the tracks and the public will have free use of the path which leads to the structure of the railroad at Depot street. This change will entail an expenditure of $68,000, of which the city of Quincy will have to pay $6,800.

Desirable grades will be made on the Upland road extension, which will be macadamized, containing granite block gutters, granolithic sidewalks and granite curbs. A new station will be reconstructed for outbound trains and it is advanced in the report that the granite bridge be raised to provide more room for trains passing beneath it.

The plan submitted by the city's engineers in regard to Water street has been accepted in the report. This includes the passion of ten feet at the railroad and an elevation of the latter of eight feet. Water street will be widened from Franklin street to about 160 feet west of Pleasant street, the width being sixty feet as against forty feet which now prevail. The northerly side of Franklin street will be widened and the grade thence to the railroad will be less than two and a half in 100 feet. From the railroad to a distance beyond Pleasant street the grade will average three and three-tenths in 100. The century number of feet. Flat grades will mean with the favor of those who want to send heavy loads of granite.

Will Build New Street.

A solid steel bridge, drip-proof, ballasted, watertight and made so as to eliminate the noise, will carry the tracks over Water Street. It will have a span of eighty-five feet and a headroom of fourteen feet. A new road which will carry water into Town Brook. The grade of Pleasant street will not be any steeper than it now is. A new highway road will be constructed and Liberty street will be closed where it joins with Water street, but a new sixty-foot street will be made running from a point on Liberty street to Water street, opposite Pleasant street.

A slight upgrade will be noticeable on Liberty street, which will pass over Water street on a highway bridge, leading into the freight yard, which also will have a grade raise to the depot. The Quincy Adams station will be torn down and a new one erected nearly opposite to the new street. Access to the depot can be had from Liberty street and from steps therefrom as well as steps from Water street. A triangular shaped parcel of land in the vicinity will serve to form a small park in front of the newly proposed Quincy depot. The freight house will be moved southerly to a location near Federal avenue, opposite Goddard street. A new inbound station will also be built at Quincy Adams.

Extend Federal Avenue.

Total section of Presidents' avenue between its junction with Federal avenue and Water street will be abandoned and Federal avenue will be extended to Water street. The abandoning of this part will be for street will cause the bridge on School street to be raised about three feet. There will mean grades of more than seven feet in 100 on School street toward Hancock street and 5.3 in the old grade toward Down Marsh street extension the new grade on School street for about 200 feet. That way for a distance of 250 feet. Going toward Fort Hill square the down grade on School street toward Marsh will cover a distance of 200 feet.

A steel bridge will take the place of the present School street bridge. It is estimated that the separation of the Water street grades will cost $275,000, of which Quincy will pay $27,500, or 10 per cent. It will cost the city $35,000 to make improvements at the Saville and Water street crossings.

A number of people prominent in the discussion of the grade crossing situation were interviewed. While many are in favor of the plan submitted by the commissioners there still exists much opposition, and it is expected that these remonstrants will have the matter taken to the Supreme Court rather than have the report of the commissioners adopted. Mayor Eugene R. Stone, who bitterly assailed ex-Governor Bates at a public meeting in Quincy some time ago for holding up the report, was known to be in favor of depression.

Warner's Safe Remedies

Health and the Kidneys

Thousands suffer from the effects of kidney disease without knowing it, until the disease has advanced to a serious stage that threatens life itself. Be sure you attribute symptoms to the right cause when you have headache, dizziness, lame back, torpid liver, cloudy urine and dropsy.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy is the most reliable and successful remedy for kidney and liver troubles. Its success has covered a period of 36 years; giving relief and curing when all other medicines have failed. It is pleasant to take.

"I was a great sufferer from kidney and liver trouble. Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy relieved me at once. It has made me a new woman."—Mrs. John Richey, Saltillo, Miss.

EACH FOR A PURPOSE
1—Kidney and Liver Remedy
2—Rheumatic Remedy
3—Diabetes Remedy
4—Asthma Remedy
5—Nervine
6—Pills (Constipation)
7—Blood Purifier
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
Write for a free sample giving the number of remedy desired to
Warner's Safe Remedies Co.
Dept. 331 Rochester, N.Y.

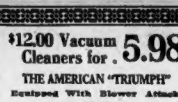
$12.00 Vacuum Cleaners for 5.98

THE AMERICAN "TRIUMPH"
Equipped With Blower Attachment

A Cleaner designed for easy running, efficiency and lightness of weight. Is quiet, easily carried, and will do the work of four persons.

Equipment
One nine-foot suction Wire Reinforced Rubber Suction Hose, four-foot sectional Blow Nozzle, one Rug and Carpet Tool.

Usually $15 Yours at 5.98



Floor Coverings
Sixth Floor

High-Grade Axminster Rugs, in beautiful designs, the covering for the parlor floor.

Size	Value	At
8.3x10.6	$35.00	23.75
9x12	$37.00	24.75

$1.50 Velvet Carpets, one yard wide, border on either side, for halls, at $1.17 per yard.. 1.17

Ex. Superior Ingrain Carpets, all wool, nothing better, 87c value 75c at 75c per yard..... 75c

Brussels Carpets, 5-frame body, $1.85 value at $1.38 per yard 1.38

$22.00 Wilton Velvet Rugs, seamless goods, only one pattern, 17.63 size 9x12. Special price..... 17.63

Axminster Rugs, all new spring patterns.

Size	Value	At
8.3x10.6	$20.00	17.20
9x12	$24.00	19.95

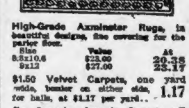
Tapestry Brussels Rugs, woven in one piece.

Size	Value	At
6x9	$8.75	6.98
8.3x10.6	$12.00	9.98
9x12	$15.00	$11.98

Tapestry Brussels Rugs, extra heavy quality, nothing better, one piece goods.

Size	Value	At
8.3x10.6	$16.00	13.95
9x12	$19.00	16.50

Linoleums made from cork and linseed oil, good quality, subject to a manufacturer's slight imperfections, 2 yards wide, 60c value. A limited quantity at 35c per square yard 35c



OUR LEGAL STAMP SEWING MACHINE CLUB

Offers Sixteen Different Designs in this New Machine, now on display at our store.

$40 H. P. Seaver Sewing Machine At 21.98

High grade improved Drop Head Sewing Machine, that will sew perfectly, run smoothly and last a lifetime. You will pay ordinary dealers $40 to $50 for machines in no way better. The H. P. Seaver is a well standard make, with the factory's 10-year written guarantee. It will give you satisfactory service and save you money, and you may buy on our Legal Stamp Plan.

TERMS—$2 CASH, $1 A WEEK
Special Stamps Given. No Waiting
Monday Bargains Worth While

$55 Singer...$21.98	$45 Domestic $19.98
$60 White...$25.98	$40 Improved White $16.98
$18 Capital... $8.98	(A sample) $18.98

NO MAIL ORDERS TAKEN
Buy Now. We Sell All Makes of Sewing Machines at Less. Needles and Parts for Every Machine
Fourth Floor.

HOSIERY
Women's $1.00 Silk Lisle Fashioned Hose, in black, white, tan, gray, navy blue, cadet blue, garnet, cardinal, green and purple. Perfect goods 73c

HATS
The most popular hats of New England and Canada, ready to be worn. Yet produced with the following limit: Hundreds ready at 4.98

GLOVES
2-Clasp Gloves in all the popular shades of tan, brown, gray, black and white; also black with white stitching; all sizes in the lot; regularly sold at $1.50 and $1.75 a pair. Special 1.00

SHOES
Women's Sample Low Shoes—45 styles and leathers, up-to-date styles, sizes from 3 to 8, widths A to E. Choice at 75c a pair 75c

SHIRTS
$1.00 Negligee Shirts—Medium and high-grade fancy percales, with soft cuffs, with attached cuffs, separate cuffs, hundreds of sleeves and fancy patterns 1.00

GROCERIES
Second Floor

20c APRICOTS—Fancy Evaporated Apricots, at 15c a pound..... 15c

10c HORSE RADISH—Pure Horse Radish, at 3 bottles for..... 25c

15c CRACKERS—Combination: 1 Uneeda, 1 Graham Cracker, at 10c, the combination 10c

15c BORAX—20-Mule Team Borax, 2 packages for 25c 9c

42c POWDERS—Royal Baking Powder, at 38c a pound..... 38c

15c PEARL OF WHEAT—At 12c pkg. 12c

15c TOMATOES—Richmond Maid Brand Tomatoes, at 13c a can 13c

35c QUAKER OATS—Mackenzie piece of china in every package, at..... 20c

5c SOAP—Goodwill Soap, at 10 Bars for 35c

25c SARDINES—Finest Norwegian Sardines, at 15c

15c PEAS—Sweet Wrinkled Peas, at..... 11c

10c CORN—Sugar Corn, at 6c can, 12 in a package 6c

A Spring Carniv

THERE is manifest economy in buy did Spring stocks will convince to write an essay on values at capitalist and the wage-earner are all on ation. Our prices and terms are alik see you among the crowds that will be

Hundreds of Carnival Barga

GIVEN FREE

EVERY DAY the First Thousand Women Making a Purchase on Our Great Third Floor Will Receive a Beautiful Souvenir ABSOLUTELY FREE.

To obtain any particular souvenir, a purchase must be made in the department specified. SHOP EARLY, as only the first thousand purchasers each day will participate in the receipt of these beautiful souvenirs.

Silks and Dress Goods
Street Floor

The prolonged strike of the Garment Workers' Association has left the manufacturers with many pieces of dress goods on hand, ready for the cutters. Now the mills were forced to accept cancellations, also the manufacturers were anxious to dispose of the yard goods. In this unusual condition we recognized an exceptional opportunity and purchased the following:

19 Pieces of Navy Serge—50 inches wide, some already sponged and shrunk. A bargain at the per yard. Our price 59c

8 Pieces of All-Wool Panama—52 inches wide, in the following shades: light and dark green, light and dark brown, navy and black. Would usually be sold at $2.50 per yard. Our price 59c

5 Pieces Benn's Mohairs—Full 54 inches wide, very silky, navy and black. The regular $1.25 grade. Our price 1.00

7 Pieces of Mixed Whipcord Suitings—A real high-grade fabric suiting, at $1.50 and $1.69 grades, full 56 inches wide, in mixed effects. Choice for one yard value at $2.00 per yard. Our price 1.50

15 Pieces of Serges—Light and dark blue, 42 inches wide, worth $1.00 yard. Our price 75c

79c Foulards—36 inches wide, all pure silk, in the choice of old rose and tan, with neat white figures. Our price on the per yard 49c

49c Brocaded Tussahs—27 inches wide, handsome large patterns, in a full line of evening and street shades. Our price the per yard 35c

$1.00 Stripe Marquisettes—45 inches wide, all pure silk, for evening gowns, in light blue, cream, pink, lavender, gray and white. Our price the per yard 59c

$1.49 Brocaded Messalines—36 inches wide, very popular dress goods. Colors are navy, burgundy, taupe, navy, white and black. Our price 1.19

98c Messalines—36 inches wide, all popular colors. Our price the per yard... 79c

Spring Ribbons at Low Prices
Street Floor

20c Washwell Taffetz—6½ inches wide, all silk, stiff finish, for broad hat 16c

25c Bulgarian Novelty Ribbon—4½ inches wide, seven combinations for hair bows, sash ends and neckwear. Its 17c

25c Dark Dresdene—4½ inches wide, all silk, beautiful rich combinations of colors, for hat bows, hair bows, sashes, etc. Its yard 17c

20c Light Dresdene—4 inches wide, all silk, pretty rose-bud pattern, in pink, blue, yellow and lavender on white ground. Its 12½c

25c Wire Bow Taffetz—6½ inches wide, all silk, wire in edge to make the bow stand up, all the best selling colors. Its 19c

Loop Edge Ribbon—In all the new Bulgarian colors, 5 to 4½ inches wide. Its 12c to 29c

Hair Ornaments and Bands—Complete assortment in Rhinestone, Jet and gold, some are ..... 25c to 98c

Feather with brilliants, etc.: 25c, 39c, 49c, each.

Economy in Spring Footwear
12 LARGE SPECIAL COUNTERS

1000 Pairs of Women's $2.00 and $2.50 Oxfords—A large variety of styles in button and lace leathers, all sizes in the lot. A rare opportunity to save money on your low shoes. Choice 98c

300 Pairs of Women's $3.00 White Buck and Canvas Button Boots—Also in black and white canvas Oxfords at a pair..... 1.98

Misses' and Children's $1.75 Elsenette Boots—A fine dress boot, sizes 11 to 2, in several leathers. Special price at $1.19 pair..... 1.13

500 Pairs of Women's $3.00 Button Oxfords—In dull and patent leather, a tantalizing lot of good concern, all sizes in the lot. Special at $1.69 pair..... 1.69

500 Pairs of $1.25 "Walton" School Shoes—For boys, sizes 9 to 13½—Made of durable calfskin that we warrant to wear well. A pair..... 99c

100 Pairs of Children's $1.25 Indian Moccasins—Sizes 5 to 8, at 49c a pair..... 49c

Girls' and Children's Dutton Shoes—The "Bunny" in calf and vici kid, with welted soles, hand and pliable and will endure great wear; in all sizes, 5 to 8, 98c; sizes 8½ to 11 inches: No. 2. Special price at 98c a pair..... 98c

A Wonderful Waist Bargain For Carnival Week

Style for style, quality for quality, these are what we believe to be the best waists in the world for the money. Made of fine embroidered lawn and lace inserted, low neck and ¾ sleeve. Carnival Price 79c

$15.00 Spri

Women's and Misses' Coats, cuts show only styles in this lot. Serge, pretty mixtures are the season garian and Persian Carnival Price 9

Come Early to Th

25c DRAWERS—Open and open at knee, in cambric, with 3 rows of fine tucks, finished with hemstitch band. Carnival Price 19c

50c GOWNS—Of fine cambric, in Empire effects, slipover yoke, trimmed with embroidery and ribbon beading. Special Carnival Price 39c

PRETTY TUB DRESSES—Of fine gingham, in plaids and stripes, with waist box pleated back and front, finished with belt and pearl buttons. Special Carnival Price 1.00

$50 Solid Mahogany Buffet

Like cut, either colonial design or with large claw feet. No veneers used. Dull finish. Special at 34.50

$45.00 Solid Mahogany China Closet

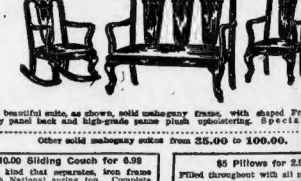
As shown, 37 inches wide, 14 inches deep, with full swell front and bent glass ends. Special at $25

$7.00 Solid Mahogany Dining Chair.

This handsome chair Silk cord, all solid mahogany, with flush joints, shaped banister back, and genuine leather slip seats. At 5.25

Arm chair to match, At 7.98

$70.00 Solid Mahogany Parlor Suite



This beautiful suite, as shown, solid mahogany frame, with shaped French legs, fancy panel back and high-grade piano plush upholstering. Special at 45.00

Other solid mahogany suites from 35.00 to 100.00.

$7 Mattress for $4.49
Combination Mattress—In all sizes, with clean white cotton top and roll "Princess Edge" and fancy art ticking. Sale price..... 4.49

$6 Springs for $3.98
Our Special Make—Built very high, with extra heavy frame, has National wire top and warranted for 10 years, at..... 3.98

$15 Mattress for $10.95
Warranted pure silk floss throughout, regular full thickness and weight, and choice of several patterns of ticking..... 10.95

$10.00 Sliding Couch for 6.98
The kind that separates, iron frame with National spring top. Complete with white cotton combination mattresses and pillows, for this sale, at..... 6.98

$5 Pillows for 2.98
Filled throughout with all new, clean down, very soft and fluffy. Specia ticking in blue and white 2.98 narrow stripe, $2.98 pair.....

$8.00 Oak Dressers $5.95

SOLID OAK DRESSERS—Like cut, three deep drawers, wood knobs, 12x20 plate mirror, at 5.95

$20.00 Buffet $14.50

Exactly as shown, with swell quartered oak front, large 45-inch base and a 10x24 bevel plate mirror. Special at 14.50

$27.50 Dresser or Chiffonier

WITH LARGE BASE—Full swell front and bevel edge mirror. Either golden quartered oak, birdseye maple, mahogany or tuna finish..... 16.50

$7.50 Iron Beds for 4.98

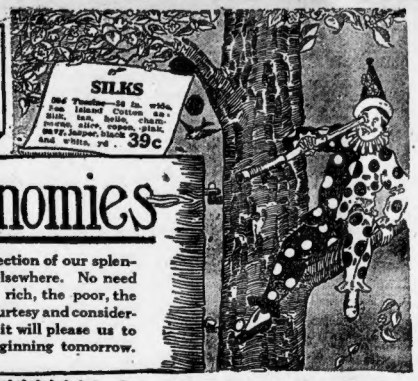
The cut does not show one-half the beauty of this bed. A continuous-post pattern with brass top rail, knobs and spindles. All sizes, at, each..... 4.98

$25.00 Brass Beds for 16.50

About 8 or 10 patterns to select from, bright or satin finish; assorted sizes, at, each..... 16.

THE PEOPLE Button Co

...ey Cash
...TEST CASH HOUSE
Legal Stamps



SILKS
...Tuesday—36 in. wide, Fine Island Cotton ... Silk, tan, bolts, chartreuse, alice, copen, pink, navy, Jasper, black and white, yd ... 39c

...l of Practical Economies

...ood reliable merchandise at cash prices. An inspection of our splen... that you can undoubtedly do better here than elsewhere. No need ...tore, our reputation is well established. The rich, the poor, the ...ame footing with us; all treated with the same courtesy and consider... ...—"Spot Cash." It will pay you to see us, and it will please us to ...idence during our great Spring Carnival Sale beginning tomorrow.

...s on Our Great Third Floor

...Suits $9.98

...dsome Suits and ...e of the numerous ...s are of all-wool whipcords. Trim... ...fashionable Bul... ...uttons and braid.

...98

GIVEN FREE

THOUSANDS OF BALLOONS — In the Children's Annex
THOUSANDS OF DAINTY FANS — In the Cloak and Suit Department
THOUSANDS OF DAINTY SHELL NECKLACES — In the Waist Department
THOUSANDS OF CORSAGE BOUQUETS — In the Underwear Department
THOUSANDS OF BASEBALLS — In the Boys' Clothing Department
THOUSANDS OF SACHET ENVELOPES — In the Corset Department
THOUSANDS OF HANDKERCHIEFS — In the House Dress Department

59c Bungalow Aprons—In percale, cut full, with pocket and neat ...ttan frills. Sold... sold from ... than 59c. Carnival Price... 49c

Chiffon Waists—In a clever, dressy design, colors are black, navy, ...oenhagen, ... and gray, tucked and sleeves and collar. Carnival Week Special..... 1.39

Dressing Sacques—Manufacturer's sample lot, consisting of lawn, in a variety of pretty styles and colors, values up to 75c. Carnival Price... 39c

Jap Silk, Robespierre Collar Waist—Collar and cuffs trimmed with striped silk, giving this garment every appearance of ... and ... choice style. Carnival Week Special 1.98

$2.00 Baldwin Double Service House Dresses—Are our ...factions. This all-in-one garment just two snaps to hold it in place; gingham and percale. Carnival Price 1.49

Middy and Norfolk Blouses—Of ...ins and flannel; all ...ty ...s models, 98c, $1.25 and $1.69 values. Carnival Week Special 79c

$1.50 Long Kimonas—Of Serpentine Crepe, in plain shades of blue, ...ghtcrepe, red, gray and ... satin trimmed. Carnival Price 98c

One-Piece House Dresses—In neat patterns, soft turned-down collar, cuffs and ... in a variety of ... colors; ¾ sleeve, and full gored skirt. Carnival Week Special 69c

Children's $4.00 Rain Coats—Double ... proof, sizes 6 to 16 years; in tans ... a wonderful Carnival Week Special at..... 2.98

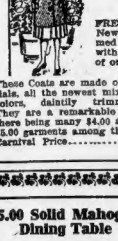
79c Combinations—Corset cover and drawers or skirt, with fine ... and torchon lace edge and ribbon beading. Carnival Price 50c

50c Corsets—Made of batiste, medium bust, extra long hip, ... set of steels. Carnival Price.. 29c

Bargain Festival

PERCALE PETTICOATS — Deep flounce, ... and white ... 39c
C. C. CORSETS — ... long, ... long hip, ... two sets bone ... of coutil. Carnival Price ... 79c

A Remarkable Combination For Carnival Week



FREE—This pretty New Spring Trimmed Straw Hat with every purchase of one of these coats.

These Coats are made of splendid materials, all the newest mixtures and plain colors, daintily trimmed. They are a remarkable lot, there being many $4.00 and $5.00 garments among them. Carnival Price..... 2.98

Splendid Values in Dry Goods

SPRING ECONOMIES

29c Fine Shirting Madras—32 inches wide, all woven colors on cream or ... grounds. These are beautiful goods at less than the usual price. Only 12½c a yard 12½c

18c White Crepe Cloth—27 inches wide, sold to us from the mill at slightly imperfect, but so slight that it is very hard to find anywhere ... to detect it. All ... that is the very best grade. At 7½c ... per yard..... 7½c

25c Voiles—27 inches wide, with silk stripe of the same color as ground. A very popular cloth this season; only 15c per yard..... 15c

20c Bleached Turkish Towels—Called mill seconds, consisting of a small stain or ..., size 22x44 inches. Very absorbent. Special 15c per pair..... 15c

50c Table Damask—Fine mercerized table damask, 64 inches wide, very lustrous, all patterns, in lengths of from 1¼ to 5 yards. Special at 37c a yard..... 37c

$1.39 Linen Satin Damask—All pure, very heavy weight, 15 handsome patterns, full 72 inches wide. Special at $1.00 a yard 1.00

$3.50 Lace Bed Spreads—Only two patterns, but they are very handsome. Everybody will buy one when they see them, at 1.98

Spring Furnishings for Men

Street Floor

25c Half Hose—Medium weight silk lisle, with three-thread heels and toes, in black, tan and desirable colors, slightly imperfect, 12½c per pair..... 12½c

25c and 35c Half Hose—Imported fast black and tan, cotton, gauze and medium weight lisle, in gray, black and maroon, with high spliced heels and double soles. Regular 25c, 35c..... 17c

39c Underwear—Egyptian balbriggan shirts, long sleeves, double seated, ankle drawers to match, 39c per garment 28c

50c Underwear—Combed Egyptian balbriggan, long and short sleeves, double saddle seated drawers with French strap back, 50c per garment..... 39c

89c Fancy Negligee Shirts—Made from Garner's ... percales, hand ..., with attached cuffs 69c

59c Fancy Negligee Shirts—With attached, laundered cuffs, full size bodies, good patterns, at..... 38c

50c Night Shirts—Fancy trimmed cotton night shirts, without collar, cut full and well made, sizes 17 and 18, at..... 39c

$1.00 Pajamas—Made from fine fancy percales, with ... and ..., military cut..... 85c

25c Neckwear—Fancy knit neckwear, with vertical stripes and two-toned effects, an ... range of patterns, at..... 18c

Spring Hosiery and Underwear

Street Floor

Women's 17c Hosiery—Black and tan gauze lisle, high spliced heels, ... soles and toes, four-inch garter top, at 12½c ... 12½c

Women's 25c Silk Hosiery—Black silk, boot length, high spliced heels, double soles and toes, lisle garter top. Slight imperfections, at 18c pair..... 18c

Women's 35c Hosiery—Black, brilliant lisle lisle and lisle, full ..., and seamless, gauze and medium weights; high spliced heels, double soles and toes, with garter tops, at 19c pair 19c

Children's 25c Hosiery—Black silk lisle and lisle, sizes 5 to 9½, perfect goods cut from ... and styles, at 12½c per pair..... 12½c

Women's 25c Underwear—Lisle and fine cotton vests, ..., ..., high neck and long sleeves. Slightly imperfect, at the 15c

Women's 29c Underwear—Fine cotton pants, jersey ribbed, ..., ..., ..., at 18c 18c

Women's 50c Underwear—Bleached, medium weight cotton vests, jersey ribbed, long and short sleeves, knee length pants to match, sizes 4, 5 and 6, at 29c each..... 29c

Silverware

Street Floor

$5.00 Tea Set—Four pieces, a very popular gift, extra heavy plate, in handsome design, all gold lined. Special 2.98

$3.50 Fruit Dishes—Quadruple plate frame, dark green and gold, glass dish 1.79
Other attractive styles from ..... 1.35 to 1.98

$7.00 Chest Silverware—The celebrated Rogers silver in 26-piece set, in French gray lined chest. Full ... of 6 Tea Spoons, 6 Dessert, 6 Tablespoons, 6 Forks, 6 Table Knives, 6 Dessert, 6 Individual Butter Knives, 1 Butter Knife, 1 Sugar Spoon. All ... and A. A. in a variety of styles to choose from ..... 5.98 to 12.34

Spoons, 1 Butter Knife, 1 Sugar Spoon. All ... and A. A. in a variety of styles to choose from ..... 5.98 to 12.34

Also chest similar to the above, with "1847 ... A. A. in a variety of styles to choose from 4.98

$6.00 Parlor Clocks—8-inch ... ...

MORE CITIES IN PERIL AS FLOOD CREST RUSHES SOUTHWARD

Continued from First Page.

WEST VIRGINIA.

The crest of the Ohio river flood in West Virginia is passing through Wheeling, West Virginia today. Fifteen thousand people have been driven from their homes and are seekin safety on a small portion of high ground which remains dry. The city was in total darkness last night and almost destitute conditions prevailed.

Nearly all West Virginia points along the Ohio have felt the effects of the flood.

Heavy damage has been done in the oil regions, where hundreds of derricks have been leveled and pipe lines demolished.

Refugees from the valleys were flocking into Wheeling last night. The city is said to be in dire need of provisions.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The flood waters in Pennsylvania have created havoc in the Ohio valley in western Pennsylvania and thousands of families have been left destitute.

Pestilence and famine are imminent. The waters have receded at Sharon and Newcastle and reconstruction work is under way.

The property loss in Pittsburgh amounts to more than a million dollars. Thousands of basements in business blocks have been flooded and the streets in the down town portion of the city are running with black water pumped from the stores.

NEW YORK.

While practically all danger from water has passed in the floods in Mohawk Valley, New York, the cities of Troy and Albany on the Hudson have been left in a precarious condition. The capital is in grave danger from an epidemic of typhoid due to the inundation of the city's filtration plant.

In Troy practically the same condition exists and residents are experiencing intense suffering, owing to the lack of fuel and the shutting off of all gas and electricity. The city remains under martial law. Five fires yesterday did much damage and every precaution is being taken to prevent further loss from that cause.

The Genesee River at Rochester continues on a rampage and all those in the lower part of the town have moved out. Several blocks are under from two to four feet of water.

TENNESSEE.

The Tennessee River at Chattanooga, Tenn., has risen steadily for the past twenty-four hours. Should the crest rise more a considerable portion of the city will be inundated. Ample warning has been given. The Cumberland at Nashville is very high.

KENTUCKY.

Every river and stream in Kentucky is out of its banks. At Louisville the Ohio is reported to be extremely high, although the full force of the floods higher up will not be felt for two or three days. Much of the lower portion of the city, and especially that known as "The Point," is under water, and in places houses are completely covered.

In the country about Lexington and Frankfort many small towns are under water from the overflow of the Kentucky. One death has occurred.

Great damage is being done by the thousands of logs which have swept from the floods.

MISSOURI.

A high water wave is sweeping down the Mississippi River, causing two levees to break and weakening others. The drinking-water levee, below St. Louis, broke yesterday, flooding a large section and swamping a train, the passengers of which were rescued with difficulty. A levee near Cairo, Ill., has sprung a large leak.

The situation in the valley districts is most acute. Three companies of the Missouri National Guard and several more have been ordered out. The maximum level of the Mississippi, especially at Cairo, Ill., where the Ohio enters, has not been reached.

The Identified Dead at Dayton and Columbus

COLUMBUS, O., March 29.—The identified dead in the Ohio floods, principally those at Dayton and this city, as reported today at the various morgues, follow:

AT DAYTON.

Alexander Ford.
Mrs. —— Bowen.
I. Mason.
Mrs. James Wallace.
Celet Polk.
George Morgenthaler.
Mrs. —— Young.
Frankie Scovil, 8 years old.
John Snow McConnell.

AT COLUMBUS.

Mrs. —— Greenlee.
Mrs. Sarah Scovil.
Albert Underwood, 11 years old.
Mrs. Delia McNerney.
John Stottler.
Mrs. John Stottler.
Walter Becker.
Mrs. Walter Becker.
Mrs. —— Keyes.
Mrs. James Cooper and two children.
Gus Gaver.
Claude Haslett.
Mrs. H. O. Nashen.
Mrs. C. C. Fry.
Mrs. Sadie Garfield.
Mrs. Rhoda K. Wright.
Sarah Sorelin.
Alma Diss, 8 years old.
Hilda Diss, 10 years old.
C. M. Shoup, baby.
C. H. Maston.
Albert C. Gore.
Mrs. Marie Clouser.

AT DAYTON.

B. E. Hardkin.
Mrs. Bowen.
Iaea Mason.
B. F. Quinlan.
Mrs. Biddie Bensell.
Mrs. Olive Knee.
George Richardson of State Employment Bureau.
George Snyder and wife.
Mrs. Clermeyien.
Mrs. Hawke and daughter.
S. S. Cupp.
John Bits.
Mrs. Abel.
Mrs. Youts.

Mrs. George McDonald of Warren street, fell in a faint when she found her husband's dead body.

Thousands of the marooned refugees were suffering the tortures of thirst when rescued, in spite of the fact that millions of gallons of flood lay about them. Tongues were swollen and lips blackened.

Mrs. Frances King of No. 138 Stigler street was carried from the second floor of her home with a nine months' old baby, suffering from measles, in her arms. Mrs. Anna Downing of Warren street gave birth to a baby while being carried to safety in a boat.

D. F. Morris, who was marooned in the Hotel Beckel, described the horrors of refugees when they saw that the hotel was doomed to destruction from fire. The elevator cable was cut and stretched to a building across the street and the refugees were towed to safety in a basket.

PROBLEM NOW ONE OF FOOD SUPPLIES, SAYS GOVERNOR COX OF OHIO

By JAMES M. COX, Governor of Ohio.

COLUMBUS, Ohio., March 29.—The end of the week finds the state dazed and numbed in contemplation of the tremendous and widespread destruction in almost every section. The situation today assumed a few novel angles.

It is becoming now a problem of food within our borders. A condition which demonstrates how impotential even a great state is when communication is severed with the outside world.

Cincinnati, in the fullness of her bounty, shipped train loads of supplies into the lower Miami valley and the southestern parts of Indiana as well. Philanthropy displayed prudence and tonight the Queen City of the West appeals to the State for assistance.

Dayton and Zanesville, the two troublesome points so far as extension of relief was concerned, are in pretty fair shape. The western food supply was tapped by way of Indianapolis. The Chicago Association of Commerce at our request, established a base at Indianapolis, so soon as railroad traffic was resumed between Dayton and the Indiana capital.

Ten carloads of lime, five car tanks of gasoline and a train load consisting of bread, vegetables and clothing are on their way to Dayton now from that point. Time is a needful now as food for the purposes of distnection.

The military organization has been of great service and the week closes tonight with some measure of consolation in the thought that every section that has appealed to us has had hunger appeased.

91 Funerals Today.

Colonel Zimmerman's official report from Hamilton is indeed, a gruesome tale. Ninety-one bodies will be interred there tomorrow. Two hundred horses were buried in the street. Two or three of the principal thoroughfares have been washed into ditches twenty feet deep. With the flood supply diminishing down to the point of need and the Ohio flood situation cutting off communication from both the East and South, we doubtless face a crisis in dealing with the situation at Cincinnati and Hamilton.

Appeal from Portsmouth.

Reports tonight that an appeal has come from Portsmouth. Water in the Ohio there is 48 feet high and still rising. It is feared that the business buildings are on fire. In Gallipolis the water is still rising. At last report it was 62 feet. The telephone building caved in and has been put out of commission.

All Ohio towns are wrapped in water tonight. Ripley, Pomeroy, Middleport and Gallipolis are heavy sufferers. New Richmond, Higginport and two or three little towns in Clermont county are in trouble. It is said that there is not a bridge standing over either the Muskingum or Miami rivers.

The loss at Columbus will be about one hundred lives. The maximum at Dayton as it now appears will be two hundred. Hamilton will run about one hundred and fifty.

It is suggested today that the Legislature recess for a week. That body, as the result of labors in the flood districts, is in no condition to transact business, and besides the State will need at least a week to reflect on the constructive legislative measures presented itself to any American commonwealth.

Estimates have been made this afternoon with considerable care, and is the belief that property loss in the State will aggregate three hundred million dollars.

TEXAN BISHOP TELLS OF EXPERIENCE IN FLOODED DISTRICTS

Bishop Herbert Kinesving of Texas is in Boston today and thankful that his perilous trip from the Lone Star State is over. He passed through the flooded districts of Ohio and Indiana. Aside from that the Bishop passed through a series of blizzards, hurricanes and sandstorms on the trip East.

"Yes, it was an eventful trip," was the way he put it late yesterday at the Hotel Bellevue. He will preach the Sunday sermon tomorrow at St. Paul's Cathedral. His purpose in coming East was to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, Bishop Jagger, but he arrived too late for that.

"We reached St. Louis Monday night. It was raining torrents, but I decided to continue my journey and took the Big Four out of the city that night.

"Tuesday morning, just after dawn, I looked out of the Pullman window and saw the water had risen rapidly during the night. I heard of the devastation that had taken place when we reached Indianapolis.

"The train had passed through Muncie, Ind., and over a large bridge. Scarcely had we cleared it when, with a crash, it went down and was carried away by the turbulent waters. Just before we reached the border between Ohio and Indiana the bridge over the Miami river collapsed ahead of us. We pulled into Union City and there we were marooned for three days.

"To add to the general discomfort, a great blizzard came up. This was the first snow I had seen in three years. Texas is God's country—we don't have ice and snow there.

"There was a valuable express money car on the stalled train. Quite a bit of excitement was furnished the passengers when some hoodlums attempted to hold up the train. We were obliged to procure guards for the train.

"Everywhere I saw houses under water and people hanging out of upper windows. Their sufferings from cold and hunger was intense. I was none too comfortable myself in a Pullman, and I could imagine what the flood victims were enduring out in the open in the blizzard.

"I do think, however, that the loss of life has been exaggerated in the flooded sections. The property losses have not been overestimated, thought.

"Finally we got under way again. We were switched to Bellefontaine, thence to Toledo and Cleveland. All the way we bumped over rough tracks that were submerged in water for miles.

"I am going to return over the same route on Monday if it is still open. I can stand all the perils of cyclones, hurricanes, sandstorms, blizards and cloud bursts as long as the train stays on the tracks. The only thing I hate is being rolled down an embankment."

LATEST ESTIMATE OF LOSS OF LIFE BY FLOOD

	Estimated Dead.	Known Dead.
Dayton	150	87
Columbus	50	33
Hamilton	90	33
Zanesville	10	5
Chillicothe	25	15
Delaware	21	12
Middletown	12	7
Troy	12	9
Coshocton	10	8
Piqua	25	7
Totals	445	249

Minor loss of life has occurred at Sidney, Massillon, Martin's Ferry, Akron, Tiffin, Fremont, Miamisburg and Newark. Estimates on these places not obtainable.

HIGHER COST OF LIVING AS SEQUEL TO FLOODS IN WEST

NEW YORK, March 29.—Wholesale and retail men expect a general rise in the price of butter, eggs, meats and poultry, within the next few days as a result of the city's supply being held up en its way from the West by the great floods in Ohio and Indiana and in Northern New York.

Eggs at wholesale went up a quarter of a cent yesterday and in most quarters took an additional jump of a cent today. A further and larger rise is predicted Monday, when the wholesalers say, the shortage of the supply will begin to be felt. Butter held at 42 cents for a few hours this morning and then began to rise. Retailers have not yet taxed the householder for the extra bit but it is expected to be felt in all chandels by Monday.

While the big milk companies have not as yet hinted at a raise it is known that the floods in the upper part of the State are causing them some embarrassment. One company had two trains, aggregating 110,000 gallons held up by washouts on the railway over which it was routed. About a sixth of the total supply for Manhattan was dumped from two trains today.

The most hopeful prophets do not figure on the provision trains running on their normal schedule under a week at the least. For that time the shortage will be felt here in earnest. When the lines are eventually opened indications are that there will be an accumulation of shipments of meats from the West waiting to be forwarded here.

Officials of the Pennsylvania and New York Central state that they have extra crews repairing the damage to their main lines in order that these trains may be rushed through as early as conditions in the flood zone will permit. The Panhandle route of the Pennsylvania is cut off entirely, and it is over this that the bulk of the provision trains are routed.

FLOOD CONDITIONS IN INDIANA STILL ACUTE

The following statement of flood conditions in Indiana was sent last night to the International News Service by Governor Ralston:

By GOV. SAMUEL RALSTON.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 29.—It is impossible for me to give an approximate of the total property loss in this State.

From present indications it may reach $50,000,000, and may go as high as $100,000,000.

We need all kinds of supplies and money. All transportation is paralyzed, except on roads running out of Anderson and Richmond.

The wind and intense cold are causing severe suffering, and I fear the loss of life will be great.

The towns along the lower Wabash have not seen the crest of the flood. The worst conditions existing are in the following cities: Indianapolis, Peru, Terre-Haute, Brookville, Kokomo, Richmond, Logansport, Marion and Muncie.

SAMUEL M. RALSTON,
Governor.

RELIEF WORK WELL IN HAND SAYS GARRISON AT DAYTON

DAYTON, O., March 29.—Secretary of War Lindley M. Garrison arrived here today after a fifty-mile trip in an auto, from Cincinnati.

With him were Major-General Leonard Wood and two other army officers. They reached this city at 12:30 p. m., after a thrilling ride through the flood district.

Secretary Garrison will make this city his headquarters for relief measures and work. Immediately after his arrival he went into conference with John H. Patterson and the citizens' committee. Patterson described to the army officers the situation in Dayton, using a map of the city for illustration. Immediately after the conference the officers started on an inspection tour of the city.

Before leaving Cincinnati, where he arrived at 4:30 this morning, Secretary Garrison sent a report of conditions in the flood district to President Wilson. It was as follows:

"I think it is perfectly safe for you to announce to the country," says the secretary, "that matters are being well taken care of by those on the ground, and that everything which needs to be done will be done.

"We have got in communication with Major Normoyle and Major Logan, and find that they have the situation well in hand. The flood is receding in all other rivers, but the Ohio is getting the effect now and is rising at Cincinnati, where it is now about sixty-five feet, thus threatening the towns below here. Major Normoyle is at Columbus and Major Logan at Cincinnati each with orders to deal with the situation fully and purchase all necessities.

"Officers have been sent to down river points to make observations and report to Major Logan at Cincinnati. Captain Finch, with engineers, is at Hamilton, and a medical officer and twenty of the hospital corps are being sent in there today.

"At Governor Cox's request General Wood and I are going on to Dayton, leaving immediately. We will then get into communication with Governor Cox and the situation at Columbus, and I will wire you fully from Dayton.

"You need have no anxiety about the shelter of flood sufferers to the north of us or in Cincinnati, as there are more than ample buildings for their shelter and ample food on the ground. We understand this also applies to Dayton and Columbus.

"The first reports concerning the loss of life were greatly exaggerated, as I think also are the reports of extreme present suffering, except where persons are isolated from food and shelter. The sanitary situation is the main consideration from now on. I have just seen Mayor Hunt and find that he has the matter in hand here."

TO RING CURFEW TO GUARD DAYTON AGAINST LOOTERS

DAYTON, O., March 29.—Curfew sounds tonight at 6 o'clock and every night until normal conditions are obtained again.

This is the result of looting and the constant firing by militiamen last night at those attempting this ghastly work.

Street military rule will be enforced after Curfew rings in order that the thousands of survivors here may escape the terrors of last night, when at least five looters were shot down.

Fifty shots were fired between midnight and 3 o'clock this morning within hearing of the main hospital quarters in the National Cash Register Building.

Civil workers in the center of the town, where efforts are being made to clear away the debris, report that five looters were shot after midnight. One of these was a negro who had succeeded in entering a Madison street house, where he was seen by a militiaman and shot in the act of looting. It is declared that only one of five men shot is dead.

To Shoot at Sight.

Orders have been issued to the soldiers to inflict summary execution on corpse robbers. These ghouls have been scouring through down-town and residental sections like hyenas after a battle.

At Columbus, soldiers shot and killed a looter before the night. The fatal shot is believed to have been fired by Private Kilmell of the Marysville Company. The killing occurred just south of the Baltimore & Ohio tracks, near Mound and Centre streets, on the west side. The looter's body dropped into the water and was not recovered.

At Zanesville the situation is serious. Appeal has been made to the Adjutant General's office for 500 militia men to war on looters and to aid in relief work.

Wreckers Work Under Guard.

George Richardson, superintendent of the State employment bureau, was among the dead identified at the morgue in this city. Wreckage squad, who are cleaning the streets and disinfecting the inundated sections, worked under guard of troops who refused to allow anyone within the military lines without a countersigned pass.

Out of town persons, hailing from New York, Chicago, Columbus, Pittsburgh, Toledo, Cleveland, St. Louis, Philadelphia and other cities, who were sought by the flood, struggled to rid the stricken city or to send messages assuring relatives. Both efforts wer hopeless.

Futhcle scenes were enacted at the

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES They Are Closely Observing Public Health Conditions

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview on the subject, made the astonishing statement that the reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of applicants do not even suspect that they have the disease.

He states that, judging from his own experience and reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has probably been more successful in relieving and curing these diseases than any remedy known. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of cures.

We find that Swamp-Root is strictly an herbal compound, and we would advise our readers who feel in need of such a remedy to give it a trial. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes—fifty-cents and one-dollar.

However, if you wish first to test its wonderful merits, send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle, absolutely free. When writing be sure and mentiom the Boston Sunday American.

ESTABLISHED 1845 MARK CROSS TRADE MARK LONDON ACTUAL MAKERS 89 Regent Street

Cross Travelers' Comforts

MEDICINE CASE—Black Patent Leather or Pigskin Leather-Lined Case, Supplied with Five Medicine Bottles, Funnel and Cotton. Complete..... $3.75

WATCH IN CASE—Oxford Morocco, Silk-Lined Folding Case, Supplied with One-Day Nickel Watch. Complete $5.00

SEWING CASE—Colored Morocco, Supplied with Needles, Thread, Thimble, Scissors and Other Sewing Accessories. Complete $4.25

SCISSORS CASE—Pigskin or Black Patent Leather Silk-Lined Case, Supplied with Two Pairs of Gilt Handled Scissors. Complete $3.50

Many Other Useful and Novel Articles at Moderate Prices.

Orders by Mail or Telephone Will Receive Prompt Attention.

MARK CROSS
145 TREMONT STREET
216 5th Ave., New York 278 Broadway
Agencies Throughout the World

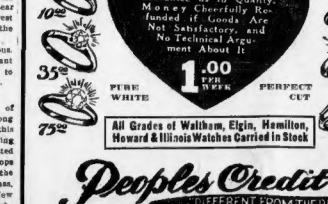
Both those who sell and those who buy through advertising in

"The Market Place"

find it an extremely profitable method of doing business.

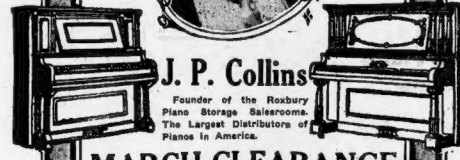
DIAMOND RINGS

If you are thinking of buying a diamond for yourself or sweetheart, you positively make no mistake in buying from us. Our prices are the lowest in the world, and consistent with our high grade method of doing business we are different from the rest.



All Grades of Waltham, Elgin, Hamilton, Howard & Illinois Watches Carried in Stock

Peoples Credit Co.
DIFFERENT FROM THE REST
OPEN EVENINGS 501 Washington Street IN THE HEART CITY
PROVIDENCE ESTAB., 303 Westminster Street



J. P. Collins
Founder of the Roxbury Piano Storage Salesrooms. The Largest Distributors of Pianos in America.

MARCH CLEARANCE SALE OF PIANOS

The Roxbury Piano Storage Salesrooms Co. is cutting and slashing piano prices—saving the piano-buying public from one to two hundred dollars on the best pianos.

The New Frederick Piano
$300 Value
For $175
Guaranteed

Wonderful Bargains in the Best Upright Pianos

Steinway Upt.	$175	Haynes Upt.	$165
Mehlhall Upt.	65	Fischer Upt.	80
Weber Upt.	89	Mason & Hamlin Upt.	110
Behning Upt.	50	Merrill Upt.	120
H. F. Miller Upt.	65	Huntington Upt.	95
Ivers & Pond Upt.	95	Steinberg Upt.	40
Doll & Sons Upt.	250	McPhail Upt.	80
Hallet & Davis Upt.	90	Chickering Upt.	95
Knabe Upt.	85	Schumann Upt.	175
Emerson Upt.	75		
Vose Upt.	115		
Everett Upt.	110		
Chickering Upt.	165		
Huntington Upt.	145		
Radle Upt.	115		

$5.00 DOWN
$1.00 A WEEK

FREE DELIVERY
Anywhere in New England

ROXBURY PIANO STORAGE SALESROOMS CO. 2418 Washington Street BOSTON, MASS.

OPEN MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY NIGHTS TILL 9.

NOTICE—Remember the number—We are on the street floor—Get off Elevated train at Dudley St. Terminal—Our Salesrooms are a few doors from the corner of Dudley and Washington Sts., going towards Forest Hills—Don't look for signs, look for the number, 2418—On the ground floor.

Lowell Branch, 327 Central Street

Scores Aid Boston American's Flood Fund

Quick Response to Cry of the Suffering

The Boston AMERICAN'S relief fund for the flood sufferers in Ohio and Indiana received much impetus yesterday.

Scores of contributions were received during the day. What promises to be a contribution of great magnitude was contained in a letter received from L. Berliner, president of Mason's department Store in Roxbury.

Five per cent. of the gross sales on Monday will be donated to the fund.

Mr. Berliner in his letter to the AMERICAN says:

Gentlemen:

Desiring to contribute towards the relief fund which worthy cause you have taken up through the columns of your newspaper we are going to donate five per cent. of the gross sales, Monday, March 31st. We have selected Monday, one of our busiest days, in order that we may make a liberal contribution.

Will you kindly have your representative here Monday evening at the close of business and receive check.

Very truly yours,

R. B. MASON CO., INC.

Per L. Berliner, Pres.

Check from Mr. Hearst.

The largest single contribution received was from William Randolph Hearst in the form of a check for $1,000.

There was considerable activity at the Relief Bureau of the Boston AMERICAN yesterday. Those in charge were kept busy selling the funds and supplies that poured into the bureau at No. 5 Winthrop square.

Contributions are acceptable whether they are for ten cents or ten thousand dollars.

Next Wednesday night a benefit entertainment will be given at Tremont Temple and the proceeds will go into the relief of the fund.

Edward W. Hesser will show his famous kinemacolor motion pictures with scenes of the Balkan War. Other vaudeville artists will be present also.

The receipts of cash to date are as follows:

William Randolph Hearst	$1,000.00
H. A. Bagnall, Attleboro, Mass.	5.00
H. Robinson, Roxbury, Mass.	1.00
Mrs. H. M. Jones, 109 Rowland st., Mal.	10.00
In memory of a dead baby	1.00
Mrs. H. G. Worcester, 3 Monadnock st., Rox.	1.00
A friend	1.00
E. H. Riefler, Boston	2.00
Mrs. H. Franks	1.00
Mrs. L. A. Sweetser, 50 Hancock st., Camb.	5.00
J. J. H. 15 Perry st., Everett	0.00
Arnold Wilson, 205 Huntington ave., city	0.00
Leif Fisher, 69½ Florence st., Rox.	1.00
Employees of Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation of Cambridge	90.00
Total	$1,123.00

Supplies have been received as follows:

One bundle of clothes from the Parisian Outfitters, Boston.

One bundle of clothes from Mrs. R. Pinch, 40 Mount street, Jamaica Plain.

One bundle of clothes, no name.

One box of clothes, no name.

One box of clothes from Chauncey Manufacturing Company, 198 Olive street, Quincy.

Three bundles of clothes, no name.

John C. Paige Company.

Employees of R. M. Bradley & Co.

Pupils of the Clark Street Grammar School, Second contribution.

A friend

The Daughters of Massachusetts

Benjamin Peters

Mrs. Fanny H. Prescott

Edward Hutchins

Mrs. J. Goodwin

Gladys M. Goodwin

Mrs. Daniel Stanford

Mrs. A. S. Bowditch

Mrs. Thomas Hill

Mrs. William H. Hill

Irene Hale

Helen Lang

Helen Hubbard

The Riddle-Robbins Lumber Company

Mrs. Brannan

Mrs. Charles E. Mason

Mr. and Mrs. John Richardson

Mrs. Frederick Gregg, O. Crocker

Edwin Rosner

Edwin S. Pinkham

Mercantile Ref. & Bond Ass'n.

Miss A. L. Bond

Miss Virginia Fisher

Mrs. J. W. Elliott

R. L. Smith

Alfred L. Doherty

Mrs. Rachel Prager

Wallace S. Brown

Mrs. A. Greenough

Mrs. Frederick Ayer

Boston Branch of the Art Metal Construction Co.

Miss Cushing

Gerry C. Carleton

F. R. Rich

Elmer C. Cox

Charles W. Sherman

Caroline Cox

Vee Wah

Mrs. Mrs. Adelbert D. Thayer

Mary A. Mead

Joseph H. Hall

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Sherlock Merchants' Ass'n, On Long Trip

T. Ryan

C. W. Spalding

Samuel Fogelson

Wright & Ditson

J. H. Cutler

Albert Irvin Cril

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Mrs. Richardson

Mr. and Mrs. William P. Stearns

The Misses Killam

Mrs. H. S. Grew

Mrs. Jeffreyson & Sons

C. Osborne

Mr. and Mrs. J. Richmond

Quincy A. Shaw 2d

Louis C. Tiffany

Eastman

Richard Saltonstall Hubbell

Jessie North

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

E. Russell Norton

Royal Typewriter Corset Company

F. A. Revell

Mrs. A. Cabot

Citizens of New Bedford (additional)

Boys of Hubbard Academy

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Marjorie Goodwin

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Caroline K. Brown

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert F. Otis

F. H. Adams

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Employees of Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson

Mrs. Robert Shaw Minturn

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

William S. Slocum

Other Employes of the B. W. H. & R.

Mrs. Grace C. Hall

Muriel P. Van Antwerp

Carter, Carter & Burden

Stetson Cutler & Company

Miss F. L. Campbell

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Mrs. Charles A. Cummings

Lowell Mfg. Co.

Lowell Morse Company

John C. Paige Company

Employees of R. M. Bradley & Co.

Pupils of the Clark Street Grammar School, Second contribution.

A friend

The Daughters of Massachusetts

Benjamin Peters

Mrs. Fanny H. Prescott

Edward Hutchins

Mrs. J. Goodwin

Gladys M. Goodwin

Mrs. Daniel Stanford

Mrs. A. S. Bowditch

Mrs. Thomas Hill

Mrs. William H. Hill

Irene Hale

Helen Lang

Helen Hubbard

The Riddle-Robbins Lumber Company

Mrs. Brannan

Mrs. Charles E. Mason

Mr. and Mrs. John Richardson

Mrs. Frederick Gregg, O. Crocker

Edwin Rosner

Edwin S. Pinkham

Mercantile Ref. & Bond Ass'n.

Miss A. L. Bond

Miss Virginia Fisher

Mrs. J. W. Elliott

R. L. Smith

Alfred L. Doherty

Mrs. Rachel Prager

Wallace S. Brown

Mrs. A. Greenough

Mrs. Frederick Ayer

Boston Branch of the Art Metal Construction Co.

Miss Cushing

Gerry C. Carleton

F. R. Rich

Elmer C. Cox

Charles W. Sherman

Caroline Cox

Vee Wah

Mrs. Mrs. Adelbert D. Thayer

Mary A. Mead

Joseph H. Hall

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Sherlock Merchants' Ass'n, On Long Trip

T. Ryan

C. W. Spalding

Samuel Fogelson

Wright & Ditson

J. H. Cutler

Albert Irvin Cril

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Mrs. Richardson

Mr. and Mrs. William P. Stearns

The Misses Killam

Mrs. H. S. Grew

Mrs. Jeffreyson & Sons

C. Osborne

Mr. and Mr. J. Richmond

Quincy A. Shaw 2d

Louis C. Tiffany

Eastman

Richard Saltonstall Hubbell

Jessie North

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

E. Russell Norton

Royal Typewriter Corset Company

F. A. Revell

Mrs. A. Cabot

Citizens of New Bedford (additional)

Boys of Hubbard Academy

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Marjorie Goodwin

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Caroline K. Brown

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert F. Otis

F. H. Adams

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

Employees of Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson

Mrs. Robert Shaw Minturn

Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall

William S. Slocum

Other Employes of the B. W. H. & R.

Mrs. Grace C. Hall

Muriel P. Van Antwerp

Carter, Carter & Burden

Stetson Cutler & Company

Miss F. L. Campbell	5
Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall	5
Mrs. Charles A. Cummings	20
Lowell Mfg. Co.	1.00
Lowell Morse Company	$200.00
John C. Paige Company	100.00
Employees of R. M. Bradley & Co.	9.30
Pupils of the Clark Street Grammar School, Second contribution	13.15
A friend	2.00
The Daughters of Massachusetts	5.00
Benjamin Peters	10.00
Mrs. Fanny H. Prescott	1.00
Edward Hutchins	100.00
Mrs. J. Goodwin	2.00
Gladys M. Goodwin	1.50
Mrs. Daniel Stanford	5.00
Mrs. A. S. Bowditch	5.00
Mrs. Thomas Hill	5.00
Mrs. William H. Hill	100.00
Irene Hale	25.00
Helen Lang	25.00
Helen Hubbard	5.00
The Riddle-Robbins Lumber Company	25.00
Mrs. Brannan	25.00
Mrs. Charles E. Mason	25.00
Mr. and Mrs. John Richardson	100.00
Mrs. Frederick Gregg, O. Crocker	100.00
Edwin Rosner	20.00
Edwin S. Pinkham	5.00
Mercantile Ref. & Bond Ass'n.	25.00
Miss A. L. Bond	2.00
Miss Virginia Fisher	50.00
Mrs. J. W. Elliott	5.00
R. L. Smith	2.00
Alfred L. Doherty	10.00
Mrs. Rachel Prager	50.00
Wallace S. Brown	25.00
Mrs. A. Greenough	5.00
Mrs. Frederick Ayer	100.00
Boston Branch of the Art Metal Construction Co.	20.00
Miss Cushing	5.00
Gerry C. Carleton	5.00
F. R. Rich	15.00
Elmer C. Cox	5.00
Charles W. Sherman	10.00
Caroline Cox	50.00
Vee Wah	1.00
Mrs. Mrs. Adelbert D. Thayer	100.00
Mary A. Mead	5.00
Joseph H. Hall	5.00
Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall	5.00
Sherlock Merchants' Ass'n, On Long Trip	100.00
T. Ryan	25.00
C. W. Spalding	15.00
Samuel Fogelson	100.00
Wright & Ditson	5.00
J. H. Cutler	10.00
Albert Irvin Cril	100.00
Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall	10.00
Mrs. Richardson	25.00
Mr. and Mrs. William P. Stearns	100.00
The Misses Killam	100.00
Mrs. H. S. Grew	100.00
Mrs. Jeffreyson & Sons	25.00
C. Osborne	25.00
Mr. and Mr. J. Richmond	100.00
Quincy A. Shaw 2d	10.00
Louis C. Tiffany	10.00
Eastman	10.00
Richard Saltonstall Hubbell	10.00
Jessie North	10.00
Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall	10.00
E. Russell Norton	5.00
Royal Typewriter Corset Company	1,000.00
F. A. Revell	2.00
Mrs. A. Cabot	5.00
Citizens of New Bedford (additional)	6,040.00
Boys of Hubbard Academy	11.00
Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall	5.00
Marjorie Goodwin	25.00
Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall	10.00
Caroline K. Brown	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. Herbert F. Otis	50.00
F. H. Adams	10.00
Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall	10.00
Employees of Cram, Goodhue & Ferguson	18.25
Mrs. Robert Shaw Minturn	100.00
Mrs. Mrs. Mary Hall	5.00
William S. Slocum	100.00
Other Employes of the B. W. H. & R.	9.00
Grace C. Hall	5.00
Muriel P. Van Antwerp	5.00
Carter, Carter & Burden	25.00
Stetson Cutler & Company	100.00

AMERICAN OPENS BUREAUS TO HELP FLOOD SUFFERERS

The Boston AMERICAN has opened Relief Bureaus here and in Dayton and the stricken area.

Every person in Boston willing to contribute relief of any kind—food, medicine, clothing, shoes or other useful articles, is invited to prepare all such donations for delivery.

In this respect the AMERICAN places itself at the disposal of the public officials of the stricken district and the merchants of Boston.

As quickly as supplies are contributed they will be rushed to the Field Branches of The Relief Bureau and dispensed among the needy. The AMERICAN desires only new articles of wearing apparel because of the great difficulties attendant upon the handling of old clothing.

Communicate with The Boston AMERICAN Relief Bureau, No. 5 Winthrop square.

BOSTON RED CROSS COLLECTS $21,000 FOR VICTIMS OF FLOOD

Gardiner M. Lane, treasurer of the local Red Cross, announced last night that the grand sum of $121,028.38 has been donated toward the relief of the Ohio and Indiana flood victims.

Contributions ranging from 25 cents to $2,000 were received at the headquarters, No. 44 State street, yesterday.

The committee appointed by Governor Foss to take charge of the relief work met early yesterday and issued the following statement:

Headquarters for the reception of supplies for the flood sufferers have been established at No. 125 Purchase street, Boston.

From information received, it is learned from official sources that it is desirable that only non-perishable food supplies, such as canned goods, which may be donated, and clothing, either new or in first-class condition, should be sent to these headquarters. Immediate food supplies, bedding, tents, etc., can be furnished much more quickly from the larger cities in the neighborhood which have not suffered. Money contributions are much more useful, and should be sent, as heretofore, to Gardiner M. Lane, treasurer, No. 44 State street.

All inquiries in regard to clothing and other supplies should be made at No. 125 Purchase street. Telephone number, Fort Hill 4540.

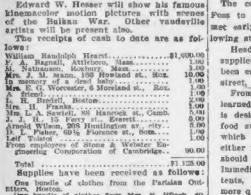
Following is a list of contributors. Scores of others have given donations to the fund signed initials to letters which accompanied money.

Previously acknowledged	$100,551.33
A. W. Chesterton Co.	50.00
Mrs. D. A. Chandler	5.00
Mrs. Wm. B. Rutherf.	100.00
Sands & Ripley Co.	100.00
Emma M. Talbot	10.00
Mrs. Ruth Buffum	5.00
Mrs. Fred Chandler	20.00
Augustus F. Stevens	50.00
Mrs. Daniel Merriman	50.00
Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Rogers	50.00
Sally W. Lillie	10.00
Western Mass. Hod and Gas Club	25.00
In memory of Ruth Conrad Walsh	1.00
Mrs. A. B. Wheeler	25.00
Mrs. Helen Wheeler	25.00
Harris-Wheaton Co.	25.00
Mr. and Mrs. Percy F. Carter	10.00
H. F. Bigelow Brown	25.00
Mrs. Edward Sprague	25.00
Install employes of C. F. Hovey & Co.	100.45
Bank	2.00
Mary S. Spooner	10.00
Silas G. Spooner	10.00
Simons Manufacturing Co.	100.00
Anonymous	5.00
Ellen F. Adams	10.00
Margaret Cummings	10.00
Peter C. Brooks	100.00
Charles Hemenway	100.00
Mrs. Hemenway	10.00
Mrs. Verna H. Donovan	10.00
The Misses Stimpson	5.00
W. R. Rolling	5.00
Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Shattuck	100.00
Mrs. Caroline G. Plant	100.00
Lyman	5.00
Mr. and Mrs. Wong Yoo Sing	5.00
Anonymous	2.00
Walter S. Fox	10.00
Mrs. Frederic C. H.	10.00
Mrs. Robert Bacon	100.00
John R. Rowers	10.00
Henry Lee	100.00
Anna C. Egan	5.00
Anonymous	5.00
Edward W. Gowe	25.00
Elizabeth McN.	25.00
Gordon Abbott	250.00
Mrs. Frederick Ayer	100.00
First Methodist Epis. Ch. of Winchester	50.00
First Unitarian Society	600.00
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25.00
William B. Dawson	20.00
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25.00
Theodore D. Gleason	10.00
Boston Stock Exchange	1,000.00
E. B. Drew	15.00
Mrs. M. Fr.	10.00
Mrs. M. Fr.	15.00
Mrs. John H. Harwood	25.00
Harold A. Lewis	5.00
Grace H. Cook	2.00
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25.00
I. McD. Garfield	20.00
Arthur L. Walker	10.00
American National Red Cross, Hampton Chapter	1,468.45
Harry S. Russell	50.00
H. F. B. Soomaisers	80.00
H. F. Sanborn	50.00
Mr. and Mrs. F. E. H.	20.00
Mrs. Thomas A. Co.	50.00
G. T. Hollingsworth	25.00
Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Lamb	50.00
G. R. Baker	50.00
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25.00
Chas. Hemenway	50.00
First Congregational Church, Milton	50.00
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25.00
Mrs. H. C. Angell	10.00
H. W. Smith	10.00
Fidler & Vogel Co.	100.00
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25.00
Boston Museum Co.	100.00
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25.00
Little, Brown & Co.	50.00
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25.00
Mr. and Mrs. Chester S. Day	5.00
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25.00
T. Remick & Co.	100.00
Morris & Haley	50.00
Mrs. Katherine B. Dodge	25.00
Richard J. Soanlon	10.00
Boston Fruit & Produce Exchange	100.00
Walter H. Baker & Company	100.00
F. G. Bren	1.00
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25.00
William McNeil	100.00
Estes & Co.	100.00
Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Pettigrew	20.00
C. C. Chesman & Sel	100.00
Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Spencer	5.00
A friend	2.00
Mrs. D. W. Hunt	2.00
A. L. Lewis	5.00
Forbes & Son Company	100.00
Regal Shoe Company	100.00
Robert Simpson	15.00
Goodhue, Studley & Emery	100.00
H. H. Stearns & Company	100.00
Mr. and Mrs. George H. Davenport	100.00
Mrs. George Putnam	100.00
James E. Foskon	10.00
F. Hassell Brown	5
F. F. Stevens	2
Mrs. Mrs. Cutler	25
R. S. Robinson	10
Anonymous	5
Mrs. Lelia A. Smith	5
Mr. and Mrs. Howard T. Mann	10
Dr. Horton	5
W. S. Quinby Co.	100
H. E. Warren	5
William F. Mayo	100
Mrs. A. Wrenn	5
Mrs. C. S. Tufts	50
James DeNormandie	25
Guy Murchie	5
Elbert L. Carter	5
Henry Ivers	25
Shepard & Morse Lumber Co.	25

"In One Hour I Learned to Play the Piano at Home"

Without Lessons or Knowledge of Music You Can Play the Piano or Organ in One Hour.

Wonderful New System That Even a Child Can Use.



He—"You surprised me! You told me yesterday you couldn't play a note."

She—"I couldn't; I learned to play in one hour by the wonderful 'Easy Method Music!'"

Impossible, you say? Let us prove it at our expense. We will teach you to play the piano or organ and will not ask one cent until you can play.

A musical genius from Chicago has invented a wonderful system whereby anyone can learn to play the Piano or Organ in one hour. With this new method you don't have to know one note from another, yet in an hour of practice you can be playing the popular music with all the fingers of both hands and playing it well.

The invention is so simple that even a child can now master music without costly instruction. Anyone can have this new method on a free trial merely by asking. Simply write saying, "Send me the Easy Form Music Method as announced in the Boston American."

FREE TRIAL

The complete system together with 100 pieces of music will then be sent to you free, all charges prepaid and absolutely not one cent to pay. You keep it seven days to thoroughly prove it is all that is claimed for it, then if you are satisfied, send us $1.00 and one dollar a month until $20 in all is paid. If you are not delighted with it, send it back in seven days and you will have risked nothing and will be under no obligations to us.

Be sure to state number of white keys on your piano or organ. Also post office and express office. Address Easy Method Music Company, 245 Clarkson Building, Chicago Ill.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will get you right in a few days. They do their duty.

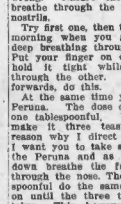
Cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Have You Nasal Catarrh?



S. B. HARMAN, M. D., Columbus, Ohio.

Can you breathe through your nose? If not, can you breathe freely through each nostril? If not, do you know what the reason is? It is nasal catarrh.

It may not be far advanced. You may not have thought of catarrh, or given the matter very much heed in any way. But if you find that you cannot breathe freely through each nostril, be sure there is something wrong. Nature intended you to breathe through the nostrils. Both nostrils.

Try first one, then the other. Every morning when you get up practice deep breathing through the nostrils. Put your finger on one nostril and hold it tight while you breathe through the other. Backwards and forwards, do this.

At the same time you should take Peruna. The directions on the bottle is one tablespoonful. You had better make it three teaspoonfuls. The reason why I direct this is because I want you to take a teaspoonful of the Peruna and as you swallow it down breathe the fumes of it out through the nose. Then the next teaspoonful do the same thing, and so on until the three teaspoonfuls are taken. This, however, is after you have thoroughly cleansed your nose by deep breathing.

While you are practicing the deep breathing you may snuff up the nose a little salt water. A teaspoonful to the quart of warm water.

But after you have thoroughly cleansed your nose then take the Peruna as above directed. Do not put it off. Do it now. Do it before your nose gets bad. If only one nostril is partially stopped now it will not remain so long. It will stop up entirely. The other will be stopped, too. Begin now. No. 55.

New England Week at Gilchrist's

A MESSAGE OF ECONOMY TO ALL

Unusual Opportunities to Purchase New Wearing Apparel for Spring.

Money Saving Offerings of Things for the Home, Lawn and Garden.

A Sensational Offering of 10,000 Yards of

Cut-Pieces of Yard Good, Mill and Factory Ends

IN THE HAMILTON PLACE ANNEX

Included will be silks, dress goods, wash goods, linings, laces, trimmings, ribbons and other yard goods for the home dressmaker; table linens, cotton cloth, upholstery, drapery and other fabrics for the home. These fine economies for this initial offering: SOLD BY THE PIECE ONLY.

Silks—Black and colors, 1 to 12-yd. lengths, 39c to $1.50 values. At, a yard ..... 19c to 79c

Dress Goods—Plain colors and novelties, 2 to 6-yd. lengths, 50c to $2.50 values. At, yard ..... 25c to $1.50

2,000 Yards of Curtain Materials—Plain and colored, 2½ to 5-yd. lengths. At, yard ..... 8c to 45c

700 Yards of Drapery Fabrics—2½ to 5-yd. lengths. At, yard ..... 12½c to 39c

Crash Toweling—1 to 5-yd. lengths. Values to 25c. At ..... 6¼c to 16c

Table Linens—1½ to 3½-yd. lengths. At ..... 39c to $1.75

Damask Table Napkins—½ dozen lot. At, per ½ dozen ..... 63c to $2.75

Bleached and Unbleached Cotton and Sheetings—2 to 10-yd. lengths. At, yard ..... 5c to 59c

Flannels—1 to 7-yd. lengths. At, yard ..... 5c to 59c

Wash Goods—2 to 10-yd. lengths. Prints, ginghams, percales and many others. At, a yard ..... 10c to 37½c

Linings—Black and colors, 1 to 8-yd. lengths. At, per yard ..... 5c to 25c

Linings—Black and colors, 1 to 8-yd. lengths. Values to 25c. At, yard ..... 4c to 69c

Ruchings and Plaitings—White, black and ecru. At, per yard ..... 10c to 25c

Ribbons—All the wanted fabrics, 1 to 6-yd. pieces. At, per yard ..... 9c to 49c

Carpets—1 to 8-yd. lengths. At, per yd. ..... 35c to $1.50

Laces—Including shadow allovers, shadow flouncings, wash laces, cotton embroideries, ribbon cloth, venise allovers and many others, 1½ to 12-yd. lengths. At, yd. ..... 4c to $1.75

Handkerchiefs and Embroideries—In all the wanted patterns; widths from ½ to 3-yd. lengths; all widths. At, yard ..... 5c to $2.25

Embroidered Net Bands—And other trimmings, lengths from 1½ to 15 yards. At, yard ..... 3c to $5.00

Women's $1.00 Overseam Kid Gloves, at 75c

2-clasp, 2-row heavy embroidered backs, overseam sewn, in black embroidered white or self, white embroidered self or black, tan, brown, grey, mode, champagne, red and navy.

Misses' Pique Kid Gloves—Splendid wearing gloves, all sizes in tan shades. At $1.10

Women's Pique Kid Gloves—2-clasp, dainty Paris embroidery, white, black, tan and grey. At $1.15

$2.50 White Kid Gloves—16-button length, 3 pearl clasps at wrist. At $1.89

French Kid Gloves—Gilchrist's brand, perfect fit and absolute satisfaction is guaranteed in every pair; back of these gloves; overseam sewn, Paris point embroidery; in white and black, with self or contrasting embroidery; also in tan, grey, brown and other wanted colors. At $1.50

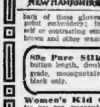
85c Pure Silk Gloves—16-button length, double tipped, heavy grade, mosquetaire style; in white and black only. 50c

Women's Kid Gloves—Especially made for us; our guarantee is back of every pair. Two-clasp, overseam sewn, in tan and grey, embroidery; black, white, tan, gray and brown. At $1.15

Women's Pique Kid Gloves—Of the best quality, French National skin, sewn full pique and handsomely embroidered; in white, tan, black, gray and champagne. At $1.75

Women's French Kid Gloves—16-button length, silk fiber embroidery, pearl Cleopatra buttons, in white, black and tan. At $2.00

Women's White Doeskin Gloves—Pearl button and snapoptic backs, well sewn, perfectly. At $1.00



Men's Cape Gloves—Tan shade, well sewn, light weight, in tan colors. At $1.50

"Merrill" Silk Gloves—Gilchrist's exclusive Boston agents for this well-known brand—double finger tips, perfect fitting, in white, black and colors. The prices—

2-clasp 50c, 75c, $1.00
12-button 75c
16-button 95c, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00

Men's 75c Muslin Night Shirts 50c

Plain white and fancy trimmed styles, with or without collars, all sizes.

$3.00 Pure Silk Four-in-Hand Ties—In plain colors and blue effect patterns; a wide range of colors and fancy patterns. At 50c

Men's $1.50 White Nainsook Night Shirts 69c

Full size solid cut, with white silk trimmed fronts, necks and sleeves, collar-less style, all sizes up to 18.

Men's Percale Negligee Shirts—In the newest patterns, attached cuffs, all sizes. At 59c

Men's Percale Negligee Shirts—Splendidly made, light patterns, all sizes. At 79c

Children's 19c Silk Lisle Stockings ... 12½c

Fine ribbed, full seamless, in black only, sizes 6½ to 9½.

Women's Pure Thread Silk Stockings 35c

A regular 50c quality, thread silk, and all sizes in black and tans.

Infants' Silk Lisle Stockings—In white, tan, black, air and pink. At 12½c

Boys' Black Cotton Stockings—Wide and narrow ribbed, double soles and strengthened at the heels and toes; sizes 6 to 10. At 12½c

Boys' Heavy Black Cotton Stockings—Wide and narrow ribbed, reinforced heels, double toes and heels, sizes 6 to 10. At ..... 19c, 3 for 50c

Girls' Silk Lisle Stockings—Narrow ribbed, fine gauge, reinforced heels, double soles, toes and knees; black, white, tan, pink and grey. Sizes 6 to 9½. At 25c

Women's 25c Silk Lisle Stockings—Very pretty, double soles, high spliced heels, mosquetaire lace effects. At ..... 17c, 3 Pairs for 50c

Women's Silk Lisle Stockings—Fashioned, medium and heavy weights; in black, tan and white; full fashioned cotton stockings in black and white, lisle finished with split seam instep in silk lisle and black cotton. At 25c

Women's Silk Lisle Stockings—Light and medium weights, in black, tan and white; also the latest colorings combining white or without split soles, all sizes, in double lisle and pure silk. At ..... 35c, 3 for $1.00

Women's Boot Thread Silk Stockings—Fine quality, in black, tan, white and all evening shades. At 50c

Women's Pure Thread Silk Stockings—In black only, and sizes 9 to 10 sold for $1.00, all sizes. At 69c

$1.00 Fountain Pens, at 39c

Full size solid gold pen.

Gilchrist's Lines Paper and Envelopes—Boxed, at 10c

Writing Paper Combination—52 sheets paper, 24 cards and 48 envelopes. Complete, at 59c

Girls' $3.98 Muslin Dresses, at $2.98

Waist trimmed with lace and insertion, lace trimmed neck and sleeves; sizes 6 to 14 years.

$1.98 Colored Dresses—Of fine linon and percales, dainty stripes, figures, checks and plaids, effectively trimmed; sizes 6 to 14 years. 98c

Girls' $1.98 Muslin Dresses 98c

Lace and insertion trimmed neck and sleeves, full plaited skirts with three rows of tucks at bottom; sizes 6 to 14.

Girls' $3.98 Spring Coats—Shepherd checks and stripes, with white linen collars effects, 6 and 8 sizes. At $2.98

Girls' $5.98 to $7.50 Spring Serge Coats—Silk trimmed collars with fancy buttons and cuffs to match, in navy, brown and tan; sizes 6 to 14 years. At $5.00

Dresden Ribbons, at 25c

Dark and light colorings, satin and taffeta effects, 6 and 8 inches wide.

Hairbow Ribbons, 5-in., extra heavy, in white, blue, white, etc., at 19c

The Moire Antique Ribbon 21c

6 in. wide, high lustre, extra heavy quality and suitable for millinery, in pink, blue, white, and new Spring shades.

Dresden Ribbons, newest effects, in light colors; for hairbows and sashes. At ..... 39c to 89c

Black Velvet Ribbons, the popular 5-in. width, especially useful for sashes. At 35c

Fine White Lawn at 12½c

Fine quality, 40 inches wide.

Bleached Damask Pattern Cloths—1¼x1¼ yard size. At $1.50

Bleached Damask Pattern Cloths—2x2 yard size. At $2.00

20x20 Inch Bleached Napkins to Match $1.75

300 Striking $7 to $10 Trimmed Hats at ... 4.98

TO BE SOLD IN THIS WAY—50 of these fine new hats will be put into one of our Winter Sts. show-windows each day, and will be taken from the window at the customer's request. When the 50 are sold there will be no more sold the next day, when 50 more, equally striking hats, will be put in the window, making 300 in all. This is a great variety of new models—hardly any alike—including large, medium and effective Garrick shapes, small turbans and Directoire, close, only 50 of these. $7.00 to $10.00 hats are all in this color sale at 4.98

$1.50 Chip Straw Hats at Sic

Girls' and Misses' close sailor shapes, in white, brown, navy and black.

"Our No-Charge Trimming" Service will provide you with expert advice, when trimmed hats and their trimmings are purchased at Gilchrist's.

Ostrich Feathers at $2.95

Beautiful lustrous plumes that often sell at $5.00. Ten striking color combinations, such as navy and brown, red and orange, blue and cerise.

Other Ostrich Feathers

In great variety, at 95c to $25.00

Gilchrist's Waiting Room is a most convenient place to meet friends, when a hotel is to a most convenient location; facilities for writing letters and preparing packages by Mail, Parcel Post or Express; meeting friends or simply resting for a time.

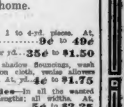
Women's Ribbed Lisle Vests 12½c

Low neck, sleeveless and short sleeve styles. In regular and extra sizes.

Women's Ribbed Lisle Vests—Low neck, sleeveless and short sleeve styles. At ..... 19c, 3 for 50c

Women's Ribbed Lisle Vests—Many new styles, in low neck, sleeveless and short sleeve patterns, fancy yokes; regular and extra sizes. At 25c

Women's Lisle Vests—Bleached, low neck, sleeveless, very elastic, regular and extra sizes. At 29c



Women's 50c and 75c Lisle Union Suits 39c

Fine ribbed, trimmed yokes, lace trimmed knees, made umbrella style.

Women's Lisle Thread Union Suits—Bleached white, all are lace trimmed, some with fancy lace inserted yokes; the regular $1.00 quality, at 59c

Women's $1.25 Silk Lisle Union Suits—Very fine and elastic, daintily trimmed with lace, regular and extra sizes. At 80c

Men's $1.25 Sample Union Suits, at 59c

Fine quality ribbed cotton, in ecru, white and natural shades.

Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers—Medium weight, long or short sleeved shirts, regular and extra sizes, each 39c

Men's Balbriggan Union Suits—Fine soft ecru and white, all sizes, including stouts. At $1.00

Men's 50c Pure Thread Silk Socks 22c

1,200 pairs only in this extraordinary low price; in tan, gray and white.

Men's 25c Lisle Thread Silk Socks—Irregular sizes, in black and tan, at 15c

Men's Cotton Socks—Fine Egyptian cotton soles, heels and toes; in black and tan, at 12½c

Men's Pure Thread Silk Socks—A splendid weight sock, in black, white, tan, gray, navy and lavender. At 50c

Fine White Lawn, at 12½c

Fine quality, 40 inches wide.

Bleached Damask Pattern Cloths—1¼x1¼ yard size. At $1.50

Bleached Damask Pattern Cloths—1¾x2¾ yard size. At $2.00

20x20 Inch Bleached Napkins to Match $1.75

$2.50 Damask Table Napkins $2.50

All bleached napkins, 24x24 inches square.

Hemstitched Damask Cloths—With end damask napkins to match.

2x2 yard size, set complete

CONFERENCE FAILS IN GARMENT STRIKE

Manufacturers and Employes Unable to Agree at Meeting In Mayor's Office.

Because both sides refused to yield the conference of the striking garment workers of Boston with the manufacturers in Mayor Fitzgerald's office yesterday failed to bring about a statement of the strike. The proposition made by Mayor Fitzgerald—that the men return to work while the conferences toward a settlement of the strike are going on, has been rejected by the United Garment Workers.

Terms Are Rejected.

The manufacturers submitted a proposition that the strikers return to work while conditions of the strike are being arbitrated. They offered to take back all employes without discrimination; to grant an increase of $1 per week to all weekly wage earners and a proportionate increase to piece workers; and that fifty-two hours should constitute a week's work.

The manufacturers also suggested that a committee of five consisting of two from their association, two from the workers, and one to be chosen by these four, be appointed to thoroughly investigate working conditions in New York.

They offered to agree that if working conditions or hours are found to be different in New York the same hours and rate of wages shall prevail in Boston from June 30, 1913.

The strikers rejected these terms. They claimed the paramount issue was recognition of their unions, and this question had been entirely ignored by the manufacturers.

The strikers expressed their willingness to return to work on the same basis of wages and hours under which a number of New York shops are now operating.

Prevent Business Ruin.

The manufacturers insist that the refusal of the strikers to accept terms which they claim are as good, or better, than those which settled the strikes in Rochester, New York and Baltimore, will result in driving business from Boston.

The conference yesterday dissolved without taking any definite action, though a mass meeting of the strikers followed immediately after, at which Mayor Fitzgerald's proposition that they return to work pending the settlement of the strike was discussed at much length, and unanimously rejected.

MORE BOY SCOUTS.

Middleboro Has Three New Troops; All Are Flourishing.

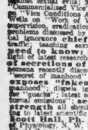
MIDDLEBORO, March 29.—Three Boy Scout troops have been organized here by Rev. Aubrey Gilmore of the Church of Our Saviour. The one at the Grove village is in charge of Rev. A. G. Cummings of the First Church, the North Middleboro troop has Alvin W. Beatse as its leader, and the central troop is in charge of Rev. Mr. Gilmore. The local organization was given talks on the subject by Arthur D. Benson scout master of the Bridgewater troops.

The North Middleboro troop is divided into two patrols, the "Stag Patrol," in charge of Charles Thompson and Lewis Richmond, and the "Wolf Patrol," in charge of William Green and Henry Bennett.

To Wed New York Girl.

It was announced yesterday that the wedding of Miss Margaret Tenney Castle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George P. Castle of New York, and Alfred Marston Tozzer, an instructor in archeology at Harvard and son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Clarence Tozzer of Cambridge, will take place April 10 in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York.

Dr. Hall's new and complete book of



SEXUAL KNOWLEDGE

(Illustrated only $1.00)

Plain Truths of Sex Life every husband should know; Safety in marriage relations; Strong manhood & womanhood; healthy and robust children; Sexual abuses, social evils; Prostitution; Infection; Ignorance, the cause of blindness, nerve disorders, headache, dizziness, insanity and death; Self-abuse, its awful consequences; Secret habits and other insanity and death; Self-abuse, its awful consequences; Secret habits and other insanity and death; Self-abuse, its awful consequences; Secret habits and other

SPRINGFIELD SHOW OPENED BY WILSON

President In Washington Presses Button Which Starts Exposition.

SPRINGFIELD, March 29.—Woodrow Wilson today opened an exposition in his official capacity as chief executive of the nation when he pressed a button in Washington, starting a song at which time, George C. Squire, chairman of the committee, declared the industrial exposition open.

For the first time since he has been elected wires were strung to the President's desk in the White House. It was the same button which has been used for several years any by many Presidents in opening many world's expositions.

Promptly on the stroke of 12 the President sharply pressed the china know, the big gong in the auditorium rang. At the same time a telegram was sent from the President in which he said, "Please accept my heartiest good wishes for the success of the Western New England Industrial Exposition."

The bridehire has been taken by the United Commercial Travelers' Club of Springfield and a broad plan of advertising has been mapped out by which they hope to bring to the city a great number of settlers from Western Massachusetts. The city will be exploited by several exhibits of its varied products and by exhibits by the railroads entering the city.

Joseph W. Pratt Dies.

Joseph W. Pratt of Nos. 19 Pratt street, Malden, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George W. Chase of No. 264 Belmont street, after three weeks' illness resulting from a paralytic shock. He was a native of Malden. He leaves his wife, two sons, Walter and Charles of Malden, and two daughters, Mrs. Chase and Mrs. A. L. Howe, wife of the pastor of the Bellingham Methodist Church of [illegible]

TRIED AND PROVEN!

O.D.C. X-Z-MA Remedy

SAFE, SURE, POSITIVE CURE FOR—

ECZEMA

And Kindred Skin Diseases.

$100.00 AWARDED FOR ANY CASE DIAGNOSED AS ECZEMA THAT WE CANNOT CURE.

What better Offer, Surety or Guarantee can you demand?

O. D. C. Eczema Remedy is guaranteed to cure Dandruff, stop Falling Hair and Itching of the Scalp. Does not affect the natural color of the hair, makes it soft, lustrous, and beautiful. Why have that unsightly face? O. D. C. cures it!

O. D. C. COMPANY
33 West Street, Boston, Mass.
Price, $1.00. By mail, prepaid.
SEND FOR IT. CALL or WRITE US.

COMMISSIONER STEVE

By MORTON BIRGE

What say you, bold Sheriff of Nottingham Town,
That "Robinhood" Sheriff of lyric renown?
Dost know that the fame of the Nottingham Shrieve
Is shaded by that of Commissioner Steve?

* * * *

Remember the Sheriff who never did make
Just even one little, official mistake,
So massive of brain you would hardly believe—
But look who is here in Commissioner Steve.

To guarantee safety in case of arrest
The General Court, at the public behest,
Made law to examine all prisoners o'er
For bruises and cuts and such injuries sore.

However, this law isn't quite to the wish
Of Mister O'Meara, the Boston Commish.,
Although he allows it is very well meant,
And doubtless with best legislative intent

So many Bostonians land in the "pinch,"
And searching all these is so far from a cinch,
And searching the women—well, Sweet Genevieve!
It's gotten the goat of Commissioner Steve.

And so the Commissioner, Nottingham-wise,
Says: "I am unable the men to advise
Just as to the manner that they shall obey
This law," and that's just how the cops stand today.

It's up to the cop to pick out his own dish,
With nary advice from the cautious Commish.,
And, if the poor copper makes any bad break,
Why, that isn't Mister O'Meara's mistake.

* * * *

The "Robinhood" Sheriff, wise Nottingham Shrieve,
Played nothing more safe than Commissioner Steve

REVERE DEAL WAS LEGAL.

Suit to Recover Money in Water Purchase Is Lost.

Boyd B. Jones, as master, reported to the Supreme Court yesterday that Revere was not defrauded when it purchased the water system from the Revere Water Company for $300,000. The town brought suit to have the contract for the purchase of the water system annulled, alleging the price it had paid was from $150,000 to $200 000 in excess of its fair value. Master Jones found the transaction legal in every respect.

TO HONOR F. B. ALLEN.

Plan Reception to Head of Episcopal City Mission.

Bishop Lawrence, with those directing the Episcopal City Mission and the Diocesan Convention, have combined forces to honor the Rev. and Mrs. Frederick B. Allen by tendering them a reception at the Vendome on Tuesday evening, April 8. The event has been planned in recognition of Mr. Allen's twenty-fifth anniversary as superintendent of the Episcopal City Mission.

CALLAHAN "A" THE FAVORITE WHISKEY

THIS IS ONE OF OUR BEST "SHOW WINDOWS"

Thousands see the show windows of our store on Federal Street every day, but our big, illustrated catalogue is the "show window" other thousands all over New England look into whenever they want to order fine liquors and old wines by mail. Listed in this book they find goods and prices that are not duplicated by any other house. It is possible for us to give Callahan Quality at Callahan Prices only because of the large volume of business we do—ours being the leading house of its line in New England.

And all these far-away customers have learned from experience that what they read in our advertisements is absolutely true. They know that if they order anything from our catalogue they are sure to be satisfied, and that if any goods are not as we have represented, they will get their money back without question.

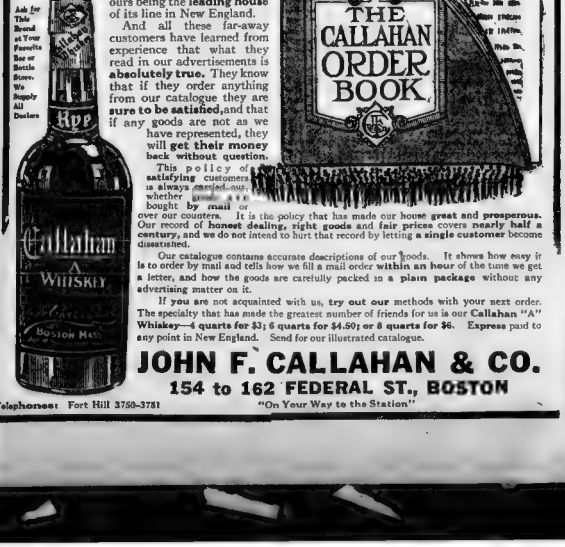
This policy of satisfying customers is always carried out, whether [illegible] bought by mail or over our counters. It is the policy that has made our house great and prosperous. Our record of honest dealing, right goods and fair prices covers nearly half a century, and we do not intend to hurt that record by letting a single customer become dissatisfied.

Our catalogue contains accurate descriptions of our goods. It shows how easy it is to order by mail and tells how we fill a mail order within an hour of the time we get a letter, and how the goods are carefully packed in a plain package without any advertising matter on it.

If you are not acquainted with us, try out our methods with your next order. The specialty that has made the greatest number of friends for us is our Callahan "A" Whiskey—4 quarts for $3; 6 quarts for $4.50; or 8 quarts for $6. Express paid to any point in New England. Send for our illustrated catalogue.

JOHN F. CALLAHAN & CO.
154 to 162 FEDERAL ST., BOSTON
"On Your Way to the Station"

Telephones: Fort Hill 3750-3751


CALLAHAN "A" WHISKEY
4 QUARTS $3.00
6 QUARTS $4.50
8 QUARTS $6.00
THE CALLAHAN ORDER BOOK
Ask for This Brand at Your Favorite Bar or Bottle Store. We Supply All Dealers
Callahan A WHISKEY
BOSTON MASS

DEAN WAITE TELLS WHAT COLLEGE DOES

New Wellesley Official Says It Gives Modern Girl Dignity and Poise.

Miss Alice Vinton Waite, M. A., the new dean of Wellesley College, believes that:

College women have less foibles than college men.

They take their college training more seriously than the men.

They get poise and self-control from it.

A college training gives the modern woman dignity.

Dean Waite is adverse to turning education in colleges for women into merely vocational education.

This education means taking the studies or courses that are merely going to help in the choice of a profession or secretaryship.

Women need today a college education, because that means a foundation. Give women a foundation of education and she will help in solving the problems of life, according to the new dean.

Miss Waitee is a graduate of Smith College, from which she also took her master's degree, although most of the work for that degree was done at Yale. At Wellesley she has been instructor, associate professor and then professor in the department of English. She is one of the most popular professors in the college.

Dean Waite gave the following interview at her residence, No. 18 Abbott street, Wellesley, about the value of a college education to the women of the future. She said:

What She Said.

I do not think that the foibles of college women are no apparent as they are in college men.

Considering all things, the average young woman in college takes her education more seriously than the average college man.

I would not make a college education for women entirely vocational. While it may have this feature in it, it is unreasonable to expect that a college education for women today should be merely vocational.

The poor girl who goes to college must get all that she can out of her her courses, and she ought to direct her education in such way as that when she is graduated she is prepared to be a teacher in some special branch or branches of knowledge.

More of a Foundation

We sometimes expect too much of a college education. It is more of a foundation than it is usually considered to be.

As such it makes the girl feel equipped for larger responsibilities in life.

Women cannot make the most of their opportunities today unless they have a college education.

It does as much for the modern woman. It gives her poise, and control. It gives her a wider knowledge of her own opportunity and how to make the most of it.

We are doing much in the education of young men, who afterwards have assumed responsible positions in life. The college education has not been entirely vocational, but it has been supplemented by the professional schools.

Are we to give women less than we give men?

In this the age when we are going to say that a college for women should make more of those branches for practical training?

If we must expect anything of the women of the future, we want them to have a foundation in education.

Everyone Should Seek It.

They may go to Simmons College afterwards for some special training. But let us give the young women of the future every educational equipment that they may prove themselves equal to the responsibilities placed upon them.

Vocational training for women is necessary, where it is evident that the young women cannot have a college education, but let us not be too willing to emphasize one element in education to the exclusion of another.

Every young woman who can afford it or who is willing to work for it, should have a college education.

In the days that are coming to women, this will prove their efficiency to assume new responsibilities.

I believe that women are beginning more than ever to see that they desire to do their best work in the world, they must have a college training.

More young women than ever are entering colleges.

There is one point not overlook the fact that there is an education by itself in college associations.

Gives Women Dignity.

The coming together of a large number of young women bent upon the same training has its special moulding power upon the women of the future.

College associations mean much to the men; they mean more to the young women of the future.

College education gives women dignity. Her place in the world is assured her as long as he proves herself equal to it. She never can hold it unless she has enjoyed the same opportunity as the college man.

Now there are women, just as there are men who do not get much out of a college course. They are not using it aright. They have not entered in its meaning. They pride away their time. But you cannot judge the value of a college life by those who have not used it aright.

As time goes on women will use their college education more and more to the proving of their ability to help solve many problems in life.

CECILE THOMPSON BRIDE.

Married in Brookline Church to Orrin G. Wood.

Miss Cecile Lewis Thomson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur C. Thomson of Brookline, was married yesterday to Orrin Grout Woods, also of Brookline, a graduate of Harvard. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. W. H. Lyon in the First Parish Church in Brookline. The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was gowned in white satin, the dress having a full court train. After the ceremony there was a reception at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Wood will reside at No. 1101 Boylston street, Chestnut Hill.

MISS ALICE VINTON WAITE, M. A., the newly appointed dean of Wellesley College.

Town Meetings for Boston Announced

Mayor and City Council Are Ready to Take Part in Spring Series.

Next week Mayor Fitzgerald and the members of the City Council will begin their Spring series of "town meetings" in the different districts of Boston.

The first town meeting will be at the West Roxbury High School on the evening of April 3.

Then will follow:

Dorchester High School, April 4.
Aldermanic chamber, City Hall, for Wards 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, April 5.
Brighton High School April 7.
Roxbury High School April 8.
South Boston High School April 9
Hyde Park High School April 10
Charlestown High School April 14.
East Boston High School April 15.

Chief Mooney, of the City Information Bureau, has arranged this schedule. It has the approval of the Mayor and will therefore stand. So, inhabitants and taxpayers of the various districts:

"Hear Ye! Hear Ye! Hear Ye! Attend these meetings and state your needs to the Civic Fathers, or for the remainder of the year hold your peace."

Ethel Roosevelt's Wedding to Be Simple

Brother of Dr. Richard H. Derby, Groom, Best Man at Nuptials of Ex-President's Daughter.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The marriage of Miss Ethel Roosevelt, second daughter of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, to Dr. Richard H. Derby next Friday, will present a striking contrast, ceremonially, to the wedding of Miss Alice Roosevelt, to Nicholas Longworth, then a Representative in Congress.

The former nuptial event was characterized by elaborate pomp in Washington. The wedding of this week will be one of the most simple affairs of the season, in spite of the fact that Miss Ethel is among the most popular and charming members of the younger society set in New York City.

There will be the formal ceremony at the Protestant Episcopal Church in Oyster Bay, a reception at Sagamore Hill, and then the departure for the honeymoon.

The attendants of the bride will be the Misses Mary A. Tucker and Cornelia Landon.

Roger A. Derby will be his brother's best man. The ushers will be Archibald R. Roosevelt, James L. Derby, Edmund P. Rogers, John C. Wilmerding and Dr. Henry James.

Nathan Franko's orchestra will be at the church and afterwards at Sagamore Hill.

FALLS DOWN STAIRS

South Boston Man Rushed to Hospital With Fractured Skull.

Charles Peterson, fifty-one years old, of No. 225 West Third street, South Boston, was taken to the City Hospital last evening suffering from a fractured skull.

Peterson, who lives on the third floor of the building on West Third street, evidently missed his footing as he came out of his own apartments. He fell the entire flight of about ten feet, striking on his head and was picked up senseless. His injuries are serious.

ALFONSO ESCAPES INJURY.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The Spanish legation has received an official cablegram stating that the accident which occurred on the polo grounds to King Alfonso was a mere fall, and that his majesty has renewed his ordinary life.

COMSTOCK DEFINES THE WORD 'IMMORAL'

Adds That No One Reveres the Female Form More Than He Does.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Anthony Comstock, head of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, today defined the word "immoral," as accepted by the government, as follows:

"Anything that tends to destroy the dignity of womanhood or to display the female form in an irreverent manner."

According to Mr. Comstock this was the definition set by the Court of Appeals, but, he added, a more literal definition would be

"Anything that has a tendency to corrupt the minds of persons open to such influences."

"No one reverses the female more than I," said the well-known reformer. "In my opinion there is nothing one in the world so beautiful as the form of a beautiful maiden—nothing! But the place for a woman's form is not in a theater, drunkel—in the privacy of her own apartments with the blinds down. Seen on the stage, it has a tendency to corrupt minds open to such influences and the spectacle is, therefore, immoral."

Russian Dancer in Court.

Mr. Comstock's views are more than ordinarily interesting just now because of the fact that a very pretty young Russian dancer has been called into court for displaying too much of herself at the same time that the war of clearing her "art" on a local vaudeville stage. Her defence was that her dance was artistic.

"The Court of Appeals has defined art," said Mr. Comstock, "and it used almost the exact words I give in defining the word moral. The wicked, disgusting, lascivious plays, dances and books, seen and read today, are turning the minds of the younger generation into the devil's own commissaries—places where he will keep his food supply of evil for years to come. It is the mission of my society to protect the young from such influences."

Beautiful in Proper Place.

But, he was asked, do not children see in pictures and statues at the Metropolitan Museum the very things you decry?

"That is entirely different from what they can buy and put in their pockets," replied Mr. Comstock. "There is nothing more beautiful in its proper place—and nothing more demoralising out of its proper place than the nude female figure. I believe that the easy recruiting of the vile white slave traffic can be attributed to the vulgar peeps and dances of today."

Mr. Comstock added that during his term as head of the Society for the Suppression of Crime he had "convicted enough persons to fill a sixty-coach train, seating sixty people to the coach, and had destroyed 160 tons of obscene literature."

$12,500 FOR INJURY.

Award for Man Whose Windpipe Was Broken in Accident.

Peter Peterson of Roxbury has received a verdict of $12,500 against William H. Nevins of Springfield, doing business under the name of the Springfield Printing & Binding Company, for injuries he received January 24, 1910, when a freight elevator struck him, fracturing his windpipe. He was in a hospital for nearly five months and unable to talk.

He can talk now, but a tube is removed every night by a doctor and a new one put in. If the tube were left out two and a half minutes, it is said, Peterson would die of strangulation

'BODY' WAS SLEEPING MAN

"There's a body of a murdered man in Thompsonville woods," cried an excited voice over the telephone to Chief of Police Fred Mitchell of Newton yesterday. The chief in the patrol wagon with two other officers proceeded to the scene. The "body" was lying in a growth of scrub oak.

As they picked it up the man opened his eyes and remarked: "What are doing?"

An hour later Martin Jennings of Village street, Boston, was arraigned on a charge of drunkenness. He said he was just sleeping out of doors.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, our method is an absolute cure. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, our method will certainly cure you right in your own home and make a permanent cure. Don't delay, but loose apparatus, inhalers, vapor, sprays, all forms of douches, opium preparations, fumes, patent smokes, etc., at once. We want to send everyone at our own expense that this new method will end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

Write free offer at once. Important to neglect a single day. Write now and begin the cure at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do it Today

FREE ASTHMA COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO. Room 581, 0. Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y.
Send free trial of your method to.

.....
.....
.....

Complete Satisfaction

to bookkeepers and employers has been the experience of every office that installed our line of

Loose Leaf Devices The reason is plain—Loose Leaf Ledgers are so simple that they save 50% in labor and make mistakes almost impossible.

Outfits Complete $3.00 UP

Send Postal for Catalog, or Phone Main 1098 for Representative

HOOPER, LEWIS & CO. (Inc.)
STATIONERS FOR OVER A CENTURY
107 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON

B.B. Special

Kornfeld's Bargain Basement

Every item in this advertisement is a very special bonafide bargain. We call your special attention to the

Ostrich Plumes

Which are of rare brilliance and extra quality. One or two of these ostrich plumes on a shape will make a very smart and beautiful hat. Their length is 16 inches, and the colors are black, white, cerise, blue, pink and many other beautiful shades. They are all new and fresh. Other stores sell these for $1.00 or more. Our price now,

79c

Chip Shapes

Chips are smart and practical. Our showing is exceptionally fine in every particular. Quality, style and serviceability. At this price we cannot suggest a better hat for you—A smart chip shape, and an inexpensive but smart trimming, and the result is a chic hat to be proud of. All colors 59c

Milans

Durable and pliant, very serviceable and dressy These four shapes are very smart and their style is authentic. Black, burnt and natural are the colors; price now,

$1.29

Trimmed Hats

Exceptional in Quality.
Exceptional in Style.
Exceptional in Value.

$2.98

Mail Orders Filled. No C.O.D.

FREE TRIMMING SERVICE

Kornfeld's
67 Summer Street

Offerings that appear in "The Market Place"

Section of this newspaper are selected to sell, and sell quickly, because of their unusual value.

SOCIETY FOLK AT BROOKLINE WEDDING

Miss Cecile L. Thompson Becomes Bride of O. G. Wood in First Parish Church.

One of the prettiest weddings of the season took place yesterday in the First Parish Church in Brookline when Miss Cecile Lewis Thompson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur C. Thompson of Kenmore Road, Brookline, was married to Orrin Grant Wood, Harvard 1909.

The church was decorated and scores of invited people attended. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. W. H. Lyon. Following the wedding a reception took place at the home of the bride. After an extended honeymoon trip the young couple will reside in the fashionable Hyde Park section. The bride is a graduate of Harvard University and is a member of the Cercle Français de l'Harvard. Mr. Wood attended the Brookline High School and Harvard College, graduating in the class of 1909. He is a member of the Harvard Club of Boston, the Harvard Musical Association and the Harvard Glee Club.

BETTER THAN MEDICINE

Breathe Hyomei and be rid of Catarrh—Clears Stopped-up Head.

Nature has a remedy for catarrh and troubles of the breathing organs, a treatment that is far better than dosing the stomach with medicine.

It is the healing oils and balsams of Hyomei which medicates the air you breathe, reaching the most remote air cells in the nose, throat and lungs, killing the catarrhal germs, and restoring health to the mucous membrane.

In using Hyomei you are treating your catarrhal troubles with the natural remedy, for it gives a curative air bath to the air passages. It has a powerful healing and antiseptic effect similar to the air in the mountains where the forests give off the fragrant and healing balsams.

Hyomei has benefited so many sufferers of the worst cases of catarrh, with offensive breath, raising of mucus, frequent sneezing, droppings in the throat and spasmodic coughing, that it is sold under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if it does not do all that is claimed for it. If the treatment does not help you, there will not be a penny's expense, while if it cures the cost is nominal. A complete Hyomei Outfit sells for only $1.00. Extra bottle of liquid if later needed 50 cents. Druggists everywhere.

Dr. J. W. Elliott Raps Harvard Students

New York Settlement Worker Says Boston Has Not Advanced Any.

Dr. John W. Elliott, a New York settlement worker, gapped Harvard students in an address before a large audience at the Twentieth Century Club yesterday. He said:

Harvard men are being prepared for life with the idea that just as soon as they are turned out of college it will be a case of 'me 'em or get after 'em and beat 'em. We must work for the new type of America. We need change in the whole educational system. The schools should prepare children to live.

There should be more part-time schools where the girls and the boys who are forced into life at an early age may continue their education. The manufacturers and the labor unions should be responsible for such schools and be willing to support them.

Boston has not advanced very far beyond its Puritan ancestors. Although her people have ceased to act in the old way, they are still busy talking about improvement.

Wellesley Girls on Fishing Sloop

Rough Weather and Fisherman's Life Does Not Appeal to Them However.

GLOUCESTER, March 29.—There are ten Wellesley College girls in this city tonight who are perfectly satisfied that life aboard a fishing sloop is not what is pictured in the many handsomely illustrated novels on Cape Ann life. Seventeen took sail today with Captain Bickford on the "Beulah Maud."

The wind was blowing freshly from the Southwest and the sea was choppy. The big sloop pitched and dove. And ten of the young ladies had visions of Davy Jones' locker. They were glad when Captain Bickford brought his craft back to harbor. The girls enjoyed the day by visiting the fish docks, interviewing the old salts and walking along the rugged shore of Cape Ann.

BUILDINGS SHAKEN BY GAS EXPLOSION

One Man Injured When Manhole Covers in P. O. Square Hurtle Into Air.

Exploding gas in two manholes in Post Office square last evening blew the covers fifty feet into the air, slightly injured a Boston Elevated division superintendent, shook office buildings as far away as State street, brought the fire department to the scene and caused excitement among a crowd of a thousand people who heard the report and hurried to it from Washington and Tremont streets.

A man and a boy were the only ones in the square when the first manhole cover went into the air. The man ran for the fire alarm and while the apparatus was steaming opposite the postoffice a fire started in a barrel of rum at No. 40 and 42 Broad street.

The blaze was quickly extinguished and the firemen were just going away when the second explosion came. The crowds, which had followed the fire apparatus, ran to Postoffice square again.

Division Superintendent James Smith of the Elevated system, who was standing near the manhole, had been knocked down by a flying piece of the manhole cover. He was able to go home unassisted, although cut and bruised.

Another piece of the iron cover wrecked the window of the Western Union Telegraph Company's office.

DIES IN POND AT NIGHT.

Foxboro Man Despondent at Note He Couldn't Meet.

FOXBORO, March 29.—The almost nude body of Matthew Barton, forty-five, was recovered late today from Factory Pond by the Second Assistant Chief of the Fire Department, Lucius Culp. It is believed that Barton was despondent because he would be unable to meet a note due in a few days, and that he committed suicide. He evidently left his home about midnight, walked to Factory Pond and partially disrobed. He hung his clothes on some bushes and then threw himself out into ten feet of water.

Shortly after Barton had left home his wife discovered he had left the house. She feared that he had made away with himself. She called out the fire department. The firemen dragged the pond and recovered the body. Barton was a teamster employed by Caton Brothers. He leaves his wife, four children, three brothers and a sister.

State Senator Joyce Is Hospital Patient

Under Treatment for Painful Injury as Result of Kick by a Horse.

State Senator Thomas M. Joyce of Roxbury is a private patient in Boston City Hospital, recovering from a painful but not dangerous injury he sustained when he was kicked in the groin by a horse.

Senator Joyce was injured Wednesday afternoon and was taken to the hospital that evening but, as the case was a private one, it did not become known until yesterday.

State Senator Joyce represents the Fourth Suffolk Senatorial district (Wards 9, 12 and 17) in the upper branch of the Legislature. He is serving his second term, having defeated Councilman-at-Large James M. Curley, candidate, former Rep. resentative Timothy P. Callahan of Ward 9.

SCORES MORMONS AS 'WHITE SLAVERS'

"A white slave traffic under the guise of religion," was the manner in which the Rev. James E. Francis of the Clarendon Street Baptist Church spoke in an address, based on the Church of the Latter Day Saints, or Mormon denomination, in an address before the Twentieth Century Club yesterday. He declared that under the Taft administration the influence of the Mormons in Washington was far greater than their real numbers would warrant and that proselytes were doing all in their power to gain converts in this city.

"The Boston Mormons," said Dr. Francis, "are working very silently and carefully

Powerful Story of Love and Tragedy

"The Second Bullet," by Anna Katherine Green, in the magazine given Free With Next Sunday's

Bohemian Passengers See Meteor Explode

Many on Liner Temporarily Deafened as Ball of Fire Bursts Near Sea's Surface.

Five days overdue after encountering severe storms, and picking up a distressed ship which she took in tow, the Leyland liner Bohemian arrived in Boston yesterday with the passengers telling of a near panic when they saw a meteor pass over the vessel during a severe hail storm and explode with a blinding flash. They say that the ball of fire exploded on the starboard side of the steamer when it was about forty feet from the water.

Many of the fifty-six passengers experienced much difficulty in hearing for some time after the report. The liner picked up the British steamer Cayo Romito after she had lost her propeller and towed her into Halifax.

DANVERS CHIEF RESIGNS.

Merrill, Head of Police, Goes Out as New Board Comes In.

Chief of Police Merrill of Danvers has handed in his resignation, after twelve years' service. Last Monday night at the town meeting a motion to place the office of chief of police under civil service was defeated, 1,000 to 171. At this meeting a new Board of Selectmen was elected, and it was said a majority of the board was opposed to the present chief.

Deposit Your Money Now
INTEREST BEGINS
APRIL 10
Deposits accepted and payments made by mail. Send for Booklet F. The Law of Finger Prints in Banks.
Home Savings Bank
75 TREMONT STREET - - BOSTON
OPP. TREMONT TEMPLE.

DON'T GO DOWN TOWN
BUY AT MASON'S FOR LESS MONEY

$1 to $3 White Dresses 79c
Mfrs.' Stock and Samples, Children's and Infants' Dresses slightly mussed.

89c Imported Gloves 50c
Women's 2-Clasp Kid Gloves, black, white and colors.

Mason's
CUT PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

Help Flood Sufferers
5% of Monday's Sales Given to Boston American Relief Fund.

LETTER TO BOSTON AMERICAN.

Boston American Relief Fund, 80 Summer St, Boston, Mass. March 29, 1913.

Desiring to contribute towards the relief fund, which worthy cause you have taken up through the columns of your newspaper, we are going to donate 5 per cent. of the gross sales, Monday, March 31. We have selected Monday, one of our busiest days, in order that we may make a liberal contribution. Will you kindly have your representative here Monday evening at the close of business and receive check. Very truly yours, R. H. MASON CO., INC., L. BERLINER, President.

Dict. S. D.—L. B

Mammoth Millinery Sale

We bought the entire stocks of three large New York Millinery manufacturers and will place them on sale Monday

At Less Than 50c on the Dollar
BUY TWO HATS FOR THE PRICE OF ONE

$2.98 HATS 69c — LOT 1 Untrimmed shapes, hemp, milans, chips, soft tagals, etc.

$2 to $7 HATS $1.85 — LOT 2 Newest untrimmed Spring shapes, latest colorings.

$7.50 to $20 HATS $4.85 — LOT 3 Copies of imported models in hemps, milans, chips, etc., no two alike, beautifully trimmed with effects of ribbons, velvets, ribbons, etc.

NEW DRESSES
Values up to $12.50
$4.98
The woman who does not care to spend over $10 for a dress can more than satisfy her requirements with these charming dresses at $4.98! serges, messaline, ratine, eponge and other new materials.

$3 Skirts $1.85
All wool mannish serge skirt. Very neatly made and perfect fitting

Children's $2 Coats 98c
All wool materials, shepherd checks, serges, etc.; sizes 2 to 6 yrs.

Women's Waists 79c
Lingerie and voile, new spring models.

Celebrated Nemo Corset $1.39
1913 Special, value $2.00.

NEW SPRING SUITS
For a Special Monday sale, $20 values for
$9.98
Beautiful plain-tailored and handsome trimmed effects, satin lined, made of elegant serges, the new Bedford cloth and the season's newest materials, for a special Monday sale these superb garments now priced $9.98
All Suit Alterations Free.

Long Kimonos—Crepe and lawn materials, satin piping, $1.50 value. For Monday only 85c
Children's Waists—A good 10c value. For Monday only 10c
Union Linen, white and ecru, 36 inches wide, 12c and 15c values. For Monday only, per yard 11c
Women's Hand Bags—Velour from 75c to $1.00, sample lot, genuine all leather, morocco, suede, etc., some leather lined 39c
Cotton Sheets—Size 72x90 ins., reg. 60c, val. 75c. For Monday only 38c
$1.00 Alarm Clocks—Guaranteed 1 year, good time keepers. For Monday only 55c
House Dresses—Good quality percale, light or dark colors, $1.00 and $1.25 values. For Monday only 50c
Dresden Ribbon—All silk 4 inches wide; regular 25c value. For Monday only 15c
Table Damask—All linen, 2 yards wide, regular 75c value. For Monday, per yard 59c
Enamel Kimono Aprons—Cut full and wide, good quality material, 50c value. For Monday only 29c
Ratine—All the new shades, 27 inches wide, regular 35c value. For Monday only, per yard 19c
Children's Muslin Bonnets—Dainty made and embroidered, regular 25c values. For Monday only 12½c

We guarantee to fill mail orders on garment lots. If goods, however, should not sell out quickly we will fill mail orders when accompanied by cash plus express charges.

Filene's Automatic Bargain Basement

Hundreds of Other Bargain Lots for Women, Children and Men

NOTE—THIS WILL SHOW YOU ONE WAY WE GET THE BARGAIN LOTS

Purchase of 500 Hats—Entire Sample Stocks of Two New York Show Rooms

First price must be extraordinary or this happens to every lot.
Automatically Reduced
25% after 12 selling days
50% after 18 selling days
75% after 24 selling days
Given away after 30 selling days

No two are alike. All are new models used for Spring lines. All bought at distinct price concessions.

Every day this unique store is buying samples, like these hats; odd lots, discontinued lines, dependable seconds and surplus stocks for CASH. That is what makes possible the hundreds of bargain lots every day. Let the Automatic plan cut your millinery bill about in half.

Sample Trimmed Hats
$2.50 Grade $1 $4 Grade $2 $5 Grade $3 $7 Grade $4 $8 Grade $5

NOTE: OPPORTUNITIES TO BUY BRANDED SHOES EVERY DAY, BUT TRULY WE DO NOT ADVERTISE THE BRAND FOR BUSINESS REASONS.

DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE WOMEN

Discontinued Lines of WOMEN'S OXFORDS
Button or lace styles. Russia calf, patent colt, calfskin and suede. Stamped $3 and $3.50 with trade mark. All perfect, but one year or more old.. $1.58

Hundreds of Coats and Suits

NOTE—MANY ARE SAMPLES, SOME ODD LOTS AND THERE ARE HUNDREDS OF DIFFERENT STYLES.

Women's $13.50 to $16.50 Coats
$9.75
About 150 in lot. Practically all different. Navy blue serges, fancy worsteds and novelty cloths. ¾ or full length.

Sample and Odd Suits In eponge and serges, only one or two of a kind. Too many different styles to attempt descriptions. $25 to $29.75 Grades $19.75

Odd Suits Plain tailored or trimmed styles, including Bulgarian models. Many serges and new mixtures. Sizes 14 to 42. $18.50 to $22.50 Grades $13.50

$13.50 $19.75 $9.75

Diagonal and Serge Dresses
$3.95
Serge model, with lace yoke and Bulgarian vestee, button trimmed; also diagonal cloth model with sailor collar and girdle and braid tie, button trimming down front of dress. In blanc only. Sizes 16 to 40. $7.50 and $10.00 Grades $3.95

Sample Dresses All man tailored, Novelty striped worsteds, black and white striped Bedford cords and plain cords and serges. Several have Bulgarian blouse effects and draped skirts $10 to $22.50 Grades $7.50

$7.50 $3.95 $3.95

SKIRTS

Junior Skirts, two piece serge skirts in brown only, button trimmed, $3 grade $1.65
Women's and Misses' Skirts, Season's new adaptions in white corduroy, fancies, mixtures, whipcords, serges, pencil stripes and shepherd checks, $5 grade $3

These are only a few of the hundreds of bargains here Monday

GENERAL AND SPORTING NEWS
SUNDAY, MARCH 30, 1913.

Boston American

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER
LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NEW ENGLAND

MAIN SHEET PART II.
SUNDAY, MARCH 30, 1913.

STANDARD OIL INFLUENCE MAY NULLIFY PROBE

Power of Great Trust Said to Have Silenced Investigators on Clapp Committee.

INSISTED ON WHITEWASH

Members Split on Clean Bill for Penrose In Spite of Hearst Expose.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The influence of the Standard Oil Company may silence the Clapp Senatorial Campaign Investigating Committee, for all time, according to high authority.

Because a majority of the committee—Oliver, Jones and Painter—demanded a complete exoneration of Boise Penrose, senator from Pennsylvania, from any questionable relations with No. 26 Broadway, no report at all is likely to be made.

The few who are familiar with the facts do not hesitate to say that this is the great example of the power of the Standard Oil in the United States Senate that has as yet not been brought to light.

Just before its adjournment for the extra session the committee held a prolonged session. Senator Clapp submitted a report covering the subject matter that had been under inquiry. This report was approved by Senator Penrose, Democrat.

Couldn't Agree on Report.

Senators Painter and Jones objected to this report on the ground that it failed to give Boise Penrose a clean bill of health. A heated discussion resulted and the meeting ended with no definite conclusion. This left the committee with only four members.

The position taken by Oliver, Jones and Painter bears out a point that has been quite obvious since the committee began its inquiry—that instead of investigating Standard Oil and the public men who have dealings with that corporation, the committee has sought to whitewash the guilty and instead investigate those who exposed their questionable acts. The Hearst newspapers were the first to show that Penrose, among others, had been a willing servant of John D. Archbold.

The letter of October 13, 1904, reproduced in the October number of Hearst's Magazine, shows that Penrose received a certificate of deposit for $25,000 from Archbold. At the time of the publication of this letter, Penrose, from his place in the Senate chamber, denied its authority, but later was forced to admit that the letter, with many others, was identified.

Produced Copies of Letters.

William R. Hearst appeared voluntarily before the Clapp committee and produced copies of all the famous Standard Oil letters.

Senators Oliver, Jones and Painter, constituting a majority of the committee, were tenders in this seemingly unnecessary work. They left no stone unturned to protect the interests of those involved in the Standard Oil controversy, making it almost impossible for Chairman Clapp or Senator Pomerene to carry on the work.

CONVERSATION WAS DEAR.

It Cost John Nelson $24 to Talk to Two Strangers.

It cost John Nelson of Quincy just $24 to talk ten minutes with two men whom he met in a saloon in Atlantic avenue early last night. Nelson had just received his week's pay when he met the two men. He offered to buy a drink and the men went in with him. All three set them up and finally the two men left. Nelson got on a car but when he looked for a nickel he found that all of his money was gone. He complained to the police.

BLOW MAY BE FATAL.

Police Seek Man Who Struck John Dolan.

Michael Dolan, fifty, of No. 47 Lawrence street, South End, is dying at the City Hospital with a fractured skull, caused by a blow from a beer bottle. The police of the East Dedham street station looked for a man who was with Dolan at the time. According to the police, the two men were drinking. A discussion arose, and during the argument Dolan was struck on the head with the bottle.

TECH MEN FEAST.

Theta Nu Epsilon Fraternity Has Annual Dinner.

James P. Clarke, jr., son of United States Senator Clarke of Arkansas, presided at the annual dinner of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology chapter of Theta Nu Epsilon at the Hotel Tuscan dike last evening. His new men were chosen to this junior society and the following officers were elected: President, Edward Alt; secretary, Edward Goodell; treasurer, John Chapman.

ARLINGTON POSTER PRIZE.

Artists All Busy to Capture Pageant Trophy.

Every artistic resident of Arlington with an idea, is today busy thinking how he can win one of the prizes of $20 and $15 which have been offered for the best suggestion for a poster to advertise the proposed pageant, in the town. The winning posters will be lithographed and sold or used for display purposes.

Spring Willow Cheer for Dorothy Eaton

Little Rockland Schoolgirl Brings Buds to Late Admiral's Stepdaughter.

The most pleasant incident heard in Assinippi Village of the whole Eaton murder case is that of a little Rockland school girl who brought a bunch of pussy willows yesterday to cheer Dorothy Eaton the crippled daughter of the accused woman.

The child picked the "pussies" yesterday morning, rode over in the Rockland trolley to Assinippi postoffice, then trudged along the half-mile walk to the Eaton home, carefully holding her offering in a chubby fist. Constable L. Frank Hammond, who still guards the Eaton premises from intrusion, met the stranger

"I've brought something for Dorothy," said little Miss Sympathy.

"Well," said the constable, "guess you'd better carry 'em right in to her yourself," and he pointed the way to the Eaton door.

Up went Miss Sympathy and knocked gently. Dorothy came to the door. The child shyly held out the pussy-willows. Dorothy clutched at them. The reporters in the roadway couldn't see at that distance, but they knew tears must have stood in the lame girl's eyes.

Miss Sympathy came skipping back, and she wouldn't tell her name at all. But if any person in Plymouth County has done a kinder or a sweeter act since the Eaton case began, the newspaper men haven't found it yet.

Witnesses Heard on Malden Girl's Death

Physicians, Nurse and Others Testify in Query on Cummings Tragedy.

Only half the witnesses called in the inquest into the death of Miss Elizabeth M. Cummings, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Cummings of No. 188 Cross street, Malden, whose death has been under investigation by the Malden police and the district attorney's office, were examined in the Malden District Court yesterday. Adjournment was taken until next Saturday.

Fourteen witnesses were summoned for yesterday's hearing. They were Medical Examiner Thomas M. Durell of Somerville, who performed the autopsy; Medical Examiner W. D. Swan of Cambridge, who assisted at the autopsy; Professor Whitney of Harvard, who made an analysis of the organs; Dr. J. W. Lawrence and Dr. A. J. Stevens of Malden, Dr. Edward Reynolds of Boston, Frank B. Pirsson, a notary, who took the young woman's dying statement; Mr. and Mrs. Cummings, parents of the young woman; Wilfred K. Phoenay, Miss Helen O'Neil of Everett, a nurse; Captain Timothy J. Foley and Inspector George E. Greenleaf of the Malden police and Silas Smith of the State police.

Ohio Women Laugh At Peekaboo Bill

Up in Arms at Capello Measure to Ban Decollete or Close-Fitting Gowns and Lacy Hosiery.

COLUMBUS, O., March 29.—Women of the State are up in arms against the Capello bill to regulate women's apparel by prohibiting the wearing of peekaboo waists, open-work hosiery or any other sort of raiment through which the flesh would show, skirts, the hem of which would come above the instep or corsages that do not reach up to a point at least two inches from the chin. The bill also prohibits close-fitting gowns, revealing the contour of the figure. Dealers in women's clothing would not be permitted to display any undraped female figure, real or artificial. For each of these offenses fines of from $5 to $10 are provided except for the wearing of decollete gowns or open-work hosiery, for which a fine of $25 is prescribed.

Mrs. Whitacre of the Women's Club said: "Hands off unless woman can dictate the length of men's trousers."

Ziegfeld Says He Lost $100,000 at Baccarat

Theatrical Manager Says He Repaid Money Nagel Loaned Him to Risk at Ostend.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Florenz Ziegfeld, jr., theatrical manager, admitted he had lost $100,000 playing baccarat at the Casino at Ostend in 1907 in his answer filed in the Supreme Court replying to a complaint of Emil Nagel asking payment of a note for $1,900.

Ziegfeld asserts the note is one of a series he gave Nagel for the money loaned with the distinct understanding that it was to be used in a game of chance.

Ziegfeld alleges he repaid out this and other notes by notes for $10,000 and $11,000 and paid both these larger notes also. Together, he says, he paid Nagel $28,000.

ODD FELLOW 66 YEARS.

BIDDEFORD, Me., March 29.—H. Frank Day, the oldest Odd Fellow in the State, died today at the residence of his son, Luther F. Day, the postmaster at this place. Mr. Day was born in West Spring field, Mass., in 1825. He joined the Laconia Lodge of Odd Fellows in 1847, and has since been an active member of the lodge, passing through all the chairs of the order [illegible]

NEW TRANSFER POINT FOR SOUTH STATION

American Wins Victory for Change at Entrance to Public Gardens.

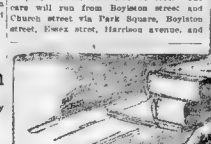
Thousands of patrons of the Boston Elevated, who have been inconvenienced again and again by being forced to transfer to and from South Station cars at Boylston and Tremont streets, will rejoice over their coffee and rolls this morning at this announcement

Beginning tomorrow (Monday) free transfers will be given to and from South Station cars at the Public Garden entrance to the subway.

This notice marks a victory for the AMERICAN and for the business men who signed a petition requesting the change. The Elevated's announcement follows an editorial in yesterday's AMERICAN suggesting a line of cars to run from Boylston and Church streets, transferring passengers from the subway cars at the natural transfer point just outside the subway entrance, and running via Park square to the South Station.

Plan for New Line.

This is the plan which the Elevated has adopted for its new line of cars. The cars will run from Boylston street and Church street via Park Square, Boylston street, Essex street, Harrison avenue, and



Beach street to the South Station and Summer street extension. The transfers will be given for transfer of passengers from this new line to Boylston street and Huntington avenue cars at the Public Garden entrances to the subway. The cars will leave Church street at 5:46 a. m. and every ten minutes thereafter until 5:46 p. m.

C. P. Wise's Petition.

C. P. Wise, of No. 879 Boylston street, originated the petition to the Elevated officials for what he considered a "quicker and safer conveyance to Rowes Wharf and the South Station."

The Elevated also plans to make two other important transfer changes, according to notices sent to the Railroad Commission for approval. The Elevated will install free transfers between South Station and Boston & Worcester cars at Park square, and between Tremont street and South Boston cars at the junction of Tremont, Berkeley and Dover streets. The Commission has approved the changes.

RUNS CAR INTO WALL.

Lovell of Middleboro Learning to Drive, Has Mishap.

MIDDLEBORO, March 29.—While driving his new automobile on the Lakeville road late yesterday afternoon, Edward B. Lovell lost control of the car and it ran into a stone wall. Mrs Lovell was with him in the machine and both were thrown out but were uninjured. Mr Lovell was learning to drive. The machine was badly damaged

FIRE FOLLOWS FLOOD.

Flames Sweep Through Steubenville Causing Loss of $25,000.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, March 2—At 8:30 o'clock tonight fire broke out in the flood zone. At 9 o'clock it was said that $25,000 damage had been done, and the fire was still spreading

It's 100 to 1

That the position you have been looking for is advertised today in the classified advertising pages. Always there are big opportunities listed here for men and women who keep their eyes and their minds open.

HOW ADMIRAL EATON'S WIDOW LOOKS IN HER PRISON CELL

Mrs. Jennie M. Eaton, while waiting for her trial, spends much of her time at the Plymouth County jail in writing to her relatives and friends. She is dressed in the regular attire furnished to women prisoners. She is cheerful and seems content with her coarse prison rations.

U. S. IN FINAL TEST OF FRIEDMANN CURE

Twenty Patients Treated at Montefiori—Physician Treated Reports Progress.

NEW YORK, March 29.—With the inoculation of twenty patients at the Montefiro Home today, the final test of Dr. F. F. Friedmann's "Turtle Serum" cure for tubercu-osis was begun by the government.

These cases were treated under supervision of the surgeons connected with the United States Marine and Public Health Society, and will be watched by them for the results of the cure.

Dr. Friedmann today received a letter from Dr. J. S. Atkinson, of Marinette, Wis., who was treated with the serum at week ago at Bellevue Hospita. Dr Atkinson reported that he arrived at home safely and already felt much relieved. He proposed to send a full report of his progress with a few days He walked-miles on snowshoes to get to a station to start for New York

A half dozen representatives of big drug concerns tried to see the German expert today for the purpose of purchasing the right to distribute the remedy.

It was announced a few days ago that one firm had bid $1,000,000 for this privilege and was willing to go even higher.

Dr. Friedmann refused the offer and today refused to see any of the drug representatives

Of the seventy patients selected for the next clinic at the Seton Hospital, twenty-five are women, twenty-five children and the remainder are men suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis.

SOUTHERN PHYSICIAN SAYS VCCINE WILL HALT WHITE PLAGUE

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Dr. Friedmann's tuberculosis cure has a rival in the Von Ruck method of preventive vaccination, which the United States government is arranging to investigate with a series of exhaustive experiments

The stories which come up from Asheville, N. C., the home of Dr Von Ruck, are so astonishing and are apparently so well attested by medical men that they are creating an interest in official circles to which the Friedmann cure just now is playing second fiddle.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels, impressed with the possibilities of the Von Ruck vaccination method, has directed Surgeon General Stokes of the navy to make an investigation in order that the navy may avail itself of the treatment if it proves to be as meritorious as asserted. The Public Health Service will make a second investigation.

DEAN G. L. ARCHER ATTACKS GOV. FOSS

Head of Suffolk Law School Criticises Chief Executive for Veto of Charter.

Dean Gleason L. Archer of the Suffolk School of Law is out with a statement attacking Governor Foss for his veto of the bill authorizing that institution to grant degrees. This is the measure which the House passed during the week over the Governor's veto. It has yet to come before the Senate. In his statement Dean Archer says, in part:

In Governor Foss' second veto of the Suffolk Law School charter he criticises the school on the ground that it is self supporting and possesses no endowment funds. Such an argument for a veto is so absurd for extended comment. Of course the school has no endowment funds, for no school can obtain endowment until it is incorporated with power to confer degrees—as Governor Foss and his advisers should well know.

He also states that "two wrongs do not make a right," obviously refering to the granting of similar powers to the Boston Y. M. C. A Evening Law School nine years ago as the first "wrong." Does Governor Foss seriously contend that the very school of which he himself is a trustee ought not to confer degrees? Would Dean Ezra Thayer of Harvard Law School remain as Vice-President of the Y. M. C. A. Law School corporation if there were any real basis for the charge? Yet he is vice-president of the corporation at the present time, and was so listed in their last catalogue. Would Samuel C. Bennett, the former dean of Boston University Law School continue as President of the Y. M. C. A. Law School corporation? He is so listed in their latest catalogue.

No complaint was heard against the Y. M. C. A. Law School until the Suffolk Law School provided beyond question that it was equal in every respect to that school and as fully entitled to degree granting power. Then the opposition invented this specious argument. If the Y. M. C. A. Law School were in possession of a power that it ought not to possess the remedy would be simple—the Legislature had the power to annul its charter. But no such move has been made; nor could it succeed, for the people of Massachusetts believe in giving evening students a square deal.

MYSTERY IN ABSENCE OF THE ACCUSED WIDOW EATON

Two Disappearances from Her Assinippi Home Before Death of Mrs. Eaton's Husband Puzzling to the Authorities

Woman Now in Plymouth Jail to Await Trial for Murder Said to Have Been Away Three Days Before Husband Died

MRS. JENNIE MAY EATON, indicted as the murderer by poison of her husband, Rear Admiral Joseph G Eaton, was mysteriously absent from the Eaton home in Assinippi at two different times just before the Admiral's death.

Away from Home Several Days.

The AMERICAN discovered yesterday that, not only was Mrs. Eaton away from Assinippi on Wednesday, March 5, three days before the Admiral's death, but that she had been away from home from February 2 to February 25, with no one at home knowing where she was.

It was also learned yesterday that Admiral Eaton was more heavily in debt than was at first known and had borrowed on his insurance policies

Tracing back to its source the poison which killed the Admiral still baffles the Plymouth County authorities. They are keeping up a painstaking and ever-widening search, not only through Plymouth County drug stores and groceries, but in Boston and other parts of the State.

Cheerful in Jail.

The accused woman spent part of yesterday in hanging pictures on the walls of her cell in Plymouth County Jail. As she will be there probably until June, before her trial, she is making the best of a bad matter. She smiles much of her time writing. Sheriff Henry Parker, keeper of the jail, says: "Mrs. Eaton gives no trouble whatever."

Dr. Frame's Statement.

I knew it was a sudden death, and that the undertaker had no right to go ahead and embalm the body without instruction from the medical examiner. When I started the investigation of Admiral Eaton's death I didn't even know that poor woman would become involved.

At Assinippi Mrs. Eaton's mother, Mrs. George Harrison, and her two daughters, Mrs. Ralph P. Keyes (Jane Ainsworth) and Miss Dorothy Eaton, the crippled girl, are bearing themselves bravely. The two girls look forward to visiting their mother Wednesday.

Poverty is gripping the Assinippi home. Judge George W. Kelley, probate counsel for Mrs. Eaton, said yesterday:

"The three women at the Eaton home are practically penniless."

Family Needs Money.

Judge Kelley said the Eaton estate will not yield ready money until the will is allowed, and that will take at least a month.

The absence of the second will, of which Dorothy Ainsworth spoke, was vigorously denied by Judge Kelley, so far as he knew.

The news of Mrs. Eaton's two mysterious absences from the Assinippi home prior to the Admiral's death on March 8, was obtained from A. F. Jacobs, neighbor of the Eaton's and probably their most intimate friend in the immediate vicinity since they first came there. Mr. Jacobs said

Mrs. Eaton wasn't home for sixteen days last February. She left the house February 9 and it was February 25 before she returned home.

Nobody knew where she had gone. When she got back she explained her absence by saying that she had been visiting her daughter June at her home in Medford That visit has been a puzzle to me.

Another question that was a mystery to the Eaton neighbors was Mrs. Eaton's hurried trip to Medford Wednesday, March 5, three days before Admiral Eaton passed away. In speaking of this trip Mr. Jacobs said:

I wonder if anyone can explain that hurried and unexpected trip Mrs. Eaton made on Wednesday, March 5, of the week that the Admiral died. Mrs. Eaton went up to see June. At the same time she started from her Medford home to Assinippi. Mother and daughter were travelling in the opposite direction at the same time. They must have crossed on the road.

I am sure that the visit must have been unexpected, or they would have expected to find each other at home The night before, which was Tuesday, I was over to the Eaton place Nothing was said about Mrs. Eaton going to Medford. I was pretty close to the family, and those visits look queer to me.

'ARSENIC PILL' STORY IS CLEW IN THE ADMIRAL EATON INQUIRY

Rockland Medical Student Said to Be Ready to Tell How Widow Came to Him Twice and Talked of Poisoning Fears

New Development in Tragedy Investigation Considered Important by the Attorneys Connected with Coming Trial

THE Rockland medical student whose advice Mrs. Jennie M. Eaton is declared to have asked relative to the ability of Professor F. Whitney of Harvard Medical School to detect poison in a dead person, has furnished a new clew in the Admiral Eaton murder mystery which is considered valuable by attorneys engaged on the case.

Tell of an Arsenic Pill.

This point deals with a pill which Mrs. Eaton is said to have brought to the medical student, saying she had found it in Admiral Eaton's bed and that she feared it contained arsenic

The AMERICAN published exclusively last Sunday the statement that this Rockland student, a pupil of Professor Whitney, had been approached by Mrs. Eaton prior to the Admiral's death. She is said to have questioned him regarding Professor Whitney, the art of analysing for poison and the certainty with which poison can be detected in the body of a dead person.

Now this same medical student says that Mrs. Eaton came to him a second time, also prior to the Admiral's death, and showed him a pill.

Student Willing to Testify.

The student's name is withheld at present, but he is willing to testify at Mrs. Eaton's trial and to tell his full story. His account to the AMERICAN of the pill incident was given yesterday, as follows:

Mrs. Eaton came to me a second time, after she had questioned me regarding the ability of Professor Whitney to detect poison in a body

The second time she came to me was shortly before March 8, the date of the Admiral's death. She said to me:

"Here is a pill. I found it in the Admiral's bed. I am afraid it contains arsenic. I wish you would take it to the Harvard Medical School and have it analyzed to see if it is poisonous. I am terribly alarmed about it. I am afraid some member of the family will be poisoned."

I took the pill from Mrs. Eaton. That is all I can say about it now. But I am willing to tell this story at the Eaton trial, if I am summoned as a witness, also what became of the matter.

Poison Charge in Boys' Case.

The episode of the pill which Mrs. Eaton thought contained deadly poison, adds one more to the "poison chain" which has been linked to the Eaton family affairs in one bit of gossip and another.

"Poison" was first heard when Mrs. Eaton received the Admiral wrongfully, as was proved, of having poisoned their adopted baby—a boy—who died three years ago.

The first statement Mrs. Ralph P. Keyes (Jane Ainsworth) made after the Admiral's primitive obsequies was a declaration that the Admiral had dabbled in poisons, and that she feared he would make way with her by this hidden method.

James Prouty, the Assinippi recluse, told how the Admiral, on the contrary, feared poison, and was almost terrified at the presence of a box of paris green on the Eaton premises

The "poison" thread has run in and out to the neighborhood discussion

Pill Episode a Mystery.

The most concrete development along the poison line was the finding of Professor Whitney, after chemical analysis, that Admiral Eaton did die of poison, and that this poison was some form of arsenic

Since then the State officers and their fellow-investigators have redoubled their efforts to find whence this poison came—where it was bought—if bought—who bought it, if any—and how the purchase of it, if there was a purchase, was achieved with so little being known of it.

That Mrs. Eaton should have gone to this medical student, after once approaching him on the subject of poison and its analysis, and should have handed him a pill which she thought poisonous, is a circumstance which holds the interested attention of the attorneys.

Will Test Her Sanity.

"Mrs. Eaton will be examined in order to ascertain whether or not she is insane. I cannot state at present if I shall ask for the appointment of a lunacy commis-

NEW POISON CLEW IN EATON MYSTERY

Continued from First Page.

vice or whether I will rely upon the jail physicians."

This statement, the first he has made since the widow was indicted, was made last night to the AMERICAN by District-Attorney Barker.

The statement is highly important, in as much as it gives the plan of the State relative to its action toward bringing Mrs. Eaton to trial.

William A. Morse, chief counsel for the accused woman, has stated emphatically that he would oppose any move on the part of the prosecution to adjudge his client insane.

District-Attorney Barker declared that, notwithstanding the wishes of Attorney Morse, the accused must be tried for murder until her sanity is established.

Another important move was made yesterday when Senator Hersey of Hingham introduced a petition in the Legislature which seeks to give Plymouth County the right to raise $20,000, by additional County tax, to meet the expense of the Eaton trial.

District-Attorney Barker expects that the trial will be an expensive one.

MRS. EATON WAS SPURNED BY WASHINGTON SOCIETY

New facts brought to light in Washington this week show that Mrs. Jennie May Harrison Eaton, accused of poisoning her husband, Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton of Assinippi, had suffered in her life one of the bitterest disappointments that can afflict an ambitious woman—the failure to attain the society place she coveted.

Wash ington, where society questions and problems are complicated and delicate on account of the official and diplomatic circles, was the scene of Mrs Eaton's efforts.

Her goal was high, and her failure to achieve it was all the more galling. She was young, highly attractive, of good antecedents and strong will. By divorce she had retrieved, she thought, the error of an unfortunate first marriage.

In her second marriage, to a man holding the rank of Rear Admiral, retired, the second Mrs. Eaton saw her way clear to a brilliant position in Washington's official society.

The disillusion was cruelly swift and complete. After a social campaign of a few weeks Admiral Eaton and his second wife left Washington and retired to the obscurity of a Massachusetts village.

Was a Virginia Girl.

It is by this heroic but ineffectual effort which Mrs. Jennie May Eaton made to enter the charmed circles in Washington, that she is now remembered in the capital.

Reporters for the Sunday AMERICAN, delving into the former lives of Admiral and Mrs. Eaton in Washington, found that gossip there deals with the strange developments at Assinippi, as the Washington people have read them from day to day, and with the disappointed ambitions of the second Mrs. Eaton, as they are now recalled.

A woman who knows Washington intimately summed it up thus

"Oh, yes, I remember Admiral Eaton's second marriage well. His second wife was a Mrs. Jennie Ainsworth, a Virginia girl who had married a government clerk and then divorced him. She was evidently dissatisfied with social conditions here and they packed up and left the city. Poor Mrs. Eaton seemed awfully disappointed."

The indignation of Mrs. Eaton was all the more keen because she could see no good reason why she should not establish a social triumph, following her marriage to the Admiral. Her husband was a man of unquestioned official position, with high rank, a distinguished career, a fair income and some money saved.

Tired of Washington.

As a Rear Admiral he had access to nearly any official circle in the city, and in Washington that means all but a very limited smart society set.

To what conclusions Mrs. Eaton finally came, when she admitted her efforts unsuccessful, she kept to herself. But she had had enough of Washington. She went so far from there that, barring the weird and sinister developments of later years, she would never have been thought of in Washington again.

To make the society failure all the more an aggravation to Mrs. Eaton, her girlhood had been such as would entitle her to aspire to a social place.

She was born about forty years ago in Alexandria, Va., across the Potomac from Washington. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Harrison, lived in the old Harrison home at the corner of Prince and Royal streets. The Alexandria Kite Home is now on the site.

One of Harrison Family.

The Harrisons were good stock. They were connections of the Monroes, Alexanders, Keils, Lunts and other prominent Virginia families. Mr. Harrison was reported to be a descendant of President William Henry Harrison, though that assertion has been disputed. It is probable that he was sprung from a near relative of the first President Harrison and was a distant connection, therefore, of the second President Benjamin Harrison.

George W. Harrison was a wholesale fish business, with a warehouse at Lee and King streets. He was an agent or wholesaler for fishermen down the Potomac River and Chesapeake Bay.

In those days there was less system in the local fishing industry for the wholesaler to "size up" the fishermen to provisions and supplies, market their catch and make a final settlement at the close of the Spring season.

Through Mr. Harrison was in the fish business, he was a wholesaler, which is vastly different, of course, from an ordinary fisherman, in the social eye.

The family position was good. There was considerable entertaining at the comfortable home at Prince and Royal streets.

Two little girls brightened the Harrison home. The elder was destined for a childhood death. The younger, Jennie May Harrison, was to lead a career startling, now to her stranger and leading to a jail cell on a murder accusation.

Thirty years ago, when Jennie Harrison was ten years old, a double tragedy fell upon the happy family. Mr. Harrison, his elder daughter and a party of friends were capsized on Lake George, Mr. Harrison and Jennie's sister, with others in the party, were drowned.

After the double funeral the business which had supported the family was closed and the widow and her remaining little girl moved to Washington nearby.

Evidently George W. Harrison, while making a good yearly income, did not leave his family over well provided for, because the daughter was obliged when she grew up to help support herself.

In Government Service.

The records show that Jennie May Harrison was appointed to a position in the auditor's office of the Postoffice Department when she was about sixteen years old. As older clerks in the government service recall, she was a pretty girl, with high complexion, dark hair and dark eyes, a well-rounded figure and splendid carriage.

This description fits Mrs. Eaton today, making allowances for the marrowly changes of time and family cares.

The girl was ambitious and of strong will. She possessed great self-command and seemed to know just what she was about.

It was at his time that romance first came into Jennie May Harrison's life in the engaging person of D. Henry Ainsworth, a clerk, like herself, in the government service.

In 1890 Miss Harrison resigned her clerkship. On July 2, 1891, at the age of nineteen, she married Ainsworth. On account of the rather inconspicuous position they occupied in Washington the Ainsworth family has left little record of its life and doings in that city.

Ainsworth had been a stenographer before he became a government clerk. He had an attractive personality, which he used to advantage later in Chicago as a book agent for the Harpers' Chicago branch.

But Ainsworth struck his fellow-clerks as a dreamer. Also he was cautious. He lacked the energy to rise higher and to carry his bride to the social honors she craved.

At first Mrs. Jennie Ainsworth was happy in her little Washington home. The babies came. There were two, both girls. The first was named Lucia June. She is now Mrs. Ralph F. Keyes of Boston. The second was named Dorothy. She was crippled along her left side from birth. A sweet-faced, gentle girl of loving disposition, Dorothy was destined to play a pathetic part in the varying family fortunes. She stands out today as a particularly pitiful figure in the Assinippi tragedy.

The Ainsworths moved frequently in Washington. It is probable that they were pressed financially, for the pay of a government clerk does not go very far when supporting a family of four.

Moved to Chicago.

After her babies were out of the nursery stage Mrs. Ainsworth is said to have developed society ambitions again. Her opportunities were limited, but she went ahead with the spirit and zest that many women display when seeking social recognition.

There were obstacles, however. Lack of means was one. Lack of official position was another. The social status of a government clerk in Washington is fixed. Again, Mrs. Eaton did not seem to have the reserve force which might have elevated her somewhat from the position to which her income and her husband's work assigned her.

Then the Ainsworths left Washington. They moved to Chicago. In 1903 Ainsworth secured work as a book agent at the Harpers' office. For two years he made an excellent record, bringing in many sales and earning good commissions.

Then the family income fell off. His job position later

In view of the divorce decree subsequently granted Mrs. Ainsworth on the grounds of her husband's intemperance, it is fair to assume that liquor brought about the change in Ainsworth's fortunes.

The records of the Illinois Circuit Court at Chicago show that Judge Gibbons granted Jennie May Ainsworth a divorce from Henry Ainsworth on July 12, 1906. They had been married fifteen years, to a month.

Out of her marriage Mrs. Ainsworth had had some happiness and a great deal of unhappiness, with two little girls to remain at her side.

Secured a Divorce.

The mother was awarded the custody of the children and went with them back to Washington to begin life anew

Just when Mrs. Ainsworth returned to Washington is not known, but it was before her divorce was granted. She had left Ainsworth some time before the divorce proceedings, and was back in the Capital City

She was then about thirty four years old, an attractive matron, and, according to a physician who later engaged her as nurse, a capable, efficient woman

She turned to nursing for a living. She was really in a financial predicament, with two girls to feed, clothe and educate and apparently without help from her relatives. Her divorce had a friend in a Miss Strubel, head of the nurses' training school of George Washington University. Miss Strubel made arrangements for Mrs. Ainsworth to study nursing.

In time Mrs. Ainsworth was considered competent to send out on a physician's call for a nurse, except in case of delicate operations. It was this situation which led to the second and even more disastrous romance in the life of Jennie May Harrison from Alexandria.

Met Admiral as a Nurse.

There had recently come to Washington Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton and Mrs. Eaton. He was a retired naval commander, whose pay was $4,500 a year. His wife was formerly Miss Mary Ann Varnum of Dracut, near Lowell, Massachusetts.

Admiral and Mrs. Eaton lived at No. 1045 Twenty-First street. Mrs. Eaton was an invalid. Arterial sclerosis had progressed her and she was suddenly stricken with apoplexy in February, 1906. She lingered six days, without recovering consciousness.

When the stroke fell, the Admiral's physician, Dr. F. Fremont Smith, now living at No. 1808 Massachusetts avenue, Washington, drew on the graduates of the nurses' training school for a competent nurse to come to the Admiral Eaton residence immediately, to take care of Mrs. Eaton.

Miss Strubel gave the nursing assignment to the former Mrs. Jennie Ainsworth.

The nurse reported to Dr. Smith at the Eaton home and took up the heavy duty of attending the dying Mrs. Eaton.

Dr. Smith was questioned in Washington by the Sunday AMERICAN reporters with particular reference to how Mrs. Ainsworth acted on the case; whether Mrs. Eaton was conscious or not, and just what the cause was of her death

It will be recalled that in a letter Mrs. Jennie May Eaton wrote to the AMERICAN, she said that she nursed the Admiral's wife and in the latter said to her: "Take care of Joe. Be good to him."

Mrs. Eaton's Letter.

Mrs. Eaton's letter reads in one paragraph:

I lived with them for several months and knew the Admiral very well indeed before his wife was brought, Mrs. Eaton got ill. She would not let me leave her night, night or day. She was dreadfully afraid of the Admiral and clung to me like a frightened child—that fear I have since learned myself. At last she died in my arms. With her parting breath she begged me: "Take care of Joe; marry him, my dear, and make him good. You're a good woman and, if Joe behaves as he should, you'll make him happy."

But Dr. Smith gives this version of the nurse's acquaintance with the Mrs. Eaton:

The first Mrs. Eaton was confined to her bed with a stroke of paralysis when the second Mrs. Eaton was called in to nurse her. The sick woman was paralyzed entirely on one side and in an unconscious condition. She lived about a week. She died from the stroke of apoplexy, never regaining consciousness from the day she was stricken. The nurse was called in the second day Mrs. Eaton was stricken.

The physician's account, therefore, disagrees radically with the nurse's sworn statement that the first Mrs. Eaton begged the nurse to marry and take care of the admiral. According to Dr. Smith the first Mrs. Eaton was stricken unconscious before she ever saw the nurse and never spoke again.

The nurse had impressed Dr. Smith from the first as a perfectly competent, satisfactory person. The doctor said:

The nurse was a well spoken woman, evidently of a respectable family. When I decided it necessary for Mrs. Eaton to have a nurse, I telephoned Miss Strubel at the nurses' training school. She suggested that Miss Strubel had taken an interest in the woman she sent me to nurse. I have now charged with the murder—for she spoke to me about getting a home for her. Women and men alike certainly hoped the person sent to the Eaton home to nurse the Admiral's dying wife would make a good impression.

She seemed an ideal nurse. She was clean, neat in appearance and very attentive to her patient.

The fact that Miss Strubel, the head of the nurses' training school, had told Dr Smith that she hoped Nurse Ainsworth would get a home may be taken as an indication of the chief desire of the nurse—to find some place where she could establish herself. That apparently did not strike the physician as unusual, for many nurses seek a permanent nursing assignment, where they can settle indefinitely, instead of going from place to place.

As it developed, however, Mrs. Ainsworth did secure a permanent home, for she married the husband of the dying dying woman

Dr. Smith was asked for the exact nature of the first Mrs. Eaton's death

"Was there any question," asked the reporter, "that the first Mrs. Eaton died of other cause than those you have given?"

"Not the slightest," replied Dr. Smith. "It was clearly a case of apoplexy, the kindest form of death a person can have at the time she was stricken."

"Did you see the patient every day from the time she was stricken to her death?"

"Every day, and sometimes more than once a day, if I remember correctly."

"You are sure, then, that nothing has been done to cause the patient's death?"

"The fact that I saw the patient so often, diagnosed her case in the beginning and watched her so closely, finishing all suspicions from my mind that her death was hastened or precipitated by anything other than apoplexy. It was a plain case of being paralyzed, nothing else."

"Did you leave the Eaton home after the nurse acted, following the death of the first Mrs. Eaton?"

"If I remember correctly there was not the slightest action on the part of the woman to lead anyone to believe she did anything but her duty to her patient."

"Did she leave the Eaton home after the death of the first Mrs. Eaton?"

"I don't know, but I heard at the time that she stayed there to keep house for the Admiral.

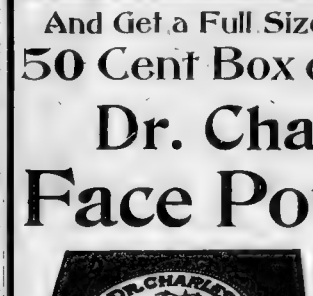
Clip These COUPONS

And Get a Full Size 50 Cent Box of

Dr. Charles Face Powder = 10c

COUPON
GOOD FOR
One 50 Cent Box
DR. CHARLES
FACE POWDER
When presented with 10 cents to any of the dealers listed below, subject to cancellation without notice.

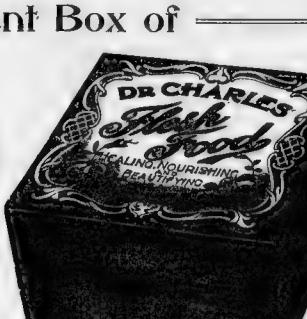
COUPON
GOOD FOR
One 50 Cent Box
DR. CHARLES
FLESH FOOD
When presented with 15 cents to any of the dealers listed below, subject to cancellation without notice.



It is a choice preparation for the Dressing Table, for the Nursery and for Men after Shaving. Prepared in flesh, white and brunette tints.

or a 50 Cent Box of

Dr. Charles FleshFood = 15c



This needs no recommendation—It is the *only preparation* that will remove wrinkles and develop the bust. It nourishes and builds up the underlying tissues, rounds out hollow places and gives the fresh appearance of youth. Delicately perfumed, it is an ideal cleanser, and indispensable toilet requisite.

DISTRIBUTING DEALERS

NOTICE—Reorder goods through 76 Kingston Street, Phone Fort Hill 3000

BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORES
The Filene Co., Tollet Goods Dept.
Houghton & Dutton Co., Toilet Goods Dept.
Henry Siegel Co., Toilet Goods Dept.
Timothy Smith Co., Toilet Goods Dept., Roxbury
R. H. White Co., Toilet Goods Dept.

BOSTON DRUGGISTS.
Riker-Jarnes, All Stores.
Burroughs Bros., 781 Tremont st.
Asbury Chas., 1 Park sq.
Corner, William, 1759 Washington st.
Coleman & Donovan, 705 Tremont st.
Coleman & Stevens, 1061 Washington st.
Epstein Drug Co., Scollay sq.
Gardner Phar., 1725 Washington st.
Hanis Street Phar., 781 Washington st.
Hubbell & McGowan, Main and Huntington aves.
Hugman, H. D., 128 Massachusetts av.
Hunt, W. H., 707 Washington st.
Hunt, W. H., 19 Dover st.
Kidd's Drug Store, Brighton and Tremont sts.
Lane, Wm. H., Main and Cambridge sts., Charlestown.
Liggett's Drug Store, Dudley and Washington sts.
Liggett's Drug Store, Washington and Avon sts.
Morse, Winslow Drug Store, 507 Tremont st.
Pratt, Frederick L., 375 Columbus av.
Sawyer Drug Co., 274 Tremont st.
Scott & J., 276 Massachusetts av.
Worthard Drug Co., 162 Tremont st.
Wright, C. Fred, 2054 Washington st.
Wright, O. Fred, 2365 State st.

DORCHESTER.
Bates, F. A., Dorchester av. and Park st.
Colter Drug Co., 564 Dudley st.
Connolly's Drug Store, 1144 Dorchester av.
Day, Wm. E., Bowdoin st. cor. Oliver.
Hart, K. J. & Co., 1100 Dorchester av.
Hutchins, H. S., Blue Hill av. cor. Seaver.
McDermott, John, 940 Dorchester av.
Mellen, C. H., 1 Meeting House sq., Dorchester.
Mowry, Herbert L., 704 Dudley st. ; Pham's Cor. Cor.

ROXBURY.
Birnbaum, A. A., 459 Dudley, cor. Dennis st.
Eglesson Phar., 1919 Columbus av.
Fenwick, The, Drug Store, 2218 Washington st.
Hayes, W. L., 198 Blue Hill av.
Hayes, Harry J., 1145 Columbus av.
Hayes, John B., 397 Centre st., Jam. Plain.
Keating, A. A., 1084 Tremont st., Jam. Plain.
Smith, H. D., 836 Warren st.

EAST BOSTON.
Clark & Mahoney, 101 Saratoga st.
Clark & Mahoney, Bennington and Prescott sts.
Clark & Mahoney, cor. Saratoga and Meyer sts.
Packard, C. H., 96 Maverick sq.
Packard, C. H., 96 Maverick sq.
Shrigley & Case, cor. Meridian and Eutaw sts.
Woodbury Co., Maverick sq.

SOUTH BOSTON.
Alexander, Miss, H., 100 Dorchester st.
Curtis Phar., 878 Broadway, cor. E st.
Daley, Chas. A., 517 E. Broadway, under Imperial Theatre.
Flynn, C. F., Andrew sq.
Riley, Daniel J., 501 Broadway, cor. D st.
Robin, John J., 345 Dorchester st. and 825 Broadway.

CHARLESTOWN.
Downey, Francis J. & Thompson sq.
Hayes, Chas. W., 1 Main sq. cor. Eden.
Nelson, Chas., 1 Main and Austin sts.
Stewart & Sullivan, Main, Chelsea and Prospect sts.

CAMBRIDGE.
Cunningham's Drug Store, 571 Mass. st.
Cunningham Drug Co., Inman sq.
Cosley Drug Co., 150 River st.
Kidder, Albert W., 1051 Mass. av.
Kidder, Albert W., 1054A Harvard st.
Read, F. G., 1 Mt. Auburn st., cor. Prospect st.
Lynch Drug Co., Inman sq.
Lynch Drug Co., 1 Cambridge st.
O'Donnell, T. H., 307 Cambridge st.
Russell Phar., Mass. av. and Russell st.
Wood Drug Co., 1215 Massachusetts av.
Walsh, W. H., 119 Hampshire, cor. Columbus.

SOMERVILLE.
O'Donnell T. H., 1 Washington and Beacon sts.
Edwards, Edward, 26 Union sq.
Carpenter, E. B., 19 Broadway.
Chadwick, P. J., Union sq., cor. Medford.
Putnam, Willis H., Teele sq.

CHELSEA.
Markell & Weston Drug Co., 227 Broadway.
Mundell Drug Co., Park st.
Mundell, W. J., Pettyerham sq.
Freeman, C. W., Carr sq.

LYNN.
Riker-Jarnes' Store.
Rogers Drug Co., 313-315 Union st.
Hubbard, E. F. Co., 115 Broad st.
Sawtelle, Chas. H., 108 Union st.
Harriman, J., Marco, 248 Union st.

MASSACHUSETTS.
Amherst—Deuel, Chas.
Attleboro—Lilly & Morgan.
Brooklin—Burns' Phar., 127 Washington.
Brookline—Hall & Lyon, Coolidge Cor.
Brighton—Staples & Towne, 378 Cambridge.
Bedford—Hall & Lyon, 66 Hampshire st.
Beverly—Ropes Drug Co.
Brockton—Liggett's, Hall & Lyon, 180 Main
Riker-Jarnes' Store.
Cambridge—Drummond's Drug Store, 260 Exchange.
Everett—Shattuck & Co., 722 Broadway, 172 Elm and Jefferson. Lich's Drug Shop, 618 Broadway.
East Dedham—Webster, W. S. Co.
Fall River—Emery Drug Store, All stores.
Tousey, J. Y., 2 Main st.
Fitchburg—Bay State Drug Co.
Gloucester—Wetherell, M. L., 178 Main.
Hyde Park—Parr, Jos. A.
Hastbro—Burke Drug Co., 196-200 Main.
Marblehead—Sheppard, W. H., 96 Washington.
Maiden—Hunt, W. H., 44 Main, Sheldon's Phar., 279 Main. Minnesota Phar., 191 Bryant. Baldsmith, B., 311 Commercial. Bryant.
Melrose—Larsker & Swarts, 506 Main.
Medford—Borgis, John, Washington and Dudley. Bowser, F. A., Everett sq.
Northampton—Clarke & Graves.
Newburyport—Hirt, Frank.
Palmer—Bay State Drug Co.
Pittsfield—Kopstein, Ernest O.
Springfield—Riker-Jarnes' Store. Green Phar., Main and Bridge sts. Smith & Hervey, Main, cor. Temple. Liggett's, 344 Main. Stetson Phar., Main and Bridge sts.
Somerville—Liggett's, Hall & Lyon, 242 Main & Lyon, 226 Elm. Ropes Drug Co.
Taunton—Liggett's, Hall & Lyon, 19 City sq.
Turner's Falls—Mabel, A. B.
Worcester—Riker-Jarnes' Store. Green The Druggist. Liggett's, Hall & Lyon.
Westboro—Fenton, William F. Phar., opp. Depot.
Wakefield—Rust, W. B. & Co.
Watertown—Riker-Jarnes' Store.
Watertown—Simonds Phar., 65 Main.
Waltham—Rose, Wm. B. Main and Crescent. Hall, Henry C. Moore and Crescent. Johnson, Horace C., 617 Main.

HAVERHILL, MASS.
Riker-Jarnes' Drug Store.
Liggett's Drug Store, Railroad st.
Hilton, Geo. B., Washington sq.
Liggett's Drug Store, 149 Merrimac st.
Simond's & Adams.

LAWRENCE, MASS.
Riker-Jarnes' Store.
Barrett, Hall & Lyon Co., 179 Essex st.
Liggett's, Hall & Lyon Co., 378 Essex st.
Tyler & Dubois, 289 Essex st.
Tyler & Dubois, 84 S. Broadway.
Hamilton, J. L., 66 Hampshire st.

LOWELL, MASS.
Riker-Jarnes' Drug Store, 87 Merrimac st.
Liggett's, Hall & Lyon, 87 Merrimac st.
Campbell, Frank J., 852 Dutton, cor. Fletcher
Outten & Brown, Merrimack and Bridge.
Falls & Burkinshaw.
Farrell Drug Co., Merrimack st.
Peters, N., 205 Middlesex.

HOLYOKE, MASS.
Green The Druggist.
Liggett's Hall & Lyon Co., High and Dwight sts.
Glesmann, A. F.
Maigret, L. J., cor Park and Adams.

MAINE.
Bangor—Fowler's Drug Store, 104 Main.
Bar Harbor—Kessler, Chas. A., 58 Main.
Brunswick—Tontine Pharmacy.
Livermore Falls—Hans Drug Store.
Lisbon—Hanson Drug Co.
Millinocket—Watson, Carl W.
Portland—Liggett's, Hall & Lyon, 459 Congress. Portens, Mitchell & Brown.

RHODE ISLAND.
Newport—Liggett's, Hall & Lyon. Kalem Bros.
Narragansett Pier—Davis Pharmacy.
Pawtucket—Liggett's, Hall & Lyon, 220 Pawtucket.
Providence—Liggett's, Hall & Lyon, 261 Mineral Spring. Liggett's, 364 Mineral Spring. Burr & Robinson.
Westerly—Liggett's, Hall & Lyon, all stores. The Public Co., Tent Goods Dept.
Woonsocket—Liggett's, Hall & Lyon. The Harris, Mowry Co.

VERMONT.
Bellows Falls—Hodgson & Shaw.
Brattleboro—Riker-Jarnes' & W., 34 Canon.
Pauliens—Drew The Druggist.
Rutland—Lashaway, Charles A. & Co.

CONNECTICUT.
Norwich—Peters & Hitchcock.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Keene—Daniels, M. E., 18 Main.
Laconia—Avery, J. A., 320 Main.
Manchester—Holland Drug Co., 2 Phar., 696 Elm. The Mann Co., 1 Phar., 696 Elm.
Portsmouth—Green, Benj.

BY MAIL

On account of the parcels post rates we can send these two packages for 10 cents. Be sure to enclose 10 cents in addition to the above coupon prices, as one package would cost as much as the two. Send all mail orders to our Brooklyn address.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD CO. 750-752 Fulton St. Brooklyn, N. Y.

LADIES---Buy Cape Colony Ostrich Plumes for Your Hats

THEY ARE BEST IN QUALITY AND CHEAPEST IN PRICE

Here Are Some of Our Values — Mail Orders Filled

This beautiful Cape Colony Plume in all colors and shades. 19 inches long, 9 inches wide. Regular $5.50 value,

$2.98

21-inch Cape Colony Plume, regular $15.00 ..... $6.50
22-inch Cape Colony Plume, regular $16.50 ..... $7.65
23-inch Cape Colony Plume, regular $18.00 ..... $8.24
24-inch Cape Colony Plume, regular $20.00 ..... $8.98

REPAIRING. Your old Willow Plumes made into fine Ostrich Plumes. Dyeing, cleaning and curling our specialty. In order to demonstrate same we will do your feather work this week for one-half of regular price.

MAIL ORDERS BY PARCEL POST.
Send Postoffice or Money Order for amount of purchase. Satisfaction guaranteed or money willingly refunded.

Cape Colony Ostrich Feather Co
564 Washington Street, Jefferson Bldg., Boston, Mass.
Opp. Adams House Room 305 Two Elevators at Your Service
Entrance next to Woolworth's 5c and 10c Store

SUNDAY AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

SAKLAD WINS CROSS COUNTRY

ATWOOD, SECOND; GASKILL, THIRD; MONOHAN, FOURTH AND MADDEN FIFTH

STARTERS IN ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CLUB CROSS COUNTRY AND THE FIRST THREE MEN TO FINISH

DAVID ATWOOD. ISRAEL SAKLAD. GEORGE GASKILL.

ALLING'S PILGRIMS DEFEAT TORONTO IN A LISTLESS GAME

B. A. A. SEVEN LOSES TO CANADIAN STARS IN FINAL ICE GAME

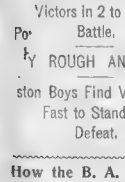
. A. A. BEATEN IN FINAL GAME BY WINNIPEG

dian Amateur Champions Victors in 2 to 1 Ice Po Battle,

ROUGH AND CLOSE

ston Boys Find Visitors Too Fast to Stand Off Defeat.

How the B. A. A. Lost.



HE 1912-13 hockey season closed in an a ... manner at the Arena ... ht when the Winnipegs, winners of the Allan Cup series, defeating the B. A. A. seven 2 to 1. The game was one of the most exciting ever witnessed at the ... rink and ended with a burst of enthusiasm that has seldom been equalled ... Unicorn players put up a hard but ... Boys. They were fairly outclassed ... Had it not been for the brilliant ... time they resorted to this line of ... it was quickly smashed by the brilliant work of Billy McKenzie, Al Adams and Aldous.

... Gardiner also played a sterling game ... visitors at goal and many times ... a position to put the puck in safety. For the Unicorn, Freddy Hunter, ably assisted by Harry Hamilton, ... about the whole show. The former ... a wonderful, defensive game while ... made many difficult stops.

...adians Robbed ...e Third Goal

The B. A. A. defence was a hard one to ... free, but the Winnipegs finally got there ... combination ... The Canadians ... practically robbed of a third goal ... fully before the last score was made ... last as one of their players caged the ... Referee Browne blew the Whistle, ... Hicks was not in play.

... the pacing in the opening minutes was ... and fast and featured by the skating ... Hamilton and Purnell and the fine defence work of Hyndman and Foord. ... first goal was scored by Billy McKenzie, who scored on Aldous. The two ... minutes wings worked the puck from ... middle of the rink. Aldous going to ... side and shooting to the center, from ... position it was put through.

... next goal came in twenty-three ... utes, when Trif Hicks slid dangerously ... off a clever piece of work. Hicks ... out of a scrimmage from the left ... of the rink and made a classy pass ... Hornblower, who again returned it to ... side of the goal, from where Trif ... ed it in.

...th Teams Played ...ard for Final Score.

Several substitutions were made by both ... in the second half. For the B. A. ... Osgood went in for Leslie at left wing, ... replaced Clifford at centre and Cliff ... ard went in for Hornblower at right wing.

Hardly had playing been resumed when ... Adamson, who has been working a fine ... game with McKenzie, was injured by a ... and fell to the ice.

The two teams showed no lack of speed ... they went after a score from the start. ... a series of pretty short passing Purnell ... ard worked the puck up the rink, but ... failed in their attempts to shoot. Hyndman passed the disc away safely. This play was followed by futile attempts by McKenzie, Adams and Aldous.

After eighteen minutes of play Aldous shot the third, and deciding goal. On a foul the puck was put in play in front of the B. A. A. goal, but although the B. A. A. lined up in an effort to stave off a score, they were unsuccessful, and Aldous ... ed a score.

At this period the B. A. A. team made a last and desperate attempt for a score. For the first time in the evening their team play seemed to work with success, but it did not last long, for the game was at an end.

RECEIVES $500 PER ROUND.

McAllister to Get $2,000 for Boxing Four Rounds.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—An ...nouncement was made today that Bobby McAllister, former Olympic Club champion, has signed to meet his second professional fight. The date is given as April 25, before a club in this city, but the name of his opponent is withheld.

The announcement states, however, that McAllister is to get $2,000, "win, lose or draw," for four rounds. This is the highest sum ever paid on the Pacific coast for so short a bout.

NEW YORK GETS GYM MEET.

National Championships Will Be Decided in Gotham on April 10.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The Amateur ...

NEW YORK, March 28.—The Amateur Athletic Union championship committee has announced that the National Gymnasium championships will be held at the West Side Young Men's Christian Association Gymnasium in this city on Saturday evening, April 10. The chairman of the championship committee has already received applications for entry blanks from Baltimore, Chicago, St. Louis, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany as well as many larger colleges.

HOLY CROSS WINS OVER PENN BY 3 TO 0

McManus Holds Red and Blue to Three Scattered Hits; Purple Burns Up Paths.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—Penn lost the opening game on Franklin Field this afternoon, being shut out by the Holy Cross nine by the score of 3 to 0. It was a pretty pitchers' battle, in which the youngster, McManus, outpitched the Quakers' captain, also receiving better support.

From a total of three scattered hits Penn was able to get one man as far as third, while the visitors made three runs, with a total of five hits. They ran daringly on the bases and by loose fielding on the part of the Red and Blue were able to make a tally in the first inning and two in the eighth.

The majority of the hits secured from Foley were but infield grounders, Penn's only three singles were of a clean order but the Quaker hits were not timely.

The score:

HOLY CROSS.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
J. Mooney, 2	1	0	0	0	0	0
Conway, 3	0	0	0	1	2	0
Cosgrove, c	0	0	0	6	0	0
O'Brien, f	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sanders, s	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sheridan, 1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kenny, r	1	0	0	0	0	0
McManus, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	3	0	0	7	4	0

PENN.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Cleveland, s	0	0	0	1	4	0
Cornell, 1	0	0	0	3	0	0
Cleaver, f	0	0	0	1	0	0
Minds'ff, c	0	0	1	0	0	0
Rupert, 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rupert, 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foley, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Koons, c	0	0	0	0	1	0
Hall, r	0	0	0	0	0	0
Armstrong	0	0	0	0	0	0
Schaeffer, c	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	1	5	5	0

Holy Cross ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 *—3
Penn ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Sacrifice hits—Cawley, McNulty, Cosgrove, Carey. Stolen bases—McManus, Sheridan, Kenny, Foley, Gardner, Cleaver. Double play—McManus to Sanders. First base on balls—McManus 2, off Imlay 2. Umpire—Harry Adams.

Eddie Teschner Sets New Exeter Record for 600-Yard Run

EXETER, N. H., March 29.—Eddie Teschner, the speedy schoolboy runner, clipped a second from the Exeter six hundred-yard record in a run against time here this afternoon. Teschner ran the distance in the fast time of one minute fourteen and one-fifth seconds, within three seconds of the world's record hung up by Mel Sheppard.

The record stamps Teschner as one of the best schoolboy runners in the country. Teschner was passed for two laps by Herd, the remainder of the distance Williams set the pace.

Teschner is considered the best sprinter Exeter has had in many years. He has already tied the forty-yard record of four and three-fifth seconds. After a vacation he will go after the school record for the 100 and 200. The 440-yard record was hung up by Bingham, the Harvard freshman captain of the track team in 1908.

Senators Swamp the Phillies by 12 to 1

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29.—With Walter Johnson and Groom in the pitcher's box, the Senators made the Phillies look like bush leaguers today. The final score was: Washington 12, Phillies 1.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Paskert, cf	0	0	1	0	0	0
Lobert, 3	0	0	0	0	2	1
Schang, lb	1	0	1	10	0	0
Niehoff, rf	0	0	0	1	0	0
Bancroft, s	0	0	0	0	1	0
Moran, c	0	0	0	4	0	0
Seaton, 2	0	0	0	2	2	0
Alexander, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oeschger, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	1	0	2	27	5	1

WASHINGTON.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Foster, 2	1	1	1	1	2	0
Anderson, 2	1	1	1	0	1	0
Foster, s	0	0	1	1	2	0
Gainer, s	1	0	0	1	1	0
Morgan, rf	1	0	0	1	0	0
Foster, cf	1	0	0	1	0	0
Foster, cf	1	0	0	1	0	0
Ainsmith, c	1	0	0	6

GEORGE LURICH TO WRESTLE PRESTINA IN BIG BATTLE

SUNDAY AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

NAPS MAY ENGAGE PERMANENT PLACE FOR SPRING WORK

Mr. Inbad Borrows a Rake — By H. B. Martin

GOOD MORNING MR. INBAD, CAN I BORROW YOUR RAKE FOR A FEW MINUTES?
WHY CERTAINLY
ANY TIME YOU WANT ANY THING LIKE THAT REMEMBER I'VE GOT ALL KIND OF GARDEN TOOLS IN MY BASEMENT
I WISH WE HAD A RAKE I WANT TO FIX MY FLOWER BEDS
WHY JOHNSON BORROWED OUR RAKE. I THOUGHT HE BROUGHT IT BACK. I'LL GO OVER AND GET IT
THERE GOES MR INBAD. HE HAS BEEN BORROWING A RAKE, WONDER HE WOULDNT BUY ONE
SAY JOHN, DONT EVER LEND MR INBAD ANYTHING, HE NEVER HAS ANYTHING OF HIS OWN AND ALWAYS DEPENDS ON HIS NEIGHBORS - HE CANT SPONGE ON US.

EVANS TELLS EARLY HISTORY OF LEGG

Game Mystifies, Then Enthuses, Youth When Viewed the First Time.

By CHARLES ("CHICK") EVANS.

CHICK EVANS

The subject of today's biography — Harry G. Legg — is one of the best golfers in the country. That title has not won the premier prize of the East or the West is given owing to the fact that he has not the constant practice with golfers of equal skill that falls to the lot of the metropolitan golfer. His account of his early acquaintance with the game is so interesting that I give it in his own words.

"One afternoon, after school, when I was eleven years old, I happened to be out hunting birds' eggs with another boy and we saw several men swatting a little white ball around a mowed patch. We became interested and watched them for quite a while. Finally, he man lifted the white ball into the air and got—well, I thought that it never would stop. I was quite a hitter then on the Al Stars, our sev nth grade school team, but when I saw that man lift that ball into space—well, I had to take a back seat, even in my own mind.

"Coming home, I met a boy who said he was a caddy, and he explained the game of golf to me. It was the first time that I had ever heard of such a game then. Going at it like a greenhorn, he progressed fairly well me and spliced brassie, broken cleek and mashie to 15 cents. He took me, combined ally, what all I needed to do was to get it together and it would be as good as new. I destained at first, but when he threw in an old 'gutty Vardon flyer' I closed the deal and hurried home to repair my first golf club. I got a can of glue, and after an hour's work I got the head of the club to stay where it belonged.

Practice on the Sly.

"Next afternoon I sneaked down to the far end of the course to try my new club. I really did hit the first ball, but the club head went as far as the ball. I went back to my caddy friend and bought two clubs, and every afternoon I would get out on the far end of the course and knock that old gutty around. Several times members would chase me off, but I always came back.

The next year he joined the golf club and then his playing began in earnest. He played on the club team and won his first team match against the team from Fairbank.

GOTCH TRAINS FOR LURICH.

Champion Puts in Hard Week of Preparation for Coming Tussle.

HUMBOLDT, Iowa, March 29.—Frank Gotch finished the first real hard week of wrestling since his Labor Day match with George Hackenschmidt. Since that time with but few exceptions, the champion has done practically no wrestling. Gotch does not expect an easy time with Lurich as he considers him the best man in Europe, a man undefeated in ten or twelve years, and the way he and Pinchus, the big Austrian, have wrestled an hour each day in the improvised training quarters shows he is preparing for a stiff battle April 1.

IVER JOHNSONS

Just issued, our bargain list of Second-Hand Guns, Rifles and Revolvers. Ask for copy.

FISHING

Tackle for all waters Rubber Fishing Boots. Waterproof Fishing Coats.

Expert Rod Repairing. 176-Page Free Catalogue.

AUTO SUPPLIES

We carry in stock a large assortment of Motor Car necessities than you can find elsewhere. New catalogue just out.

Iver Johnson Sporting Goods Co. 165-167 Washington St., cor. Cornhill

John L. Stepped Over Color Line

Whipped Giant Negro Just for Fun

Brand New Story of an Old Battle

The following is the newest of all the recent stories concerning our own John L., the grand old gladiator of the prize ring, and as far as records go it has never been brought out before.

The story "leaked out" during a fanfest among some old-timers in Chicago recently and while John L. is out of town it is safe to take it just as it was given.

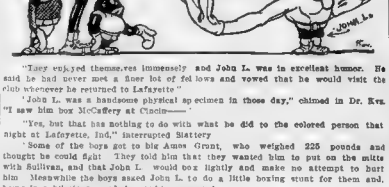
Here it is:

CLEVELAND, March 29.—"Speaking about hard hitting boys, the hardest blow I ever saw landed was upon the luckless jaw of a big colored man named Amos Grant, and the man who delivered the smash was no less a personage than our old friend John L. Sullivan," related Bug Slattery, the West Side sport philosopher, to a party of friends in Kenny Dunn's gymnasium.

"I thought John L. never fought a colored man; I understand that he was the first man to draw the color line," spoke up Carver O'Malley.

"This knockout did not occur in a regular orthodox fight," said Bug. "It was at a little impromptu social given in Sullivan honor at Lafayette, Ind., back about 1887.

"Sullivan and his troupe were there under the management of Pat Sheedy, and after their show some of our club members invited John and the boys out to have a little time at the club.

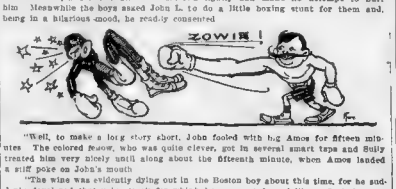


"They enjoyed themselves immensely and John L. was in excellent humor. He said he had never met a finer lot of fellows and vowed that he would visit the club whenever he returned to Lafayette.

"John L. was a handsome physical specimen in those day," continued Dr. Kent. "I saw him box McCaffery at Chicago——

"Yes, but that has nothing to do with what he did to the colored person that night at Lafayette, Ind," interrupted Slattery.

"Some of the boys got to big Amos Grant, who weighed 225 pounds and thought he could fight. They told him that they wanted him to put on the mitts with Sullivan, and that John L. would box lightly and make no attempt to hurt him. Meanwhile the boys asked John L. to do a little boxing stunt for them and, being in a hilarious mood, he readily consented.



"Well, to make a long story short, John fooled with big Amos for fifteen minutes. The colored Samow, who was quite clever, got in several smart taps and Sully treated him very nicely until along about the fifteenth minute, when Amos landed a stiff poke on John's mouth.

"The wine was evidently dying out in the Boston boy about this time, for he suddenly developed that ugly streak for which he was noted, and like a flash he shot out that ponderous right; it settled neatly under the left ear of big Amos and he went down as though struck by a rifle ball. He was out for over an hour.

"The clubmen were half scared to death, but old John L. laughed. Finally the colored fellow opened his eyes, and we were happy once more. My, but that man Sullivan could hit!"

To Lay Out Amateur Lacrosse Districts for Coming Season

MONTREAL, March 29.—At the first meeting of the executive of the Ontario Amateur Lacrosse Association the following district committee was appointed to lay out the districts for the coming season: President Stakins, T. W. L. Tegart, E. Walters, A. S. Mann and Secretary Frank Doyle. The committee will meet next month, on a date to be fixed by the president. The annual meeting was this year the earliest in the history of the game, and many clubs are not yet organized. The general interest, in the face of the fact that hockey is still being played, is one of the best indications in connection with the prospects of the game for this year.

It is intended to continue the good work originated by Past President Kelly in spreading the jurisdiction and membership of the association in the eastern part of the province, especially the Ottawa Valley where there are many clubs waiting for the head of the organizer. Mr. Kelly did last year's missionary work of adding a new district at his own personal expense and the results were most gratifying.

The delegates from the Ottawa Valley at the meeting were agreed that their joining the C. L. A. was the best thing that could have happened the game in their neighborhood, and they had nothing but praise for the business-like and impartial way in which it was conducted. They will be good missionaries when they go back, and one—Mr. J. Hugh Martin of Almonte—takes with him the prestige of membership in the executive of the new association.

$2.30 To CALIFORNIA

Oregon and Washington on Household Goods per 100 lbs. from All Points in New England, a large reduction in All Points West. Through car service. Leaving Boston every Friday. Office, Morrison Forwarding Co., 347 Old South Bldg., Boston, Mass. Tel. Fort Hill 3780.

Naps May Engage Permanent Place For Spring Work

NEW ORLEANS, March 29.—There is a possibility that the Cleveland club will establish a permanent training camp at Bay St. Louis, a spot about fifty miles east of here and three miles from the gulf.

Manager Charley Frank, of the New Orleans club, has practically closed negotiations for the purchase of thirty-two acres of land there. On advice of Frank, Joe Binnigham will soon look over the land for the purpose of making a report on the advisability of training there.

"I've studied the land carefully," said Frank tonight. "It is level and would need very little grading. My idea is to lay out two diamonds and possibly a golf course. I intend also to have a chicken farm there.

"I think the place would be perfect for a training camp of the kind that Joe Binnigham hopes to have some day. It would be possible to erect a clubhouse there at small expense, where the boys could sleep and take their meals cooked by their own chef. That would guarantee the best possible food at the least possible expense.

"As for entertainment, the fish are plentiful in streams around that territory, and the game is also plentiful for those who like to shoot."

Bikes Again Popular.

TORONTO, March 29.—Eighty-eight bicycle racers were added to the lists of the Canadian Wheelmen's Association during the past year. This was reported by G. L. Mackay, chairman of the racing board, at the thirty-third annual meeting held here.

President Louis Rubenstein and Mr. Mackay, who were both re-elected, were appointed a committee to meet the A. A. U. of C. and go into the question of affiliation with that body, to arrange a satisfactory settlement, and to report at the next executive meeting.

MAT STAR IN BOUT.

Constant Le Marin, conqueror of Zybszko, who is to wrestle here in all-star card at Mechanics Building next week.

GEORGE LURICH TO WRESTLE PLESTINA

The greatest surprise ever handed out in the local wrestling game was sprung when George V. Tuohey announced that he had secured the services of George Lurich, the mighty Russian grappler, and that he would match him against Marion Plestina, a protege of Frank Gotch, in one of the three all-star bouts to be staged at Mechanics building on Monday evening, April 7.

This is the second bout arranged, Charley Cutler, who has appeared here on several occasions, having signed to meet Constant Le Marin earlier in the week.

The match came as a surprise, not alone to the local wrestling fandom, but to the contestants as well, for neither knew at the time of signing who their opponents would be.

The fact that Lurich is booked to meet Frank Gotch for the wrestling championship of the world on Tuesday, makes the match all the more interesting, for if Lurich should succeed in defeating Gotch he will have the champion in our midst.

Should Gotch lose his title he also will have a chance for a "come-back," for he will undoubtedly twin Plestina for the match with Lurich, with hopes of again bringing the title back into the Gotch stable.

With the signing of Lurich four of the six really great wrestlers of the world will appear at Mechanics building, the greatest galaxy of wrestlers by all odds, ever gathered together at one show.

Although the third bout has not as yet been announced, it can be said that it will be equally as good as the other two contests.

"Cyclone" Borne, the local wrestler, has been selected to meet the best available man that can be secured. Tuohey is now in communication with several good wrestlers and he hopes to land one of them by the middle of the week.

The bout between Lurich and Plestina will go to a finish, best two out of three falls. Charley Cutler, the Chicago wrestler, and Constant Le Marin, the big Belgian grappler, will also meet in a finish match.

Michigan May Return.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., March 29.—The University of Michigan athletic committee, which broke away from the Big Nine athletic conference a number of years ago because of the so-called boycott rule which prohibited conference football teams from playing outside teams, signified its willingness to rejoin the conference if the rule was abolished.

BREAKFAST FOOD

By GEORGE E. PHAIR

SPRING.

Spring is the gladsome time of year when bloom the pneumonia and the pneurisies, the tulip and the tuberculin, the green grass, the roadside ad and the grippe.

Cometh the raw recruit from his sylvan solitude to bloom upon a page. Sometimes he blooms and sometimes he is a bloomer. The difference between a bloomer and one who blooms consists of one (1) can. As a rule, the raw recruit is an all-civilized-with a bum hunch.

Cometh also the baseball scribe who is afflicted with fatty degeneracies of the vocabulary. He reels off $5,000 worth of space over a 300-test climax, $3,000 more over a 30-cent arm and $2,000 more over a 30-cent accident, making $9,000 in all, next to pure reading matter.

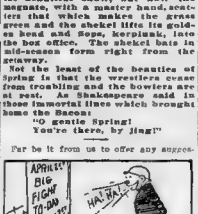
Cometh also the baseball magnate who waxes eloquent over his $30,000 stars, except on pay day, when he places their intrinsic value at $1.85. The latter value, however, is not for publication.

Cometh also the golden skelcl, which bloweth in the baseball yard. Tarnished at the cold and cruel Winter it has slumbered beneath the beautiful sward, but now the magnate, with a master hand, scatters that which makes the grass green and the shekel life its golden bead and Sops, kerplunk, into the box office. The shekel bath indeed taken form right from the getaway.

But the least of the beauties of spring is that the wrestlers cease from troubling and the bowlers are at rest. Shakespeare said in those immortal lines which brought home the Bacon:

"O sent the Spring!
You're there, by jing!"

Far be it from us to offer any suggestions, but what could be a more appropriate day for a wrestling match than April 1?



Rollie Zeidel has a keen sense of the appropriate. At least, it is reported that he expects to beat Harry Lord by a nose.

The truth about Abe Attell's comeback is that he took a look at the crowded house and felt young again.

Tommy Burns fighting again is another argument in favor of the theory that the dead return.

HARBINGERS.

*In yonder sky the care-free lark
Now flits and warbles o'er us.
And soon in yonder baseball park
Will sing the Anvil Chorus.*

One word from the public, and C. Webb Murphy does an No pleases.

When an athlete starts a reach house with an umpire on a training trip he is either spoiling for a fight or trying to prove an alibi.

LIFE.

*A magnate stands amid the rain;
His words are quite bombastic.
He speaks in accents loud and plain,
And most enthusiastic.*

*His brow is dark, his eye is grim,
He uses hectic phrases,
For every roundrop means to him
A dollar gone to blazes.*

Luther McCarty aimes to remark that the hardest fight he ever had was in a box car. The hardest part of it was that there were no gate receipts.

Bobby Byrne, whose skull was fractured a couple of days ago, is back in his old time form. In the Spring a writer's fancy turns to Honus Wagner's claim.

"Mike Heckinger is another Kling," quoth C. Webb Murphy, demonstrating that he still harbors a grudge against John.

Considering Ed Reulbach's great-ccessity with passes, we suggest that he be made walking delegate of the ball players' union.

Willie Ritchie agrees with the New York Giant Club that you can't lose if you don't fight.

Another argument against the yarn that Tommy Leach will join the Federal League is that Tommy is afflicted with intelligence.

In other words, Professor Goodenough considers Michigan good enough considers Michigan good enough considers Michigan a rotten joke, but we are hustling to catch a train.)

Announce Schedule of Western Ontario Cricket League

BERLIN, March 29.—The annual meeting of the Western Ontario Cricket League was well attended.

The delegates were: Messrs. White and Saunders, Guelph; Boyd and Hall, Galt; England and Bishop, Paris; Seagram and Snyder, Twin City; Wiegleworth, Stratford.

The following officers were selected: Hon. president, R. McCunech, Galt; Dr. Creedman, Guelph; J. E. Seagram, Waterloo; J. H. Fisher M P, Paris; G. D. Guelph; vice-president, John Cook, Berlin; Dr. Howitt, ar., Guelph; J. W. Westbrook, Galt; secretary-treasurer, John Simpson, Galt; executive committee, F. Bebop, Paris; John Boyd, Galt; E. H. Cockburn, Guelph; T. W. Seagram, Waterloo; T. Wiegsworth, Stratford.

The schedule of games are:

June 7—Galt and Paris, Guelph and Brantford; June 14, Paris and Twin City; June 21, Twin City and Brantford, Galt and Guelph; June 28, Stratford and Paris, Twin City and Galt; July 1, Brantford and Twin City; July 5, Guelph and Stratford, Galt and Brantford, July 12, Guelph and Twin City; July 19, Galt and Paris, Brantford and Stratford; July 26 Paris and Stratford, Twin City and Brantford; August 2, Twin City and Guelph, Galt and Stratford; August 4, Stratford and Guelph, Galt and Brantford; August 9, Twin City and Stratford, Guelph and Paris; August 16, Twin City and Galt, Paris and Brantford; August 23, Guelph and Galt, Stratford and Paris; August 30, Stratford and Brantford, Guelph and Twin City; September 6, Stratford and Galt, Guelph and Paris; September 13, Paris and Brantford.

Clubs Get Franchises.

PORTSMOUTH, O., March 29.—At a meeting of the Ohio State League held here, Maysville and Lexington, Ky., for the defunct Blue Grass League, were given franchises subject to the approval of the National Baseball Protective Association.

The understanding is that both clubs are to stop all litigation against the national board for having declared all Blue Grass League players free agents. Tom Russell, of Maysville, and Lexington, Ky., for the defunct Blue Grass League, were given franchises subject to the approval of the National Baseball Protective Association.

The understanding is that both clubs are to stop all litigation against the national board for having declared all Blue Grass League players free agents. Tom Russell of Maysville, who is president of that league and owner of the Maysville club, was among those present.

The adoption of these two cities will give the State League an eight-club circuit. The season will open May 9.

Need Not Worry Over Marty O'Toole's Arm For 1913 Season

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 29.—Marty O'Toole is happy over the condition of his throwing arm. His first trial of the salary winner in a regular game was in the contest between the Regulars and Yannigans, when he held the youngsters runless for five innings. The spitball artist's arm worried him a year ago, but he says there is nothing wrong with it now. He is not taking any chances on injuring it, but he says it never felt stronger at this period of the year.

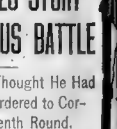
The South Framingham flinger is starting the 1913 season under conditions vastly different from those of the Spring of 1912. Then he was the talk of the country on account of the big price Pittsburgh paid St. Paul for his release, and everybody expected him to pitch like a $22,500 man. This year the public will be more reasonable. O'Toole will not be expected to win every game he pitches, nor will he be termed a "lemon" if he is driven.

PAPKE TELLS STORY OF KLAUS BATTLE

Blilly Says He Thought He Had Won When Ordered to Corner in Fifteenth Round.

By ED. W. SMITH.

CHICAGO, March 29.—Billy Papke, in a letter to the writer, made his first complete statement since arriving on his side in explanation of his defeat by Frank Klaus on a foul in a Paris ring the night of March 5. Papke is at his home in Kewanee. He makes the surprising statement that when the referee stopped the battle and motioned the men to their corners he,



Papke, went to his angle of the ring he received the congratulations of his seconds. He thought he had won and so did they. Imagine their surprise when a shout from the Klaus corner informed them that the verdict, on a foul, had gone the other way. Here is the way Papke explains things in his letter

"I am writing to let you know all about the Klaus fight, because Bill, Jr., was sick when we went through Chicago on the way home and he did not feel sure time to meet anybody in the big city.

"Now, about the fight. The gentleman who refereed the contest did not know much about his business, else Klaus, not Papke, would have been disqualified. He surely was crazy when he gave Klaus the decision.

"Frank used his elbows as well as the gloves from the first round to the finish. He wrestled and did everything else except fight. They would not have stood for his stuff in New York for a round. And at that I honestly believe I was master of him when the end came.

"At the start of the fifteenth round he made a run at me with his head down. I saw what he was up to and put my head bonnet down to meet his rush. My head probably was the harder, for Klaus got the greater damage in the collision, which was a corker, believe me.

"The referee at this stage stepped between us and warned us that the next one to do any butting would be disqualified immediately. We soon closed together again in a clinch and my head was tucked comfortably underneath his chin, but I was not meeting with it at all. But Klaus saw he had the referee against him, and to my advantage of the opportunity.

"I was punching at his stomach, when suddenly he lifted his head back and lamented to the official that I had butted him. I laughed and did not think he had gotten away with the trick.

"The referee then motioned me to my corner, and I thought he had given me the decision, because Klaus was stalling. My seconds thought so, too, and were shaking my hand when we learned that the referee had given the other way. I was bitterly disappointed, but there was nothing to do but take my medicine.

Klaus is a very rough, strong fellow. But he knows little about the science of fistfights and I am sure the next time I meet him I will beat him decisively. I was sick when I went into the bout, my right hand was practically useless and I had trained but two weeks. Of course the victory was my fault. I will not make that mistake again.

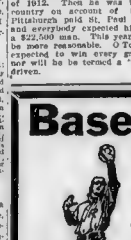
"As for Klaus betting all that money on himself to beat me, that is all newspaper talk. He did not bet a dime. Why, when we weighed in in the afternoon of the fight, I offered to bet him something on the side. He said he had his money all tied up, and I refused to stand for any mind wagers.

Base Ball Players

OUR SPECIALTY

Base Ball Uniforms

Discounts to Catching and Managers on all Uniforms and Supplies. Sample Book of Flannels with Special Club Prices free upon request.



"League" Base Ball $1.25

SPECIAL PRICE TO CLUBS

$10.00 Per Dozen

Send for "Year Book 1913" 272 pp. big full illustrated and priced catalogue of Base Ball, Tennis, Athletic Goods, etc. With information how to obtain Uniforms Free.

William Read & Sons, 107 Washington St. (Adams Sq.), Boston, Mass.

LUTHER M'CARTY MOST REMARKABLE MAN IN THE PRIZE RING TODAY

"WHITE HOPE" TITLE HOLDER—GIFTED IN MANY THINGS—CAN BAKE, SEW AND SING AS WELL AS BOX

CHAMPION'S DAILY PROGRAM

Arise at 6—Drink a cup of tea and eat two slices of toast.
Put in ten miles on the road.
Eat breakfast of oatmeal, grapefruit, hot cakes, sausage or bacon and eggs.
Eat lunch at noon—Hour's workout in a gym.
Eat a hearty "supper" about 6—To bed at 9 or 9:30.
Must have a minimum of eight hours sleep.

NEEDS OF A HOPE

A kitchenette. A needle and cotton. A porcelain beanpot. Other porcelain utensils. Pastor Wagner's book on the "Simple Life." A prairie. Lariat, prancing steed and other cowboy incidentals.

The big fellow is shown here in different attitudes in and out of the ring.

Luther McCarty, the white heavyweight champion, posed especially for the Boston AMERICAN.

Cowboy Champion Tells How He Broke Into Fight Game —His Hopes and His Hobbies—Loves the Simple Life

BY HARLEIGH B. SCHULTZ.

He can brew, he can bake,
He can make an angel cake;
He can sing, he can sew,
He can also box a vow;
Tame a mustang, "buck" a broncho—
For he's a champion, you know

Adds his figures to any amount,
But sad, he'll never take the count,
Throws his hat into the ring,
He seems to do 'most anything
Defies 'em all to lift that lid;
Will W. B. lift it? Heaven forbid;
As for us, he's safe. Yes, Bo
For he's a champion, you know

For Luther McCarty—omit the "H" in the shamrock, please—to prove his claims to the all round world's heavyweight championship, these things will now be necessary.

A kitchenette
A needle and cotton
A porcelain beanpot
Other porcelain utensils
Pastor Wagner's book on the "Simple Life"
A prairie
Lariat, prancing steed and other cowboy incidentals
A chance for the greatest living "white hope" to meet that "black despair" who whipped Jim Jeffries on a notable July Fourth several years ago.

Some Champion in the Cooking Line.

There are reasons why Mittman McCarty—always omitting the "H"—will need the above itemized essentials. They will come out in detail further along in this account of the champion's acting, dining, thoughts, say bags, a grazing and whatnot one afternoon this week.

You see McCarty not only wears a ring-side belt, but, according to what he tells, he's a champ in other less suspected fields of action. For instance, he says he knows a way of cooking beans which improves the Boston baked variety by a few hundred per cent. He can cook roast chicken which puts the roast pigeon on the recipes in the cookbooks.

To sum it up briefly, he could make a champion chef, is a champ already as a cowboy, a moving picture actor, can give tools of useful information for health and strength-seekers—and does NOT smoke, drink, chew or swear. So the hope told it in a conversation I had with him. Now for his story:

PRELIMINARY.

It was ladies afternoon at a certain fashionable "gym" in Boston. Tiny-a-ling ling went the 'phone in the office of the bottlenecked lady who had charge of the "gym."

"Hello," she said, in the approved manner of beginning a telephone talk.

"Say," came the masculine voice on the other end of the wire, "this is Luther McCarty. I would like to come over and have a workout this afternoon, IF YOU PLEASE," just as polite-y sweet as that.

There will be more of the hope's vocal swipes later. Enough to say right here that he got the gymnasium appointment.

"Mr. McCarty" was welcomed at the door. Of the hubbub among the fair ones swinging Indian clubs, shooting dumb bells in and out and around and otherwise enlarging their biceps and adding ADDED charm and grace to their forms, we mention is needed.

The hope went in, rigged himself out "in a squared circle and began belting and punching his medicine ball with a speed which made you think the husky fighter saw an imaginary black cork face staring at him from the spherical leather. Every punch was apparently an imaginary knockout for Jack Johnson.

This kept up a half hour and this PRELIMINARY ended with some other routine belting and banging of the gym. apparatus.

Now, ladies and gentlemen, comes the big shock

BIG BOUT.

ROUND ONE. "Rather goody weather, eh?" said the hope as we started up Tremont street hiking in the general direction of the theatre where McCarty was doing the two-a-day for his bread and butter and his rainy day savings bank fund.

The hope lifted his hat. I looked for the lady he saluted, but there wasn't any.

"I never wear a hat," the champ explained. "That makes the hair grow sad, be healthy. When I put on this derby, it keeps the air and sunshine out. I don't have to watch the posters in the street cars for hair invigorators and hair restorers. I won't ever need any.

"There's nothing anyway like letting nature get in a few licks."

"How about the women's hair?" I suggested.

"Oh, they're all right. You see their hats are made of flimsy, filmy stuff. The air can get through. They call it irrigation out in the West where I came from."

There a newsboy that turned the talk.

"That's McCarty," he shouted

Other newsboys took it up. People turned to look. McCarty kept going ahead

Never Smoked, Never Swore and Never, Never Took a Drink.

Oh, I'm used to that," he said. "I don't freeze me any more. Just got used to it. Had to get used to it. Look at 'em in the theatre. Packing the house twice a day. Don't swell my nut in the least. Don't mind it at all. Had too much of it, don't you know."

McCarty said he was twenty-one last St. Patrick's Day.

"And I reached it without taking a drink," he said. "Never touched a drop. Don't know what it tastes like. Had the temptation around me for years. Never drank, smoked. Never had any of those bad habits. I'm a teetotaler, don't you know."

The crowded pavement made walking in the street better. A motor truck honked a basso profundo at McCarty's heels. The hope walked on unconcerned. The truck turned out into the middle of Tremont street. What the driver said won't be found in a "goo-goo's volume." A lighter delivery truck horned in a siren tenor behind McCarty. The hope didn't budge out of his way. The driver kept saying things right at the big fighter. McCarty kept cool, and the driver moved over into the middle of the road.

The moral of this is: Even a motor truck can't move a champion.

A little later when the hope returned to the pavement, he picked a little maid pedestrian up by the arms and lifted him out of the way. Mr. Much-vexed Pedestrian had been too slow in front of McCarty's turkey trot stride

Champion Reminds Us of Great Big Schoolboy.

Let a get the descriptive stuff out of the way before we enter the theatre by the stage door. McCarty is 6 feet 2½ inches in his socks, weighs 205 pounds. He has a chest that expands to forty odd inches—where the odd comes pretty close to being fifty.

In manner he's—now, won't you be surprised to hear it—he's mild. You'd hardly think it to see the looks of him. After you talk to him a while, you wonder how this youth ever has the nerve to hit another man, who never did anything to him, right out from the shoulder and bring the blood

McCarty makes you think of a great big And say he talks almost meek Maybe I didn't hear him on one of his "strong" days. He's got the square jaws all right, but they are not the pronounced Ted cartoon type. And he uses pretty good English, though he admits he never had any real schooling

"I'm self learned," he says. "I've traveled all over this country and Canada and South America and I've had to pick up slang and like other things. Picking up all the knowledge I could in what brought me where I am

A year ago I didn't have two-bits—not even a red. Now, I consider I'm doing pretty well, but not near so fine as I expect to do."

McCarty finally got through the Tremont street crowds, past the acclaiming newsboys, along the line of expectorating men who formed on itinerant street to greet the champion, to the stage entrance of the theatre where he did his two-a-day. But, bless! There's the bell. "Time."

ROUND TWO.

The way folks acted made it plain that the hope was indeed a great histrionic star. There was his name up in big letters, which means the top notch in the kingdom, doesn't it? Anyway, McCarty was given a stellar welcome. Finally, he got to his dressing room. He had to fumble a while with the padlock, which he could have smashed with a bing of his fist.

Come in," he said

Twasn't a big room. The hope couldn't have stretched himself out on the floor for a success. If he yawned, he'd be touching both walls. He told me his reach is seventy-six inches. So you see if he stretched out his arms the tips of his fingers would touch both walls. And by the by, that reach of his is some extension, isn't it? No danger of McCarty getting left if he reaches for the ears at a boxing house benefit, for his long arm could nab everything on the table from bread to fruit—from soup to nuts.

Eats, did we say? Why, mention of eats brings on the subject—but, oh, there's that bell.

ROUND THREE.

"That's a lot of the truck I tote around with me," said the hope, turning to a prussian-blued trunk. Inside were medicine balls, rope and so on

"That rope there is a relicof my old cowboy days," McCarty went on

"Is that the way you learned to fight as a cowpuncher?

"Naw," he answered. "I was clean forced into the game."

"Forced to fight?"

Yep!

What do you mean? Somebody got your goat?"

Yep. So I got in strong for the comeback. Want to hear the story?"

"Shoot"

"Wait a minute. Lemme read this letter. I get 'em every day

"Mash notes?"

(No answer, the hope being deep in the letter)

"Guess I'll have to get out my dress suit," he said later. He didn't amplify on the why of the dress suit.

"How about that come-back story?"

"Oh, I was coming back to that (smiles) As a kid I was a big husky, good-natured fellow. The other chaps took advantage of my good nature. They used to rag me, 'pound me and bulldoze me. They did everything but really lick me. I stood it for years. The worm turned. It got my dander up. I shoved my back up against the wall and—well, that started me off as a fighter. I was driven to it."

There's that bell again. Now fellows swing those towels for its pugilistic warm in the dressing room. "Time."

ROUND FOUR.

McCarty starts off with a conversational uppercut at his "profession."

I took up professional fighting as a joke," he let drive. "That was at first. Then it became serious. I went in to be champion. I have gotten there."

(Voice back stage—"Now girls." And the "girls" tripped from the wings into the spotlight.)

"I've got plenty of time yet. "Volunteer" I mean. "I don't go on for quite a little spell"

(Sounds of a ragtime song pour in through the door, burlesqued faces galore pass back and forth waiting for the "cue" from the stage manager. The hope rises and shuts the door. It opens frequently as his admirers call to pay their daily respects)

"How about the cowpunching days?"

"Oh, there's my old lasso there."

"So your clinging to the ropes."

"Naw. Just one rope. Right out in the middle of the ring for me. Being a cowboy gave me my love for the out-of-doors. It's my ambition some day to settle down on a big ranch somewhere in the West, or maybe down near Buenos Ayres."

There's that bell again

ROUND FIVE.

I believe in being regular," said McCarty as I was starting round to get something to question him about

McCarty said this was his daily routine in training:

Arise at 6.
Drink a cup of tea and eat two slices of toast.
Put in ten miles on the road
Eat breakfast of oatmeal, grapefruit, hot cakes, sausage or bacon and eggs.
Eat lunch at noon
Hour's workout in a gym
Eat a hearty supper about 6
To bed at 9 or 9:30
Must have a min imum of eight hours sleep.

This schedule again brought up the subject of cooks

"I never eat too much," said the hope "I always get up from table feeling as if I could enjoy more. Snipper in my best meal. I believe in the simple life. Yes, across the simple life straight through. None of the strenuous life for mine. Any man can be healthy and strong by getting plenty of fresh air, good food, sound sleep and by leading the simple life."

"Simple life" and a "pugilist"

But there's that bell

ROUND SIX.

"Can you cook?"

"Sure thing."

"Do better than just fry?"

"I can pan anything and anybody"

"What, for instance?

"Roasts of any old thing. Was over the "table" myself from the wings into the spotlight.) Lobsters have to do their own cooking, don't you know. That's how I got it.

"Could you keep house?"

"You bet!"

"What would you start out with?"

"Porcelain."

"Purest art?"

"Sure. It's the best thing you could get to cook in. You'd understand if you could eat some of the things I cook. It makes them juicy, don't you know. Take the way I roast meat

"I get a porcelain roaster. Put the beef or chicken into it. Don't put any water in it. Dress the meat. Put the roaster in the oven and let it roast. Keep the fire big on. The meat is cooked in its own juice. Um-m. I can taste it now. It's fine, I tell you

"When I broil steak I let it get done pretty well. I would call it medium. Then I put it right into the fry pan and pile onions over it. Serve it hot and it can't be beat."

"You're some cook then?"

"Oh I don't know

"Ever bake any beans?"

"Sure. You don't bake 'em right in Boston. If I wanted baked beans Saturday I'd have 'em Thursday. Then I'd put 'em in a porcelain jar. I'd add water from time to time and keep it baking in the oven all the time. That would be thirty-six hours at least

Then I'd serve with corned beef and brown bread Saturday for supper

"Lots of folks make a big mistake by not boiling their beans. When you eat 'em they bite like bullets. Cook them the way I tell you and you'll get nice, mealy, soy beans that beat the Boston baked all hollow.

I can cook the greatest chicken you ever tasted. You might call it chicken a la prairie

"Take the chicken and clean it. Leave the feathers on it.

"Be sure to butter the inside of the chicken. Dress it, say with onions or potatoes. Then cover the whole carcass with mud."

Feathers! Mud! Yes, that's what the hope said. Aw, there's that bell

ROUND SEVEN.

"As I was saying," began McCarty, "you heat coals red hot. Then put the mud-covered chicken on the coals and let it roast. When it is done, crack the mud off. This takes the feathers off. It cooks all outdoors, the way that chicken tastes. The same method will do for other kinds of food.

"Here's another. Ever eat any tortaire?"

"No."

"You've missed something, then. It's made of flour and water, mixed till it's stiff. Roll it out and flap it, lay it on a tin lid and roast on the coals. Never grits or gamble. Taste just as fresh three weeks from now as when they are cooked"

"Like home cooking best?

"Yep."

"So you're a suffragist."

"Help, hold up a bit. Not a minute. It don't appeal to me. You do get society women for suffrage, but who else?

"Lots of them—piles of them.'

"Nix on that. Can it. Society women, yes. They must have something to occupy their minds and take up their time. But the mass of women, NO. The women who takes care of her home don't give a rip for suffrage to 'way back into the Bible or Ancient History and you find the woman is to be the ruler of the household. She ain't to rule men."

"Do you think women are intelligent?"

"Sure. Nobody can deny it. They ain't intelligent enough to govern things, though."

Suffrage? That's what he talked about There's that bell

ROUND EIGHT.

McCarty starts the round off with his birth

"I was born in a sod house—one made of sod," he began. "My father came Luther after a neighbor. He was the nearest neighbor and he lived ten miles away. I was born at Wild Horse Union, in Nebraska. Father is Irish. Mother was Scotch. Her father was half Indian."

"Did that make you a fighter?"

"I guess not. It's probably the Irish that makes me a good fighter."

Where do you get your frame?"

"Parents"

"Which one?"

"Both. Father was 6 feet, 6 inches, and weighs 300 pounds. My mother—father and brother—was seven and one-half feet tall. He weighed 500 pounds. He wasn't fat. He was a strong man a regular [illegible]. When my mother [illegible] I'd get it out of the store. Then I'd put it out of the window to take his casket from the house. I have an aunt in California who weighs 400 pounds."

It was getting interesting.

"Mighty few Irish boys. Like adventure stories. Like the drummer—the fighters are [illegible] the musical country boys like [illegible] nothing about music stuff in [illegible]

But [illegible] just [illegible] be I again, [illegible]

ROUND NINE.

"I have mapped out my work for the next seven years," outlined the hope. "It is a program of fights and theatrical work. As soon as I make enough I shall retire from [illegible]. If my plans carry, I ought to quit at twenty-eight. I am going from here to Philadelphia where I meet Jim Flynn in a six-round bout on April 17 Bombardier Wells.

The hope's eyes opened wider

I don't like Jim so

The statement was rather lifeless at that because McCarty wasn't keenly interested in the Britisher.

"Wells is not the same proposition he was when he first came here," explained McCarty. He's been easy bread, don't you know. But I do expect to get busy with Tommy Burns and meet Jack Morgan.

"In all my fights my aim is to fight well. I go in to win and to do it as speedily as I can. I have got a great man for a manager, Billy McCarney. He's a wizard on the game and the boxers. He knows every one of them and their methods. I have a faith in him and his judgment

"Among the fighters who demand notice is Gunboat" Smith. I believe I can whip Smith. I say so from the knowledge I gained by seeing him in the ring on three occasions

"I [illegible] think I can maintain my title to the world a heavyweight championship with ease

Right here mention of "white hope" suggested questions about the "black despair." Any wonder then that the bell rings to announce that the next is the final round in this conversational fistfest with the greatest of hopes?

ROUND TEN.

"There's Jack Johnson," I suggested

"Huh," was McCarty's unspoken reply.

"I can lick Johnson," the hope said aloud. "I am confident I can whip him. I am very anxious to meet Johnson.

"From the beginning I have been ambitious of getting back the championship title to my race. I had rather see him out of his troubles for a time just so that I could fight him. I am confident that if I can ever meet the negro in the ring, I shall leave the ring a winner. That would be the proudest day of my life, too."

"Do you think the sporting public cares a hoorah about Johnson now?

Sure. He's the holder of the title. The general public wants to see him licked. Even if [illegible] I [illegible] how much [illegible] I [illegible] I [illegible] I

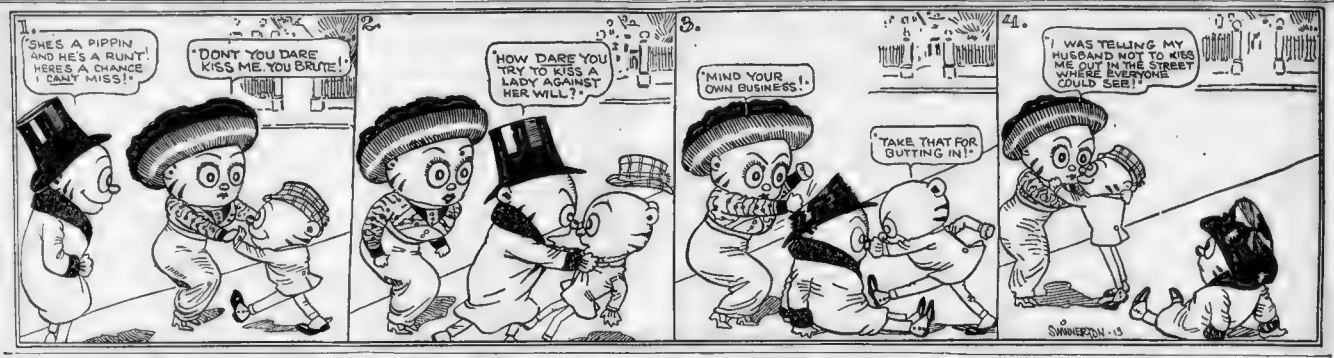
LEAGUE STANDINGS AND AVERAGES OF THE PIN HITTERS

SUNDAY AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

BATTLEWORN TITLE LIES BETWEEN YANKEES, BUT WHO'S CHAMPION?

It Was Just Like That!

By James Swinnerton


1.
"SHE'S A PIPPIN AND HE'S A RUNT! HERES A CHANCE I CAN'T MISS!"
"DONT YOU DARE KISS ME. YOU BRUTE!"
2.
"HOW DARE YOU TRY TO KISS A LADY AGAINST HER WILL?"
3.
"MIND YOUR OWN BUSINESS!"
"TAKE THAT FOR BUTTING IN!"
4.
"I WAS TELLING MY HUSBAND NOT TO KISS ME OUT IN THE STREET WHERE EVERYONE COULD SEE!"
SWINNERTON

Heavyweight Title a Puzzle? But It's an American Institution

By W. W. NAUGHTON.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—There was more to Gunboat Smith's victory over Bombardier Wells than appeared at first glance. It settled the pretensions of the one foreigner who was supposed to have a voice in the settlement of the world's championship controversy. The issue is confined to Americans entirely now.

It is easy enough to make this argument stick. Take the case of the Bombardier to begin with. On his own side of the pond he was acknowledged to be far and away the best of the heavies. His defeat by Palzer was excused on the plea that he suffered by heat or had not divested himself of his sea legs, and he was accorded another lease of life. He came back to this country tabbed as the "representative British heavyweight," and he was pained because Luther McCarty did not consent to a shrinkage of the championship distance to ten rounds and give him battle in New York. He threatened to follow Luther around the theatrical belt and denounce him nightly

© BY GEO. B. FRASER, STUDIO

TITLE LIES BETWEEN AMERICANS.

To divert his mind from his troubles, he accepted a date with Gunboat Smith, and now he "has gone back home."

That dismisses England.

France had her George Carpentier. Not so many months ago he was touted as a fit opponent for Jack Johnson. Since Then he has been trimmed by a pair of American middleweights—Billy Papke and Frank Klaus.

This means that France has hauled down her flag.

Over in Australia they are not claiming anything much in the line of heavyweight supremacy. They know they haven't a leg to stand on. What is interesting the Australian critics just now is the question who is Australia's heavyweight champion?

They know, of course, that their best man, Billy Long, was defeated by American Jack Lester, and that Lester was served up roasted, boiled and fricasseed by two colored chefs, Sam Langford and Sam McVea.

But the Australian sporting writers have hit upon the ingenious argument that an American scrapper cannot be regarded as an Australian champion because he is a "bird of passage."

Old, Wornout Bill Lang Is Still Champion of Australia.

Therefore, the question really becomes —Who is the resident champion of Australia—and if a voting contest were inaugurated the chances are that poor old Bill Lang would win out.

Now sir, nerry a whimper of protest is likely to be forthcoming from Australia, no matter what disposition is made of the world's championship and for that reason and other reasons mentioned it becomes an American institution.

The question now is—When will the American survivors of the white hope movement arrange a series of bouts to decide who is entitled to mount the pedestal.

One of the strange traits of human nature, as seen in fighters, is that directly a ring man achieves prominence he remembers some old grudge that he feels duty bound to satisfy

Before the bars went up against him Jack Johnson refused to box for Tom O'Rourke in New York because O'Rourke, in the years gone by, refused him an "employe's" ticket to a boxing contest, or had him thrown out after he had crept in under the canvas.

Billy McCarney, manager of white champion Luther McCarty, is said to owe a bitter against Jim Buckley, who directs the fistic fortunes of Gunboat Smith, because Buckley once played some slight on McCarney when Billy was doing the best he could in big Gotham.

As a consequence it is said that no man handled by Buckley is likely to receive recognition from Champion Luther

Gunboat Smith Will Refuse Willard a Match.

Gunboat Smith claims that Jess Willard once ran out after promising to box him in New York. Now Jess can go and whittle for a match.

It muddies the prospect, but there is a grain of comfort in the reflection that money has a mollifying effect. It goes without saying that a McCarty-Smith, a Smith-Willard or a McCarty-Willard match would pull a big gate, and as this is as evident to the warring pugilistic factions as to any one else, the chances are that hard feelings will not prevail very long

At present Smith, McCarty and Willard are the main factors in the championship dispute, but Al Palzer will surely be heard from before the thing is finally settled.

It would improve Al's chances of being allowed to cut in if he took a couple of fights before McCarthy, Smith and Willard get very far along with their three-cornered tourney. But the matter how the ruling works out, America has a clinch on the heavyweight championship of the world.

Jim Jeffries, by the way, keeps repeating that he is seriously contemplating a return to the ring. He says further that it is a conviction that he can smother all the present hopes that has put the thought in his head.

It can scarcely be said, however, that Jeffries' utterances are causing anything like a ripple of interest. If some clipping agency were to send Jim a collection of the remarks and opinions that his announcement has provoked he would probably emulate the parrot that shaked Noah for talking too much.

Professionals to Race.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The first of a series of professional foot races will be held at Celtic Park on Sunday, April 6. This will be the first outdoor set of games of the year. The first events will be a cup and a five mile run, in which Willis Kolehmainen, Billy Queal, Harvey Cohs and many other leading "pros."

AUSTRALIANS CLAIM THE CROUCH START

Sherill, Murphy and Lee Are Put Forward as Its Originators.

The controversy as to the originator of the crouch start for sprint races has reached Australia, with the result that the last word has come from the Antipodes.

In this country Charles E. Sherrill, four times intercollegiate champion; Tommy Lee, national champion in 1898, and Mike Murphy, have been put forward as the originators of this start.

Sherrill is known to have used the crouch in 1888 and Tommy Lee used this method of starting in .he same year.

Mike Murphy, however, claims to have introduced the crouch in 1881 or thereabouts. The performance of men that Murphy has trained show that, if used, the start was not appreciated, and John Owens, trained by him in 1890, won the 100-yard championship from a standing start.

The latest come from Bobby McDonald, who writes from the Cummeragunga Aboriginal Mission Station, New South Wales, under date of January 13, 1913, to the Referee. McDonald insists that he can prove that he was the first to introduce the crouch start and that he used the start before 1883. McDonald writes:

"When I was between fourteen and fifteen years if age I used to start in that fashion. If any of my old-time friends are alive they will testify to the truth of my statement. Sam Sloane will remember me adopting this start in Wellington in the big 150-pound handicap. The starter said to me: 'Are you getting up?' I was on my hands and knees, and that was where the public first saw me start."

There is confirmation of McDonald's statement by Harry Frederick, a contemporary of Lon Myers, who says that as far as this country is concerned, the crouch start was brought here by Myers when he returned from Australia after a campaign there in 1883.

CHAPMAN A "FIND."

Cleveland Recruit Infielder Makes Good in South.

PENSACOLA, Fla., March 29.—A sensational start means much to a ball player and a ball club. A poor start often ruins a good player and a good club.

Great ball players are not infrequently forced to linger in the minors an extra year because of the misfortune of having the luck break against them when given a trial higher up.

History doesn't contain the name of any player who performed more startling stunts in the American Association on his first trial than Chapple.

His record for his opening game in the A. A. reads like this: "Four times at bat, four hits, two doubles, two singles four stolen bases, stole home at a critical moment." Can you beat that?

Cleveland fans without question have become admirers of Chapple. It may be interesting to get the manager's opinion Hiram Bithorn Chapple still possesses a few minor faults. But listen to this:

"Chapman is, without exception," said Birmy, "the most wonderful infield prospect that I have ever seen break into the major league. That doesn't except Eddie Collins, Donie Bush, Stuffy McInnes or anyone."

GOPHERS TO GET VAN VLIET

Former Double Champion Will Coach Minnesota Rowing Squad.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 29.—George Van Vliet, formerly coach of the Staten Island Boat Club, New York, has signed to act in a similar capacity for the Minnesota Boat Club, according to an announcement here last night. Van Vliet, who was double champion of the United States and Canada for three years, is expected to arrive here April 10, and immediately will begin training the local members for the Northwestern international regatta, which will be held here in July.

$19,000 IN TROTTING STAKES

New Grandstand to Be Erected at Grand Rapids Course.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 29.—Nineteen thousand dollars will be offered in the early closing events of the Grand Circuit race meeting beginning here July 28. The early closing events include the $10,000 Furniture Manufacturers' Stake, the $5,000 Comadore Stake, the $2,000 Grand Rapids Railway Stake and the $2,000 Giffiins Stake

A new grandstand will be erected at a cost of $50,000, to replace the one burned last June.

Statistics of the Bowlers

CITY LEAGUE.

Team.	W.	L.	P.	Av.
Chancy	68	28	36479	561
Boston	62	34	33789	521
Osseo	57	39	30151	502
Dalton Square	47	49	29619	457
Osseo	46	50	29359	452
McKinley	46	54	34402	429
Murray	42	54	29044	429
Hayward	25	71	23911	370

Individual averages—Kattz 108 10-12, Poehler 105 27 66, McKee 102 24 66, Howard 103 13-36, Sones 102 28-30, Pare 102 9-34, Holmes 103 9-12, Brown 101 18-72, Felton 101 6-66, Graves 100 53-73, Gregg 100 22-59, Taylor 100 11-69, Hartford 100 6-30, Martel 100 1-28.

AMATEUR BOSTON PIN LEAGUE.
(Final Standing.)

Team.	W.	L.	P.	Av.
Arlington Boat Club	64	20	32500	812
B. A.	52	32	33845	615
Colonial Club	49	35	33055	589
Winthrop Yacht Club	41	43	31956	5.6
Dalton Club	39	45	31737	565
Dudley Club	37	47	31737	663
Oxford Club	34	50	31534	630
Newtowne Club	24	60	31634	562

Individual averages—Adams 107, Ellis M. Bass 107, Baker 107, Britz 105, Bernonin 106, Webb 105, Hickings 105, J. Bass 105, Rooney 105, Hoase 105, Morr 104, Hatch 104, Hutchinson 104, Newell 104, Henry 104, Smith 103, White 103, Kensington 103, Moore 103, Hincke 103, Fuller 102, Dow 102, Dehle 102, Lemple 102, Mohrland 101, Hallas 101, Dubbi 101, James 101, Cashin 101, Nowe 101, Lake 101, Hilton 100, Fox 100, Berry 100, Whalen 100, Brown 100, Thomas 100, Wales 99, Brown 99, Dykeman 98, Jones 96, Wilson 96, Grover 96, Armstrong 95, Beckwith 97, Brown 97, Curran 90, Green 84.

COLUMBUS CLUB LEAGUE.

Team.	W.	L.	P.	Av.
Mt. Pleasant	68	29	31,062	
Franklin	61	37	31,064	
Lower Mills	61	37	30,976	
Glen Hill	54	44	30,957	
Hyde Park	50	48	31,040	
Hayes	50	51	30,940	
Jamaica	49	51	30,956	
Mt. Vernon	33	51	27,917	
Franklin	33	67	27,917	
Dorchester	14	74	29,140	

Individual averages—Gill 98, Clark 97, Cogswell 97, Ruddy 96, Hickey 96, Mahoney 95, Norton 95, Hickey 95, Hahn 95, O'Brien 95, Hall 94, Wheeler 94, McCann 94, Cook 94, Kelleher 93, Manning 93, Lewis 92, Conover 92, Hall 92, Sutton 92, Lynn 92, Wade 92, Mulholland 92, Ernest 92.

COLUMBUS CLUB CHICKEN LEAGUE.

Team.	W.	L.	P.	Av.
Team 5	71	25		
Team 7	61	35		
Team 6	49	47		
Team 8	49	47		
Team 3	39	57		
Team 4	21	75		

Individual averages—Butler 93, Kagan 92, Reed 91, Lane 90, Johnson 90, Kelly 90, Maginnis 90, Hennessey 89, Russell 89, J. Connors 89, Ulcenis 89, Casey 88, Murphy 87, Lyon 87, Leonard 86, Powers 80.

MANCHESTER UNITY I. O. O. F. LEAGUE.

Team.	W.	L.	P.	Av.
Boston	67	9	25,187	
Jamaica	56	20	25,193	
Metropolitan	50	29	25,746	
O. F. Home	39	36	24,781	
Irving	37	54	22,670	
Mayflower	32	54	22,617	
Ursula	30	60	21,705	
Rhein	19	70	20,617	

Individual averages—Kvasse 95, Rossi 93, Lee 92, Seeley 92, Hinkle 92, Prescott 91, Hall 91, Kane 91, Bowman 91, Schacker 87, F. Rogis 86, Sampson 86, C. Rogis 85.

M. C. O. F. LEAGUE.
(Final Standing.)

Team.	W.	L.	P.	Av.
St. Alex's	56	8	27376	
St. Ann's	50	14	26,983	
Columbia	45	24	26974	
St. Joseph	44	25	26,974	
St. Peter and Paul	41	42	24963	
St. Rose	41	42	24,940	
St. Alphonsus	33	51	23780	
Columbian	32	52	23419	

TECHNOLOGY LEAGUE

Team.	W.	L.	P.	Av.
Fellows	14	4	5,975	
Pall Malls	13	5	6,373	
Sequin	11	7	6,447	
Lasers	9	9	6,447	
Tech Nabobs	3	14	6,447	
Moose	3	14	6,408	

WAGNER INSTRUCTS INDIAN

"Demon Dutchman" Gives Pointers to Pirate Recruit.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 29.—Honus Wagner has taken more than a passing interest in the Indian, Chief Eastman. Honus isn't given to indulging in extravagant statements, and when he says a recruit is a "mighty good ball player," it means something

Honus was asked what he thought of Eastman and said he was "a mighty good ball player," and added that "Chief Brown like Mickey Doolan and Solda just like Jack Miller looked when he broke into the league."

Ever since Eastman joined the Pirates Wagner has been teaching him.

SELECT BOXING OFFICIALS.

Lill, Norton and Brassil to Referee Big Title Tourney.

The Boxing Committee of the New England A. A. A. U. has selected the following officials for the New England amateur boxing championships, to be held at Mechanics Building, April 5:

Referee—A. J. Lill, Jr., John Norton and John Brassil; judges, M. F. Whalen, Patrick Horan, J. F. Conway and F. V. Barry; timers, H. C. Van Schaickman, Billy Le Clair, J. Adolph and Roy A. Fays; clerk, G. Harry Hodgkins; scorers, W. Graham, W. H. Howe, C. J. Connick, H. F. Wald, and J. J. Mara; weights, H. C. McGrath, G. Henry Hodgkins, D. J. Leonard and W. J. Brown; announcer, R. S. Gilbert; committee of arrangements, Dr. J. A. Lord and Daniel Lane.

GEERS WILL HANDLE M'KENSIE STABLE

Joe Patchen II, and Other Speedy Horses to Be Driven by Grand Old Man.

MEMPHIS, March 29.—Announcement has been made that "Pop" Geers will have the cream of the stable of R. J. MacKenzie to campaign this season and that the horses have been shipped from California to the Geers headquarters at Memphis.

The horses that are now speeding toward Memphis are Joe Patchen II., 2.03¼, beaten but once on the Grand Circuit last season and the largest money winning pacer that ever trod a big ring; Vernon McKinney, 2.01½, winner of the Chamber of Commerce and other big stakes on the Grand Circuit in 1911; Zombiack, 2.08; Frank Perry (1), 2.16, and Baroness Psyche (2), by Baron Review (sister of Baroness Helen), 2.17¾.

The appearance of Joe Patchen II. and Vernon McKinley again will be welcomed on the Grand Circuit. The McKinley horse will probably be sent against time, but Patchen II. is expected to be seen down the big line.

Frank Perry is now three years old. As a yearling Perry paced the Lexington track in 2.15, thus establishing a world's record which still stands. Perry is by Toddington, pongy sire owned by W. P. Murray of Cleveland. He is eligible to most of the futurities for three-year olds, and it is believed that he has a good chance of winning many in any of them.

Other members of the Geers stable will be the pacing stallion Don Dewsmore, 2.02¾, that will pace in two minutes when he tries through the first half of a heat; Atar, trial 2.05, and the trotters Eva Card, 2.08¾; Reuscus, by Prince of Indin; the highly tried Barney Gibbs and Hallston, a five-year-old trotter the first but was unfortunate Bergen, 2.06¾, the stallion that Geers has had permanently from the turf.

Many Entries Made for Waltham and Hub Horse Parades

The number of entries already received for the Waltham horse parade fully insures the success of the show. The classes are open to horse owners in all the neighboring cities and towns and it is expected the display of city and town teams especially will be remarkably fine. Newton, for instance, has long been noted for the beauty of its city horses. Entries for the Waltham parade close April 5, and the parade will be on April 19.

Entries for the Boston parade close May 1, and it is already apparent that the record sorry list of last year will be equalled if not exceeded.

The M. S. P. C. A. offers medals for veteran drivers at the Waltham and Boston parades.

The directors of the Boston Work-Horse Parade Association are confident that they have the best lot of judges ever brought together in the world. For ten years, its judges have been carefully sifted and selected by the president of the association, having regard only to their knowledge and experience, but also to their character as men. Some judges have been dropped because they were not sufficiently humane in the treatment of their own horses. Every State in New England, and all classes and occupations, are represented on the list, and to have a place on it is now recognized as a high honor.

JENNINGS HOPES FOR 4TH.

Tiger Boss Says Team Will Finish in First Division.

The Tigers ran sixth last year, but Manager Jennings is confident that they will do at least two points better this season. He considers that fourth place will be about the limit for his club, but is sure that he will get that far. He thinks that the fight for the pennant will be between the Red Sox and the Athletics. He paces Washington third and himself fourth. Rogbey seems to be overlooking a bet in the White Sox, who are quite likely to beat out both the Tigers and the Washington team

TUFTS NINE READY FOR DIAMOND CALL

Medford Boys Will Open Against Cornell on Ithacan's Grounds.

With the first game but two weeks distant Coach Cannell of the Tufts College baseball team is combing his men hard to round them into the best of condition.

The season opens with a trip of seven games during the Spring recess, which starts April 16. April 17 Cornell is first at Cornell. On the following day Syracuse will be the opponent. April 19 the team journeys to Union, and from there to Orange, N. J., to play Seton Hall.

On April 23 and 23 the team will battle Fordham, and the trip will be concluded by a game with Holy Cross.

"Win" Adams is again showing excellent form. Krappe, the freshman recruit from Mercersburg Academy, has already earned his place as second man.

Bergan, '15; Little, '16, and Harris, '16, are the leading men for the third position and are fighting hard to best each other.

Jamesion, the varsity catcher last year, is again a fixture behind the plate Cowel, second-string man from last season; O'Brien and Meagha are all trying hard to lead the other as receiver.

Since the team got outside Captain "Shiv" Bennett has shown a marked improvement, while Stafford, the former Dean captain, has outdistanced all the other candidates for the second sack.

Proctor, the varsity shortstop of last season, is back at his old position

The contest between Lee and Armstrong for third base is a close one Both men are sure of being retained, and whichever one plays the bag the other will probably be shifted to the outfield.

The outfield is Coach Cannell's greatest problem just at present.

That Cat's Paw Plug Prevents Slipping

Put Your Foot Right Down

It won't slip—even on wet sidewalks or the smoothest floor. That Cat's Paw Friction Plug Holds. And notice, too, that it is near the back of the heel, where the hardest wear comes.

CAT'S PAW
CUSHION
RUBBER HEELS

Put You On A Sure Footing

No holes to carry mud or dirt. Extra quality rubber gives resiliency and lightness, lends energy to your step.

They walk easier and last longer than other kinds, but cost no more.

They Never "Skid"

Ask your shoe dealer to put Cat's Paw Heels on all your shoes—Black or Tan. The name is easy to remember.

TO THE RETAIL DEALER

It pays to give the public what they want. The majority want Cat's Paw Cushion Rubber Heels. Order from your jobber today.

50c. Attached At All Dealers

Foster Rubber Co., 105 Federal St., Boston, Mass.

WANTED IDEAS

An Opportunity To Make Money

Inventors, men of ideas and inventive ability, should write today for our list of inventions needed, and prizes offered by leading manufacturers.

Patents secured or our fee returned. "Why Some Inventors Fail." "How to Get Your Patent and Your Money," and other valuable booklets sent free to any address.

RANDOLPH & CO.
Patent Attorneys,
618 "F" Street, N. W.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

RECORDS BROKEN BY DARTMOUTH STARS IN TRACK MEET

SUNDAY AMERICAN SPORTING NEWS

RED SOX WIND UP 1913 PRACTICE AT HOT SPRINGS CAMP

RED SOX WIND UP WORK AT HOT SPRINGS

Stahl's Men to Play the Pirates In Final of Series Tomorrow.

By L. R. MURDOCK.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 29.—With today's practice the Red Sox wound up training in Hot Springs The regulars beat the Yannigans 16 to 3 The Sox will play the deciding game of the Pittsburgh series Monday, the contest stands now two each and a tie.

The Sox are favorites for the final clash because Stahl expects to use strong pitchers and the best fielding strength he has available. Tuesday the champions expect to start for home. President McAleer has received word indirectly the Cincinnati series scheduled for next Friday, Saturday and Sunday are off. If that is so he will try to arrange four games with the University of Illinois, beginning Wednesday, at Champaign, Ill., in which case the Sox will arrive in Boston next Sunday night.

Pitcher Brandt was released to the Toronto International League team today. Carlstrom left for Fall River, Moseley for Youngstown and Walsh for Worcester today

Squad Numbers Twenty-three.

This depletes the squad to twenty-three ball players; one or two more men will be let out, probably including Shortstop Scott. Wood and Bedient are in better shape, apparently, than in the paying season a year ago. Bedient pitched for the Yannigans today. His first effort since his injury Collins looks better than he did in last year's training season. O'Brien, who works with Bedient today, and Hall, seemed about the same as usual.

Leonard and Foster appear to be two steadiest pitchers for new men. Leonard pitched for the regulars to day and won.

McAleer Optimistic.

"With the men in the shape they are," declared McAleer today, in a burst of optimism, "I don't see how we can lose a game on paper. The training season has been more successful than the Sox have ever had before. They have lost but two complete days from storms. The only injured men are Cady, with a sore hand; Janvrin, with a dislocated left forefinger, and Gardner, with a sore right arm. Leonard and Foster have the makings, but in Janvrin the Sox appear to have the find of the year. I think he is the best youngster picked up by any team in years."

"He looks as if he will make a great ball player," said Stahl

The Sox have been out of wire communication with Boston since Tuesday in the meantime they have played one game with Pittsburgh which they lost and have had daily practice except Wednesday Notwithstanding the floods and storms elsewhere, the weather here has been superb so that the Sox have had a better training season than any other club in the American League.

SUCCESS OF RED SOX UP TO PITCHERS

O'BRIEN, HALL, BEDIENT AND WOOD ALL SHOWING CHAMPIONSHIP FORM

THE RED SOX WORLD CHAMPIONS' BIG FOUR IN ACTION—CAN THEY REPEAT THIS SEASON?

O'Brien. Hall. Bedient. Wood.

NEW RECORDS MADE IN DARTMOUTH MEET

Indoor Track Season Closed with Most Successful Set of Games.

HANOVER, N. H., March 29.—Dartmouth's most successful indoor track season was brought to a close this afternoon with the fourth handicap meet. Three records were broken and one was equalled. Captain Ball, of the cross-country team, and Saltmarsh furnished the thrills of the afternoon in the two-mile race. Both men ran from scratch and scared together till the last lap, when a sharp spurt sent Saltmarsh ahead, a winner over the hitherto invincible Ball. The time was 10 minutes 1 1-5 seconds, breaking the old record by fourteen seconds.

Two separate 440-yard dashes were held. In the first of these O'Connor breasted the tape in 52 3-5 seconds, breaking his own former record of 53 1-5 seconds. In the other 440-yard race, Rowe, a hitherto practically unknown man, covered the distance in 52 seconds. The performance of Rowe has overjoyed the Dartmouth students as they figure that a man who can negotiate the quarter in 52 seconds on a six-lap track with four turns can easily be developed into an intercollegiate winner.

Strean equalled the record in the 100 yards low hurdles, and Marcese shortened the mile in 4 minutes 29 1-5 seconds, breaking the old time by 2-5 of a second.

The summary.

75-yard dash (handicap)—Won by O'Connor, 14½ yards; Ellis, second; Rowe, 14, third. Time—8 2-5 sec.

220-yard dash (handicap)—Won by Sullivan, 16; Odell, 14, second; Martin, 18, third. Time—28 3-5 sec.

440-yard run (handicap)—First race—Won by O'Connor, 14; Dent, 15, second; Wentworth, 11, third. Time—52 2-5 sec. (New record.)

440-yard run (handicap)—Second race—Won by Rowe, 14; Taylor, 14, second; Ellis, 12, third. Time—52 sec. (New record.)

880-yard run (handicap)—Won by McGarvey, 16; Dean, 17, second; Burke, 14, third. Time—2 min. 1 1-5 sec.

One mile run (handicap)—Won by Marcese, 14; Harmon, 14, second; Perkins, 16, third. Time—4 min. 29 1-5 sec. (New record.)

Two-mile run (handicap)—Won by Saltmarsh, 14; Ball, 12, second; Durgin, 16, third. Time—10 min. 1 1-5 sec. (New record.)

120-yard high hurdles (handicap)—Won by Lombard, 16; Strean, 15, second. Time—17 sec.

100-yard low hurdles (handicap)—Won by Strean, 15; Lyman, 16, second. Time—14 4-5 sec. (Equalled record.)

Shot put (handicap)—Won by Whitney, 18; Rogers, 15, second; Eagleburn, 14, third. Distance—34 feet 6 inches.

Running high jump (handicap)—Won by Robertson, 14; Lyman, 16, second. Distance—5 feet 2 inches.

Running broad jump (handicap)—Won by Fretwell, 13; Strean, 15, second; Lasker, 17, third. Distance—21 feet 1 1-2 inches.

Pole vault (handicap)—Won by Gorman, 15; tie between Hyes, 12, and Hurlbert, 15. Height—11 feet.

Javelin throw (handicap). Won by Rogers, 15; Gorman, 15, second; Hyes, 12, third. Distance—Rogers, 151 ft. 10 1-2 in.

16-lb. shot (handicap)—Won by Fosbenner, 14; Whitney, 18, second; Rogers, 15, third. Distance—120 ft. 5 in.

Wilkins Wins Tech Cross-Country Race

C. H. Wilkins, '14, led the field home in the Tech intercourse cross-country race yesterday afternoon over the Tech course, starting at Highland Station and ending at Tech Field in Brookline. Wilkins, a Mechanical, but as no more of his course finished up in front, the Electricians took the most points. E. E. Best, '15, came second, nearly three hundred yards behind Wilkins, and H. S. Benson, '16, who was expected to win the race, third place.

Benson caught a cramp at the two-mile mark, and in trying to get it off nearly ran himself out, and finished in a very weak condition. F. B. Harris, '16, a classmate whom Coach Keady has been developing, was close behind Benson.

The others finished as follows: M. H. Hill, '15, M. G. Graf, '16, H. Gray, '16, R. Level, '15, J. Goldstein, '16, R. F. Pollard, '15 and H. Bassett, '15. The course was muddy and wet and the four and three-quarter miles were as hard to cover as six miles on a hard course. The cross country men have been plugging and the results were all overflowed, therefore the time was rather slow.

REDUCE PRICES OF THE DIAMOND TIRES

Will Aid the Motorists; Floods Have Not Stopped Output of Tires.

CLEVELAND, O., March 29.—The reduction of tire prices, as announced for Diamond tires, means a big saving for motorists who equip their cars with this well-known brand of tires. The reasons for the reduction are on account of the large supply of crude rubber, improved methods of manufacturing, and particularly the economy resulting from the discovery made by Diamond chemists of a new process of toughening pure gum that has resulted in vitalized rubber.

This discovery is a secret method of toughening pure rubber that insures more road resisting wear in the tire at the same time, materially economizing in the cost of tire production.

The recent floods in Akron have in no way interfered with the Diamond factory or production, although other factories have had to suspend operations.

RED SOX PITCHERS' COMPLETE RECORDS FOR 1912

Here are the four star pitchers of the Red Sox that won the world's championship from the Giants last Fall. On them depends the winning of the American League title the coming season and the grabbing of the world's series again, should they succeed in beating out the rival teams in their league. Boston fans are asking one another if it is possible for these men to show as good form this season as last, and the general belief is that they will.

Wood, Bedient, Hall and O'Brien took part in 155 games in the 1912 American League season. The Boston team played 153 games. Of these they won 87 and lost 36. Their complete hurling records follow.

Record in American League Race of 1912.	G.	W.	L.	T.	TO.	Pi.	PC.	SO.
Wood	43	34	9	0	3	5	.792	82
Bedient	41	20	10	0	12	10	.667	55
Hall	34	15	8	2	13	8	.652	83
O'Brien	37	18	13	0	9	2	.581	115
	155	87	36	3	37	25	.693	468

World's Series Records.	G.	W.	L.	TO.	PC.
	4	3	1	1	.750
	4	1	0	1	
	2	0	1	1	.000
	2	0	2	2	
	—	—	—	—	
	12	4	3	5	.571

GOOD SCHEDULE FOR TEAM AT ARLINGTON

Baseball Men Hope to Equal Great Record Made by Hockey Sevens.

Manager Thomas Keefe of the Arlington High baseball team has arranged a very attractive schedule for his team for the coming season. Twenty games will be played, and Manager Keefe is confident that Arlington will be as successful in baseball as in hockey during the past season.

"Benny" Bower, who was elected captain last week, will make a fine leader and will have eight of last year's team to start the season with. He has thirty new candidates and they will give some of the veterans a run for their places. The schedule:

April 14, Somerville at Somerville; April 16, Wakefield at Wakefield; April 19, Wellesley at Arlington, April 23, La Salle at Arlington; April 26, Boston Latin at Arlington; April 30, Hanover at Arlington; May 3, Phillips Academy at Andover; May 7, Boston Latin at Boston; May 10, Somerville at Arlington; May 12, Newton at Newton; May 14, Medford at Arlington; May 17, Wellesley at Arlington; May 21 La Salle at Wakefield; May 24, Watertown at Arlington; May 26, Somerville at Somerville; May 30, Worcester at Worcester; June 4, Medford at Medford; June 7, Watertown at Reading; June 14, Winchester at Winchester; June 17, Gloucester at Arlington.

"Arnold Valley League games.

Harvard Swimmers Are Defeated by Brown Tank Men

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 29.—The Brown swimming squad easily defeated Harvard in the College Hall swimming pool tonight, not allowing its opponents a single first place. The score of 42 to 11 tells the tale.

In the relay Sigowmey, Harvard's third swimmer, failed to touch the end of the tank in turning and returned, allowing the Brown team to take the race handily down, although up to this time it had been very close.

Fullerton, the Harvard freshman, showed up extremely well in the dashes, giving Smith one of the prettiest tussles of the evening for honors in the fifty-yard swim. Smith of Brown got first in the dive and fifty-yard dash.

McLaughlin of Brown had things his own way in the 220-yard swim, while Hull won the 100-yard swim.

BALL PARK UNDER WATER.

Indianapolis Club Will Finish Training at St. Louis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 29.—Manager Mike Kelley of the Indianapolis American Association baseball team took one good look at Washington Park yesterday, then cancelled all exhibition games scheduled before the opening of the season on April 24, and made preparations to take the team to St. Louis to complete its spring training.

The club's playing grounds were under several feet of water during the flood, all the bleachers were swept away, one pier under the grand stand was undermined and weakened, and the park is in such poor condition that it will not be fit for baseball for a week or more.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Arthur Hill Is Chosen President of Tennis Club.

The Wollaston Tennis Club of Quincy has elected Arthur B. Hillman president. Nathan G. Nickerson, Jr., treasurer; Isaac L. Litchfield clerk. Arthur B. Hillman, Charles E. Barker, Clifton H. Baker, Herbert H. Sibee and Clarence Hutton directors.

Stahl Is Well Pleased with Work of His Pitching Staff.

JAKE STAHL is placing much dependence in his steering quartet of right-handed pitchers in the 1913 American League race. Were he half as well supplied with left-handers—for he has only Ray Collins—he would win the fag in a walk-away.

At least two of the four—Joe Wood, the premier pitcher of the American League last year, and Hugh Bedient—should finish among the first five pitchers in their league next season.

Wood, one of the merriest youngsters in the game, is showing no inclination to go back, and in the practice at Hot Springs Joe is showing his old-time pepper. He has also developed a slow ball which should aid him greatly in breaking up his assortment of fast shoots.

Bedient is due for the best season of his career. This youngster, as everyone knows, played a most conspicuous part in last year's World's Series and was one of the main factors in turning the tide of victory Boston's way.

"Buck" O'Brien, the Brockton boy and originator of the famous "balk" which nearly cost Boston the big series, has rounded into good form, and if everything goes right will be called upon to take his regular turn in the box this season.

Although "Buck" has been a mark for much criticism because of his quirks, he is only laughs at it all. O'Brien is too experienced a pitcher to mind things that way.

If any of the recruits come up to expectations Charley Hall will not be called upon to work in the box, but will be held in reserve as a relief pitcher. Hall is one of the best game savers playing but today even greater than either Ed Walsh or Crandall.

Last season, when some of the other pitchers were not going good, he took his regular turn in the box and was one of the men who put the Sox away to a flying start.

During the end of the season he let up, but did not work in true fashion when he was called upon, as he had pitched himself out earlier in the season.

Hall is also trying for a place as utility outfielder and may be seen in the outer garden as the season progresses. Charley is a great batter and his stickwork would help if nothing else.

Manager Jack Dunn Picks Phillies to Win National Flag

SOUTHERN PINES, N. C., March 29.—There is one old-time ball player, who picks the Phillies to win the pennant if—that individual is none other than Jack Dunn, manager of the Baltimore Club, of the International League with which the Daldes have been playing

Dunn pitched for the Phillies several years ago, and he has been a manager for several seasons. "Smiling Jack" has kept in close touch with all of the major league teams, for it is from them that he secures some of his best players. He has also sent a number of youngsters into fast company, as for instance Egan, Murphy and Walsh of the Athletics.

In discussing the National League race, Dunn remarked:

"The Phillies should breeze in this season if their pitchers hold up and they do not have the run of hard luck that they did last year. Doolin has got a well-rounded-out ball team. I am surprised at the condition of the players. If the Phillies have the pitchers—and the twirlers used against my team look giveliest—they should be the team to set the pace in the National League this season."

CATHEDRAL RACE APRIL 12.

Ten-Mile Cross-Country Will Be Held Over Same Course.

The 57th annual ten-mile open handicap cross-country run of the Cathedral Young Men's Catholic Association will be held on Saturday afternoon, April 12. It will be over the same course as in previous years: Start at clubhouse, Union Park street to Harrison avenue, to Massachusetts avenue, to Columbus park, to Rice Hill avenue, to Morton street and return via same route. Entry blanks may be obtained by applying to the manager at the clubhouse, No. 70 Union Park street.

Fraser and Walker Sign.

TORONTO, March 29.—Charlie Fraser, the Toronto wrestler, has signed to wrestle George Walker, the ex-Canadian amateur champion, for the light-heavyweight championship of Canada, the winner to meet Raymond Caseaux, the giant Frenchman, in Montreal later on. The date for the Walker-Fraser match is April 5. Fraser is working out at the Varsity gym.

CHRISTIE TO GET MOHA GO

Middleweight Battle Figured on for Milwaukee About April 4.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 29.—The windup bout for the next local boxing show which will be staged at the Hippodrome about April 4, probably will involve Bob Moha and Gus Christie, middleweights. Christie is anxious to fight Witt Bob Another bout being considered is one between Jack Dillon of Indianapolis and Moha. Mattie McCue, the Racine cyclone, and Abe Attel are also being talked about, though it is not likely the match will be arranged, as Milwaukee fans are enough of Attell when he was here last.

ATHLETICS IN BAD SHAPE.

Mack Fears Team May Go Stale for Lack of Practice.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—The local Athletics, former champions of the diamond universe, arrived here after overcoming trying circumstances in the flood region. The players decamped minus their paraphernalia, which went astray in the inundated district.

Manager Mack was not basking in smiles over the prospects of his team, the coming season. The spiral tactician fears his aggregation will go stale from lack of practice and thus lose their chances of getting a flying start on the rest of the field.

Harvard Defeats Penn Relay Team.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—Harvard defeated the University of Pennsylvania relay team in the annual indoor meet of the Penn Athletic Association tonight by a margin of 20 points. The Crimson scored 52 points to 32 for the Quakers. Harvard won the relay race, the 100-yard dash, the 220-yard dash, the 440-yard run, the 880-yard run, the mile run, the two-mile run, the 120-yard hurdles and the high jump. Penn won the 70-yard hurdles, the shot put, the pole vault and the broad jump.

RACING RESULTS, AT CHARLESTON.

FIRST RACE—Three-year-olds and up, selling 5½ furlongs. Golden Egg, 97 (Monicol), 5-1, 3-5, out, won; Ruth Grady, 106 (Gaul), even, 2-5, out, second; Winifred D., 108 (Tapia), 8-1, 3-5, out, third. Time—1.08 4-5. Garden of Roses and Jim Bar also ran.

SECOND RACE—Two-year-olds, 5½ furlongs. Attalie, 108 (Pickett), 9-1, 2-1, 7-10, Harwood, 118 (J. Hanover), 2-1, 5-2, 2-5, second; Wonna Jones, 107 (Saunders), 12, 4-5, 2-5, third. Time—1.07 2-5. Hillcrest Star Miss Walsh, Miss Charcot, Farrell Girl and Ada Cox ran.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and up, mile and a sixteenth (Curtis), 113 (Hoffman), 12, out, won; White Wood, 107 (Goose), 7-2, even and out, second; Affaire, 104 (J. Hanover), 7-2, out, third. Time—1.47 4-5. Armor and Lochinvar also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Palmetto Derby of $3,000, three-year-olds, mile and a quarter, (Curtis), Jim Perrine, 5-1, 2-1, even, Kentucky Girl, 114 (Wilson), even, 2-5, out, second; Yale Tartar, 111 (Gemmell), 15-1, even, 2-5, third. Time—2.11 2-5. Bensadotta, Chilton King and Silverpeak also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds, selling, 5 furlongs; Katy, 103 (Webb), 9-2, even and 2-5, Jacquin, 105 (Herrold), 10-1, 4-1, 2-5, second; Fairy Defender, 101 (Martinez), 9-1, 2-1, 4-5, third. Time—1.01 1-5. Miss Bourdais, Cutie B., Bonnie Bird, Wild Rose also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, selling, mile and a sixteenth. Colonel Cook, 109 (Morden), even, out, out, won; Twinfield, 103 (Webb), 4-1, 7-5, 2-5, second; Cherry Obia, 109 (Rosen), 4-5, out, out, third. Time—1.46 1-5. Mirvard and Hilma also ran.

GREEN SQUAD AT WORK.

First Outdoor Practice for Dartmouth Diamond Men.

HANOVER, N. H., March 29.—The Dartmouth baseball squad received their first real outdoor work this afternoon. Two nines were picked and a scrub game was played. Although the team has not yet been definitely picked the indications on the spring trip will probably be: Catcher, Hinkey; pitchers, Eckfeldt, Bowers, Mooney and Hallett; first base, Bennett; second base, Donahue; third base, Kimball; shortstop, Lowe; fielders, Sullivan, Loeden and Twitchell.

GIRLS TO HAVE NINE.

Oliver Ames High Instructor to Organize Baseball Team.

NORTH EASTON, March 29.—Miss Eva Brunnell, girls' instructor at the Oliver Ames High School gymnasium here, is organizing a baseball team among the feminine members of the school, and will try to interest the Brockton and Stoughton High School teams to the contest of playing a series of games this Spring. Nearly all the members of the basketball five played with the baseball team which represented the girls of the Oliver Ames High last season, and a good team will be put on the diamond.

MOTOR DEALERS WELCOME CLOSE OF SHOW SEASON

Both Pleasure and Commercial Show Proved Decidedly Successful and Will Be Repeated in March of Next Year.

J. C. KERRISON.

The motor show season of 1913 is over. The manufacturers and dealers now settle down to the hard pull of the 1913 campaign. Filled with prospects as the result of the shows that have come and gone, the dealers are looking forward to establishing a business record for the present year. They feel confident that now that they can attend to the regular business without any special efforts being made towards a show display they can accomplish results that have heretofore been denied them.

The motor shows, while of inestimable value to the industry as a whole, seem to have a habit of somewhat disrupting the regular order of affairs. They always create an increased interest, and to keep this interest alive and to make it productive of results is the one great object of the dealers.

The shows this year are away ahead of all previous years. The attendance has decidedly increased, going no doubt to the earlier date, not of the 1913 models. The color of credit has been in evidence to the extent that was never before eliminated. It is something much talked about, and the result is a great amount of increased sales.

The motor car of today is a finished product, and the improvements made each succeeding year are in matters of detail alone, so that really the 1913 is but different very little from that of 1912, and from what is now known, the same conditions will prevail as regards the 1914 models.

One company has already on the market its 1914 model, and to tell the truth, it was shown at the 1913 show. This is perhaps the earliest model of the coming year that has ever been shown, but it is indicative of the trend of the times, and it is only a question of a few weeks more when other 1914 models will be displayed.

This it would seem has a detrimental effect upon the prospective purchaser, who now that he finds that in certain lines of cars he can get next year's model will be inclined to wait a month or so in the belief that others will have their new models on the market; whereas, under ordinary conditions he would purchase his new car at once. If this practice continues one can anticipate seeing a large number of 1913 models disposed of in the 1914 shows.

In speaking about the 1914 show brings to mind the fact that this show will positively be held next year. The idea that many have gained that the interest in the show is diminishing is not borne out by the box office returns. The attendance at the last show was fully as great as at any previous exhibit and the volume of sales was fully as great if not greater. At the pleasure car show the great majority of the dealers were perfectly satisfied with the business they have accomplished, and there was not a dealer exhibiting who did not come away from the show with a large bunch of very flattering prospects.

To a degree the same holds good of the truck show. The public interest in the truck show was manifestly less than it was in the pleasure car exhibit. This however, was but natural. The lay public has no particular desire to inspect or admire vehicles constructed along purely commercial lines. The commercial truck has not the polished body and the fine upholstering nor is it painted in the various colors of the rainbow. It is built for what it is intended. It is a vehicle of utility, and as such constructed. The man who has use for a motor truck cares not whether it is painted red, white or blue. He wants results. Consequently trucks are built with that one idea and no effort has been made to appeal to the fastidious or artistic temperaments of the great public.

A rumor was current during the show that Boston would follow the example of New York and Chicago and establish a truck show. This, however is a false impression. The show will be held in March next. However it will open on the Tuesday following the closing of the pleasure show and instead of going over a Sunday will close Saturday evening. The Boston truck show is inaugurated on a Wednesday and continued until the following Wednesday with a Sunday intervening. This arrangement seems to have broken up the real show interest—hence the arrangement made for next season.

Lancia Meets Self-Starter

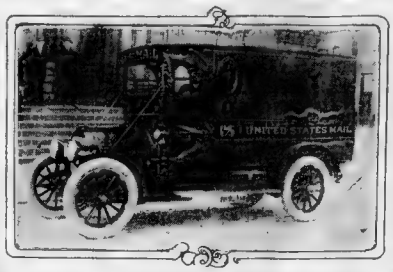
Lancia, the famous Italian race driver, and manufacturer of a car bearing his name, is visiting the American factories with the idea of obtaining information regarding the electric self-starting and lighting system which has made American cars so popular in the East, as compared with foreign cars.

Mr. Lancia called at the show-room of the Moon Motor Car Company of New York and inspected the Moon-Wagner electric starting and lighting system particularly on account of hearing so many favorable reports by their competitors.

The mechanical construction of the starter was explained in detail to one of the Moon salesmen, by the cut-out chassis on the showroom floor. Mr. Lancia, like everyone else, always interested when seeing the wheels go around stood directly in front of the chassis, at the same time requesting that the mechanism be put in action; in the meantime someone had placed the gear shift lever at third speed with the result that when the starting lever was operated, the chassis gave one plunge ahead, knocking Mr. Lancia over, and we all know that Lancia is no pigmy

After getting on his feet Lancia remarked in broken English that the Moon starter was not only the best mechanically constructed starter he had seen in this country, but he he was very much impressed with the actual power which it demonstrated.

TRUCK USED BY GOVERNMENT



Kissel-Kar Motor Wagon in Service in United States Postoffice.

QUALITY IS THE ONE GREAT FACTOR

"It is no longer a question of the value and the advisability of using motor trucks, but the selection of the proper one that is worrying many keen business men," says E. E. Harmon, manager of Myer Abrams Co., the New England representatives of the Lauth Juergens Motor Car Company

"Today the average buyer selects his truck not on price, but on the quality of the truck and the service which will be rendered to him. He is "motor-wise" now He knows that a concern that has been manufacturing trucks for a number of years—and has had their product thoroughly tested out under all sorts of conditions—are more apt to treat him in the proper way than a concern that is just breaking into the business and is not strong financially and has only meagre factory facilities A concern that makes only trucks and gives its undivided attention to developing them, one that sells and then serves, is sure of success. That is the kind of policy is appreciated is demonstrated by the business of the Lauth-Juergens Co. and Myer Abrams Co."

New Company Here in Boston

As a result of the reception given to the Pathfinder cars during the pleasure car show arrangements have been perfected for the establishment in the city of a local salesroom and a New England distributing plant.

The Pathfinder Motor Car Company of New England, located at No. 112 Boylston street, has taken over the retail distribution, and in the same building F. B. Parker, the New England representative, has established his headquarters.

The Pathfinder car is well known in the Middle West, where it has performed some most excellent work, and is destined to be heard from in this section.

Velie Gets the Contract

The Velie Motor Vehicle Company has just been awarded the contract for Velie runabouts for the Boston Fire Department. This award was made as a result of a series of strenuous tests to which all competing cars were subjected. These tests included not only road work and hill climbing, but also an extremely thorough examination and test by Professor Gallup of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, who was employed by the city as a technical expert.

"In receiving this contract for the Velie roadsters," said Manager Braddell, "we are very much pleased and feel that the well-known superior features of Velie construction have again been demonstrated"

BORNSTEIN GOES WITH PREMIER

Harold D. Bornstein, well known in the Boston and New England motor car sales and publicity circles, has entered the employ of the Premier Motor Car Company of New England, where he has joined the sales department and will assist in the advertising and publicity work

Bornstein is one of the many newspaper men who have been successful in the motor car industry. For four years he was in the editorial department of the Boston AMERICAN

Since the establishment of the Velie Boston branch Bornstein has assisted in building up a large New England business for that company through original sales and publicity ideas

A large and broader field is open to him with the Premier Motor Car Company, who handle the six-cylinder car. He leaves his former position with the best wishes of his associates for his success in his new field.

Owners Govern Cost of Up-Keep

"The cost of upkeep depends almost entirely upon the way in which a car is driven. If a car is handled with anything like the same care any ordinary machine is complicated as a motor car receives there would not be, any complaint about expense bills. This is the statement of George Weatherbee of the Hollander Motor Company, local distributors of the Cartercar Company

"Did you ever notice how a wild driver exhibits his ability?" said Mr. Weatherbee "He seems to take a delight in seeing how reckless he can be. He seems to be of the opinion that a motor car has the same vitality and flexibility as a horse. Thus the motor car will stand more real treat than a horse and do it on less cost, but it will not stand hard skidding and racing over rough roads. And this habit of some drivers means only expense for themselves —and more profits for the manufacturer.

"Suppose a locomotive, which is one of the most powerful machines ever invented, were bumped and jerked around like the average motor car. It would not run a week. Find the man who complains least about upkeep expense and gets the most satisfaction from his car, and you will invariably find a careful driver."

$5,000 Tire Contest.

Automobile owners are greatly interested in the unique $5,000 upkeep contest inaugurated by the makers of Ajax tires, which begins next Tuesday to continue until March 31, 1914. Any stimulus to chauffeurs that will impel them to try to get more wear and more mileage out of tires and to take extra good care of them so they will last longer has its financial return to the car owner. Although owners are not eligible to compete in the Ajax tire prize contest, they are in another sense just as much the gainers by it as if they came out actual prize winners.

MUST SELL CARS AT RAPID FIRE

The Ford Motor Co. Must Sell a Car Every Forty-Five Seconds to Dispose of Output.

To sell its output of 200,000 cars this year, the Ford Motor Company through its dealers and branch houses must sell a car every forty-five seconds during the entire year

It is, however, is not the difficult task it might be Although the company has built and sold to date as many cars as it did last year, it has far from filled the orders that have piled in upon it from all parts of the civilized world

If the output took a year to be sold then the average would be a car every forty-five seconds during the entire twelve months. But last but by the way with 17-24 Motor Company outputs

Last year the order books closed in June, the year before that they did the same thing and indications this year point to the order books closing even before the first of the year.

Right now the company is some 40,000 orders behind its production, this, however, with 75,000 cars already built and sold, it will appear from this that to date Fords have been selling a great deal more rapidly than one every forty-five seconds, one in fact every half minute would more nearly hit it

Branch of Mercury Company.

General Manager W. A. Zimmerman of the Mercury Manufacturing Company has arranged with George F. Kehew, one of the best-known automobile men in New England, to look after the New England interests of his company. A distributing sales and service station has been opened at 249-243 Massachusetts avenue, Cambridge, next door to the Ford service station, in the very heart of what is acknowledged to be the greatest truck distributing centre in the United States

A full line of Mercury trucks, together with an extensive stock of repair parts, will be carried on hand at all times, which assures Mercury owners and dealers in New England a high standard of service.

Not Affected by Flood.

The Darton Airless Tire Company of No. 589 Boylston street have been notified by their New York office of the fact that their factory at Dayton, O., was not seriously damaged by the flood and that the only inconvenience suffered will be caused by the slow shipments on the part of the railroads from Dayton. Manager E. C. Newcomb stated that fortunately he had laid in a large supply of tires and is prepared to take care of any reasonable orders at the present time.

Increase Its Sales Force

Harry E. Marvel Becomes Identified with the Fiat Motor Sales Company.

The Fiat Motor Sales Company announces that Harry E. Marvel has associated himself with this company to take up his duties Monday, March 31, handling the product of the American Fiat factory, which has been in operation at Poughkeepsie, New York, for the past three years.

Unlike other foreign manufacturers who have attempted to establish American factories the Fiat has made a wonderful success and the business has been increasing so rapidly that the factory at Poughkeepsie is being enlarged to twice its present size to take care of the 100 per cent increase in its business

One year ago Fiat had but twelve dealers throughout the United States representing their product. January 1, 1913, they had fifty-five representing dealers handling Fiat cars

Fiat cars on exhibition at the Boston office are of American manufacture. The blueprints and drawings are sent to Fiat Poughkeepsie, by the parent company from Turin, Italy, and the car is manufactured under the supervision of Italian trained engineers. The American Fiat in every detail is a reproduction of the foreign Fiat and is designed and built to meet American road conditions, with over 40,000 Fiat cars in operation, which represents the total output of fifteen years, during which time Fiat has enjoyed a reputation not to be disputed by any competitor.

The business in Boston has increased so during the past year that plans are now under way for the construction of a modern, up-to-date service building where owners may enjoy Fiat service which is world-wide. The Boston office is adding daily to its list prominent Back Bay motor enthusiasts

Floods Will Cause Embargo.

Those who have delayed in placing their orders for new motor cars are now apt to be somewhat delayed in securing early deliveries of whatever car they may order since the floods in Ohio and Indiana have caused a decided embargo upon the railroad transportation

A freight embargo was anticipated some weeks ago and since the floods it is no longer anticipated but absolutely assured, and from now on the Eastern representatives of Western factories are bound to experience unusual difficulties in securing a fair amount of cars.

It would seem as though it was advisable for those desiring early delivery of cars to immediately place their order, for the same, as there is no telling how long the present condition of affairs will continue

The railroads of the West are devoting all their energies to the stricken districts and there are none who will find fault with the relief of the unfortunates But business interests must, of course, suffer more or less of a setback.

FEAR A FAMINE OF FREIGHT CARS

Automobile Manufacturers Trying to Help Railroads Deliver the 1913 Models.

To help the railroads and thereby make possible the prompt delivery of the 1913 automobile crop, is the task which Detroit manufacturers are now facing. Competition for empty freight cars is already keen; a real famine in rolling stock is predicted for April and May

At least one of the big manufacturers meets this crisis well prepared. This is The Studebaker Corporation which has just made an investment of over $50,000 in the very latest facilities for swift, efficient handling of freight. Studebaker cars are now leaving this new loading plant by the hundred, on schedule, two trainloads at once.

Students of traffic conditions are interested in the Studebaker loading plant because of its novelty and on account of the striking way by which it solves a peculiar side track condition

Sales Manager Benson has assured Studebaker dealers of his belief that undue traffic delays have been wiped out by the new equipment.

"From now on we expect to be provided with all the freight cars we need," he declares. "The railroad people know that we will load the cars we ask for, in the least possible time. They know, too, that there is no part of the United States where there is not some Studebaker dealer, anxious for another carload of automobiles. Cars that must be returned to definite points can always get a load at our platform. With such shipping facilities as these, we shall be able henceforward to give our dealers co-operation in deliveries far ahead of anything in former seasons."

318 MILES, 204 MINUTES.

Gilbert Flies from Paris to London 93 Miles an Hour.

LYONS, France, March 29.—Eugene Gilbert, a French aviator, flew from Paris to this city today in a monoplane, about 318 miles, in 204 minutes, at an average speed of 93½ miles an hour, a French record for longdistance flying.

Secures New England Agency.

The New England agency for the G. J. G. pleasure cars and light delivery wagons, and that of the Olds pleasure car, has been taken over by the Cole Motor Company of No. 240 Boylston street. This company is one of the latest progressive organizations of this section and much is expected from the same.

No-Rim-Cut Tires 10% Oversize

What Will It Cost to Know?

What will it cost to know—and forever—what Goodyear tires mean to you?

Surely nothing at all. A No-Rim-Cut tire—the leading tire of the world—will surely serve at least as well as others. And a test may save you half your tire upkeep.

Judge by Meter

Let actual mileage tell you which tire to adopt. There is no need for guesswork.

And remember that legions and legions of men have made this test on Goodyears. Men have used them for 14 years—used two millions of them.

As a result, these tires now outsell every other tire in existence.

As another result, last year alone our sales increased by 125 per cent.

No Petty Saving

Don't look for petty savings. Look for something decisive.

Statistics show that rim-cutting ruins 23 per cent of all clincher tires.

And our 10 per cent oversize with the average car, adds 25 per cent to the tire mileage.

These are savings big enough to see.

None Like Them

Experience has proved that we control the only satisfactory way to make tires of this type. And countless men now know it.

That is why the demand for tires that can't rim-cut centers on Goodyear No-Rim-Cut tires.

Then the Goodyear tire in a dozen ways is better than other tires. Our book will explain them to you.

Be fair to yourself, and fair to us, by giving a test to these wonderful tires. They have won, perhaps, 300,000 users. So if they can't win you,

GOODYEAR AKRON, OHIO
No-Rim-Cut Tires
With or Without Non-Skid Treads

Write for the Goodyear Tire Book—14th-year edition. It tells all known ways to economize on tires.

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER CO., Akron, Ohio
This Company has no connecting whatever with any other rubber concern which uses the Goodyear name.

Boston Branch: - 669 Boylston Street
Phone Back Bay 3335—3336—3337—3338
Worcester Branch: - 671 Main Street

UNIVERSAL MOTOR TRUCKS

1 to 4 Ton Capacity

With one year's guarantee and the best equipped and most complete service station in New England.

Open 24 hours daily (except Sunday).

Purchasers of Universal Trucks at the Boston Show

J. E. Farmer, New Haven.
Geo. Peterson, Worcester.
Rogers Express, Central Falls.
G. W. Curtis, Deerfield Centre, N. H.
Schwartz Bros., Norwich, Conn.
Foran Furniture Company, New London.
Sampson Baking Company, Worcester.
Jasper Y. Maker, Concord, Mass.
J. A. Keating & Company, Quincy, Mass.
C. C. Hunnewell, Boston.
M. M. Bronsdon, Readville.
Geradi Bros., Providence, R. I.
A. Zusman, Providence, R. I.

Wire, write or phone for proposition. Prompt deliveries.

UNIVERSAL TRUCK CO. of N. E.
H. W. HALL, Manager

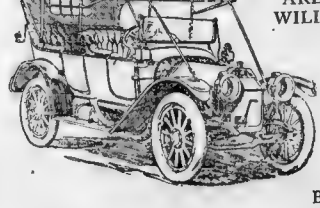
Buick

GASOLENE NOW COSTS TWICE AS MUCH AS IT DID A SHORT TIME AGO—WHY NOT BUY THE CAR THAT WILL RUN TWICE AS FAR?

Figure the cost-per-mile before you buy. Insist upon being shown how far to the gallon of gasolene the cars you are considering will travel and you will find the Buick, with its economical and powerful overhead valve motor, the least expensive of all. On a ten thousand mile average the Buick will show a saving on gasolene alone of $125 to $175. Well worth while, is it not?

Of the 600 Buick 1913 Models Sold in Greater Boston to date
OVER 150 WERE SELECTED BECAUSE OF THEIR LOW FUEL CONSUMPTION AND BY MOTORISTS WHO HAVE OWNED OTHER MAKES AND KNOW THAT TEN MILES PER GALLON IS ALL MOST CARS CAN AVERAGE.

OUR CHALLENGE
We defy any manufacturer to produce a stock model of equal size and capacity that will travel as many miles to each gallon of gasolene or anywh re near as will the 1913 Buick Roadsters or Touring Cars.



"WHEN BETTER CARS ARE BUILT BUICK WILL BUILD THEM"

MODEL "31"
Twenty-miles-to-the-gallon touring car, completely equipped, $1285, f. o. b. factory.

BUICK MOTOR CO.
97 MASS. AVENUE
CORNER NEWBURY STREET

TRAFFIC CENSUS GIVES ONE IDEA OF INCREASE

Example of Massachusetts to Be Followed by Other States and Commonwealths.

Recognition of the fact that more information is needed in determining the proper type of construction for any given section of road, the National Good Roads Board of the American Automobile Association is convinced that proper steps should be taken in every State in the Union to gather such data as will show the number, character and approximate weights of vehicles passing over the principal roads.

The failure of many roads to stand up under the traffic on due, not as many persons suppose to inferior materials and workmanship, but to the lack of preliminary information as to the traffic the road was expected to stand. Consequently roads have been built which would have lasted for years under other travel conditions; now they are ruins, due to the absence of data which the engineering profession in any other branch of their work would have considered essential. On this subject the "Engineering Record" of March 15 says:

"Without knowing the wear a road has there is absolutely no way of telling whether it is good or bad; only a careful traffic census can determine this. Roads too costly have been constructed in some places; in other places roads unsuited to the traffic have been built. In view of this well known fact it is evident that a traffic census is an essential to economy in nearly all road building. Imagine a bridge designer making plans for a structure without anything more than a rough guess whether it was to be used by steam railways or trolley cars, and we have an idea of the absurdity of proceeding with road building without traffic data."

Illinois in 1907, caused to be enumerated the travel over the roads at a few important points, and in March, 1913, Highway Engineer Johnson writes: "I am sure we never collected any data on which I feel that I can place greater reliability than our traffic census data. It has been, all things considered, the most satisfactory investigation that we have attempted."

Massachusetts followed making a traffic census in 1909, and went into the subject on a larger scale in 1912. In August and October, 1912, counts were made at 160 stations at different points in the State, each covering a full week of time, and twelve to eighteen hours a day, according to location. The results enable the highway commission to make plans for not only carrying the present travel, but also to provide for the increase that is bound to come.

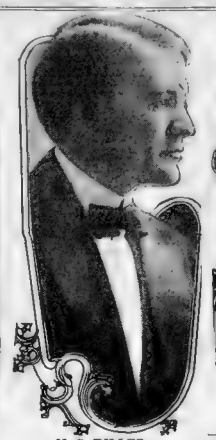
It is considered, in view of the rapid changes in traffic and traffic conditions being rapidly and constantly made, that traffic census should be provided at least four times a year, or at least a week at each period, and should cover the principal roads entering every city in a State, for of real value, the census should continue for a series of years, in order to establish a proper knowledge of the ratio of increase.

Kelly-Springfield
TIRES
MADE TO MAKE GOOD
BOSTON BRANCH
683 Boylston Street

MEN PROMINENT IN LOCAL MOTORDOM

KENNETH M. BLAKE, Locomobile.

H. L. BORNSTEIN, Premier.



H. S. DILLER, Lauth Juergens.

L. E. HARMON, Lauth Juergens.

BLAKE ACCEPTS A NEW POSITION

Popular Manager Will Take New Position in New York City.

The big news of the past week was the resignation of Kenneth M. Blake as manager of the Boston branch of the Locomobile Company of America. Mr. Blake has been so long identified with this company that the prevailing impression was that they were one and inseparable.

Mr. Blake's resignation was brought about in order to permit him to accept the position of New York sales manager for the International Motor Company, the duties of which position he will assume on May 1. Mr. Blake has been connected with the Locomobile Company of America for fourteen years, and in the earlier days of motoring spent four years traveling all over Europe as a special representative of the company, introducing the steam car made by the concern at that time.

Returning to America, he established the San Francisco and St. Louis branches of the company, coming to Boston in 1906 to take charge of the local branch.

Kenneth Blake is one of the best-known men in the automobile business in this city, as well as in other parts of the country and in Europe. During his stay in Boston he made a host of friends, who feel that his leaving means the loss to the industry here of one of its most enthusiastic representatives.

Mr. Blake had under consideration for some time the position offered him in New York, and he was loth to leave Boston, but the offer was so attractive that he was forced to heed the call of reason and accepted.

The International Motor Company manufactures the Mack, Sauter and Hewitt lines of motor trucks.

NEW GARAGE IS OPEN IN FENWAY

The Fenway garage, the latest addition to Boston's motor colony, was opened Thursday. Several men who have inspected it, and who have visited garages in other cities, have stated that it is one of the finest in this country, and is not excelled anywhere. The location on Ipswich and Lansdowne streets, right at the entrance to the parkway, adjoining the American League ball park, is an admirable one.

Two features that impress one on first entering the building is its perfect light and great area. Even on a dark day there is light enough to work anywhere without using electric lights. This is brought about by the windows that are continuous all around the structure. Some idea of its size may be had by noting that there is 56,000 square feet space for each of the two floors, a total of 100,000 feet.

The building is thoroughly fire proof, two stories high, built of reinforced concrete. Elevators, the base of many garages, are eliminated. This means that at any time the owner of any one of the 500 cars that it will be possible to take care of there, may be driven in, put in place, and taken out in a few minutes. There are two runways for each floor, each with an 8 per cent. grade arranged to take care of this feature. Cars enter on one end and leave by the other.

Truck Expert Will Lecture

A lecture which should be instructive to owners, and of great interest to mercants desiring information upon the subject of motor trucks will be given next Wednesday evening at the Autocar Sales & Service Company building, No. 642 Beacon street.

Arthur C. Mack, head of the motor truck department of "The Literary Digest," will discuss important subjects bearing upon the selection of a motor truck as applied to a particular line of business, and how to take care of the truck after purchase.

This lecture is part of the regular course of instruction conducted by the Autocar Company of Ardmore, Pa., at its various branch houses, and will terminate the series of lectures of the Boston branch for this season.

Great Assistance To Flooded City

A great deal of valuable aid is being given the flooded district of Youngstown, Ohio, by the Republic Rubber Company, whose plant is one of the very few in that city which is not under water.

Local Manager Carlton yesterday received a telegram from his home office which bore the pleasing information that the Republic factory has not been affected by the flood, while all other plants in the city are under water.

The telegram announced that the factory pumps are furnishing the city with its only supply of water for fire protection and domestic purposes. The plant is only temporarily affected, and that is caused by what will necessarily be limited shipping facilities of the present.

Why Your Car Needs Shock Absorbers

Every car with springs needs shock absorbers. Springs need a restraining hand to keep them working smoothly—to prevent jolts and jars. No recent invention has shown itself the equal of the pioneer Truffault Hartford Shock Absorber. This is the oldest, also the most popular in use today. 200,000 motorists enjoy its manifold benefits. Demonstration at our branch.

Hartford Suspension Co.
119-325 Columbus Avenue
Manufacturers of Hartford Electric Starter

Electric Truck Order Landed

The General Vehicle Company Secures the Banner Order of the Season.

Sales Manager G. W. Squires, Jr., of the General Vehicle Company, Inc., is receiving congratulations on landing the order for twenty-nine electric trucks from the New York Railways Company. The order, which has been hanging fire for some time, calls for the following: Three 1,000-pound panel wagons, 2,000-pound money wagons; five two-ton emergency wagons; fourteen three and one-half-ton dumping trucks; four three and one-half-ton stake body trucks; two five-ton stake body trucks.

"The number of electric commercial vehicles purchased by various public service corporations has increased tremendously in the last two years," said Mr. Squires, "and it will not be long before such companies operate over 1,000 of our electrics alone."

SIX CYLINDER CAR OF FUTURE

"Motor car buyers have decided that the high-class car of the future shall be a six-cylinder car and for this reason more than four times as many manufacturers are producing sixes this year as last," says R. I. Eads of the Premier Motor Car Company. "This demand for sixes," he continues, "is not due to any special desire on the part of the car manufacturer to market a six, but is brought about by the increased efficiency and satisfaction shown by the six and appreciated by the public.

"These facts have been demonstrated by the product of five or six of the leading manufacturers of high-grade cars who have been giving this type prominence for several seasons. The Premier Company for instance, is now in its seventh year of manufacturing sixes and these have been conspicuous in most of the important national contests for several years past.

NEW CONCERNS TO SELL MAXWELL'S

A Newly Organized Massachusetts Corporation Takes Over Local Business of Big Maker.

The M-B-M Motor Company, a newly organized Massachusetts corporation of which Charles Addison Malley is general manager, has taken over the local distributing of the Maxwell cars.

This company is already in its new salesrooms at 1116-1118 Boylston street, and great pains have been taken to secure adequate service station arrangements for the accommodation of present and future users of Maxwell, Stoddard-Dayton and Everett cars.

Charles Addison Malley, the general manager of the M-B-M Company, is widely known in motoring circles throughout the East, having been long associated with the "Flanders" automobile interests over a period which has lasted ever since the first marketing of the E. M. F. here. Since the reorganization of the Maxwell Company he has been located in Boston as manager of the truck department.

Before entering the automobile business Mr. Malley was a member of the Massachusetts State Legislature and is the father of the present vehicle lighting law and other legislation of advantage to automobilists. He is a member of the Masonic and numerous other social and fraternal organizations.

In speaking of the new arrangements whereby the local handling of the Maxwell products are to be handled by the M-B-M Company, Ralph H. Coburn, the New England district manager for Maxwell cars, said yesterday:

"We feel that in placing our cars in the hands of the M-B-M Motor Company in Boston we are making a practical and what will prove a most popular move for all concerned."

This Run consists of four distinct models. The Maxwell model 50-Six, built in both seven passenger and four-passenger body types. The seven-passenger body is equipped with new type disappearing auxiliary seats, which when folded down into a recess in the back of the front seat are entirely out of sight and out of the way. This body is exceptionally roomy with very deep and comfortable upholstering. The best stuffing, springs and leather obtainable are used. Front seat is divided so as to assure the driver a comfortable position. Glass and goggle department conveniently located in the dividing arm on the front seat. All cushions, including auxiliary seats, have a deep, comfortable slope from front to back. This deep, rich upholstering, combined with long, flexible springs and a wheel base of 130 inches, insures the very acme of comfort to the occupants of the car. The lines of the body represent the very high cut type of flush-sided straight lined design. Full U doors, both front and rear with inside handles and hinges. The fender design works out in perfect harmony with the body and gives absolute mud protection.

CONSUMPTION OF GAS IMPORTANT

Motor Owners Are Now Paying More Attention to This Point.

In view of the present high price of gasoline, and the general impression that it is on the upward trend motorists are giving greater attention to the question of gasoline consumption than ever before. This is a question the importance of which is not to be denied.

In speaking of the yesterday J. H. Johnson of the local Buick Company said:

"For years the Buick has been acknowledged as one of the most economical cars on the market in the matter of gasoline and oil, but would recently this fact has lain dormant to a great extent. Now that gasolene has developed the "high cost of motoring" problem the Buick is meeting with greater favor than ever, and as a result of recent advertising in which attention was called to the fact that Buick cars will travel a greater distance on each gallon of gasoline than the majority of other cars. The reason for greater fuel economy in Buick cars is easily explainable—the valve-in-the-head motor used by this company consistently for the past nine years requiring fewer cubic inches of vapor to produce an equally powerful explosion, but it also permits a smaller bore than would be possible in cars of the same size with offset valves.

Some Early K-R-I-T History

J. S. Harrington of the Harrington-Thompson Motor Cars Inc., New England distributors of the K-R-I-T car, referring to the early performance of the K-R-I-T car, and how its makers have built the cars since the beginning, recites some interesting facts.

In 1911 the K-R-I-T won first place in the following hill climbs: Atlanta, Ga., Kansas City, Mo., Columbus, S. C., Easley, Ala., and Washington, D. C.

At Morristown, N. J., the car finished second and defeated nine other cars of much higher horsepower and selling cost.

In 1911 the car finished with a perfect score in the Cleveland News endurance run and finished second in an endurance run held under the auspices of the Wisconsin Automobile Club.

In 1911 the car won the Dead Horse Hill climb at Worcester, Mass., the Port Jefferson, Long Island hill climb, defeating all cars entered from 160 to 230 inches piston displacement.

In the 1911 Glidden tour the K-R-I-T made an enviable record, covering 1,402 miles with but one penalty. The car made the return trip to New York as official path finder for the American Automobile Association in laying out the new national highway from Jacksonville to New York.

REDUCES GASOLINE BILLS 25% to 40%!

The New Carburetion Method
Mondex-Helix
In Combination with ANY Carbureter

used on Auto Trucks, Taxicabs, Pleasure Cars, Motor Cycles, Motor Boats and All gasoline motors, is giving results that are *simply wonderful*—actually *saving* from 25% to 40% gasoline!

And almost *doubles* the power of poor gasoline. It gives 100% *increased* flexibility.

It *increases* power on hills and all grades, at all speeds—from 10% at high speed, to 50% at low speed—especially with heavy loads.

It *prolongs* the life of a motor, making the noisiest *silent* and *smooth*.

It prevents back-firing and carbonization. It saves wear and tear. Write for *Booklet "G."*

When ordering address Department "G" giving make, model of car or inside diameter of intake manifold. Sent with full instructions, C. O. D., or by mail on receipt of price.

Sizes 1 inch to 1½ ins....$3 Sizes 1¾ to 2 inches....$4
AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

Used by the Consolidated Gas Co., N. Y., I-T-O-A Cab Co., Knox Automobile Co., Selden Motor Vehicle Co., Western Electric Co., Long Island R. R. Co., Mason-Seamon Trans. Co., U. S. Motor Cab Co., Quaker City Cab Co., and other large concerns.

THE ARISTOS CO.,
150-8 West 54th Street,
New York, N. Y.

Reduced Prices
To the Users of
Diamond Tires
Effective April 1, 1913
Ask Your Dealer

Visit Our Lunch Room
You will find our food excellent and the service quick and careful. A convenient place to lunch while on your shopping tour.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

R.H. WHITE CO.

Read Our Other Great Sales On Pages ... 3B & 7B

No Better Suits Will Be Found Anywhere in New England at $25

Great Sale OF Untrimmed Hats

You can hardly afford to buy a hat of any kind until you have looked carefully over our splendid assortment—literally thousands to choose from in our Untrimmed Hat Department we feature the following items for Monday

Finest Imported HEMP SHAPES, with Full Facing of Black Velvet $1.59

10 small, medium and large shapes—in solid black, white and eight of the best shades. Similar hats have been advertised elsewhere as "$3.00 value."

Fine Quality MILAN SHAPES, with Black Velvet Flanges $1.69

9 stunning models—small, medium and large shapes, in black, white and eight of the best Spring shades, with black velvet facings

The "Tam" is the Thing—Every well dressed young woman must have at least one tam hat in her wardrobe. For Monday we are showing special features in these stylish hats.

Tams with Hemp Brims and Satin Crowns—Excellent material and beautifully finished, edge of brim piped with different contrasting colors. Value $3.00. **$1.49**

Tams of All Hemp, in Two-Tone and Solid Colors—Several fascinating styles; black brims with colored crowns and solid colors; many hand blocked. Values up to $4.00. **$1.98**

Tams of Fine Silk Braid with Velvet Facing—3 smart shapes, one a tricorne; crowns of fine, flat silk braid, imitating Leghorn; brims of velvet to match the beautiful colors, or black. Add an inexpensive fancy and these hats will look better than many at $5.00. **$1.98**

China Milans with Velvet Flanges—In twelve of the best shapes; black, white and good colors **98c**

Fine French Chip Hats in 15 Shapes—Black, white and best colors **98c**

Best Quality French Chip Hats in 16 Shapes—Black and best colors. **$1.29**

We Show More than Two Hundred Styles in Hemp Hats Alone—Probably more than any other store in New England, at $1.39, $1.49, $1.79, $1.98, $2.69 and $2.98 for machine blocked, and $3.98 to $6.49 for hand blocked.

Customers Say that we show the most beautiful assortment of fancy feathers, ostrich, flowers, etc., to be found in Boston.

than these smart suits, embodying the latest French ideas—copies of high price models—suits that look like $45 to $65 values for $25.00

Come to White's first, you'll be certain of getting the newest style for less than you will be asked elsewhere. So varied are the styles—so big the stocks you can probably be fitted at once in the style you like and save time and money. **Hundreds of New Suits just in from the makers. Never shown before.**

Model 8 Model 9 Model 3 Model 6. Model 10 Model 1 Model 2 Model 11.

	Material	Color	Trimming	Price
Model 1	New novelty stripe eponge.	Navy, Copenhagen, tan, black.	Ottoman silk, satin, silk.	$25
Model 2	Wool eponge.	Navy, black.	Black Satin, Bulgarian, buttons, silk braid.	$25
Model 3	Worsted and French serge.	Black and white check, navy, tan, black	Bulgarian.	$25
Model 4	Men's wear serge and Bedford cord.	Navy, tan, taupe, black.	Black satin and Bulgarian.	$25
Model 5	Wool eponge.	Nell rose, tan, Copenhagen, navy.	Draped at both sides.	$25
Model 6	Men's wear serge.	Navy and black.	Moire silk, novelty buttons.	$25
Model 7	Imported wool poplin.	Tan, navy, Copenhagen, black.	Self colored moire, pearl buttons.	$25
Model 8	Imported wool eponge.	Navy, taupe, Copenhagen, brown, black.	Tucked bands with satin facing.	$25
Model 9	Imported Bedford cord.	Navy, Copenhagen, taupe, tan, black.	Dresden.	$25
Model 10	French serge.	Navy, black.	Black satin, macrame lace.	$25
Model 11	Wool eponge.	Nell rose, navy, black and white stripe.	Persian and embroidered satin.	$25
Model 12	Two-toned whipcord.	Black with white, tan, Copenhagen.	Black satin.	$25

18 new models in Suits, at $15.00 45 new models in Suits, at $19.75
23 new models in Suits, at $18.50 54 new models in Suits, at $25.00

This Seems Almost Impossible

But here is the story briefly told. By purchase of

Exactly 527

Ready-Made Dresses at about ½ price

Samples and surplus stock of a prominent New York maker go on sale Monday

$7.50 to $12.50 Beautiful

New Dresses $5.00

Every dress brand new and in the latest style. Such a splendid variety of stylish materials that it is impossible to describe them. If you attend this sale—choose one of the dresses—any one, it makes no difference which, and you will secure one of the greatest values we have offered this season

Every Dress Actually Worth $7.50, $10.00 or $12.50

Price $5.00

Just the dresses you will need now and all summer.

Complete freedom of movement, correct deep breathing and graceful, easy carriage all come naturally to the woman properly fitted in one of the many models of

W.B. NUFORM

They gently grade off the curves, molding the figure, without pressure, into smooth sweeping lines. Every height of bust, every type of waist, with a comprehensive assortment of hip styles, will be found here, so that every woman can be properly fitted.

We recommend W. B. Nuform Corsets because of their superior quality, and because they give absolute satisfaction. Comfortable from the very first, they retain their shapeliness until ready to discard them—made with lines which follow the modeling of the figure, and at bust and hips the corset fits firmly without strain or pressure—a correct model for every figure.

PRICES $1.00 TO $3.00.

BIGGER AND BETTER EACH YEAR OUR GREAT ANNUAL SALE OF Wash Goods

Almost an Entire Aisle of Bargain Tables and Nearly 100 Extra Salespeople in Addition to the Regular Counters and Salesforce Devoted to This Sale to Give All an Equal Opportunity to Share in the Bargains

THOUSANDS OF YARDS OF NEW SPRING WASH FABRICS AT ABOUT HALF PRICE

On Account of the Immense Variety It Is Impossible to Advertise All the Items

12½c Percales—15,000 yards, 36 inches wide, in light and medium grounds, including plenty of neat shirting styles..... 7½c

12½c Bates Ginghams — 8,000 yards, 27 inches wide, checks, stripes, plaids and plain colors; mill shorts, from 3 to 10-yard lengths..... 7½c

15c Pride of America Zephyr Gingham — 12,500 yards, 32 inches wide; all perfect goods, in a splendid assortment of styles..... 8c

19c Woven Stripe Madras — 36 inches wide; very desirable for shirt waists and men's shirts. All new Spring styles and colorings..... 10c

17c Blouse Linen—27 inches wide, all pure linen, natural color only; very desirable for boys' suits and blouses 10c

25c Half Silk Fabrics—25 inches wide, including silk warp shantung and half silk fancy pongee; all the wanted shades..... 12½c

25c Lorraine Tissue — 32 inches wide; in a fine collection of attractive patterns, dainty checks, plaids and stripes, fine quality..... 12½c

25c Devonshire Cloth—32 inches wide, staple styles and plain shades. Colors guaranteed to be tub proof and sun proof..... 12½c

29c Scotch Madras—36 inches wide; very fine quality, suitable for men's shirts and pajamas. All new Spring styles and colorings..... 15c

25c Imported Scotch Ginghams —9,000 yards, 32 inches wide; all fresh, new goods, in a large range of styles 15c

25c Mercerized Pongee—32 inches wide, plain colors, lustrous, all the wanted shades and natural, suitable for men's Summer shirts and pajamas..... 15c

25c Kimono Plisse—10,000 yards 32 inches wide; all this season's styles and perfect goods; over 50 styles..... 15c

25c Half Silk Chiffon Pongee—26 inches wide, handsome lustre, fine quality; for party dresses, in all shades..... 16c

25c Dress Poplins—27 inches wide, good firm quality with a very rich lustre in every desirable street and evening shade; also white..... 16c

25c Ratine Suiting — 27 inches wide; a perfect imitation of the imported goods, in 15 of the newest Spring shades..... 17c

25c Linen Suiting — 36 inches wide; every thread pure linen; good heavy quality, in natural shade only 17c

25c Stripe Voiles—40 inches wide; five different width stripes, in pink, light blue, lavender, cadet, reseda, navy and black.... 17c

39cSilk Warp Tussah Jacquards —25 inches wide; good heavy quality, with beautiful lustre; five designs, large assortment of street and evening shades.. 18c

25c Ramie Suiting—35 inches wide, ciel, cadet, copenhagen, gobelin, pink, rose, lavender, wistaria, nile, leather, gray, golden brown, navy, natural and black..... 18c

39c Linen Suiting — 46 inches wide, pure flax in the natural shade only; suitable for suits and automobile coats..... 25c

50c Silk Stripe Marquisette—40 inches wide, with a dainty silk stripe. Cream, sky, cadet, mais, pink, copenhagen, natural lilac, old rose and taupe.... 28c

69c French Costume Linen—45 inches wide, all the wanted colors; very desirable for one-piece dresses..... 30c

$1.00 Imported Silk Stripe Marquisette—40 inches wide, light blue, pink, gray, taupe, reseda, bois, Havana, Nell Rose, Ashes of Roses, cadet, gobelin, lilac, silver, navy and black..... 45c

60c Irish Ramie Linen Suiting —45 inches wide, full range of colors, including pink, light blue, copenhagen, cadet, lavender, leather, golden brown, natural, navy and black..... 45c

69c "Non Krush" Dress Linen —36 inches wide; one of the most popular linen fabrics for the coming season; guaranteed to be non-crushable and non-shrinkable, in 25 of the newest shades..... 49c

For Monday Only—No Samples

79c French Ramie Linen Suiting—48 inches wide, yarn dyed; pink, light blue, cadet, copenhagen, gobelin, marine, lavender, lilac, wistaria, leather, golden brown, champagne, natural, gray, old rose, navy and cream... 56c

For Monday Only—No Samples

$2.25 Zig-Zag Ratine—46 inches wide, in black and white, navy and white, pink and white, cadet and white, leather and white, lavender and white and blue and white..... 1.25

You Can Save 50c to $2.00 on Naturally Wavy Switches

IN ORDER TO MAKE THIS SALE INTERESTING, WE ARE OFFERING TOMORROW SOME OF OUR NEWEST AMERICAN HAIR GOODS, AT PRICES NEVER BEFORE QUOTED FOR THESE QUALITIES. YOU WILL REQUIRE THESE FOR THE LADY-LIKE STYLE MAKE.

WE GUARANTEE TO MATCH YOUR HAIR PERFECTLY BOTH IN TEXTURE AND COLOR. Or Attendants Will Be Pleased to Give You Their Assistance and Cheerful Advice.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY OF SAVING MONEY.

Switches—Can be used for all effects. The right length—

	Special
20-in. Switches of fine wavy hair	$1.95
24-in. Switches of fine wavy hair	$2.95
26-28-in. Switches of fine wavy hair	$5.85

TRANSFORMATIONS—For the up to date Pompadour effects.

All special Transformations of fine wavy hair, 26 ozs. Special	$3.85
30-in. long, all around the head, of fine wavy hair. Special tomorrow	$2.98

CORSET BRAIDS—In black or white, 36 inch long 85c

LOOK YOUNG AGAIN (By Application of LA MADE LINE HAIR COLOR RESTORER will restore gray or faded hair. Special, box..... 85c

Violet Ray Treatment for Face or Scalp.
Children's Hair Cutting a Specialty.
Department Open on Entire Balcony—North Aisle.

MAIN SHEET PART III.
SUNDAY, MARCH 30, 1913.

Boston American

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NEW ENGLAND

MAIN SHEET PART III.
SUNDAY, MARCH 30, 1913.

JURORS TO GET ALL EGG FACTS; BRIGGS SCORED AS "LOBBYIST"

District Attorney Pelletier Declares Charges Will Be Fully Investigated; Jurors Will Convene on Monday, April 7th

DISTRICT ATTORNEY PELLETIER will present to the Suffolk County Grand Jury, which meets Monday, April 5, evidence against the rotten egg dealers of Boston.

This was the substance of a statement given the AMERICAN by Mr. Pelletier yesterday. He said:

I do not wish to discuss elaborately my intentions regarding criminal business pending in my office, but I see no objection to stating that the so-called rotten egg cases will be fully investigated by the incoming Grand Jury.

If the sworn testimony bears out the facts that have been given me, the Grand Jury will do its duty, as it always does, and the Suffolk County Petit Juries are always vigilant and efficient.

Since Harry F. Cassidy's exposures, in the AMERICAN, of the rotten egg traffic in Boston the District Attorney's office has been active. At the same time the rotten egg men have been extremely busy. They have remodelled their establishments and have taken every possible measure to prevent any legal procedure against them.

Shock to Egg Men.

The District Attorney's announcement came as a distinct blow to them yesterday.

In addition to the work of rehabilitating their unsanitary quarters the rotten egg men and their friends have been at work gathering funds and preparing for a bitter fight against any court proceedings. Just how this money is spent will be closely watched.

The promise has been made to some of the contributors that they will be saved from exposure or prosecution.

These promises may lead to prosecutions of a new and distinct type from the rotten egg cases.

The egg men hope, when they come up for trial, to enlist the aid of Professor Winslow, the eminent scientist, who contends that rotten eggs are not unfit for food in the face of the unanimous opinion of all the disinterested bacteriologists in the country.

They may also call Alexander Burr, a health official and a vegetarian, who subsists on an injustice has been done these egg dealers. I believe a spot egg is fit for food if the spot is taken out."

A spot egg is one in which a growth has set in at one point, and a hard mass of fungi and decomposing material has been formed.

Charges Against Briggs.

The sensational charge that Alton E. Briggs, secretary of the Boston Fruit and Produce Exchange, has lobbied against pure food bills pending in the Legislature in the lobby corridor of the House of Representatives, in violation of a legislature rule, was made by Representative John F. McCarthy of Boston, in a statement to the AMERICAN.

"Lobbying of a most disgraceful character is going on at the State House against the pure food bills," declares Representative McCarthy. "The lobby rules of the Legislature have been violated, and nothing should be done at once by the proper authorities to put a stop to these proceedings.

"Alton E. Briggs, who, as secretary of the Fruit and Produce Exchange, has spoken before legislative committees in addition to various pure food measures, has lobbied against these measures in the lobby corridor. There is a legislative rule forbidding such conduct and the proper officials should see to it that the rule is enforced."

Busy in "Third House."

Representative McCarthy is the father of a bill to prohibit the sale of eggs unfit for food. This bill is now before the Legislative Committee on Public Health and will probably be reported to the House.

His charges, which, he states, he stands ready to back up on the floor of the House, reveal the tactics that are being employed by the interests fighting pure food legislation at the State House.

For the past several weeks Mr. Briggs has been a prominent figure in the State House corridors. Ex-Senator Charles H. Innes of Boston, known as "the only Republican boss in Boston," and ex-Senator William Travis of Pittsfield, two of the most powerful legislative lobbyists who ever served in the "third house," as the lobby is known, have also been much in evidence on Beacon Hill the past few days. They are employed by the National Confectionery Association to exert their influence to bring about the defeat of the Cassidy bills to prohibit the sale of impure candies.

Other lobbyists of lesser prominence are also busy at the State House to defeat pending pure food legislation.

The Law Is Plain.

Alton E. Briggs, the secretary of the Fruit and Produce Exchange, was seen by several legislators in the corridor of the House of Representatives on Tuesday afternoon, speaking to various legislators.

Legislative Rule No. 100 provides:

"NO LEGISLATIVE AGENT OR COUNSEL SHALL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' CORRIDOR AND ADJOINING ROOMS."

How did Mr. Briggs manage to get into the House corridor? What was his purpose in going there?

These questions are being asked by advocates of pure food legislation in the Legislature.

ALTON E. BRIGGS, secretary of the Boston Fruit and Produce Exchange, accused by Representative John F. McCarthy of Boston.

Morgan Talisman to Ward off Poverty

It Is a Leaden Tablet, According Him Wealth, Happiness and Proper Credit in Community.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—J. Pierpont Morgan possesses a talisman which shows that the possessor will have wealth and happiness and be able to drive off the demon poverty and have proper standing and credit in the community. The charm is a little leaden tablet.

Borrowed from the library of the financier, it was shown to the American Oriental Society by Professor J. A. Montgomery of the University of Pennsylvania. The professor said the tablet was one of the most highly prized curio in the collection of the banker. On it are thirty-two lines in the language of the Mandaic group, and their interpretation is as given above.

Lady Paget's Newport House May Be a Cafe

Report Noted Residence, Man Etta Villa, Is to be Sold and Made Into Restaurant.

NEWPORT, March 29.—Newport society was interested in the report that was given out today that the noted Newport residence of Lady Paget of London, formerly Minnie Stevens of Lowell and New York, was to be sold, and the place, which is known as Marietta Villa, would be remodelled as a restaurant for the elite of the fashionable watering place. The place had been made ready for occupancy during the last few months, but now rumor has it that Newport society will dine in the old halls.

NEWPORT AWAITS COMING OF PRINCE

Society Deeply Agitated at Probable Visit of Adelbert of Germany.

SCRAMBLE TO ENTERTAIN

NEWPORT, R. I., March 29.—Among the prospective titled visitors here this Summer the most important is Prince Adelbert, the third son of the German Emperor.

Nothing will excite Newport society more than the coming of the young German Prince. There will be a merry scramble to entertain him. Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, senior, will probably be one of the foremost ones. The Kaiser is also on friendly terms with Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr. (Grace Wilson), and has visited them on their yacht, and they will also be among those having the royal youngster as a guest.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish may likewise join the entertainers. It would afford an opportunity for her to open her gorgeous new ballroom. Other society women who might be included in the list of entertainers would be Mrs. Edward J. Berwind, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. Orden Goelet at Ochre Court (General and Mrs. J. Fred Pierson at Rose lawn, and Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills.

Prince Adelbert, it is said, has not received entirely from his infatuation for captivating Fault Frieda, the little German actress. It is to keep the young man's thoughts away from this enchantress that the American visit is planned. He was hurried away last Summer as soon as his father heard of the affair, but the trip to the chilly Baltic has done little, the gossips say, to cool the young man's ardor for the charms of the stage.

RHODE ISLAND TO SAIL.

Battleship Equipped with Compressed Air Plant.

The battleship Rhode Island, of the third division of the Atlantic fleet, which has recently been equipped at the Charlestown Navy Yard with the most modern machinery for the delivery of ammunition by compressed air, is scheduled to sail Tuesday morning for Hampton Roads to await further orders. It is believed the use of compressed air in handling ammunition will practically eliminate the great danger of fire and death-dealing explosions.

The Rhode Island, which will be in the yard before Christmas, is commanded by Captain Clarence S. Williams.

Helen Keller to Teach Royal Prince To Aid Deaf and Dumb Spanish Heir

Spanish Ambassador to Interview Marvellous Wrentham Girl on Methods She Used.

FIRST photographs ever published showing how Miss Helen Keller "Jars" by the sense of touch, a marvelous method which she and Mrs. Macy, her instructor, devised. It is this method of understanding she is asked to teach Spanish Prince.

The Throne of Castile calls to Helen Keller, seeking aid for the Spanish royal heir, Prince Alfonso of the Asturias, who childish ears and tongue are locked in a pitiful silence of the deaf and dumb.

How mysteriously the Lord works, "in wonders to perform" and how small a world is getting, are beautifully showed in the cry from the Court of Madrid to a American girl.

"Teach us your system, you marvelous American girl, that our Prince may overcome his affliction."

The fame of Helen Keller became sensational, then world-wide, especially when she learned recently to talk and to read lips by touch.

In the Old World a young King and his Queen have grieved beyond expression because their first-born was deaf and dumb. What aid they have sought for their royal son and heir can be imagined. Anything the Spanish throne could command they brought. And now they are said through the court physician and the Spanish ambassador himself, to see if the American Helen Keller so painfully learned cannot be acquired by their royal child.

King Alfonso and Queen Victoria Eugenie of Spain have three children. The eldest, the heir to the throne and a child of World political importance, is nearly six years old. His full name—a king's one—is as follows, in Spanish:

Alphonso Pio Christin Edouard Francois Guillaume Charles Henri Dugeus Fernand Antoine Venacle.

He is Prince of the Asturias. He is a soldier in the First Imperial Infantry and is Chevalier of the Order of the Golden Fleece.

He is heir to the glorious Throne of Spain, but, for all that, he is only a six-year-old boy and is deaf and dumb.

Recently Dr. Vincente Lorente, King Alfonso's own royal physician, came to Boston, ostensibly to attend the Otological Congress at Harvard Medical School.

The real purpose, however, was contained in guarded and secret instructions to learn all he could of Helen Keller, what she had done and how she had been taught and then to come back and tell it to the King and Queen of Spain.

Dr. Lorente did this. He talked with Professor John D. Wright of the Wright Oral School of New York, one of Miss Keller's ablest instructors.

Ambassador to Visit Her.

Now it develops, according to report from Washington, that Don Juan Riano y Gayangos, the Spanish Ambassador to

Continued on Page 3, Column 1.

As shown in the three lower pictures, the forefinger is placed on the nose to catch the nasal notes, the middle finger over the lips for the labials, and the thumb under the chin on the larynx for the throat vibrations. The top picture shows the old method employed by Miss Keller. By it she read the deaf and dumb alphabet by pressure in the palm of the hand.

Guilds Preparing to Leave Russia

Will Take No Part in Drafting New Treaty Over Passport Controversy.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 29.—Ambassador Curtis Guild, who has been in poor health for some time, is beginning to prepare for his departure. He will return here to present his letters of recall, but has taken no hand in connection with drafting a new treaty between Russia and the United States, although at the next sitting of the Russian Cabinet Secretary of Commerce Tremenheff is to present a report which includes the projected schedule for a new tariff. This evidently will be put forward as the passport question is pressed upon Russia.

Ambassador and Mrs. Guild have already paid their farewell visit to Grand Duchess Marie Pavlova, widow of the Grand Duke of Vladimir.

Prize Wireless Is Quickly Caught

Two Young Operators Come for Reward Offered by Filene Flash Through the Air.

Hundreds of young wireless operators all over New England were while awake yesterday forenoon to catch a prize message sent out to them all from the Filene store at the corner of Washington and Summer streets.

Within an hour after the message was flashed two Roxbury boys, H. M. Hammett, of No. 6 Blue Hill avenue, and Herbert Shattuck, of No. 1A Lewis place, were in the store with the message.

Every boy who caught this message on his receiving machine is entitled to a copy of the Manual of Wireless Telegraphy, written by Commander S. S. Robison, U. S. navy, for the use of naval electricians.

Not a boy knew in advance what the significant flash was to be—that was for him to find out—but providing he received it and turns it in to the wireless man at the store within ten days, he is a prize winner.

There's a reason for this big surprise that were calling off into the ether yesterday soon to an army or wideawake amateurs. Its to let the boys know of the subwireless station exactly like those on the big transatlantic liners installed in the department store for the benefit of every youngster in New England who wishes to call and be shown the machines. At certain hours daily and all day Saturday an expert wireless man will be on hand to explain the whole apparatus from the ground up to any boy who wants to learn. The instrument will give and take messages and will be connected by telephone with the main station on the roof.

Fathers and mothers as well as boys are invited.

MRS. DAVIDGE A BRIDE.

Marriage of Bishop Potter's Daughter Announced.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Announcement has just been made of the marriage March 20 of Mrs. Clara S. Davidge, daughter of the late Bishop Potter, to Henry Fitch Taylor, the artist. Mr. Taylor's studio adjoins his bride's family home.

POPE GAINS SLOWLY.

Will Be Sometime Before Normal Health Is Restored.

ROME, March 29.—It was said today that the Pope's condition is unchanged and he is no better than he has been for several days. The Vatican physicians fear that it will be some time before the pontiff can be restored to his normal health. The setback given the Pope by the news of the death of his close friend, Cardinal Respighi, is held responsible for the slowness of his recovery.

'NERVE-RACKED BY OVERWORK,' COMPLAINT OF PHONE GIRLS

Driven to Collapse by Four Hundred Calls an Hour, Say Operators, Although U. S. Experts Put Maximum at 225

WHY the girl telephone operators have organized a union that today insists upon a conference with the president of the New England Telephone Company, in an attempt to adjust their grievances, is set forth in a series of statements made by the girl trade unionists in person.

These girls assert that they reach the "breaking point" when handling 225 calls an hour. They further declare that, while federal investigators have said that a girl's nerves become shattered when this safety limit is exceeded, they often are required to handle more than 400 calls an hour.

In direct contradiction to an official statement issued by F. B. Spaulding, president of the company, in which he claims present day conditions of work and wages are fair and reasonable, these girls say that conditions of employment in the local exchanges are almost unbearable. Here are a few of their principal grievances, as set forth by them:

Say Force Is Too Small.

The company's force of operators is to small that girls are often compelled to handle 400 calls an hour, when the Federal authorities have shown that 225 calls is the breaking point.

Split tricks are maintained by the company, compelling some of the operators to report at 9 o'clock in the morning who do not get through before 10 o'clock at night, although nominally working on six eight-hour basis.

When "giving" the girls an eight-hour day the company failed to increase its force of operators, and merely added to their already heavy burden by compelling them to do nine hours' work in eight hours' time.

Girls are driven so hard the year round that they become nervous wrecks, often fainting at the switchboard, and the volume of business handled is increasing every day.

The company maintains a system of espionage so rigorous that its "outside service-tests," and "overhead tests" by the chief operator, are being used as "spotter evidence" to secure the discharge of girls against whom some minor official has a petty spite.

"Thousands of dollars are squandered by the management every year in fancy salaries paid to lobbyists, and in maintaining a triple force of checking clerks, while no operator is paid more than $10 a week under any circumstances.

Outside girls, with only a theoretical knowledge of the service requirements, are placed in charge of the numerous exchanges, while faithful and competent operators with practical experience are made the victims of a scientific freeze-out to maintain this system of favoritism.

Right to Organize.

Operators are compelled to lose a portion of their small wages when complained of, no matter how unjust the complaint, by being sent home without the right of an appeal, except through the petty official who adjudges them guilty of an infraction of the rules without the formality of a trial.

They have been denied the right to organize, or to have a voice in determining their conditions of employment collectively, by a set of men who themselves hold office by reason of a similar form of organization by capital.

Here are statements by a number of girls interviewed.

"If the general public only realized what a fearful strain we work under, the management would be compelled to grant our every demand."

"Why shouldn't we have a union? It is impossible for any girl to oppose the company single-handed. That's why we purpose to insist upon collective position."

"We are not talking strike. Say, rather, that we are trying to make possible permanent industrial peace, through collective agreements that will set forth the rights of employer and employe."

"The company has been so accustomed to think of us as mere pieces of mechanism —phrase-mongers limited to a repetition of: 'Number, please; small-call-box, telephone-lobby, they-did-cut-me,' and, operator'—that it doesn't recognize our right to think for ourselves.

"The management gave us an eight-hour day, but it makes us work so much more swiftly that we are breaking down oftener than before the short-day was inaugurated."

THE MARKET PLACE

Is a very important section of the American. Be sure to read it every Sunday.

Advertisers in the Market Place columns are getting Results. See this page every Sunday.

NEXT SUNDAY You get the American's Great Magazine FREE with every copy of the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN

ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT

AMBASSADOR TO PAY HELEN KELLER VISIT

Spanish Diplomat to Ask Her About Means to Aid Dumb Crown Prince.

Continued from First Page.

this country, has been instructed to visit Helen Keller and ascertain what has been done for her.

Thus it may be that another crown of glory may be laid upon the brow of Helen Keller and those who have been associated with her in the modern miracle of making the deaf hear and the dumb speak.

Professor J. W. White of the New England Conservatory of Music, who astounded the nation by accomplishing the seemingly impossible feat of teaching Miss Keller to sing, said to a Sunday AMERICAN reporter:

White Confirms Report.

"No public announcement has as yet been made that the Prince of Spain, who is said to be deaf and dumb, is expected to profit by the same methods through which seeming miracles were wrought in the case of Miss Keller.

"I know, however, that when Dr. Lorente, court physician to King Alfonso and his family, visited America, he had a talk with Professor John D. Wright of the Wright Oral School of New York, one of Miss Keller's first and ablest instructors, regarding the methods used in her truly remarkable case.

"I see no reason for doubting that the application of the facts which he then obtained regarding my Wrentham pupil may benefit the heir to the Spanish throne.

"I have heard the story that the Spanish court Ambassador at Washington has received further instructions, which I think have not yet been carried out, but which may be in the near future, to visit Miss Keller in person.

"This, I am told, is so that he may see for himself, and make a report to King Alfonso and Queen Victoria as to just what has been accomplished in Miss Keller's case.

Utilizes Sense of Touch.

Lip reading by sight is not absolutely certain, as the lips make, for example, much the same movement in pronouncing the i, m and b. Try it for yourself and see.

In Helen Keller's case, there was another difficulty to be overcome. She had not the sense of sight. So the sense of touch was utilized with amazing results.

In "conversing" to a conversation, Miss Keller was taught to place a forefinger on the nose of the person addressed, in order to catch the nasal notes; a middle finger on the lips to detect the labials, and a thumb under the chin, to read the vibrations of the larynx, or throat notes.

She began, of course, by learning the accepted deaf and dumb language, delivered through the fingers. She is merely deaf and dumb pupil reads by the eye. Miss Keller reads them by the pressure of the rapidly moving fingers against the palm of either hand. Technically this is known as hand talking.

Professor White made frequent trips to Miss Keller's home at Wrentham in order to teach her to sing. In giving her this instruction he employed a new method, used for the first time in Helen Keller's case.

Of it he said:

Speaks Three Languages.

Before Miss Keller began to astonish the world by her rapid progress, articulation, or speaking, was taught the dumb without the loss of developing the organs of the throat.

In her case it has been found possible to develop rhythm, to fill the voice from an unnatural falsetto, and to teach her how to raise and lower her voice even to the extent of singing fairly well.

It was in August of last year the announcement was first made that Miss Keller could not only speak three languages, English, French and German, in private and in public, but also could sing.

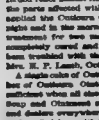
Interesting Professor Wright, whom Dr. Lorente, the Spanish court physician, questioned closely in regard to her, Miss Keller said:

You should know about such work as that of my friend, John D. Wright. When you know about the work that he and his teachers are doing, you will not be satisfied until every deaf child within your knowledge receives oral instruction.

FACE ITCHED AND BURNED

With Eczema. Red and Scaly. Scratched and Made Sores. Face Covered With Scabs and Blood. Completely Cured by Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment.

10 Fountain St., Orange, Mass.—"My daughter was suffering from a rash on her face. At first I thought it was caused by



her brushing her hair disarranged it and was unsightly. Her face looked red and scaly and in a few days it looked as though it was burned so badly she scratched had made sores. It was disfigured for the time being. Her face was covered with scabs and blood would ooze from where she had scratched it and I was obliged to have her wear mittens when she went to bed.

"I tried a number of different remedies but these did not prove beneficial. After about three weeks Cuticura Soap and Ointment were recommended to me. I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment and they afforded relief almost immediately. I bathed the parts affected with Cuticura Soap and applied the Cuticura Ointment at least at night and in the morning. I continued the treatment for two months, when she was entirely cured and she has never since been troubled with the disease." (Signed) Mrs. H. P. Lamb, Oct. 7, 1913.

A single cake of Cuticura Soap (25c.) and box of Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are often sufficient when all else has failed. Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap and find it best for disagreeable

ROUND ABOUT-TOWN STORIES

Saw Her Gainsboro Leaving the Theatre.

THE hat pin law should be enforced more strictly, in the opinion of both men and women who witnessed an incident in one of the moving picture shows.

A male patron of the theatre, in order to get into the aisle, was forced to pass a large picture hat quietly resting on a woman's lap. When he started out of the theatre the hat was hanging to his coat tail. The owner suddenly saw her Gainsboro leaving the theatre. She shrieked loudly for her hat and rescued it only after several men and women came to her assistance and rushed after the innocent thief.

* * *

SOME ADVICE FOR THE ART COMMISSION.

The Art Commission of Boston ought to take a trip up to the Shaw Memorial and then get busy. Here is one of the most beautiful pieces of art in Boston. Yet the inscription on the front and just below St. Gaudens' sculpture of Colonel Shaw is almost indecipherable. It is almost impossible even to make out the name "Robert Gould Shaw" below the bronze.

* * *

Wanted to Be "Deported" Back to New York.

He blew into the immigration station at Long Wharf before a favoring breeze. After he had got his bearings he "came a-long side" Deputy Commissioner Jere Hurley and told a tale of woe.

He was a printer. He had left New York for Lynn to take a "sit" there, but found a strike on and would not go to work. He was stone broke and would like to get back to New York. He had been told that if he came to the immigration station the official there would "deport" him to that city.

Despairing of making him understand that only aliens could be deported, and they to the country whence they came, Deputy Hurley rejoined with this:

"Theboatsailsfrs neverminditheconjugationofverbsinenglishbasa undoubtedsmart from India Pearl (meaning not "a," Ed.) in one breath, with never a punctuation mark.

Business of further explanations from the printer, not much more clear than Mr. Hurley's fundamental one.

Hurley continued:

"Ifthelaightstrils in southerstasladia wharf taketha elevatedsenstatestreetmasterlinel morrisstoolbillyburke anyone will tell you where to go or"

"Say, mister, said the l. p, "do you think you'll lend your job under the new administration?

"I don't know."

"Well, if you don t, just you apply for a job in the information bureau at the North Station. You'd shine there."

* * *

Motorman on the Charles River line had a day off recently.

And WHAT do you suppose he did?

I'M sure I COULDN'T guess.

He rode around all day on the front of another fellow's car!

* * *

Looked Like Boston's Most Popular Man.

O' all tall men horseboats, Thomas M Green of the Oliver street office of the N. E. T. and T. Company is probably the best known in Boston. He has friends by the score in City Hall, down in the big market and along the down town "do not enter here." They admire his six feet and his inches of sturdy manhood and like to catch the ring of his whole-hearted greeting.

"Say," said a friend as they were going up School street, "I heard you were mighty well known, but I guess as a matter of fact you're the best-known chap in Boston."

"What makes you think that?" asked the tall fellow.

"Why, all along Washington street, you did nothing but nod and nod as though you were about to bow your head off."

"Well" returned Tom, "you see the Spring awnings are up—we're in place and I have to bow else bump my coke. Savey?"

* * *

Here's Another Tall One with a Conundrum.

"JIM BLEARS, the six-foot town clerk of Framingham, held the attention of five members of the Thesaurus Club during luncheon period at the Boston Tavern one day recently. Here is what he got off his mind:

"Five men went into a room to play. They were without funds. When they emerged each had five dollars."

"Tom" King, proprietor of the Savoy Hotel in Gloucester, rose from his seat, took a whirl around the table—then resumed it.

"They were musicians," he said, "Give us something harder than that, Jim" Thereupon the tallest town clerk in New England bought—the cigars.

* * *

FINANCIAL NOTE—Overcoats off.

* * *

NOTICE TO CONTRIBUTORS—Send funny stories in Parcel Post—INSURED.

NEW ENGLAND WAKING UP

JUSTICE.

(From the Boston Herald, March 23, 1913.)

To the Editor of the Herald:

It was a wise man who said that Boston is a "state of mind," and he might apply the same definition to the New Haven and Boston & Maine situation at the present time.

Probably at no time within the last ten years have both properties been in better shape than they are today or will be within a short time, when the immediate plans of the management for additional equipment have been consummated, and yet the stocks of both roads have declined to their lowest points and foolish talk of a receivership for the Boston & Maine has been whispered in such a way that a casual stranger might think a branch line of a steam road was being talked about instead of the second largest railroad system in the United States.

For some time the credit of the road has been attacked and Mr. Mellen has been criticised for not doing certain things which require large expenditures of money when an attempt is being made to strangle his credit and decry the value of the entire system which he is managing.

For over four years the Commonwealth of Massachusetts has delayed in furnishing any proper remedy for the situation which it recognized as existing, and twice referred to commissions to investigate and report. When the commission reported in 1910, recommending a physical valuation of the road for the purpose of validating its securities and establishing a satisfactory basis for future dealings, and the road followed the recommendation of the commission and did its part, the Legislature, even after the physical valuation, refused to provide an adequate remedy.

The commission which made the physical valuation went at it with the idea of finding out what was fair, neither endeavoring to favor the road nor injure it. What it found it considered were the best experts in this country could do in its own independent valuation. No member of the commission nor any expert was able to find anything except a large excess of assets over liabilities, and they so reported, making recommendations that were not adopted, nor has any other proper remedy been provided by the Legislature.

If the city of Boston wants $50,000,000 for the development of its port, the "state of mind" seems it to be right for the Commonwealth to tax people of the eastern part of the State to help provide for its payment. If western Massachusetts wants communication with the large centres by trolley service, which is to be furnished not by public funds, but by a private corporation, the "state of mind" declares that such an idea is contrary to the policy of the Commonwealth.

The large stockholders might properly ask Mr. Mellen where the New Haven road would benefit during the present generation by spending such a large sum of money for western Massachusetts trolley lines. I am sure his answer would be, "I am building for the future," and that would be his answer for the Boston & Maine and New Haven system.

The New England lines are owned by the people of New England. The capital has been furnished by New England people, and if they are to be increased and electrified, the money must come from New England. The immediate problems can be solved without difficulty, unless the "state of mind" refuses to believe in the future of New England and, in fact, in the future of this country.

Behind the Boston & Maine stands the New Haven, and behind the New Haven stands the Pennsylvania system, which has large stockholders. The boards of directors of these systems can finance any proposition which has yet been presented of, provided they have the co-operation of the public, and further provided that the Interstate Commerce Commission exhibits a willingness to allow reasonable rates to be charged on capital invested and a reasonable return to be made thereon.

Mr. Mellen has made large plans and shown the great possibilities for the New England lines, but up to this time the Legislature of Massachusetts and the public have refused to co-operate with him, and blame him for failing to carry out plans which it is pressured by encouraging attacks upon the credit of the roads and by its own failure to act.

I am afraid President Wilson is bringing into prominence some of the old words which have apparently gone out of style, and one of them is the word that Mr. Mellen might ask from the Legislature of Massachusetts and the people of New England, and that is "justice."

ARTHUR B. CHAPIN.

Boston, March 20.

NOT TO CRIPPLE NEW ENGLAND'S INDUSTRIES.

(From the Republican Standard, Bridgeport, Conn.)

"There is a big reaction all over New England against the conspiracy to block the railroad development of these six States." There ought to be and when it has come home to the consciousness of the intelligent business men of New England that their best interests and those of the road are one, they will wonder that they have ever allowed themselves to be scared by spooks.

TIME TO CALL A HALT.

(From the Pawtuxet Valley Times.)

A report circulated from New York the latter part of last week that President Charles S. Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad was to retire from the road, has promptly been officially denied from the corporation's offices. This false report, following so closely upon the recent steady drop in stock exchange quotations of New Haven and Boston & Maine stock, is a convincing piece of evidence that the persistent and bitter attacks upon the New Haven management ever since President Mellen revealed his ambition to consolidate New England railway service under one uniform supervision, are more malicious in their origin than in an honest effort to protect New England business interests from investment imposition or transportation monopoly. In fact, the attacks upon the New Haven and President Mellen have now reached a point that justifies a well-founded suspicion that the attacks are the result mainly of a deliberate scheme by an attendant of Jay Gould's methods of wrecking temporarily a solid public utility that he might secure control for himself or "even up" with a directors' board which he could not control in his own financial interest. It is time for sane public opinion to call a halt.

The Times holds no brief for the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, but it does believe that the time has come when wanton attacks upon that corporation whose successful management is as vital to the interests of New England should be resented by that public opinion which they are intended to influence.

RAILROADS SHOULD BE TREATED FAIRLY.

(From the Rutland Evening News.)

The source of the general assault upon the New Haven System in New England, discrediting its operation and management and forcing down the price of its shares, is inexplicable, except on the ground that the schemes of big financial interests have to be served by the wrecking of this company. The public seem to give little thought to the tens of thousands of small shareholders whose entire savings are invested in the stocks and bonds of the New Haven Railroad and its subsidiary lines. The attack upon the integrity of New England's principal railroad system, if it depresses the market value of its shares one half, is taking away from these thousands of people in moderate circumstances half of their little estates. That's plain.

The time is here when in Vermont and in all other States there should be greater regard for justice in treating the railroad properties.

ANTI-RAILROAD PLOT.

(From the New Haven Times-Leader.)

It seems absolutely illogical to talk and work for a greater New England, to provide for a larger foreign trade and to fight for freight rates that will add to the volume of New England manufactures and, at the same time, try to cripple the credit of the companies that must provide the increased transportation facilities needed to allow of the growth in commerce for which so many committees and commercial bodies are talking and working. The situation has never been paralleled. Yet it has been and is the situation.

It is a situation which is vitally important to all who live in New England.

A railway cannot be built, or rebuilt, in a day and when the New Haven management took hold of the Boston & Maine it needed rebuilding and re-equipping to a large extent. The work has been going on, many millions have been spent and many more appropriated. The price of the stock has now declined to a point which makes it somewhat certain that, aside from the New Haven, possibly, the stockholders will not take the new stock offered to them.

The attacks on the management of the company and on many of the directors are certainly not calculated to make banking interests connected with the company over-pleased at the prospect of being called upon to do the necessary financing.

It is time the pirate game was stopped and the people can stop it when they assert the weight of their disapproval of that game as they surely will when they fully realize that the destruction of legitimate railroad enterprises means the destruction of New England.

THE RAILROAD HITCH.

(From the Portland Press.)

As long as railroads are private enterprises, as they are in this country and will continue to be for a long time to come, capital will be required to run them, and capital will not be forthcoming unless there are some returns in sight. So unless they are to be crippled or wrecked altogether, it would seem that the time is not far away when they will have to be permitted to increase their rates.

In the end the people will have to pay for all the wage increases and then there will be a demand for more increases.

ASSAILING CORPORATIONS FOR OTHER

(From The Searchlight, Brockton, Mass)

It is a peculiar fact that most of the attacks made on corporations nowadays, and advertised to be in the interest of the common people, are directed against such corporations as have really proven of the greatest benefit to the general public. Steam and trolley railroads, gas, electric light, telephone and telegraph companies are getting the back of the axe from the "trust busters" while the great voracious traffickers on the absolute necessities of life are practically unhampered. * * *

We complain of gas or electric light, of brilliancy undreamed of when we were at school and we are convincing ourselves that we were much better treated when we paid as much for a tallow candle and twice as much for a kerosene lamp without a chimney. * * * We denounce our steam railroads; yet we have the best in the world, the best roads, the best rolling stock, the best equipment, the best accommodations, the most courteous, generously and intelligent railroad employees on earth. * * *

It looks as if the agitators were beginning at the wrong end, and it is certain that they have not accomplished anything but evil. A multiplicity of motives might be ascribed to the activity of the muck-rakers who concentrate their venom on the head of an individual, like President C. S. Mellen of the New Haven road, for instance, and it is perfectly safe to say that the attacking parties never showed much zeal in the cause of the common people.

THE BOSTON AND MAINE.

(From the Boston Advertiser, March 14, 1913.)

The sudden and spectacular fall in the prices of railroad securities of the local systems yesterday in Boston can hardly be called surprising. More than two months ago, when the public attack on those systems was at its worst stage of virulence we ventured the suggestion that if any financial or mercantile house had been subject to such concerted and such hysterical attacks, without let or hindrance, bankruptcy would surely have followed by that time. Possibly the gentlemen who have so industriously carried on this campaign to wreck local transportation interests may now be satisfied. They have not as yet announced publicly their own opinion as to the success of their efforts. Are they pleased with it?

BUSINESS PROPOSITIONS.

(From the Boston Budget-Beacon.)

It is not to be wondered at that the Boston & Maine officials and stockholders are up in arms over the repeated attacks upon their road and its policy.

It would seem as if all New Englanders would do their utmost to advance the interests of their railroads, but unfortunately it is now the tendency to decry anything and everything that is under corporate control. All sorts and conditions of corporations are made the target of attack, but the largest arrows are aimed directly at the railroad bull's eye. Railroads are purely a business proposition, and if they are treated as other businesses there is no reason why things should not speedily come out aright.

RUNNING ROUND IN CIRCLES.

(Banker and Tradesman.)

Without entering into any lengthy discussion of the railroad situation in New England, it seems to us that, in the heat of the row, the fact that we are running around in circles has been lost sight of. What the people want from the railroads is the best possible service, and the least cost and safety. Likewise, the stockholders want a fair return on their money. This looks like a pretty sensible job for any man, and yet our various legislative bodies and the railway press insist on keeping Mr. Mellen so busy defending and explaining his operations and plans that it is no wonder he finds any time at all to attend to his job of running his roads.

It is time the pirate game was stopped and the people can stop it when they assert the weight of their disapproval of that game as they surely will when they fully realize that the destruction of legitimate railroad enterprises means the destruction of New England.

UNREASONABLE AND MALICIOUS.

(From the Fall River Daily Globe.)

Of the 22,716 shareholders in the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, 10,102 are women, a remarkably large proportion, while of the total number, 11,652, representing 587,819 shares, are in Massachusetts. These statistics are deserving of consideration in connection with the attacks, many of them reckless and unjustified, that have characterized the campaign that has been conducted in certain quarters of late against the road by parties within and outside this State, for the obvious purpose of discrediting its management, prejudicing the public against it and necessarily inforing it in many ways.

That there has been good ground for considerable of this criticism is unquestionably the fact, but much more of it has been unreasonable and apparently inspired by sinister motives. There has been a noticeable subsidence of it of late.

DOUBLE TRACKING.

(Boston News Bureau)

Louis D. Brandeis is again leading in the attack upon the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad. It is fortunate for him that he does not present figures, for with figures he gets sadly muddled.

He has a remedy for the railroad situation in New England, whatever the railroad situation may be. It is applicable to any railroad at any time. Let us have it in his own words:

"The first remedy for this situation is to go backward to the place where you lost your way and to start on your way from that point."

Mr. Brandeis ought to learn that there is no "going backward" in railroading, unless you mean to go back in New England to the more than 300 corporations that are merged now in the New England's railroad system, or to the stage coach which preceded.

The simple fact is that Mr. Mellen and his associates are in the middle of their progress in solidifying a railroad system for New England.

Mr. Brandeis would have the public believe that they have too much on their hands to forward the railroad business of New England effectively. Mr. Brandeis for once is right. Mr. Mellen and his associates have had on their hands now for some years Louis D. Brandeis, his public franchise league, his hired secretary thereof, and his associate agitators. Also on top of the New England railroad system have been the national authorities including ex-President Roosevelt, investigators from Washington, legislation from Washington that would seek to divorce the steamship lines from the railroad lines—such supplementary and necessary to the other—the Grand Trunk people who have been demanding the use of the New Haven's Providence terminals without adequate compensation, and throwing a lot of things they could not fulfil, State and national commissions, State Legislatures, State and national agitators, politicians seeking election and re-election, and newspapers owned in New York with large circulation. It has had New York opposition that does not like the loss of a great port in Boston and the opposition of railroads outside of New England that would like to smash the New England railroad system and butt into the field, not for the benefit of New England but for the benefit of people outside of New England and in

* * *

Very few people see that the whole New England railroad situation is in its third transition stage—the stage of electrification. In the next few the electrical operations will have been extended from New York to New Haven and electric locomotives will be released for traffic east of New Haven, electric locomotives taking their place on the western division.

Electrification is needed in and around Boston, but what do we get in place of electrification? Agitation and restrictive legislation. These are the assets for the railroad Trustee and the railroads outside of New England, but they are of mighty little value in building up a railroad system for New England. It will take five years more of solid hard work, if the business of New England grows in the next five years as it has in the past ten, to solidify and electrify New England's railroad system, and the people who condemned it three years ago condemn it now and will be condemning it three years hence.

It seems to be one of the laws of Providence that the men who have large work to do have to be annoyed, pricked, slandered, and publicly harassed while their great work is in progress. The Ameses of New England who built the Union Pacific and Harriman who rebuilt, were no exception to the rule, and the railroad builders of New England need not expect to escape.

But the people of New England should understand that the Brandeis remedy, "To go backward," is just as fallacious as his remedy of "Scientific Management."

The people of New England should also remember that if the railroad is pushed into the "going backward" policy the State of New England will in time have to come forward and supply the capital that Mr. Mellen has thus far been able to raise and pour by the million into the building up of a railroad system for New England—for New England must itself go backward.

THE RAID ON THE NEW HAVEN ROAD.

(From the Meriden, Conn., Morning Record.)

It's a mighty serious matter for New England, this raid and sand-bagging the great railroad system which is so vital to New England's very existence.

While in many quarters people are wondering what affect Democratic tariff legislation will have upon New England industries, the question is of comparatively small account compared with the present plain evidence of a New Haven road wrecking scheme, to be carried forward at any cost by blatant "friends" of the public interest.

Shopping Cards & Free Delivery

Purchases amounting to $5.00 or more delivered free of charge in New England. THE QUICK SHOPPER should be used for purchases made in more than one department. Name of this Card all purchases made by a customer in one day are assembled and delivered at the same time, thus saving delay. We reserve the right to ship by mail, express or freight. For purchases made in more than a dozen, be sure to ask the first salesman for one of these Cards.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED

R. H. WHITE CO.

Read Our Other Great Sale News on Pages 7B and 10S

TWO NOTABLE EVENTS MARK THE OPENING OF OUR

SUMMER HOUSE FURNISHING SALE

1st. Introductory Sale of Ostermoor Matresses
2nd. Sale of the New Hong Kong Furniture

Introductory Sale of
Standard Advertised $15.50, $17.00 and $18.50

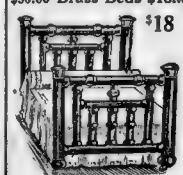
Ostermoor Mattresses
At $12.50, $13.50 and $14.50

We have been granted the Sole Agency, in the City of Boston, for the sale of Ostermoor Mattresses, hundreds of thousands of which have been sold in recent years

The reputation of this famous matress is world wide. It is equally well known that the prices are standardized throughout the United States at $15.00 and upwards. No dealer is permitted to sell them for less, except, as in our case, by special privilege.

On Sale at These Prices for a Limited Time Beginning Monday

$30.00 Brass Beds $18.00



$18

This massive bed, 2-inch posts, 1¼ inch top rails, all 1-inch filling rods, full mounted large husks, finished in three ways with guaranteed lacquer: regular value $30.00. Special price **$18.00**

$25.00 English Twin Beds Per Pair $15.00

$15

This pair of English Design All-Brass Beds, with cast T ball rod connections, three feet wide, finished in bright or satin; value per pair $25.00. Special price, per pair..... **$15.00**

$22.50 Brass Beds $14.85

$14.85

Massive Brass Bed, like cut, 2-in. continuous posts, 1-inch filling rods, guaranteed lacquer; value $22.50. Sale price **$14.85**

$35.00 Brass Beds $22.00

$22

An extra heavy bed, with 2-inch posts, 2-inch top rods, 1¼-inch filling rods, massive cast brass mounts, guaranteed lacquer; value $35.00. Special price **$22.00**

The New Hong Kong Furniture

One-Half the Price of Similar Designs in Reed and Rattan

Hand made of interwoven grass, reed and malacca cane. Absolutely NO BAMBOO used in the construction. Practically indestructible, waterproof, withstanding all kinds of exposure—giving twice or three times the wear of reed or rattan goods—

At a Saving of 50 Per Cent.

Grass Chair and Rockers $4.85

Like cut, large size, high back, deep seats, broad arm; similar pieces of reed or rattan are $10.00. Our price.. **$4.85**

Canton Peel Cane Set $20.00

Value $40.00, three-piece, a very fine set of peel cane, hand made; pieces are large with high backs, deep shaped seats. Value $40.00. Our price..... **$20.00**

Grass Chair and Rocker $6.85

A wonderful chair or rocker, like cut; all hand woven, broad arms, deep seats; similar pieces in reed or rattan are $12.00. Our price **$6.85**

$22.50 Dressers $16.50

This handsome dresser in oak or mahogany, full swell fronts, four drawers, French plate mirror. Value $22.50. Special price, **$16.50**

A Celebrated China Reclining Chair $5.85

Full size, high back, sliding leg rest. Similar chairs in reed or rattan are $15.00. Price of grass chair..... **$5.85**

Celebrated Peel Cane Hour Glass Chair $4.85

The largest and strongest chair of this kind made. Our regular price was formerly $7.50 to $7.75. **$4.85**

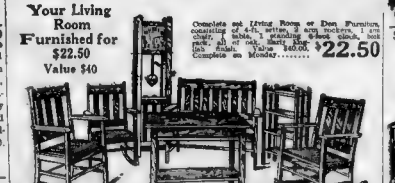
$22 Colonial Dresser $14.85

This massive Colonial dresser, in mahogany, heavy scroll foot, 24x30 French plate glass, four drawers. Value $22. Special price, **$14.85.**

$40 Colonial Dressers $27.50

This fine Colonial Dresser in walnut, birch or maple, heavy moulded frames. Value $40.00. Special price **$27.50**

Your Living Room Furnished for $22.50
Value $40



Complete set Living Room or Den Furniture, consisting of 4-ft. Couch, 2 rockers, arm chair, 24-in. table, 24x30-in. floor mat, 9x12 ft. Value $40.00. Special price for Complete Set Monday..... **$22.50**

$35 Walnut Dressers $25.00

Very fine dresser, like cut, in walnut, full swell front, 24 x 30 plate mirror, 4 drawers. Guaranteed regular $35.00. Special price **$25.00**

Books! Books! Books!

At One-Fifth to One-Half Former Prices

BOUGHT FROM

E. P. DUTTON & CO. OF NEW YORK

Prior to their removal from W. 23d St. to Upper Fifth Ave.

The old and well-known house of E. P. Dutton & Co., Publishers and Retailers, are about to move from their present location on West Twenty-Third St., N. Y., to their new Fifth Ave. Building. Prior to their removal they are disposing of the greater portion of their stock. R. H. White Co., as usual, procured exclusively for Boston Booklovers 17,000 choice volumes, embracing all branches of literature. In the lot are

Standard Sets of Well-Known Authors--Books on Travel, Art, History, Fiction, Etc.

Also thousands of additional volumes from other well-known publishers at equally low prices.

75c Limp Leather Classics 35c

Routledge's New Universal and Muses' Library of more than 150 titles of standard works of British and American literature, poetry and plays—bound in blue leather, gold tops, good type and well-edited editions. Some of the titles:

Hereward, by Lytton	Windsor Castle, by Ainsworth
Harold, by Lytton	Crichton, by Ainsworth
Jane Eyre, by Bronte	Poems and Poems of Byron
Essays, by Jas. Froude	Poems and Poems of Wordsworth
Essays on Chivalry, Shakespeare, by Hugo	Poems of Kobt. Brown-ing
Poems of Lewis Morris	Stories of Venice by Ruskin
Poems of Keats	Crown of Wild Olive by Ruskin
Poems of D. G. Rossetti	Sesame and Lilies, etc., by Ruskin
Poems of Drummond	History of England by Macaulay vol.
Poems of Oriental Nations	And Many More Essential Good Titles
Irish Melodies by Moore	
Tower of London by Ainsworth	

50c Edition New Universal and Muses' Library—Similar list of titles, bound in cloth. In this sale at, per copy..... **.17**

20c Editions Shakespeare, 10c

Well-known Brandes edition, the works of Wm. Shakespeare, bound in cloth, each play in a separate handy volume. Just 4500 volumes in the sale—comprising the following plays.

*All's Well That Ends Well	*King Henry VIII.
*Anthony and Cleopatra	*King Henry V., part
*Comedy of Errors	*Love's Labor Lost
*Coriolanus	*Love's Labor Won
*Cymbeline	*Lucrece
*King Richard III.	*Measure for Measure
*King Richard II.	*Merchant of Venice
*King John	*Merry Wives of Windsor
*King Lear	*Midsummer Night's Dream
*King Henry IV., part	*Much Ado About Nothing
*King Henry IV., part	*Pericles, Prince of Tyre
*King Henry V., part	*Poems
*Sonnets	*Rape of Lucrece
*Timon of Athens	*Romeo and Juliet
*King Henry VI., part	*Taming of the Shrew
*King Henry VI., part	*Tempest
*Titus Andronicus	*Twelfth Night
*Troilus and Cressida	*Two Gentlemen of Verona
*Winter's Tale	

40c Brandes Shakespeare, just 1400 volumes; titles as starred in above list. Sale price, per vol..... **.17**

	Pub. Price	Sale Price
House Cleaning Made Easy	$1.00	$ .35
Miss Parloa's New Cook Book		
Mansaive Writings of the New York Hermit, by Henry Ridgely Evans	2.00	.85
Parisian Life With Col. John S. Mosby	2.00	.50
The Danube, From the Black Forest to the Black Sea, by C. Hilliard	2.50	.50
Reminiscences of Abraham Lincoln, by distinguished men of his time, Edited by Allen Thorndike Rice	2.00	.50
Life of Mozart, by E. J. Breakspeare	1.50	.50
Life of Beethoven, by J. Pearce	1.50	.50
Life of Haydn, by J. C. Hadden	1.50	.50
The French Revolution, by Thos. Carlyle (2 vols.)	2.50	.79
History of Greece, by Geo. Grote (2 vols.)	2.50	.79
The Love Letters of Victor Hugo, 1820 to 1825	2.00	.79
History of Frederick the Great, by John S. Abbott	2.50	.75
Meditations of An Autograph Collector, by Alfred Lucas	2.00	.75
The Pilgrimage Way—John Wycliffe to Canterbury, by John Cartwright (8 colored illustrations)	6.00	1.50

	Pub. Price	Sale Price
The Fact Book—A curious book of general reference—A useful book of general information in one large volume	$5.00	$ .98
The Heart of the White Mountains, their legend and scenery (illustrated), by Sam'l A. Drake	2.50	1.15
The Wagerns and Ruins of Rome, by Andrew and Roderick T. Wm. (illustrated)	3.00	1.25
Venice and Its Story, by T. Okey (illustrated in color and black and white)	4.00	1.50
Palgrave's Golden Treasury (illustrated in color and black and white), by Bob. A. Bell	5.00	1.50
The Temple Dictionary of the Bible —Written and edited by Rev. Ezra Abbot, and Rev. J. E. H. Hudson, D. D., with introductory article by the Right Reverend, The Lord Bishop of Ripon (1100 pages, 540 illustrations, eight colored maps)	4.00	1.50
In the Track of the Moors—Sketches in Spain and Northern Africa, by Rhil Fitzpatrick (with 55 colored illustrations and many line drawings)	6.00	1.75

Anthony Trollope—Barchester Novels, 6 vols.; the best-known Barchester series, large type, red cloth binding, beautifully printed and illustrated. Former price $9.00. Our price, per set **$4.39**

Bulwer Lytton—12 vols., Edinburgh edition; new clear type on superfine antique laid paper; with 72 photogravure illustrations by E. F. Sheets. bound in sateen cloth. Former price $18.00. Our price, per set..... **$10.59**

BANKRUPT SALE of PICTURES

Over 10,000 Framed and Unframed Pictures

Bought at Public Auction From the Assignees of

The Hayes Art Store, 357 Washington St., Boston

At a Small Fraction of Their Value

Unframed Pictures

25c Hand Colored Nature Prints—A variety of scenes ..... **.5¢**

25c Brown Tone Pictures of Noted Subjects—Such as the "Roman Coliseum," "Forum" and the "Charis of St. Angelo," etc.; size 16x20 ..... **.5¢**

50c Colored Comic Pictures of the "Night Before Christmas"—Unframed ..... **.5¢**

25c Mottos of "Office Rules"—Unframed ..... **.5¢**

25c Colored Pictures of His Eminence Willis Cardinal O'Connell—Handsomely mounted with name printed in gold letters; unframed ..... **.5¢**

25c Pictures of Joe Wood and Tris Speaker—Unframed; while they last ..... **.5¢**

75c Fallowfield's Hunting Pictures —Unframed ..... **.10¢**

75c Pictures of Pharoah's Horses, Lions and Tigers—Unframed. **.10¢**

$1.00 Pictures—Artotypes, large sizes; all noted studies, such as "Ruth and Naomi," etc.; while they last; unframed ..... **.10¢**

50c Hand Colored Pictures—Of "Pike"; unframed ..... **.10¢**

50c to $1.00 Large Size Colored Pictures—Of the "Battle of Santiago," with photographs of the heroes; 10 to each customer, while they last; unframed... **.10¢**

$1.50 to $2.00 Noted Pictures with Verse—Such as "The Crisis"; unframed ..... **.75¢**

$5.00 Oil Paintings—By well known artists; handsome marine views, coast scenes, cattle and sheep; unframed **$1.00**

$3.50 Hand Colored Picture—The "Fight"; unframed **$1.00**

Empty Frames

$2.50 Oval Gold Burnish Frames—For embossed photographs; size 14x20; bow knot top ..... **50¢**

$2.50 Oval Gold Burnish Sweep Frames—Size 16x20 ..... **50¢**

$3.50 Heavy Gold Burnish Frames —Size 22x28 ..... **50¢**

$3.00 Oval Gold Frames—Size 13x40 ..... **50¢**

$4.00 Oval Gold Frames—Roman design tops; size 18x40 ..... **50¢**

$2.50 Brown and Gold Frames—Size 20x30 ..... **50¢**

$4.00 to $5.00 Heavy Gold Frames —Size 22x36 ..... **95¢**

Framed Pictures, Etc.

50c Hand Colored Pictures—Oval black frames; a variety of subjects ..... **10¢**

50c Pictures—Of Cupid Awake and Asleep; oval brown frames..**25¢**

98c Colored Landscapes—Oval gold frames ..... **49¢**

98c Brown Religious Pictures—Oval brown mission frames. **49¢**

$1.00 Religious and Landscape Pictures—Copies of old masters, etc.; size 18x20; mission frames. **49¢**

$1.50 Brown Pictures—Religious and noted subjects such as Hofmann's "Christ in the Temple," "Ages of Innocence," etc.; 2-inch brown frames..... **79¢**

$1.98 Pictures—Religious and copies of old masters, gold burnished frames, size 16x20..**98¢**

$1.98 Colored Landscapes—Gold burnish frames; size 16x23..**95¢**

$1.50 Pictures—Of "Sir Galahad" and "Hope," by Burne Jones; fancy polished frames ..... **98¢**

$1.98 Large Size Etchings—White mats, Circassian effect frames. **$1.00**

$1.98 Pictures—Of the "Dutch Boy and Girl," Circassian effect frames **$1.00**

$2.50 Hand Painted Pastels—Landscape and country scenes, heavy gold frames; size 18x30 **$1.39**

$1.98 to $3.98 Serving Trays—Oval and square; mahogany finish frames; brass handles. **98¢ to $1.50**

$3.50 Large Size Colored Landscape Scenes—White mats, heavy gold frames **$1.49**

$2.98 Genuine Hand Painted Pastels—A variety of scenes, Rich an gold frames; size 14x23 . **$1.75**

$5.00 Large Size Pictures—Of the "Harvest Moon"; hand colored, white mat, heavy gold burnished frames **$1.98**

$3.98 Colored Dutch Pictures—Mission green frames; large sizes **$1.98**

$5.00 to $6.00 Hand Colored Photogravures—Good subjects; Roman gold frames. **$2.49 to $2.98**

$6.00 Colonial Upright Mirrors—Plate glass, Roman gold frames, bow knot tops and French picture on top **$3.98**

$7.50 Large Size Black and White Picture—"Saying Time"; 2-inch mission frame, gold lining **$3.98**

$7.50 and $10.00 Large Size Pictures —Of "When the Heart is Young"; handsome gold frames. **$3.98 to $5.00**

$15.00 Water Color—By Lewis K. Harlow; beautiful landscape scene; chestnut gilt frame. **$6.00**

$12.50 Large Size Picture—"Halcyon Days"; antique gold finish on white mat **$5.00**

$15.00 Large Size Oil Painting—By J. Peper, heavy gold burnished frame **$5.00**

$20.00 Oil Painting—"Figure Piece Near Ocean," by a noted artist; extra heavy gold frame..**$5.00**

$15.00 Large Size Oil Painting—Coast scene, by a famous artist; heavy gold burnished frame. **$5.00**

$15.00 Extra Large Size Hand Painted Pastels—By Chandler; landscape and country scenes, water lilies, etc.; while they last, heavy gold frames..**$7.50**

$25.00 Good Size Oil Painting—"On the Battlefield," by a noted artist, heavy gold burnished frames. **$7.50**

$20.00 Oil Painting—Coast scene; heavy gold burnished frame. **$7.50**

$20.00 Large Size Oil Painting—Landscape and cattle; heavy gold burnished frame ..**$7.50**

$25.00 Oil Painting—"A Cow," by a noted artist; heavy gold burnished frame **$7.50**

$30.00 Large Size Oil Painting—"Coast and Marine View"; heavy gold burnished frame...**$10.00**

$25.00 Large Size Water Color—By Lewis K. Harlow; gold mat, 1-inch gold burnished frame. **$10.00**

$30.00 Oil Painting—"Man Fishing," and woodland scene, by Paul Kemp; extra fine burnished gold frame with black shadow box **$12.50**

$30.00 Oil Painting—Extra fine marine view, by D. De Ribcowsky; heavy gold burnish frame with black shadow box..**$14.50**

$40.00 Large Size Oil Painting—"Scene in Venice," by Mr. Brignoli, heavy gold burnished frame with black shadow box..**$16.50**

$50.00 Large Size Oil Paintings—By Norris English; cottage scene and apple blossoms, heavy gold burnished frames..**$22.50**

$75.00 Large Size Oil Painting—"Moonlight Marine View," by a well known artist; heavy gold burnished frame with black shadow box **$36.00**

Hundreds of Pictures, Paintings and Serving Trays in this sale which are mostly one of a kind and we cannot enumerate. All at big reductions.

Photo Frames

25c to 50c Photo Frames—For cabinet photographs, with easel back to stand ..... **10¢**

98c Gold Plated Photograph Frames—Florentine styles, with easel back to stand; while they last ..... **25¢**

PLEADS FOR WOMEN RAILROAD TOILERS

Representative W. J. Sullivan Tells of Bad Conditions Under Which They Work.

[illegible] concerning the employment of women in railroad yards in Boston and other parts of the State [illegible] an article written for the Equity Magazine by Representative William J. Sullivan of Boston. Representative Sullivan has been investigating the conditions surrounding the employment of women in railroad yards for the past two weeks.

Representative Sullivan is the father of a bill now [illegible] before the Legislature providing [illegible] 54-hour-a-week law shall apply to women employees in railroad yards as well as to women employed in manufacturing and mechanical establishments. The legislative committee of the Progressive party has a similar bill before the Legislature.

"It is surprising how very little to be interested the general public in a condition that has been existing for a number of years in our very midst, snapping the vitality, energy and sometimes the morality of a certain class of a community without anyone taking the trouble or the pains to make any inquiry for humanity's sake," says Mr Sullivan.

Some Work Sundays.

"For years the great steam railroads of the Commonwealth have been employing women at their various terminals and particularly in Boston, Worcester, Blackstone, Springfield and other places where they are employed to clean their passenger cars, during the time the cars in a clean condition.

"Their regular hours of employment are from 7 in the morning to noon and from 2.45 to 5 in the afternoon, for which they receive $1 per day. In the Boston yards, in particular, it is no uncommon thing to have some of the women detained and required to work three, for and five hours a day extra. More than half of these women who are employed in cleaning cars here in Boston are required to work on Sundays.

"Their work consists of sweeping, wiping and dusting cars and, frequently, handling the vacuum cleaner, which is one of the most laborious natures.

Conditions Unhealthy.

"This work is not only very laborious, but it is very exhausting and very unhealthy. When you consider that railroad trains with large crowded, ill ventilated cars create unhealthy conditions for the passengers traveling, it can be readily understood how filthy a car must [illegible] when it has been emptied of its occupants and sent to the car yard to be cleaned.

"Why should the women who are obliged to work in these foul conditions be required to work any more than their sisters in the manufacturing or mechanical establishment."

WILL AWARD CERTIFICATES.

Richard Olney Will Preside at Exercises of Franklin Union.

Arrangements have been completed for the closing exercises of the Franklin Union at the Franklin Union building at 8 p. m. tomorrow evening, when certificates will be awarded 109 graduates. Richard Olney, president of the Franklin Foundation, will preside. The other speakers will be Mayor Fitzgerald, President-Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard University, Bishop Lawrence, James J. Storrow and Walter B. Russell. The school now has 1,400 students and fifty teachers.

DOUBLE FUNERAL SERVICE.

Last Rites for Captain and Mrs. Angus Macdonald.

Double funeral services for Capta'n Angus Macdonald, captain of the ill-fated schooner Future, which went down off Cape Hatteras on January 1st, and his wife, Mrs. Jennie Macdonald, who died four weeks ago, were held yesterday afternoon, the Rev. A. M. Crane officiating. Services were first conducted at Captain Macdonald's residence, No. 8 Swan's Pond avenue, for Captain Macdonald, and the burial cemetery, where the double service was held.

Mrs. Sophronia E. Hills Dead.

Mrs. Sophronia E. Hills, one of the oldest residents of Jamaica Plain, died early yesterday at her home, No. 24 Sawyer avenue. Mrs. Hills was eighty-three years of age and was born in Canine, Me. She attended the schools in Newburyport and moved to Jamaica Plain eighty-five years ago. She was a member of the First Congregational-Unitarian Church, the Tuesday Club and the Women's Alliance.

Thrilling Story of Adventure

"The Wolf Cat," by Albert Berrington, in the magazine given Free

With Next Sunday's BOSTON AMERICAN

KEEP THIS AD It's Worth $1.00

Any one patient presenting this ad will be entitled to a $1.00 reduction from that now and here you will discover or suggested what the least paid. You will more than the dollar's worth of work.

3.00 Best Bridge Work 3.00
Per Tooth

Pure 22K Gold Crowns, Work Guaranteed 10 Years.

NOTE
NEWSOM'S SUCTIONS
NO Sore Gums

A scientifically constructed rubber plate. Gives lasting comfort and satisfaction, as shown by many of our patients. Call and let us demonstrate that it cannot be detected. PAINLESS EXTRACTING, 25c. Consultation and examination FREE. Teeth here in the morning and gone in the afternoon. Gas used FREE and go home at night with a sore gum and that day's work perfectly. Lady Attendant.

Gold Fillings $1.00 up. Silver Fillings 50c

5.00 Full Set of Teeth 5.00
Best and rubber plate ever

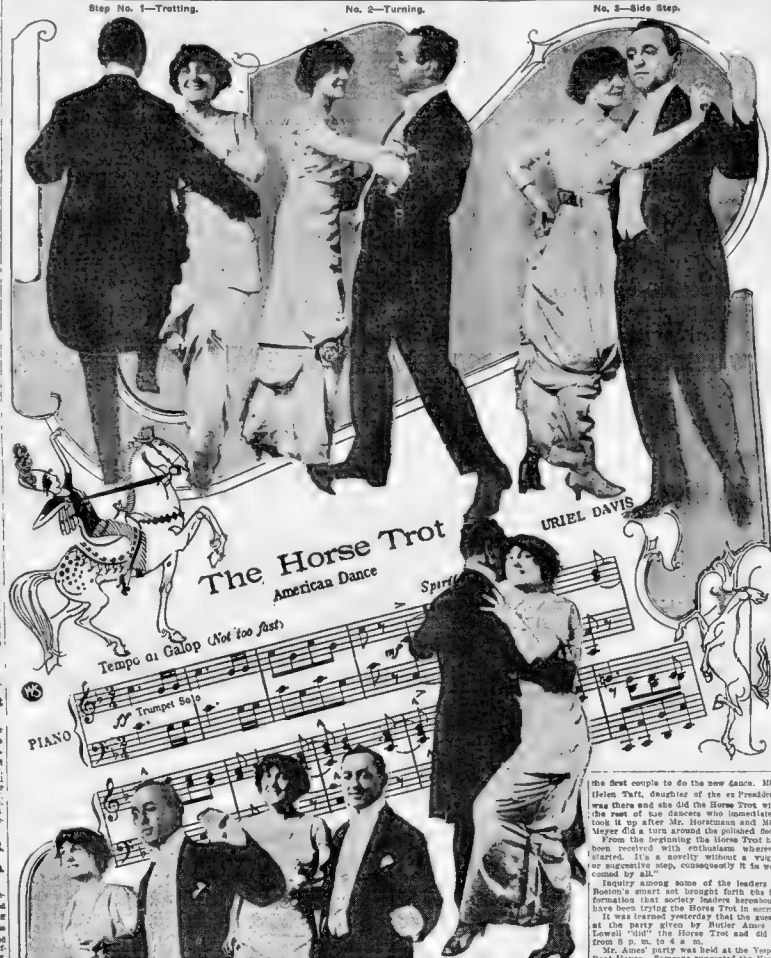
Gold Tooth Free on Plates

DR. HEWSON
506 Washington St., Boston
Hrs. 8:30 to 6. Sat. 8:30 to 9. Sun. 9 to 1
Tel. Oxford 1511 M.

NOW, Boston Society Takes Up the HORSE TROT

EVERYBODY'S Doing It ★ *The Back Bay APPROVES* ★ *It'sSTRICTLY Proper* ★ *And It Is WHOLLY New*

AND HERE'S ITS INVENTOR AND MISS ESTELLE WYNNE, SHOWING JUST HOW TO DO IT



No. 4—Balance Step.

Miss Wynne of the "Ready Money" Company, now playing at the Majestic, posed for these pictures for the Sunday American.

These two pictures illustrate how the Horse Trot may be danced in "open formation," that is, side by side instead of face to face. This is particularly favored by Boston society arbiters.

NOW comes the Horse Trot. It's the latest dance.

It has this week received the official approval of Boston society

be exit the Bunny Hug, the Turkey Trot, the Tango, the Frisco, the Ou Step, the Grape Vine, the Argentine Dip and all its others. The Horse Trot has come to stay.

The news that society had adopted a new dance seems to spread in the last moments and speedily some of the dancing masters in their gilding halls to the Horse Trot's home of steps

The inventor of the new dance is Uriel Davis of Washington, who is stopping at the Copley Plaza, where he yesterday gave these instructions for dancing the Horse Trot

HOW TO DANCE THE HORSE TROT.

POSITION—Face each other; gentleman places his right hand in centre of lady's back, holding her out at the side at arm's length; gentleman looks over lady's right shoulder and lady looks over man's right shoulder.

STEPS (FOR THE LADY).

1—TROTTING OR RUSHING STEP—Leap forward on right foot (left foot off the floor), count 1, leap forward on left foot (right foot off the floor), count 2. Repeat all (do not hop).

2—Turning on same trotting step, raise feet about five inches from floor.

3—SIDE STEP—step with right foot to side, count 1, bring left foot behind right foot, count 2, step again with right foot to side, count 3, bring left foot behind right foot, count 4, and repeat all going sideways, stepping as in trotting movement.

4—BALANCE STEP—Step down with right foot, count 1, at the same time bring left foot to front, lifting right foot slightly, count 2 step down with left foot again, count 3, bring right foot back, count 4, repeat all of this.

5—These instructions are for the lady in American begins with left foot the dance counts 1-2-3-4-5-6.

6—The trotting step forward 8 counts, same trotting step back 8 counts.

7—The turning step to right 8 counts, turning step to left 8 counts.

8—The side step 16 counts.

9—Turning step to right 8 counts, turning step to left 8 counts.

10—The trotting step forward 8 counts, same trotting step back 8 counts.

11—Balance step 16 counts. Repeat until finished

It Was an Inspiration.

"And how did you happen to invent the Horse Trot," Inventor Davis was asked

He said: "It came to me at a small dancing party in Washington at the home of Daniel [illegible] daughter of the Secretary of the Germany Embassy. I've Turkey Trot, the Tango and the others had become monotonous to me. Some dinners and some usual night after night I was thinking of these things as I played the Aeroplane Dip—that aeria dance that came via the army posts where they are experimenting with the air machines

"Just at that moment A. C. Hortsmann, third secretary of the Germany Embassy and one of the finest dancers at the Na tional Capital, came over to the piano As I played the Aeroplane and swayed with the music I turned to Mr. Hortsmann and said 'I've just thought of a new dance.'

"Good!' he said 'What's it like?'

"I'm interested a will come in a minute,' I replied. 'I'll show it to you.' And I did.

"When I had gone through the steps of the new dance, Mr. Hortsmann exclaimed 'It's great!' Well call it the Horse Trot! It's just like horse trotting.'

"Here's the music,' I said, sitting down to the piano. And as quickly as I had thought of the steps, just as quickly my fingers found the right keys on the piano and I set the dance to music then and there.

"Mr. Horstmann turned to Miss Julia Meyer, daughter of George von L. Meyer, late Secretary of the Navy. In a second they were dancing the Horse Trot.

"Mr. Horstmann and Miss Meyer were the first couple to do the new dance. Miss Helen Taft, daughter of the ex President, was there and she did the Horse Trot with the rest of the dancers who immediately took it up after Mr. Horstmann and Miss Meyer did a turn around the polished floor.

"From the beginning the Horse Trot has been received with enthusiasm wherever started. It's a novelty without a vulgar or suggestive step, consequently it is welcomed by all."

Inquiry among some of the leaders of Boston's smart set brought forth the information that society leaders heretofore have been trying the Horse Trot in secret

It was learned yesterday that the guests at the party given by Butler Ames of Lowell "did" the Horse Trot and did it from 8 p. m. to 4 a. m.

Mr. Ames' party was held at the Vesper Boat House. Someone suggested the Horse Trot. "Can you play it," Davis was asked "Well, I invented it," he replied. And so the rest of the evening the guests of Butler Ames danced the Horse Trot to the music as played by its inventor.

The young folks at Lenox tried the Horse Trot, too, it became known yesterday. Lenox liked to Horse Trot.

It was introduced at a dancing party held at the home of Mrs. Thomas Beloid Clarke. The ball room of her home was fitted up to resemble a barn. Someone from Washington interpreted the Horse Trot. Then young society people trotted

Spice of Life in Maine

BANGOR, Me., March 22.—At last, after years of controversy at home and in the Legislature, Bar Harbor has been opened to the automobile. The long fight for the repeal of the automobile exclusion act, passed many years ago, ended on Wednesday, when the auto champions won in the Legislature.

On Thursday the streets of the famous Mount Desert resort were filled with cars, big and little, while the natives turned out in crowds to witness the strange sight. Many garages are being built, and everybody who has the price will get a car this Summer

* * *

Fred Johnson of Bailey's Island ate a quart of clams and four plates of baked beans before he went to a dance the other night, and at the dance he lunched on six plates of ice cream and half a loaf of cake.

But John F. Stover of South Brunswick ate on the same night twenty-seven clams—and this made Johnson so angry that, just to prove he was the champion, he went to the Grange supper on the following night and there ate six plates of baked beans, seven quarters of pumpkin pine, three quarters of apple pie, six hot biscuits with preserved raspberry on them, three slices of layer cake, nineteen doughnuts and a few strawberry tarts, after which he drank a quart of coffee, two glasses of cider and munched a few apples

* * *

George Prendestor of New Sweden has a hen worth talking about. When Prendestor goes out to the barn to feed his stock, at 5 a. m., he puts the hen on her nest. When he gets ready to return to the house the hen has laid for him a fine big egg for breakfast.

Abolish Penalty For Wrong Stamps

Burleson Puts it Up to Postmaster to See That Parcel Postage is Rightly Stamped.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Patrons of the parcel post system are not to be made to pay for the negligence of postmasters in failing to see that proper stamps were used on the parcels, or that the proper amount of postage was affixed.

Postmaster-General Burleson today announced the order providing for the collection of a double rate of postage when ordinary stamps instead of the distinctive parcels post stamps were used

Hereafter the postmasters must return to senders incorrectly stamped parcels before the stamps are cancelled, with notice to use correct stamps. When the name of the sender is unknown the parcel will be subject to its destination and the proper postage collected

In all instances the penalty of double postage is abolished

New Irish Tenor to Sing at K. C. Concert

Thomas Egan of Dublin to be Heard in Boston Theatre on April 13.

A new Irish tenor has come to the front in opera. Those who have heard him are enthusiastic about his voice and his musical ability. Thomas Egan is his name and Dublin is his native city. For two years he has been singing in Italian opera in London. He is now in America on a concert tour

Under the auspices of the Knights of Columbus of Boston he is to sing in concert [illegible] on Sunday evening, April 13 [illegible] street will be at Boston Theatre. Mr Egan will be assisted by Miss Lillian Breton, soprano, of the Royal Italian Grand Opera of London; Sig Michelangelo Rossini, baritone, of the San Carlo Opera Company of Naples, Italy, Grace Kessler, pianist, and Vincent Fanelli, harpist.

Miss MacMechan to Wed.

Miss Jean Harriet MacMechan, daughter of Professor and Mrs. Archibald MacMechan, will be married April 7 in All Souls' Cathedral, Halifax, to Captain Charles Richard Edward Willetts of the Royal Canadian Regiment. The bride is a granddniece of Mrs. Margaret J. Megenis, the dean of Boston newspaper women.

ANOTHER SHOW-OFF OF TORY CULTURE

Plan to Steal March on Liberal Ministry Is Nipped and Beaten.

By C. O'CONNELL GALVIN

The cultured young Tories of the House of Commons and their allies, the Orange members, gave another exhibition, last Wednesday of their deep regard for the sacred dignity of the historic chamber.

For coarseness of manner this latest scene was on a par with the disgraceful episode last year when even their own leader, Mr. Balfour, felt such shame that the rose and left the House in disgust

The Tories had laid secret plans to spring a snap division, Wednesday afternoon, on the Consolidated Fund bill, in the [illegible] by surprise.

They [illegible] at this stage the Consolidated Fund bill is always treated as purely formal, and they promised that the government would not have the opportunity to hold However, suspicion was aroused in the Irish benches by the sudden [illegible] of Opposition members and as soon a division was challenged a Nationalist jumped up and proceeded to [illegible] the bill in order to give the government whips time to get their men to the House.

This [illegible] was followed by others, despite persistent interruptions by the Opposition. At [illegible] of thirty minutes [illegible] government succeeded in getting to be taken and got a majority of [illegible]. Again [illegible] Irish party [illegible] saved the

Maddened by the jeers and taunts of the Opposition at [illegible] of the [illegible] the Opposition became noisy, disorderly and determined to obstruct all business for the evening.

One Ulster Orangeman, Moore of Armagh, [illegible] government with "disgraceful trickery," and they [illegible] Opposition [illegible] to snatch a division [illegible] to refused to withdraw these words he was suspended

All the colleagues had arranged to follow his example but their courage failed, so they settled their [illegible] by insulting members of the government [illegible] some of [illegible] towards Speaker [illegible] Illingworth and other cripples were shouted [illegible] been [illegible] the Speaker to the House [illegible] to restore [illegible] of order to [illegible] to cause [illegible] of such [illegible] ment

Much of the disregard for decency and law and order may be laid at the doors of the militant suffragettes.

Meanwhile, [illegible] lawlessness growing more rampant in England the [illegible] condition of Ireland is so peaceful and [illegible] as to make a striking example for all civilization

The judges who presided over the Spring Assizes held recently in Limerick city and county and Waterford city and county opened their respective courts with speeches to the grand juries congratulating them on the lightness of the calendars and complimenting them upon the orderly and peaceful condition of the districts.

When home rule is an accomplished fact, and the Irish people find themselves charged with the responsibilities of self-government, the reason [illegible] Irish [illegible] and the [illegible] Irish judges will find their need diminishing every day

Fat Reduction Now a Certainty

Thousands of Cases of Long Standing Have Been Quickly Reduced by Use of Kellogg's New Compound.

Battle Creek, Mich. (Special)—Reports from all parts of the world confirm former reports that Kellogg's New Compound for the reduction of fat has proven a remarkable success in thousands of cases.

Many cases have been reduced from sixty to ninety pounds in a very few weeks without any bad effects whatever. Any man or woman burdened with too much fat should send their name and address to F. J. Kellogg, 4141 Kellogg Bldg., Battle Creek, Mich., who is sending out large $1.00 boxes free to all sending ten cents in stamps or silver to help pay postage and packing.

The new compound is perfectly harmless, easy to take, does not require any starvation diet, or tiresome exercise.

Send us a trial order NOW for
HAYNER BOTTLED-IN-BOND WHISKEY

THIS is the ideal whiskey for the home—rich, pure, delicious—guaranteed to please in every way—or your money back.

Insist On Bottled-in-Bond
Be particular in your selection—avoid blends and compounds—and remember there is only one way you can be SURE of getting absolutely pure, straight whiskey and that is to insist on BOTTLED-IN-BOND.

That's What We Offer You
Hayner fine, old Private Stock Bottled-in-Bond Whiskey—shipped in strong, sealed case—direct from distillery to you—and all it costs you is $3.20 for FOUR full quarts—express paid by us.

There Is No Question
about a whiskey like this—you KNOW it is good and pure—as the U.S. Government's official Green Stamp over the cork is your assurance that it is bottled-in-bond, fully aged, full 100% proof and full measure.

Nowhere Else Can You Do So Well
Blends and compounds can be had anywhere and at any price—but when it comes to BOTTLED-IN-BOND—Hayner Whiskey has no equal.

How Can We Do It?
We sell our entire product direct from Distillery to Consumer—thus saving you all the profit of the middleman and dealer—and giving you this fine old whiskey at the distiller's price.

Send Us Your Order—
Try this whiskey—*at our risk* and on our guarantee—you will find it as fine a whiskey as you ever tasted and the *best* value you ever bought—or you may send it back at our expense and we will return your money without a word.

You Take No Chances
Our guarantee is fair and square—it means what it says—we *must* send you a quality that will strike you as rich, pure, delicious—pleasing in every way—and we will do it.

No letter is necessary—
Cut Out and Use This Coupon and address our nearest office

THE HAYNER DISTILLING COMPANY
Enclosed find $3.20 for which send me, Prepaid, FOUR full quarts of Hayner Private Stock Bottled-in-Bond Whiskey—Express Prepaid. It is understood that if this whiskey is not found as represented in every respect satisfactory in every way it may be returned at your expense—and my $3.20 is to be promptly refunded.

Name .....

Address .....

Be sure to state Post Office and R. F. D. No.

Orders for Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington or Wyoming must be on the basis of 2 Quarts for $6.40 by Express Prepaid or 10 Quarts for $16.00 by Parcel Post.

THE HAYNER DISTILLING CO., Dept. M-94 51-53 High St., BOSTON, MASS.
Orders and Shipping Depots also at DAYTON, O. ST. LOUIS, MO. KANSAS CITY, MO. ST. PAUL, MINN. NEW ORLEANS, LA. JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
Distillery at Troy, Ohio ESTABLISHED 1868 Capital $500,000.00 Full Paid

FIVE LINES IN SAIL FROM HUB CAMPAIGN

Record Passenger Season for Port of Boston Is Now Assured.

"Sail from Boston."

In hundreds of newspapers, not only in New England, but in all parts of the United States, this is the slogan, and the wonderful advertising of the city is being done in the interests of the enterprising and progressive Hamburg-American line.

The New Haven Railroad is co-operating spiritedly in the "Sail from Boston" campaign, and the White Star and Cunard lines are starting after the business with the greatest activity.

This is going to be the biggest passenger season Boston has ever had.

The big steamship lines which for some years have been contentedly carrying those who applied for transportation are now out after the business, and they are canvassing the United States and Canada to get it.

The Cunard Line is going to put up a big fight against the Hamburg Line for the Boston business. In the Franconia and Laconia the Cunard Line possesses two of the finest ships afloat and the largest that enter any port on the American continent except New York.

The White Star Line has taken its huge 16,000-ton steamer Arabic and made a one-cabin ship out of her. The Arabic and Cymric now carry only second-cabin and steerage passengers and are the finest boats on the Atlantic in this trade.

A big crimp will be put into the passenger business of Philadelphia and Montreal, which have almost monopolized the so-called "one-cabin" business, by the conversion of the Arabic into this type of ship.

The Allan Line intends to improve its Boston service and several 10,000-ton ships are likely to be in service here on that line during the Summer.

The Leyland Line will continue its popular service of 10,000-ton boats that carry no first-cabin or steerage, but let the second cabin have the run of the ship.

Thus Boston will be served this Summer by five of the greatest steamship lines, and is apt to have intermittent services by the Italian lines.

Competition will be active and the city Hugh Bancroft, chairman of the Port Directors, will boom. In a speech before the United States engineers the other day General Bancroft demonstrated that one-sixth of all the steamers in the world over 500 feet long sail from Boston.

Boston this year will surpass Philadelphia, Baltimore, Montreal and all other ports on the continent except New York in the amount of her passenger business.

This is the fleet that will "sail from Boston":

Hamburg American Line, Cleveland and Cincinnati, 17,000.

Cunard Line, Franconia, Laconia, each 18,000 tons; Ultonia, 10,000 tons.

White Star Line, Arabic, 16,000 tons; Cymric, 13,000 tons; Cretic, 13,000 tons; Canopic, 12,000 tons.

Leyland Line Devonian, Winifredian, Cestrian, Bohemian, Canadian, each 10,000 tons.

Allan Line steamers not yet designated.

The Directors of the Port of Boston are preparing to construct a great drydock at a cost of $3,000,000. They are fast completing the new Commonwealth pier and expect to have part of it ready by July 1, when the Hamburg line is intending to move in.

The first Hamburg line boat to come will be the Cincinnati, which will arrive about May 31 and is scheduled to sail June 7.

Just now the steel frame of the great freight shed is up and the contractors have large gangs of men working overtime upon the pier. The work of dredging the channel at the entrance is proceeding rapidly and experts announce that the Hamburg boats will be able to enter with perfect safety.

The Hamburg line office in Boston has been besieged by those who wish to sail from Boston, and New York is also booking largely from this port. The service of the new service would be assured without the splendid advertising which is being done by the Hamburg line, but that company is not working for this season alone but for next year when the Amerika is expected to enter this service.

Boy Drowns in Canal.

While playing with several companions on a raft yesterday in the Lechmere Canal, at East Cambridge, John Cox, an eight-year-old boy, living at No. 84 Thorndike street, Cambridge, was drowned. His body was recovered two hours later.

CINCINNATI, HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINER

Charge Lawrence Editor With Libel

LAWRENCE, March 29.—Valentine Reilly, publisher of the Lawrence Sunday Leader, is under arrest charged with having criminally libelled Mayor Michael A. Scanlon.

WELLESLEY MAN IN DUEL WITH BURGLAR

Chestnut Woods Section Terrorized by Criminal Thief—Drops $100 of Booty.

The Chestnut Woods section of Wellesley was terrorized yesterday by a burglar who broke into two homes and exchanged shots with Eugene George of Brook Road, who shot at him while he was escaping from the George home.

In his flight through the woods the burglar dropped about $100 worth of solid silverware he had stolen from the George home. He also made an unsuccessful attempt earlier in the morning to enter the home of Joseph Schaler on Washington street.

A. E. George, who owns the Hegman Kennels, was awakened early by the restless actions of one of his dogs. Soon he heard a crash downstairs in the dining room.

He ran to his bedroom window and saw the burglar running from the house.

On the silver recovered Mr. George found his marks. From the methods used by the burglar to gain an entrance, Mr. George is of the opinion he was a professional.

Earlier in the day the burglar, who is described as a young man, gained entrance to the home of Irving Bowman on Washington street, where he cleaned out the refrigerator.

Mr. George and his son scoured the surrounding section in a carriage, but found no trace of the burglar. They met a milkman from whom the burglar had secured a glass of milk, and whom he told he had come near being shot.

Irish Flag Waves on the City Hall Annex

A large Irish flag that had been raised on the top of the steel framework of the new City Hall Annex was taken down and replaced by an American flag after many complaints had been made to the Mayor's office and to Captain Sullivan of Station 2. Colonel Dick Field, Mayor Fitzgerald's secretary, told Patrolman Lahey to investigate and to call the attention of Wells Brothers, the contractors, to Section 6, Chapter 207, of the Revised Laws, which forbids the raising of any foreign flag on a public building.

An employe of the contractor said the flag was raised for a joke and it was the intention to immediately replace it with an American flag.

MONTENEGRIN KING IS REPORTED SLAIN

ROME, March 29.—A telegram received today from Cettinje reports the death of King Nicholas of Montenegro. It stated that, while no official confirmation of the report could be received from the Montenegrin government, many rumors were current here. One of these was that the king had been assassinated, while another had it that Nicholas succumbed to illness brought on by exposure.

A news agency in Austria-Hungary delivered her communication that the king of Montenegro had died and was backed up by the powers. King Nicholas was reported as saying that he would "enter Scutari or not return alive to Cettinje."

SAVE YOUR TEETH
BEFORE IT'S TOO LATE

Full Set of Teeth $5
GOLD CROWN BRIDGE WORK

EXAMINATION FREE. ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

SAVE MONEY AT THE SAME TIME

Don't let your teeth ache or hurt. You can come to us for FREE ADVICE and LOWEST PRICES for finest work and finest materials. Our Doctors are Graduates. They take interest in being patient, careful, gentle. That's why every patient is our friend. Nervous people wear RY. as near AT us. AT THIS LOCATION OVER 20 YEARS.

Sundays 10 to 4. Telephone 4485-W Oxford.
Everything that can be done in dentistry, we do. Hours 9 to 8.

A REQUEST BRINGS YOU OUR ILLUSTRATED BOOK FREE IF YOU HAVE TEETH YOU NEED THE BOOK

THE WHITE DENTAL PARLORS
521 WASHINGTON STREET (Opp. R. H. White)

Constantine's Victory Will Be Celebrated

"Te Deum" to be Intoned at Cathedral Today in Honor of Long Peace.

At the close of solemn high mass in the Cathedral of the Holy Cross today the "Te Deum" will be intoned as an expression of gratitude to God for the sixteen centuries of the church's peace which followed the edict of Milan after the defeat of Maxentius at the Mulvian Bridge, near Rome, by the Christian Emperor, Constantine the Great.

Besides the chanting of the "Te Deum," an appropriate sermon will be preached by the Rev. Neil A. Crouin, Ph. D.

This victory of Constantine is believed to have been won in October 312. Celebration of the anniversary are being held today all over the Christian world.

In accordance with the invitation of Pope Pius X., Cardinal O'Connell has directed that appropriate services should take place today in all the churches of the archdiocese, and that as many of the faithful as possible should receive holy communion in thanksgiving for the liberty of the church and the triumph of the Christian religion.

TO WEAR OLD ROBE.

Justice Hammond Will Impersonate Judge Sewall.

Justice Hammond of the Superior Court will don the robes of a justice who presided on the Massachusetts bench at the time of the Salem witches, when he impersonates Judge Sewall in the trial scene in the Historic Boston Pageant. The gown belonged to a colleague of Judge Sewall in 1692 and it is now the property of his descendants.

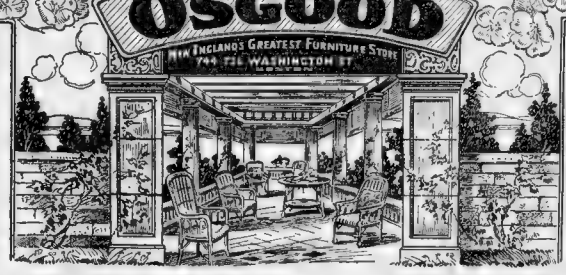
The performances are to be given by the Young Men's Guild of the Old South Church under the direction of Joseph Lindon Smith and Henry Copley Greene on Monday at 8 p. m. and on Tuesday afternoon and evening.

Malden Gets Insurance Money.

Insurance amounting to $3,612 has been paid by the insurance companies to the City of Malden for damage resulting from a fire in the High School building last Sunday, originating in the electric wiring for the school clock system.

THE C. E. OSGOOD CO. THE C. E. OSGOOD CO. THE C. E. OSGOOD CO. THE C. E. OSGOOD CO.

Annual Spring Furniture Opening



Magnificent Exhibition and Sale of Season's Most Advanced Patterns in Furniture

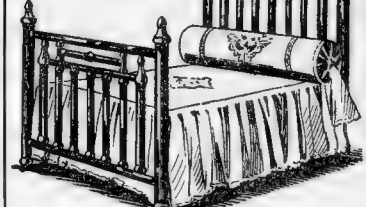
Our Annual Spring Opening Is Always One of the Big Events of the Furniture Trade

We Present a Few of the Many Attractive Values That We Have Underpriced For the Opening Week of the Spring Season

Dining Tables
Exactly like illustration, quartered oak, plank top, 6-ft. extension, colonial base; sells regularly for $28.00. Our price this week..... 21.45

This Quar. Oak Table 21.45 — This Quar. Oak Table 21.45

Brass Beds
Exactly like illustration, all sizes, velvet finish, guaranteed lacquer, two-inch posts, seven large fillers at top and bottom, and heavy cross pieces. Regularly $35.00. Our price this week.. 24.50



Baby Carriages
Exactly like illustration, dark blue body, upholstered in leather cloth, enamel joints, strong running gear. Reg. $11. Our price this week, 7.95

Our Guarantee to Customers
Following our usual custom of protecting our credit customers against possible loss and hardship, we remind them that we give a receipted bill in full on credit accounts up to $500 in case of a customer's death.

Furniture Buyers Can Hardly Afford to Overlook Our Spring Values

Buffets
Exactly like cut. Genuine quartered oak, large locker, deep linen and silver drawers, bevel French plate mirror. Regularly $48.00. Our price this week, 36.50

Parlor Suite
Exactly like illustration, heavy frame, mahogany finish, loose silk plush cushions. Regularly $60.00. Our price this week..... 39.75

Refrigerators
Exactly like illustration, solid oak, hygienic construction, 31 inches wide, 18 inches deep, 44 in. high (outside measurements), and 90 pounds ice capacity, galvanized steel lining. Reg. $22.00. Our price this week, 17.45

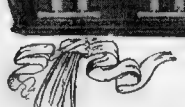
Our Liberal Credit Plan
We open accounts with everybody. By paying a little down and a little each month our patrons may furnish their homes attractively without the hardship of a large outlay of money. Our plan of liberal credit has made thousands of satisfied customers in all parts of New England.

STORE OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS

Cambridge Store 1075 Cambridge Street | BOSTON STORE: 744-756 Washington St. When in Doubt Buy of OSGOOD | East Boston Store 59 Meridian Street

THE C. E. OSGOOD CO. THE C. E. OSGOOD CO. THE C. E. OSGOOD CO. THE C. E. OSGOOD CO.

$35



No Extras

This Beautiful Black Broadcloth Casket, trimmed with six silver and cloth handles, silver name plate, engraved, satin lined. Trust price $65 to $75. My independent price $35.

Only Independent Undertaker in Boston.

Endorsements of Clergy of all Denominations.

"I do exactly as I advertise or your need not pay me one cent"

GRAHAM funerals, caskets and funeral furnishings at from one-half to one-fifth the Trust prices charged anywhere else. You have the free use of the Parlors and Chapel. Calls answered without extra charge regardless of distance.

Ask your spiritual adviser about Graham and the work he is doing.

W. H. GRAHAM 1770 Washington Street Opp. Northampton St. L. Station Phone Roxbury 120

RETRACTS FALSE CHARGES ON HEARST

Louisville Times Regrets Publication of Gaynor Statement at Associated Press Dinner.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 29.—Following the action of Mr Henry Watterson's Louisville Courier-Journal, which published an editorial apology retraction for having accepted and given currency to the false statements of Mayor Gaynor at the Associated Press dinner of 1910, in which Mayor Gaynor charged Mr Hearst with forgery and falsification of the celebrated Cobalan warrant for $4.000 the Louisville Times has published the following editorial:

In Justice to Mr. Hearst.

In the latter part of April, 1910, there appeared in the columns of the Louisville Times a telegraphic report in regard to William Randolph Hearst in connection with a voucher issued in New York under the administration of Mayor Gaynor. This report was sent out by the Associated Press and the Times had no reason to doubt its accuracy. Coming from Mayor Gaynor it was received as true and the Times had no intention to wrong Mr. Hearst in the publication thereof.

Upon investigation it turns out that things said about Mr. Hearst had no foundation and were untrue. The Times wishes in the fullest way to retract and to withdraw any statement made in connection with the said matter reflecting on Mr Hearst and to express great regret that this publication should have been made concerning him. It is glad to make complete reparation to Mr. Hearst for the wrong done him in this matter and cheerfully makes the amends honorable and to assure Mr Hearst of its regret that the publication either in the press dispatches or in the editorial columns of the Times were published

BIG LOWELL PARADE TRIBUTE TO CARDINAL

Four Thousand Men March Through Decorated Streets Before 50,000 Spectators.

LOWELL, March 29.—Four thousand men, including many bands, and military and civic bodies, paraded today through the principal streets of the city and fifty thousand spectators were lined along the route.

The demonstration was under the auspices of the Irish Catholic societies of Lowell. Holding the parade today was the sequel, a graceful compliment paid two weeks ago to Cardinal O'Connell, by his native city.

When it was planned to hold the procession on St. Patrick's Day, word came from the Cardinal that, as that festival fell this year in Holy Week, it would be proper to postpone the parade to a later date. This was cheerfully acceded to and today was chosen instead of March 17

All Places Decorated.

Business houses and homes along the route were handsome y decorated with American flags, while several of the mills and stores shut down at noon to enable the employes to participate in the parade

The procession started at 2 o'clock

The first division was composed of a battalion of which Guardsmen, Captain Philip McNulty and co. M. 9th Regt. M. V. M. was major. The companies in line were Co M, 9th Regt., Lieutenant Thos. Cleary; Co C, 9th Regt., Captain Walter Jones; Co C 6th Regt., Captain George W. Peterson, Co K, 1st Reg., Lieut. Captain Anthony J. Perry; Co B 1st Regt., Captain Edward J Kelley

Next in line were the Irish American organizations of volunteers. Major Thomas Day of Lowell in command. They included the Wolfe Tone Guards, Capt. Cornelius P J Fitzgerald; Sheridan Guards, Lowell, Lieutenant M'enus J O Rourke; Fenian Guards, Lowell, Captain Albert Bergeron; Garda d'Honneur, Captain Joseph L. Lamoreaux; Garda Jacques Cartier, Lowell, Captain Alfred Grenier, Ancet Guardian Cadets, Major Arthur D. Lamoreaux

Hibernian Organizations.

The second division was composed of the A. O. H. in the following were State President Patrick F. Donnelly, Daniel J Murphy, one of the organizers of the first Hibernian division in this city; Terrence Gray, who has been a member of the Hibernian order here nearly forty years, and other old members.

The bodies in line were: Division 1, A. O. H., Lowell, Jeremiah J Connors, marshal; Division 2, A. O. H., Lowell, Timothy J. O'Connor, marshal; Division 11, A. O. H., Lowell, John D. Kelley, marshal; Division 28, A. O. H., Patrick J McCann, marshal; Division 8, A. O. H., Lowell, Thomas F. Reynolds, marshal; Divisions 1, 2, 4 and 6, A. O. H., Manchester, N. H.; Patrick F. Kelley, marshal, Divisions 1 and 2, Nashua, N. H.; Dunn, marshal; representatives of Division 8 of Lawrence, Patrick J. Sanderver and Division 3 of Woburn

Thomas J Fitzgerald was marshal of the third division, which was composed of Holy Name societies of Lowell, Collinsville, North Billerica and North Chelmsford. The marshals of the various organizations were: Thomas Mahoney, John L. McDonough, Major Francis Gallagher, John Haviland, John R. Kiggins Frank Campbell, Matthew Wholey and Edward

The fourth division was composed of St Mary's Cadets at Lawrence and Joseph's Cadets of Somerville J William Mahoney was marshal

Irish National Foresters.

The Irish National Foresters, with Martin F Joyce as supreme ranger, made up the 4th division It included two branches of Lowell, with James Cryan and James W McKenna as marshals; Branch Patrick Sarsfield of Lawrence, Lawrence Driscoll, marshal; Branch Michael Davitt, Lawrence, D. J Kelliher, marshal; Branch St. Patrick, Manchester, N. H., T. J. McDonald, marshal

In the sixth division were representatives of its kin, Polish, Portuguese and Lithuan an organizations, with several bands

The division review was conducted of the C M. I. of St Patrick's Irish Mutual Kelley, marshal; Burns Temperance Institute, John Lawner, marshal, Lowell Branch Knights of Pythias, Leo Malloy, marshal, and members of the fourth degree, Knights of Columbus, Dr. Thomas F Carroll, marshal.

I WAS A Heavy Drinker

Consumed Quart of Whisky Every 24 Hours.

VICTORY IN 3 DAYS

'If you know anyone who drinks alcohol to excess, tell them about Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.'

I drank beer at first, the miserable deep opened into a drunkard's grave. I was drinking when I wouldn't hesitate to pawn my coat or break a saloon window to get rum, & I finally reached the drink crave a quart of whisky, rum or gin daily. I was a drunkard, a slave to drink, a fit subject for the almshouse, hospital, jail and drinking opportunities, made for. By accident, one day, I read an article telling about Dr. Haines' Golden Specific, upon all accept the misconception, who cheerfully took my money for the private treatment.

For 16 years I kept it up, and I regarded myself as a confirmed drunkard, and thought that I would have a drunkard's grave. Children and

Mothers, Wives, Sisters

While drinking myself to the grave, as all slaves of Rum & Alcohol do, I suspected I found a true remedy. It saved my life. My health was quickly restored. I became and am a respectable man, loving every member of my family from the deepest bottom of my heart. I tried my method on others, and it never failed. Over 16,000 cases cured, including all classes, and I have the greatest craving for liquor conquered. I could never persuade myself to accept money for my discovery from other slaves to whom I now know were due to my kindness and generosity.

WONDERFUL

It was done in 3 days if I had not seen with power of flesh and blood. Many cases of 10 to 20 years standing have no will power while drinking. My method is wonderful. It has cured thousands. My method is scientific and harmless. My remedies have astonished many of physicians, the inebriate person retains it all we take of his power to drink or desire for liquor. Thousands have given me testimonials to the hundreds every month will tell you can verify. Many were saved from the drink habit for over 20 years, and have remained so, and others who did not have any will power left, were restored without their knowledge. Many society workers, of Boards, the latter of the many Presidents, Secretaries, Treasurers, Directors, etc., have been cured of every kind of liquor habit.

I tell about the secret in my book, which I will FREE to every person who writes for it and who takes advice to stop drinking. My complete cure is sent in plain envelopes, postpaid, and every one can run it easy & pleasantly. I am a regular graduate physician, specializing for the past twenty years in liquor drinkers. This is not a complete art (delightful) overcoming of drink habit but a scientific one. Begin right Monday night, or any time, to stop.

NO MEN OR WOMEN TO SEE ANY AGE.

To relatives, friends, or employers who desire to save a victim of drink, I will write and explain my method, and tell how to proceed. Also some letters, read them and judge for yourself.

ABSOLUTELY FREE

I will send you my book, in plain wrapper, postpaid, positively free, if you will promise to read it carefully and give it a fair trial. It is a wonderful discovery, and gives valuable information to drunkards. Don't delay, but write me today. Every hour of delay means more drinking and more misery and hell for coming years. Remember, it costs nothing and you will always be glad that you wrote. Correspondence strictly confidential. Keep this adv. if you cannot write today. Address

EDWARD J. WOODS,
834 Sixth Ave., 315 T, New York, N.Y

Household Pests

I have spoken many times about the dangers attendant upon the use of certain poisons in the destruction of household pests. I am told that a few days ago a man had a fatal accident with one of these poisons, and that members of his family were made ill from the effects of the fumes. I am impelled to call the attention of the public to the matter again.

It is almost a every day occurrence to hear of some one who has been poisoned by eating food which has been prepared in vessels which have contained poison. Many people are in the habit of using tin cans which have contained fruit, fish, etc., for cooking purposes. Many others use the cans which have contained poison for the purpose of storing away food. Many people are in the habit of using tin cans which have contained fruit, fish, etc., for cooking purposes. Many others use the cans which have contained poison for the purpose of storing away food.

It is always better to be on the safe side and use Marsh's Roaring or Cockroach Powders, which can be used without danger.

Price 25c. Sold by druggists, or sent to any address by mail. Beware of worthless imitations offered by other people.

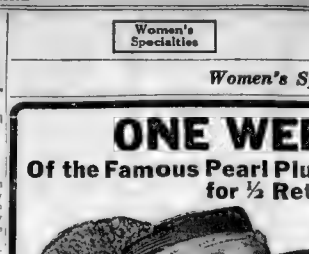
WALTHAM CHEMICAL CO.
Waltham, Mass.

Women's Specialties — The Market Place — Mail Orders Household Needs

Women's Specialties

ONE WEEK SALE

Of the Famous Pearl Plumes, Finest in America, for ½ Retail Price



Be Your Own Trimmer With Pearl Plume and Save Money

The Plume on this Hat is a No. 017 Pearl Plume, $7.50 value. This week's special for **$3.99**

The Plume on this Hat is a No. 018 Pearl Superior Ostrich Plume, $8.00 value. This week's special **$2.99**

$1.99 Mail Orders Filled

OUR PLUMES ARE THE FINEST!

One-Half Price Sale for one week only. TO THE PUBLIC: We want every woman to have one of our Plumes at a Special Price. All colors.

$3.00 Plumes	This week only	$1.99
$5.00 Plumes	This week only	$2.99
$7.50 Plumes	This week only	$3.99

$10.00 Wonder Plume, such as you never saw before in your life Special this week $4.99

MAIL ORDERS Send Money Order or Express Check and we will send Plume by Parcel Post, Prepaid

NOTICE We want you to know that our Plumes are different from the others, and we have no connection with other store in Boston.

DON'T BE MISTAKEN

This Week—Feathers Curled 15c
Flower 5th Roses, val. 35c, price . 15c
OTHER FLOWERS FREE

PEARL WHOLESALE FEATHER CO.
7 Temple Place, 5th Floor, Boston, Mass. — Near Tremont St.

Order Your SPRING SUIT and Dress Now

Mrs. Green gives the making and fitting of dresses and suits personal attention and invites you to call on her for perfect work—good materials—latest styles—low prices. Expert fitters always in attendance. Dresses $5.00 up. SUITS—LATEST STYLES

REMEMBER, we have the best equipped workshop in this city and can make up your dress or suit goods in the latest in styles.

Good Materials Used For Dresses or Suits

FREE SHIRT WAIST With every order for a suit

SKIRTS $1.50 SUITS $5.00 DRESSES $2.50 and up

Evening Gowns and Opera Capes.

Louis & Mrs. R. GREEN Ladies' Tailoring Co

Connected with No Other Green

771 Washington St. Telephone 2372-M Oxford

CHANGE YOUR FACE TO SUIT YOU

By an Artist to be Done by M. JOHN FRANCIS' METHODS

All Defective and Irregular Features corrected Painlessly and At Once. ALL BLEMISHES Removed by THE GIBSON METHOD OF DERMATOLOGY

CORRECTED—Rumored Flat, Blemished or Diseased Skin, out of shape or irregular Nose, Thin Lips, Receding Chin, Sunken Cheeks, Scrawny Neck, Wrinkles, Crow's Feet, Pimples, Blackheads, Moles, Warts, Birthmarks, Red Veins, Freckles and all Facial Blemishes. Forever Removed by Electrolysis. Bobbing Scalp, Dandruff, Falling Hair, etc.

MARK NINE SHOT LIKE FOUR OWN.

GIBSON METHOD.

A. STANLEY GIBSON, M. D.

74 Boylston st., opp. Tremont. Call or write for illustrated booklet. Hours 10 A. M. to 8 P. M., Sundays 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. Ad. 18 years.

BEWARE of imitators. There is but ONE GIBSON METHOD.

DYE YOUR White Satin Slippers

To Match Any Garment

All Newest Shades . . . **75c**

Bring or mail them with sample of goods.

Bay State Shoe and Repair Co.
16 City Hall Av., Boston, Mass.

Poultry Wire

Low Price in New England.

Height 1 foot, 6 in., long . . . $3.00
Height 2 feet, 6 in., long . . . $4.00

Special proposition only 1½ mesh, 24 in. wide, 150 feet . . . $2.50

Rubber Roofing.

Each roll weighs 108 lbs. Packed with nails and roll cement.

1 ply per roll . . . $1.30
2 ply, per roll . . . $1.50
3 ply, per roll . . . $2.50

Mail orders Solicited.

JOHN P. TABER,
181 Friend St., Boston.

PORTRAIT COUPON

A $10.00 Portrait for **$2.98**

Bring or mail this coupon with photograph or picture you wish enlarged. Any picture, tintype, snapshot, kodak or photograph, no matter how small or poor, can be enlarged to a beautiful life-like portrait. Your original picture returned uninjured. Send no money. Pay postman $2.98 on delivery. Worth $5.00. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only one coupon to a customer. Send today. Size 11x14, with 2 inch margin for mounting.

Manufacturer's Surplus Stock of
DOMESTIC RUGS
At the Lowest Prices in Many Months

From one of the best makers in New England, whose name is a household word all over New England. Every Rug has his name stamped on the back as a guarantee of quality.

No Seconds—No Imperfections—Every Rug Perfect

SEAMLESS AXMINSTER RUGS

27x54 inches	Value $ 2.50	At $ 1.89
36x36 inches	Value $ 2.50	At $ 1.89
36x70 inches	Value $ 4.50	At $ 3.29
4.6x6.6 feet	Value $ 8.50	At $ 6.25
6x9 feet	Value $15.00	At $11.39
8.3x10.6 feet	Value $27.50	At $19.95
9x12 feet	Value $30.00	At $21.95

Every one of the above rugs is made in one piece. (Seamless.)

LINOLEUMS AND MATTINGS

A great bargain in heavy quality Neponset Linoleums, all two yards wide, full rolls, slightly imperfect in pattern; splendid assortment of styles. Regular price 75c, at, square yard..... **42c**

40c Oil Cloth Remnants, useful sizes, 1, 1½, 2 yards wide, at, square yard.. **19c**

40 rolls of extra heavy, close-woven China Matting, all 40 yards to the roll. Value $15.00, at, roll..... **$9.85**

OTHER GREAT RUG BARGAINS

$ 1.00 18x36 Velvet Rugs	.69
$ 1.25 30x60 Prairie Grass Rugs	.79
$ 1.25 27x54 Wool and Fiber Rugs	.79
$ 1.50 36x72 Prairie Grass Rugs	.89
$ 1.50 30x60 Colonial Rug	.91
$ 2.00 27x54 Velvet Rugs	$1.29
$ 8.50 7.6x10.6 Wool and Fiber Rugs	$6.75
$10.00 36x63 Extra Fine Wilton Rugs	$6.98
$10.00 9x12 Wool and Fiber Rugs	$7.95
$12.00 8.3x10.6 Imp. (Jute) Body Brussels	$8.95
$18.00 8.3x10.6 Seamless Velvet	$12.75
$20.00 9x12 Velvet Rugs	$12.95
$21.50 10.6x12 Seamless Tapestry Brussels	$14.95
$23.50 10.6x13.6 Seamless Tapestry Brussels	$16.95
$65.00 9x16 Seamless Wilton (chenille)	$32.50

Manufacturer's Surplus Stock of
Trunks, Bags, Suit Cases
33⅓% Less Than Regular Prices

A wonderful opportunity at any season of the year, but especially so **just now, with the vacation season almost here,** even if you are not planning to go away it's a good chance to save money.

$10.00 Dress Trunks—Angle iron bound, covered all over with steel and brass hardware; Excelsior lock, 3 straps, one tray; 30-in. to 40-in. **$5.98**

$10 to $11.50 Special Dress Trunks—One deep tray, cloth lined, hand riveted, 5 cleats on top, leather bound, brass hardware, front and end dowels, canvas cover, 2 straps

32-in.	34-in.	36-in.
$7.25	$7.75	$8.25

$10.00 to $12.00 Dress Trunks—2 trays, cloth lined, bound and covered with vulcanized fibre, brass hardware, light weight

32-in.	34-in.	36-in.	38-in.
$7.00	$7.50	$8.00	$8.50

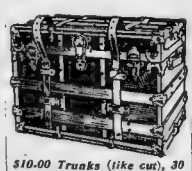
$12.00 to $14.00 Dress Trunks—2 trays, cloth lined, hand riveted, 4 cleats on top, leather bound, black steel hardware, front and end dowels, 2 straps, best lock and hinges:

32-in.	34 in.	38-in.	40-in.
$8.00	$8.50	$9.00	$9.50

$8.50 to $10.00 Dress Trunks—Leather bound, 2 trays, cloth lined, brass trimmings:

32-in.	34-in.	36-in.
$5.75	$6.00	$6.50

38-in.	40-in.
$7.00	$7.50



$10.00 Trunks (like cut), 30 to 40 inch, $5.18

$16.00 to $16.00 Professional Dress Trunks—3 trays, cloth lined, hand riveted, canvas covered, fibre bound, extra heavy hardware, best lock, hinges and dowels, 36-in.

34 inch	36 inch	40 inch
$12.00	$12.50	$13.50

$15.00 to $17.50 Dress Trunks—Cloth lined, 3 trays, hand riveted, 2 ply veneer frame, bound and covered with vulcanized fibre, front and end dowels, best lock and hinges, brass trimmings, 40-in. **$12.00**

We have a large number of sample Dress Trunks, all sizes, mostly one or two of a kind. All at about one-third less than regular prices.

$8.00 to $9.50 Steamer Trunks—Cloth lined, canvas covered, fibre bound, heavy steel hardware, front dowels, 2 straps, best lock, handles and hinges:

32-in.	36-in.	38-in.
$5.75	$6.25	$6.50

$8.00 to $9.50 Steamer Trunks—3-ply veneer frame, cloth lined, canvas cover, bound with black fibre, 5 cleats on top, 4 on bottom, heavy steel hardware, best lock, handles and hinges, 1 strap all around:

32-in.	34-in.	36-in.	38-in.
$6.50	$7.00	$7.50	$8.00

$4.50 Ladies' Genuine Cowhide Leather Bags—14-in. and 15-in. **$2.98**

$6.00 Black Cowhide Leather Bags 15-in. and 16-in. **$3.98**

$10.00 Men's Heavy Grain Leather Cowhide Bags—Hand sewn, heavy lock, leather lined; 16-in., 17-in., 18-in. **$7.00**

Just 161 sample Traveling Bags in this sale; mostly one or two of a kind: value $6.50 to $20.00; sale value..... $4.50 to $13.50

$32.50 Wardrobe Trunk—48 inches, 21 inches wide, 23 inches deep, arranged for 12 suits, men's and women's, 6 drawers for men, 5 for women; canvas cover, 3-ply veneer frame, heavy steel, black binding, 2 centre bands, plain linen lining; fully guaranteed **$19.50**

White's System the Best Method
—OF—
Cold Dry Air Storage for Furs
At White's Low Rates

1—Furs carefully examined by experienced furriers, cleaned and hung on individual hangers until wanted.

2—Stored in thick, solid masonry in gienically tiled vaults, into which is forced dry pure air chilled by refrigerating machines to a temperature in which no moths can live or moth eggs hatch out.

3—These vaults, built like enormous burglar-proof safes, are in addition protected by watchmen day and night, and by automatic alarms. Burglar-proof, fire proof, moth proof.

4—We give you a receipt, which guarantees the safe return of your furs when wanted, *looking better* than when received for storage.

5—Free collection and delivery within 10 miles.

6—Our wagons or automobiles will call if you live within our wagon delivery limits.

7—Rates are 3% of a proper valuation, covering storage and insurance against fire, theft, damage or loss. *Smallest amount for which a policy is written $25. Minimum charge for each small piece .50; for each large piece $1.00.*

8—Charges are not payable until furs are taken from storage next season.

Telephone Oxford 3100. A postcard order to call will receive prompt attention.

Not a Bit Too Early
To Send in Your Spring Cleansing

Particular persons will send their Spring Cleaning in NOW and avoid the rush of Spring business and possible disappointment.

There is no process that is as thorough and gives so much satisfaction at so moderate a cost as SWISS CLEANING and DYEING.

COMPARE THESE PRICES

Ladies' Cloth Suits	cleansed $2.25, dyed $2.50
Ladies' White Serge Suits	cleansed $2.50, dyed $3.00

The pure white tone which we give on all white garments can only be obtained by a special process. You will notice no cream or gray cast to our work.

Ladies' Jackets	cleansed $1.50	dyed $1.75
Ladies' Long Coats	cleansed $1.75	dyed $2.00
Ladies' Skirts	cleansed $1.00	dyed $1.25
Ladies' Waists	cleansed $1.00	dyed $1.50
Ladies' Fancy Dresses	cleansed $2.00 up, dyed $3.00 up

We have dyed many of last season's dresses the new Spring colors and the results we obtain will surprise you. Why buy new, when your dress that fits you so well can be made seasonable?

CLEANING MEN'S GARMENTS

Men's Suits	cleansed $1.50 dyed $2.50
Men's Flannel Trousers	cleansed .75
Men's Overcoats	cleansed $1.50

Your heavy winter garments should be cleansed before putting them away for the Summer—soil and surface dirt will destroy the fibre. Our clerk will answer your special prices on this work, as we only cleanse them, and the pressing can be eliminated until you need them in the Fall.

We Are Headquarters for GLOVE CLEANING

Orders called for and delivered. Phone today and avoid the Spring rush.

Main Floor, Near Bedford St. Entrance

Another Great Club Offering

$35.00 "HOWE IMPROVED" SEWMACHINES at . . $19.75

Because we seized the "opportunity" when it knocked and secured 600 famous Howe Improved Sewmachines is why you have this exceptional offer right now, when a new Sewmachine will help you with your Spring sewing. Every time we make the offer the demand increases—this lot will be taken in a few weeks—order now.

These Are Not "Howe Improved" Sewmachines are sold only by us at this specially low cut price, $19.75. They are famous as the best machine in the world at the usual price, $35.00 or more.

No need to praise "Howe Improved" Sewmachines—thousands of New England women have proven their virtues by years of use. They have all the splendid "Howe Improved" mechanical features. The cases are handsomely finished Oak with 8 drawers in drophead style. Guaranteed for Ten Years. Complete set of attachments. Free lessons.

Don't Miss This Chance—Each machine sold with the factory trade mark—an old reliable one. Don't pay two prices to local agents or retail stores. Buy a "Howe Improved" here while the cut price lasts.

Mail Your Order Now—With $2.00 and references. Immediate delivery all over New England **FREE** Money promptly returned if you are not satisfied. You take no chances.

Pay $2.00 Down Then $1.00 Weekly

(White's Sewmachine Section—Third Floor.)

MAIL ORDERS FILLED
R.H. WHITE Co.

Sale of Importer's Stock of
LACE CURTAINS
AT ONE-THIRD TO ONE-HALF OFF!

This shipment of Irish Point, Swiss Tambour and Brussels Lace Curtains was forwarded by the maker in Europe to a prominent importer in New York who failed just at the moment they arrived at the Custom House. The United States Court ordered that goods be held up, and after negotiating with the maker in Europe, they have been delivered to us, and on account of the unusual circumstances we have secured them at a big discount which we are glad to pass along to our customers.

Irish Point Lace Curtains—Ecru color, good quality and design. Value $3.50 and $4.00. Sale Price, pair..... **$2.00**

Irish Point Lace Curtains—White and ecru, wide border. Value $5.00 and $6.00. Sale Price, pair..... **$3.50**

White Irish Point Lace Curtains and Swiss Tambour Curtains. Value $7.50 and $8.50. Sale Price, pair..... **$5.00**

Irish Point Lace Curtains—White and ecru; also real Arabian lace curtains. Value $9.00 and $10.00. Sale Price, pair..... **$6.50**

White Irish Point Lace Curtains—Wide borders, and French Arabe and Brussels curtains. Value $15.00 and $16.50. Sale Price, pair..... **$10.00**

Real Renaissance Lace Curtains—Value $18.00 and $20.00. Sale Price, pair... **$12.50**

Fine Brussels Lace Curtains — Value $20.00 to $25.00. Sale Price, pair.... **$13.50**

In Connection with the Above, We Also Offer:

Single Face Velour Portieres—Plain centers, brocade borders. Value $7.00. Sale Price, each **$3.50**

Odd Velour Portieres—Double face, contrasting on either side, brocade centers and borders. Value $15.00. Sale Price, each **$7.00**

Silk Finish Shield Velour Portieres—Solid colors. Value $18.00. Sale Price, pair, **$12.50**

Sunfast Velour Portieres—Plain color, double face. Value $22.50. Sale Price, pair **$15.00**

Ribbed Mercerized Portieres—With silk edges; also extensive line of brocade effects. Value $7.50 to $10.00. Sale Price, pair **$5.00**

Tapestry Couch Covers—Turkish and Persian styles and coloring:

Value $2.50. Sale Price, **$1.50**
Value $3.00. Sale Price, **$1.98**
Value $4.50. Sale Price, **$3.00**
Value $7.00. Sale Price, **$5.00**

Red Cedar Chests—Large

Value $18.00. Sale Price, **$13.50**
Value $20.00. Sale Price, **$16.00**
Value $22.50. Sale Price, **$18.00**

2,000 Yards Cream Madras Curtain Muslins—All new patterns.

Value 25c. Sale Price, yd., **19c**
Value 35c. Sale Price, yd., **25c**
Value 50c. Sale Price, yd., **35c**

Mercerized Tapestry Portieres—Silk edges or overbrow fringe. Value $4.50. Sale Price, pair **$2.98**

Fine Curtain Scrims—Open work and satin style borders; also Arabe Marquisette, fine quality and mercerized finish. Value 37c to 60c. Sale Price, yard ..... **25¢**

Artistic Sunfast Drapery Materials—In all the new decorative colorings.

Value 75c. Sale Price, yard, **50¢**
Value $1.00. Sale Price, yard, **75¢**
Value $1.50. Sale Price, yard, **$1.00**
Value $2.00. Sale Price, yard, **$1.25**

Verdure and Foliage Furniture Tapestries—50 inches wide. Value $4.00. Sale Price, yard **$2.00**

Shadow Printed Cotton Dimities and English Cretonnes—Value 27c and 50c. Sale Price, yard ..... **25¢**

Awnings—Best grades at lowest prices.

Window Shades—Best cloths, lowest prices

Furniture Slip Coverings—In linens and soft printed cottons, at lowest prices.

Our drapery and upholstery workrooms are now ready to furnish you with INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

Second Week of the Great Sale of the Bankrupt Stock of Lewis A. Brown Co.
To Which We Have Added Hundreds of Other Items to Meet Your Housefurnishing Needs

This immense stock, which filled the four floors and basement, was sold to us by the assignees at less than half regular price.

Don't put off your buying, for you can save 25% to 50% if you attend this sale.

Riveted Hoes..... .17
Shank Hoes..... .39
Socket Hoes..... .43
Spades—Solid cast steel, best quality..... .85
Spading Forks— .69 and .85
Sod Cutters or Edge Trimmers..... .49
Norcross Cultivator—3 prong, 4-in. handle..... .49
Galvanized Coal Hod—Wood handle, 14-inch. Value 30c, for .19
Garden Hose Reel—Steel frame, cast iron wheels, solid steel arms, 9-inch drum $1.39
Handy Grass Clipper and Lawn Trimmer—For trimming around wall and hedges, places that cannot be reached by lawn mowers, $2.98
Galvanized Iron Mop Wringer—Large and best made, will not slip in handle. Price without wetting your hands. Value $2.25, for $1.59
Lawn Mowers—Made by Philadelphia Lawn Mower Co., 14 x 16 in., $3.19
Galvanized Iron Pantry Netting—In rolls of 150 ft. in length. Prices as follows for full rolls only: You save one-third.

Width	Price	Value
1 ft.	.55	.75
2 ft.	$1.25	$1.50
3 ft.	$1.85	$2.25
4 ft.	$2.65	$3.00
5 ft.	$3.25	$3.75
6 ft.	$3.95	$4.50

Spoke Wheelbarrows—Made of hard wood, removable wheel, painted green, full size. $3.98
Hedge Trimmers—9-inch, with notch for cutting. Value $1.50 ..... **$1.00**
Steel Rakes—12 teeth ..... .19
14 teeth ..... .23
16 teeth ..... .25
14 teeth ..... .39
16 teeth ..... .45
Bent Malleable Iron Rakes—
18 teeth ..... .17
14 teeth ..... .19
16 teeth ..... .21
14 teeth ..... .39
16 teeth ..... .45
Mill Brooms—Large size, 28c value, .15
House Brooms—4-sewed green corn broom, value 39c, for..... .29
20c Gas Tapers 12c
55c 4-Bushel Measures, varnished, iron bound 39c
Children's 3-piece Garden Sets 19c
25c Floor Mops, 9-pound 19c
30c Floor Mops, 12-pound 7c
10c Salt and Pepper Shakers, nickel rim, celluloid tops 4c
20c Wire Carpet Beaters 7c
Wood Faucets for cider or vinegar barrels ..... 8 for 5c
15c Galvanized Iron Shovels 8c
12c Aluminum Collapsible Drinking Cups 8c
15c Small Feather Dusters, long handle 8c

SHRUBS

Tree Hydrangea..... 45c
Azaleas..... 49c
Rhododendrons..... 49c

White Ash Oblong Spiral Clothes Baskets—2 sizes. 28 and 30 in. Value 85c and $1. for .65
Iron Ramy Galvanized Iron Ash Can—With tripe V-shaped ribs made of steel prevents denting. Value $1.99, $1.39
5-Gallon Galvanized Iron Oil Can—With faucet; 75c value, for..... .49
No. 8 All Copper Wash Boilers—$3.69 value, for..... $2.50
No. 8, all tin with copper bottom, $1.49, for..... .98
Store Brushes, 10c, for .07
Enamel Combinet—Pure white inside and out, with enamel cover, subject to slight imperfections. Value $1.59, for..... .98
2 and 10-Quart Fireless Cooker Kettles—With enamel covers, blue with white lining. Value 75c and 85c, .59 and .69
2-quart Enamel Preserve Kettles—Blue with white lining, very slight imperfections. Value 75c and 85c, for..... .35 and .45
2 and 3-Quart Rice or Milk Boilers—Blue with white lining, enamel covers, very slight imperfections. Value $1.00 and $1.25, for .55
14-quart Gray Enamel Dish Pans—Value 59c..... .39
Aluminum Berlin Saucepans or Kettles—2-qt. 3-qt. 4-qt. 5-qt. 6-qt. Value 60c, 85c, $1.10, $1.25, $1.50. For .40, .50, .60, .75, .85, $1.10.
80 Pair Raymond Ball-Bearing Extension Skates—Shop worn. Value $2 to $3, .79 and $1.00
Cake Turners, plain and perforated....4c
15c Fibre Lunch Boxes..... 8c

Tea Kettles — Nickel plated on copper, assorted sizes a slight imperfect Value $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 .65
Toilet Paper Holders — Nickel plated on brass. Sterman's make, value .89 $1.10, for
Solid Oak Bath Seat—Like cut—Worth 80c, for .49
Clothes Line—60 ft. to 72 in. Regular 15c, for .10
(Special sale of this refrigerator at the price) **Excelsior Refrigerator** — 1913 pattern, handsomely finished in rich golden oak, the latest solution and circulators are perfect, rounding corners, size 37 long, 20 deep, 43 high ice capacity 50 lbs. Value $14.. $10.98
No. 200 Brand Prepared Rubber Roofing—Full rolls 108 sq. ft., packed with nails and cement ready to lay. Cheaper and more serviceable than shingles. 1 and 2 ply. $1.50 – $1.85
Gas Lamps—Complete, 14-inch, bent art glass shade, 8-panel, 4-in. bead fringe globe and sun-proof burner. Value $7.00.. $4.95
Rattan Nursery Chairs—Full size, one of the finest chairs made. Regular $1.20 value. For this sale .85

5c Pyramid Fly Catchers ..... 2 for 5c
55c Double Laundry Wash Boards ...39c
Galvanized Iron Pails, 10-quart.....12c
12c Whisk Brooms..... 9c
25c Tin Dinner Pails..... 15c
8c Dish Mops..... 4c
50c Enamelled Dinner Pails..... 29c
15c Handled Scrub Brushes..... 8c

Read Our Other Great Sale News On Pages 10S and 3B

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S UMBRELLAS

April showers are imminent. Umbrella time. Look at these: Union taffeta, paragon frames, plain and trimmed mission and ebony wood handles, case and tassel. They were made to sell at $2.00. The price is.. **$1.50**

Enough for a big crowd.

Shepard Norwell Company

WINTER ST. TEMPLE PL. TREMONT ST.

THE SHEPARD STORE BUREAU OF INFORMATION

It is more than merely a place where you may secure needed information. The Bureau is organized to yield prompt and efficient personal service in many ways.

We mention ten things that we'll do for you. And we gladly relieve you of the burden of many others.

1—Travelers' Check Book Provided. Good Everywhere
2—Good-In-Any-Part-of-the World Money Orders Issued.
3—Baggage Called For and Delivered.
4—Special Messenger Service.
5—Postoffice Facilities, Including Parcel Post.
6—Railway and Steamship Timetables.
7—Seats Reserved at Best Theatres.
8—Quick Taxicab Service Arranged.
9—Deposit Account Department.
10—Bags, Wraps, Umbrellas and Packages Checked.

DRESS GOODS

IT WILL MAKE YOU FEEL RICHER JUST TO READ

Staple, stand-by weaves. Handsome in their modest goodness. **SERGES.** You never tire of them. Crispy, springy as wool can be. Life in their draping. A flirt or a slap with the whisp and they're at rest again. An all-the-time favorite outdoor or indoor dress stuff.

Prunellas, Poplins, Batistes, Diagonals, Whipcords—with the **SHEPARD** broad guarantee back of the spinning and dyeing. The fleeces in them are true, honest. Nothing equals these fabrics for wearing qualities. Such are the goods that we offer at **LESS THAN THEIR REAL VALUES.**

"WHY?" We are not under any obligation to explain the reason. Our duty to our public is performed when we explain the goods.

PRUNELLA
Fitch black, 50 inches wide, value $2.00 yard. Special for this sale **$1.65**

POPLINS
Navy blue, 54 inches wide, value $2.50 yard. Special for this sale..... **$1.75**

BATISTE
Deep black, 42 inches wide, value 75c yard. Special for this sale..... **59c**

SERGES
White lines on navy, 54 inches, value $2.00. Special for this sale..... **$1.50**

SUITING
Old blue and tan, 54 inches values $2.00 and $2.50 Special **$1.25**

SERGES
Black lines on cream, 56 inches, value $1.50. Special for this sale..... **$1.00**

WHIPCORD
Brown, tan, plum, 54 inches wide, value $2.50. Special at..... **$1.10**

SERGES
Navy, browns, greens, 48 inches wide, Spring weight. Special **$1.00**

DIAGONALS
Raven black, 54 inches wide, value $1.50 yard. Special for this sale.... **$1.25**

TAFFETA
Black and staple colors, 54 inches wide, value $1.25. Special for this sale..... **98c**

CHIFFON WAISTS

ARE WORTH UP TO $10.50

The balance of a maker's out-turn for the season came to us in a lump sum under the price the Waists were meant to command.

They are made of chiffon cloth, draped over silk and shadow lace, tucked and exquisitely trimmed, high neck and long sleeves. Novel and original models that express beauty and grace

CHOICE AT $5.75

WOMEN'S GLOVES—SHEPARD SPECIAL

16-button Mousquetaire White Kid Gloves, full arms, Cleopatra buttons, value $3.35; special..... **$2.35**

THESE SILK VALUES

THEY WILL BRING THAT WHICH IS BETTER THAN SALES—THE EVIDENCE OF FAITH

The great channels of trade are always crowded with merchandise bound to us, and if there be interesting lots anywhere we are almost sure to have early pick. This permits us to dot the stock with offerings like the following:

"RAJAH" SILKS Read their history. A few seasons ago "Rajah" Silks were at their zenith at $1.25 a yard, and then other weaves eclipsed them in the favor of capricious Fashion and their popularity began to wane. This season "Rajah" Silks have risen clearly against the Style horizon and the demand for them is quickening every day.

Several of the great Paris dressmakers, knowing the charm and stability of "Rajah" Silks are using them for many of their pretttiest gowns—and all women are wanting them.

Black and all the new colors, 26 inches wide. They arrived Saturday—fresh and beautiful. Until this lot goes we'll sell them at..... **79c**

LUSTROUS MESSALINE
36 Inches Wide. Any Color You Are Likely to Call For.
One of our leaders at..... **85c**

IMPORTED BLACK MESSALINE
39 Inches Wide. A Soft, Clingy Weave, With Rich, Lustrous Finish.
Value $1.75; special..... **$1.39**

BRILLIANT SATIN ROYAL
36 Inches Wide. All the New High Colors and the Staple Shades.
One of our leaders at..... **$1.35**

DOUBLE-FACED SATIN
36 Inches Wide. One Side Black, Other Side Blue, Green or Wistaria.
Value $4.00; special. **$2.69**

TO ILLUSTRATE WHAT WE'RE DOING WITH

WOMEN'S KNIT UNDERWEAR

There is worth in the Underwear—in the fibre, in the shapes, in the making and in the careful finish. Dozens of styles—all first-class in every respect, but the prices are little more than nominal.

WOMEN'S SWISS-RIBBED Cotton Vests, low neck, short sleeves or sleeveless, regular and extra sizes; special..**12½¢**

WOMEN'S SWISS-RIBBED Cotton Vests, low neck and sleeveless, six patterns of hand-crocheted yokes; special.**25¢**

KAYSER'S LISLE THREAD Vests, hand-crocheted yokes, pretty designs; regular and extra sizes.....**50¢**

WOMEN'S FINE Ribbed Union Suits, low neck and sleeveless, crocheted neck, lace trimmed knees .....**50¢**

THE SHEPARD WASH GOODS STORE

WE ARE PROUD OF THE GOODS AND THE PRICES

The people everywhere have found out long since that the **SHEPARD** store is never undersold. That applies day in and day out from January to January—and we shouldn't be obliged to print it.

The bulk of the advertising does not touch regular offerings except occasionally. It is intended to keep you informed concerning the many chances that occur here for you to secure the merchandise you want at extraordinary savings. Cases in point.

12½c FOR 19c MERCERIZED POPLIN—We know the cotton and the spinning and the weaving are right. You know the price is more than right. One of the prettiest of the all-white fabrics for women's dresses and waists—28 inches wide.

14c FOR 25c COSTUME LINEN—That's a trifling price to pay for pure Linen, 27 inches wide. The trouble began when you all but exhausted the color assortment. There are only two left—tan and gray—both yarn-dyed.

38c FOR 50c ENGLISH CREPE—from England straight—only recently released from the Custom House. Should have been here sooner. It's been delay, linger, wait. Delay by the maker, linger with the shipper, wait on the ocean—45 inches wide.

69c FOR $1.00 ENGLISH VOILE—Tinted stripes and borders on white grounds. The grounds are cotton, but the stripes and borders are silk-worm silk. Every fold is like a flash from a prism—or a sun-checkered lane streaked with a rainbow—45 inches.

45-INCH LATTICE BORDERED RATINE AT 75c

Light blue, cadet blue, pink, helio and white—newest of the newest; so handsome, so striking, with every RATINE grace and goodness that the canniest craftsmen could put in them. You'll doubt if they are cotton.

COTTONS

COHASSET SHEETS

Run of the mills, size 81x99 inches, finished with three- and one-inch hems. The cotton in one is worth 89c; special.....**80¢**

"DWIGHT" SHEETS.

Fine, smooth round-thread sheeting, easy to launder, torn and ironed, finished with three- and one-inch hems, size 81x99 inches.....**80¢**

ONE THOUSAND SHEETS, made of a standard cotton, torn and ironed, finished with three- and one-inch hems, size 81x99 inches. The cotton in one is worth 69c; special.....**65¢**

"CONTINENTAL" TUBING

42 Inches Wide

Lengths from 10 to 20 yards, value 20c; special.....**14¢**

LACES: **VENISE AND BOHEMIAN** Bands and Edges, 3 to 6 inches wide, worth up to $1.75 a yard; special .....**89¢**

CLUNY INSERTIONS
3 to 6 inches, worth up to $2.00; special.....**$1.19**

LEIRRE LACES
6 to 45 inches, worth up to $2.50; special.....**$1.29**

22-INCH ALL OVER EMBROIDERIES
Muslin, Nainsook, Batiste. Worth up to $1.25; Special.....**58¢**

DOROTHY DODD SHOES

$3.50 TO $5.00

The artistic shapes, the strictly first-class workmanship, the beautiful finish—all make for durability and are worthy the fine leathers.

Without the least business bias or prejudice, but simply studying the "DOROTHY DODD" Shoes, we are inspired to remark that the world doesn't need the custom shoemaker with his kit and limited stock of leathers and findings.

We wish every reader could visit the factory where "DOROTHY DODD" Shoes are made—and see the materials that go into them—see the skilled specialists manipulating them in their raw state.

The manufacturing processes are magical and have supplied texts for numerous economic essays.

Meanwhile, every woman may test the comfort and service of "DOROTHY DODD" Shoes. They are at their Spring prettiest just now.

THE SHEPARD SPRING MILLINERY

AS THE FRENCH WOULD SAY: "ALL THAT WHICH THERE IS OF NEW" $5.00 TO $45.00

The small Hats are piquant and practical. Their lightness and suppleness make them wonderfully serviceable. Many may be folded almost flat when packed in a trunk without injuring them, and all will emerge from wild winds without being blown awry. The brims are narrow and do not droop, but the lines are charmingly and gracefully curved. Height and contour of the crowns vary—some being tall or trimmed to simulate tallness others are low and close. The adornments and colors are sensational—sensations in beauty and novelty and richness. We invite you to see our latest arrrivals. They reflect the newest art-thoughts in Headgear.

ART NEEDLEWORK STORE

IT SHALL TAKE NO BACKWARD STEP

The active and kindly recognition accorded the **SHEPARD** Art Needlework Store puts an added responsibility on us. Your buying enthusiasm will not ooze or lapse because of any lack of ours. Many things to tell of. Here are a few:

"D. M. C." Cotton, assorted colors, short skeins, value 25c a dozen; special at.....**10¢**

29¢ for 50c Stamped Fringed Linen Scarfs and Pillow Slips.

50¢ for 75c Stamped Pique Dresses for children.

25¢ for 50c Stamped Lawn and Repp Dresses for children.

21¢ for 50c Stamped Lawn Waists, new designs.

50¢ for 89c Stamped Voile and Marquisette Waists.

33¢ for 50c Stamped Linen Guest Towels, plain or Fancy huck

50¢ for 89c Stamped Linen Huck Towels, easily embroidered.

BUREAU SCARFS AND SQUARES, embroidered and drawnwork, value 75c; special at.....**48¢**

RENAISSANCE CENTREPIECES, 27 inches, drawnwork centres, value $1.25; special.....**79¢**

TEA CLOTHS, 45 and 54 inches, elaborate drawnwork, values up to $3.00; special.....**$1.75**

LACE-EDGED LINEN SCARFS, hand drawnwork and embroidered, value $4.00; special.....**$2.25**

TWENTY-EIGHT CUT CORNER SCALLOPED

BED SPREADS

FULL SIZE FOR WIDE BEDS

Little grains of dust on the counters drifted on them and smirched their immaculate whiteness.

Our regular price $4.50; special at..... **$3.50**

IT HAS BEEN SPRING SINCE MARCH 21ST

Atlantic Coast-line Climate ignores the decrees of the calendar and scoffs at the traditions of the almanac. Therefore, seasons have come to mean little more than mere dates. We can only identify them by remembering the days on which they are scheduled to arrive.

Wisdom gained from past experience urges us to prepare for Summer during the early Spring.

Therefore, the present is the time to provide—

AWNINGS, WINDOW SHADES FURNITURE SLIPS, CURTAINS, HANGINGS, SUMMER RUGS AND PORCH AND LAWN FURNITURE

This part of the **SHEPARD** business is under the direction of competent people who do nothing else. Your commissions are never slurred or slighted. Whenever you desire information concerning goods or service let us know in person or by mail. Every request will receive prompt and efficient attention.

AN IMPORTER'S SAMPLES OF BEAUTIFUL VIENNA GLASS

⅓ UNDER REGULAR PRICES

The assortment contains two hundred pieces—no two alike—including Vases, Comports, Flower Holders, Loving Cups, Baskets, Cologne Bottles, Dresser Sets, Candlesticks, Nappies and Decanters. Art in their shapes and decorations.

A rare chance to choose appropriate wedding presents or to supply your own home with beauty at small cost.

Prices range from..... **$1.00 TO $10.00**

THE SHEPARD NEW STORE FOR CHILDREN

YOU SHOULD KNOW ITS ADVANTAGES

REMEMBER

That this is a new Store for Children's Apparel where men, women and children may deal with perfect confidence, assured in advance that their selections may be made from large assortments of the most desirable styles.

REMEMBER

That there are no shadowy corners or dingy spots in this store. We have abundant clear, bright daylight, and our goods do not shrink from it. They invite closest scrutiny. The prettiest and dressiest models.

REMEMBER

That it is our aim to provide proper Clothes for Infants, Children and Misses at proper prices. Our liberal policy is winning the approval of thrifty parents. That's why the business is so buoyant

SPECIAL VALUES

INFANTS' DRESSES, made of, nainsook, Dutch neck and Bishop style, trimmed with ribbon and embroidery .....**50¢**

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, French model, embroidered yoke, trimmed with lace; sizes 2 to 6 years **$1.95**

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, bloomer model, made of checked gingham and chambray; sizes 2 to 6 years .....**95¢**

CHILDREN'S ROMPERS, made of white and colored gingham, chambray and seersucker, Dutch or sailor collar; sizes 6 months to 2 years .....**50¢**

GIRLS' SCHOOL DRESSES, button-front model, made of checked and plaid gingham, trimmed with embroidery; sizes 6 to 14 years....**$2.50**

GIRLS' DRESSES, large assortment of styles, made of percale, gingham and linene; 6 to 14 years .....**95¢**

DOWN PUFFS

UP TO THE MARK

Yes, they are up to the mark in every way; ahead in some. Covered with French sateen that draws heavily on adjectives and filled with lightest, fleeciest down that makes large drafts on exclamations.

Good for years of comfort. Always in fashion. Dollars saved on such Puffs are dollars given to you.

10 Puffs, 5x8 ft., were $4.50; now..... **$3.50**
11 Puffs, 6x7 ft., were $5.00; now.....
13 Puffs, 6x6 ft., were $5.00; now.....

VARNISHED CANE

SUIT CASES

A delight for Summer tourists and commuters; spacious generous holding capacity with strength and lightness.

Leather handle; two straps around body; safe lock and two keys; linen lined; leather corner protectors; bottom protected with brass cleats.

Size 24 inches, value $4.75; Special

$3.50

Large assortment of Trunks and Leather Bags including cases, bags, suit cases and portmanteaus. We have of no better or handy power stamp for this money. Nothing should hinder you from seeing them.

WANT ADS AND REAL ESTATE
SUNDAY, MARCH 30, 1913.

Boston American

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NEW ENGLAND

MAIN SHEET PART IV.
SUNDAY, MARCH 30, 1913.

HOW NEW YORK RUNS RAILROADS OF NEW ENGLAND

Lewis Cass Ledyard's Retirement from "Executive Nine" Stirs Up Much Comment,

OTHERS TO FOLLOW HIM?

BOSTON and New England continued to talk yesterday about the resignation of Lewis Cass Ledyard from the New York, New Haven & Hartford's Board of Directors.

Ledyard is one of the big men of Wall Street, one of the big men of the American Express Company and of many railroads, one of America's kings of finance. He will be 62 years old next week.

Nine men run the New Haven Railroad, and, therefore, shape the policies of the Boston & Maine. These nine make up the New Haven's Executive Committee. Ledyard has been one of them.

And what Boston business man appeared to be most concerned about yesterday was the reason for Mr Ledyard's sudden disappearance from the Board of Directors and, consequently, Executive Committee.

Some said it showed the willingness of the New Haven crowd to meet the demand of New England—as voiced the other day by the Directors of the Chamber of Commerce—for a more proportional representation on the committee which runs the New England railroads.

In the Hands of the Few.

Others said it might be the result of the new nation-wide objection to interlocking directorates.

And some wanted to know—merely wanted to know—if it meant that Ledyard has disposed of his New Haven holdings and, if this be the case, if others of the New York crowd were also to let go.

The Chamber of Commerce report called the attention of New England so nothing seems to have called it before to the indisputable fact that, regardless of all the chatter these States have heard about the interests of the New Haven and the interests of New England being one and the same—the New England railroad lines have for a long time been in the hands of men with larger interests elsewhere.

Everybody had known about the Board of Directors. Few knew so much about the Executive Committee of nine, whose members, on a majority of them, meet once a week and lay down the law.

Boston's only representative on this Executive Committee is Sidney W. Winslow of the United Shoe Machinery Company.

And, although Counsel Coolidge has lately rallied attention to the fact that the larger part of New Haven stock is held in Massachusetts and Connecticut, there are some of Mr. Winslow's associates among the nine bosses of the New Haven:

Mr. Winslow's Associates.

J. P. MORGAN OF NEW YORK owns 7,153 shares of New Haven. Morgan is trustee of 1,835 shares. The total number of New Haven shares owned by EVERYBODY is 1,700,000.

Richard Olney, right here in Boston, represents, as the trustee of 4,676 shares, more New Haven stock than is held by Morgan of New York, who, nevertheless, gets a place on the powerful Executive Committee.

WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER OF NEW YORK. Rockefeller owns a small parcel of New Haven stock. He is a big man in Standard Oil. He has a place on the New Haven Executive Committee.

CHARLES H. PRATT OF NEW YORK. Mr. Pratt is another Standard Oil Croesus. He owns 6,980 shares of New Haven; his firm holds 15,370 shares more.

LEWIS CASS LEDYARD OF NEW YORK. Mr. Ledyard's resignation leaves a vacancy on the Executive Committee. Ledyard did own 20,542 shares. The American Express Company, of which Ledyard is a Director, owns 86,324 shares.

T. DE WITT CUYLER OF PHILADELPHIA. Cuyler represents the Pennsylvania Railroad's great block of 40,000 New Haven shares. His appears to have no other interest in Boston and New England than the interest of the Pennsylvania Railroad in the New Haven.

And then there is President Mellen, who meets the New York gentlemen, and the gentleman from Philadelphia, once a week at the gathering of the executive committee.

The Real Situation.

These things—this situation—has been talked about a lot since the Chamber of Commerce directors reported the other day, and recommended that New England get a better show on the executive committee.

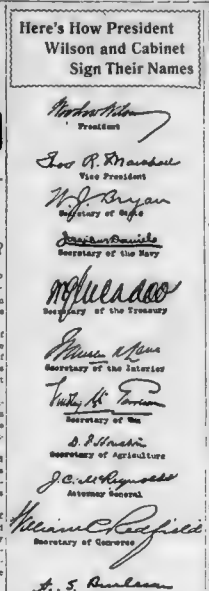
Ledyard's resignation may mean that the voice of the Chamber of Commerce has been heard in New York and that a better system, a more proportionate representation, is about to be inaugurated. Or it may mean something else. Some fear—they can hardly say why—that powerful interests may be getting out.

Ledyard's prominence in the American Express Company has again called attention to the contract American Express made with the Boston & Maine soon after the New Haven took control.

The Boston & Maine gets but 35 per cent of the gross Express receipts on its lines. Many of the big railroads get 55 per cent. of the gross. Even the New Haven gets 45 per cent.

At any rate, New England now knows who runs the New Haven Railroad. And, everybody says, the information will help New England to locate the responsibility for things.

Here's How President Wilson and Cabinet Sign Their Names



Engage Wyman as New Haven Adviser

Well Known Expert on Public Service Corporations to Act as Consulting Counsel.

Professor Bruce Wyman has been engaged by President Mellen as consulting counsel in matters affecting interstate commerce. The official announcement says:

"Professor Wyman is known throughout the country as the leading authority upon the special law governing the public relations of railroad companies. His book upon railroad rate regulation has always been regarded as the best treatment of Interstate Commerce Commission law, and, since the publication of his general work on public service corporations, he has been recognized as the master of the subject.

"Of late years he has been much sought as a consultant both by various public bodies and by public service corporations, and it has been generally recognized that as his consulting practice has brought him into intimate relations with both sides, his public utterances have had an unusual balance, due to his being thoroughly conversant with all phases of the utilities problem.

"In advising the New England Railroad Lines, Professor Wyman will have the opportunity of devoting to the service of New England that quality of judicial poise in dealing with its transportation problems which has so appealed to the public. In choosing him for this work, the executive officers feel they are showing again by their deeds their eagerness to co-operate with the public in solving the transportation problems of New England."

UNDER $2,000 BONDS.

Alleged Hold-Up Men Must Go Before Grand Jury.

Neal Harkins, twenty, of Decatur street, Charlestown, and John Dennis were arraigned before Judge Parmenter yesterday and held in $2,000 each for the Grand Jury on charges of robbery. The men were caught after a chase through the streets of the North End late Friday night by officers of Station 1, who alleged that they held up and robbed John Martin, a woodworker. Martin was given a severe beating, both eyes being closed and his lip badly split.

WANT ADS

Are important to everybody, and should be read carefully every day.

A great diversity of wants are satisfied through advertising in the columns of the American.

NEW BOY NAMED FOR "GRANDPA" LAWSON

And State Street Hasn't Seen "Old" Tom Since McCall, Jr., Reached Dreamwold.

EVERYBODY IS NOW HAPPY.

Old Tom Lawson is devoting himself entirely these days to Young Tom Lawton McCall, down at Dreamwold in the town of Scituate, and yesterday there was every indication that Young Tom likes the system.

Young Tom arrived in these parts exactly eight days ago, from which time Old Tom has seemed to be as happy as if Mr. Roosevelt was king, Wall Street had been barred from the mails, and Morgan, Rockefeller and Carnegie had joined the Little Brothers of the Poor.

The new baby down at Dreamwold is the son of Henry and Dorothy Lawson McCall. He has one brother, Henry, Jr. He also has more distinguished grandfathers than almost any other young gentleman in New England. One of his grandpas is the distinguished and popular magazine writer, while the other is the great semi-retired statesman who is now being talked of as the Republican candidate for Governor.

Friends of all Old Tom said, yesterday, when they heard for the first time of the new young man at Dreamwold, that this explains everything.

Everybody Well and Happy.

The "everything" explained appears to be the disappearance of Old Tom from State street. "Grampy" Lawson spent a good part of the Winter at the Poland Springs House in Maine. Here he was joined for several weeks by Mr. and Mrs. Henry McCall and Henry, Jr. When Mr. and Mrs. McCall hurried back to Dreamwold, Grandpa remained at Poland Springs for a few days with Henry, Jr.

Yesterday's reports from the South Shore pictured everybody as well and happy. The nurse said Young Tom appears to be the possessor of a mighty powerful set of lungs. He will probably be an orator, therein "taking after" Grandpa Sam McCall.

Old Tom doesn't seem to mind that even a little bit—so long as the child is healthy, as the fellow said—but is quite content to hang about all the day long waiting to see if he cannot be of some service to this new little chap in a strange old world.

Have a Home in Oregon.

The Henry McCalls have a big home on a ranch out in Oregon. Grandpa Lawson, a few years ago, was keen for advising young men to "Go to Oregon." He isn't so sure that he meant this advice for young men who were not here at that time.

Anyhow, so far as T. W. is concerned this ought to be a fine time for the System to get its wind for the next round. Because, the fact is, Author Lawson is about to break away from the heavier magazine stuff and go in for "juveniles."

APPEAL TO WILSON.

Women Representing Suffrage States Will Call on President.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Nine women voters, representing the nine suffrage States, will appeal to President Wilson Monday morning for suffrage, despite his announcement that he wishes Congress to originate the movement for an amendment to the constitution. Mrs. Jeanie H. Pitzer of Colorado, sister-in-law of Speaker Champ Clark, will be among the party, while Mrs. Charles Morton of Washington, Mrs. Fred T. Dubois of Idaho, Mrs. John E. Baker of California and Mrs. Frank W. Mondell of Wyoming will also appeal to the President.

BRYAN ON "SIGNS OF TIME."

Points to Progress of Intelligence, Morals and Science.

TRENTON, N. J., March 29.—Secretary Bryan at the banquet of the Chamber of Commerce of this city delivered an address on the subject of "The Sign of the Times." His speech was divided into three topics, the advancement in intelligence, the advancement in morals and the progress in the science of government that has been made in recent times. Colonel Bryan told of the specific reforms, especially those brought about in the United States within the last fifteen years, "till making for the advancement of democracy over aristocracy."

ASK PATTERSON PARDON.

Would Reward Cash Register Head for Dayton Heroism.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—An appeal for the pardon of John H. Patterson, of Dayton O., convicted of criminal violation of the Sherman anti-trust act in connection with the National Cash Register Company, was received by President Wilson today. The appeal was made because of Patterson's work in relieving the flood sufferers.

DESTROY ALL WINDOWS.

Newcastle Suffragettes Tie Their Colors to Missiles.

NEWCASTLE, England, March 29.—Suffragettes today destroyed all the windows of the Surveyors' department of the Northumberland County Council. Ribbons of the suffrage colors were tied to missiles which were hurled through the panes.

"Poor Little Rich Girl"

PAULINE REVERE REFUSES TO BECOME SOCIETY BUD

Defies Rich Aunty Thayer

Pauline Revere, who defies aunt in latter's plan to make her society bud

BOSTON'S richest little poor girl is Pauline Revere of No. 175 Dale street, Roxbury.

She is rich though poor because her aunt, the wealthy and socially powerful Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer of Fairfield street and Lancaster has placed her in the Dana Hall School, Wellesley, with the intention of giving her opportunities in society as her niece and particular protege later on.

Yet Pauline Revere, in spite of all the plans being made for her by Mrs. Thayer, declares that she will never enter Back Bay society.

This seventeen-year-old slip of a girl, direct descendent of Paul Revere, holds that some Boston society girls are snobbish. When her aunt sent her to the private school at No. 66 Marlboro street, Pauline felt that it was a year wasted.

These are her views, despite the fact that Mrs. Thayer is the leader of Boston society and president of the Chilton Club.

There probably isn't another girl in 10,000 in Boston who would throw away such a chance to get into Back Bay society.

She says she longs, just longs for the democracy that grips the heartstrings, the kind of democracy that her "daddy"—now dead—meant she should have. And that "democracy" was as Gwendolyn of the play would have had it—to romp with other children—to go to the public schools and to choose her own friends—no matter if they do live in Dale street, rather than on Commonwealth avenue.

One night say, ever so many times, that Pauline Revere was rich and poor and poor and rich. It's all according to the angle you view it from—the social status of her aunt—the modesty of the Dale street apartment—the environment at Dana Hall school, Wellesley—the manner of her life before her aunt took an interest in her.

Mrs. Thayer receives an income of $60,000 a year from the estate of her late husband. He was noted as an art patron and was regarded as one of the wealthiest men in Boston. He died March 21, 1911.

Mrs. Thayer has always entertained lavishly, both at her Back Bay home and at her summer estate in Lancaster. One of her daughters is the Countess von Moltke, and in Back Bay circles she has always been looked upon as social arbiter.

Mrs. Revere, Pauline's mother, is of slight figure. When she speaks of her daughter her eyes light up in sympathy with her words.

"Mr. Revere, my husband" she said, "was a man of democratic tendencies. He had it all planned out with regard to Pauline's future. He wanted her to go to the public schools. It was his desire that she should graduate from the grammar school and then take a course in the high school, just the same as so many of the boys and girls in this neighborhood have done. She was then to choose as to whether or not she should go to college.

"Pauline Thayer (Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer) had other plans for Pauline. We had many arguments about it after my husband's death. Pauline Thayer decided that it wasn't right that my Pauline should go to the grammar school. She maintained that she ought to be sent to a private school. As my husband in his will decided that Mrs. Thayer should have something to say with regard to Pauline's future, I finally gave in.

"Pauline didn't like all the Back Bay girls that attended that school either. She often declared they had nothing in common with her. After that there was another conference and the decision was reached to send her to Dana Hall.

"She stops at Dana Hall during the term but comes home to me occasionally at the week-ends and I sometimes go out there to pay her a visit.

"When she gets through Dana Hall she will not go to college. She says that she likes the girls there. You see many of the girls at Dana Hall come from the West and she likes their democratic spirit. Mrs. Thayer may hold all manner of plans for the future of my daughter, but so far as entering society is concerned, she will never carry them out, for Pauline has a mind of her own as well as her aunt."

BOSTON HAS CHANCE TO BE "TALK OF THE WORLD" SAYS HEAD OF PANAMA EXPOSITION

Commissioner-General Moore Says This City and Bay State Have Unparalleled Opportunity to Make Our Business a Feature of $22,000,000 Show at San Francisco in 1915.

BOSTON has a chance to become the "talk of the world." So has Massachusetts.

This chance lies in the Bay State's taking advantage of the opportunities offered by the Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco in 1915, according to Thomas Morrell Moore, the General Commissioner of the Exposition, who has been visiting Boston.

In an interview yesterday Commissioner Moore made these big points about the coming exposition:

It is a great national celebration of an unparalled national achievement—the opening of the Panama Canal.

It is an international movement for universal peace.

It is going to be a real World's Fair.

It is going to be easily the greatest Exposition ever held at any time anywhere.

The Exposition furnishes a pure business proposition for the merchants, manufacturers and business men generally of Massachusetts.

Boston and Massachusetts can be a distinct feature of the Exposition which will cause the State to be talked of the world around.

Form Clubs to Save.

Commissioner Moore called attention to the keen interest being aroused in Massachusetts in the Exposition, the State's part in it and its success. Through the talk with him it came out that in cities and towns of the State are being formed Panama-Pacific clubs, the members of which are laying aside some of money each week which will defray the expenses of the trips to the great Exposition two years hence. This idea is unique, and Commissioner Moore thinks it will spread all over the country as being a simple means of bringing the Exposition trip within the reach of not only the rich, but the poor and moderately well to do.

An instance of this club-idea is shown in the organization of the Lambeden California Exposition Club at Clinton which already includes 150 men, women and children. The members are laying aside $1 a week.

"This is only one indication of the widespread interest in Massachusetts," said Commissioner Moore. "Your State Board of Panama-Pacific managers is doing a great work. It is up to your Legislature to assist this board. The Exposition is a matter that touches every section, city and business interest in your State.

"One suggestion would be that the Boston board of port directors have an exhibit at San Francisco in 1915 showing the improved Boston harbor. The harbor might be shown in model. You could have a relief map showing the soundings, depths, docks, and so on.

"Massachusetts must tell the world through the exposition of its great manufactures, your great harbor here, of what the Panama Canal means to the State and Boston, not forgetting what shipping will gain by the opening of your own Cape Cod Canal."

Commissioner Moore urged these as reasons why Massachusetts must have a great exhibit of its resources and manufactures at the exposition:

Why State Should Exhibit.

The opportunities the exposition offers of developing Massachusetts trade into quarters of the world which the State does not touch at present, or touches only slightly.

The opportunity for Massachusetts exhibitors to meet and exchange information with the producers and traders of the whole world.

The Panama Canal will bring every country washed by the waters of the Pacific closer to Massachusetts and Boston. The exposition will bring Boston and Massachusetts face to face with the merchants of these countries. The Panama Canal will give New England producers a shorter freight haul through safer seas than from European ports.

The countries directly tributary to the Pacific and Indian oceans comprise a population of 900,000,000, not including Canada, the United States and Alaska. The imports of these countries in 1911 were $2,590,000,000. Of these imports the United States furnished only from two tenths of one per cent in the case of the Dutch East Indies to 67 one per cent in the case of Japan. The Panama Canal will facilitate the exportation of American and Massachusetts products to the Orient, and the manufacturers of Massachusetts will find in the Exposition a valuable means of increasing and extending their export business.

Commissioner Moore said:

Some people always apply the dollar mark to any enterprise.

Judged purely on the basis of money involved, this greatest of all world's expositions compares with the Chicago Fair as $22,000,000 to $10,000,000, and to the St. Louis Exposition as $22,000,000 to $14,500,000. The pre-

BOSTON HAS BIG CHANCE AT SAN FRANCISCO FAIR

Continued from First Page

eminence of the Panama Pacific Exposition on that area. Such is evident, for the

A real, international exposition should be so beautiful with exhibitions like the Pan-American at Buffalo, the theme of the Jamestown Tercentenary, and the attention has be bestowed in the matter for been good, and I do often claim been a local scheme. An international exposition never occurs for months to exhibitors or to visitors.

Inside a year, all of these have been raised. It is for Exposition for the Panama Canal, and the two were passed, private effort in time and the Panama Canal in the course of the years.

Area of 625 Acres.

The Golden Gate Exposition will be upon an area of 625 acres. This is the exact size of the Chicago Exposition, but the Chicago Exposition was all within the city of Chicago, while the Panama-Pacific Exposition will be within the city of San Francisco, but only in part. There are other points which are not in connection from the point of view of becoming a part of the Exposition architecture. There is in the 1915 area in the

First of all, the Exposition will be on the water's edge. The Exposition will be on the water's edge. The Exposition will be on the water's edge. The Exposition will be on the water's edge. The Exposition will be on the water's edge.

It is now in order to say that we will say. No, there cross I the next to bestow such. You cross the Golden Gate, you the Golden Gate and see it as it was when it was first seen by the Spaniards. You will see the mountains and the hills, the trees, the flowers, the fragrant air that blows in from the bay, from the Pacific Ocean, and you will see the Golden Gate as it was when it was first seen by the Spaniards. You will see the mountains and the hills, the trees, the flowers, the fragrant air that blows in from the bay, from the Pacific Ocean, and you will see the Golden Gate as it was when it was first seen by the Spaniards.

A Gallery of Home.

Soon you start across the Bay Your feelings will be too full for speech. But you have not seen the grandest yet. Once I can on your right you will see a gallery of Home two miles long and 2,000 years. A great gallery of Home two miles long and 2,000 years. A great gallery of Home two miles long and 2,000 years. A great gallery of Home two miles long and 2,000 years.

Further along you see a strange contrast to this on our wet note, gray. You see the greatest battleships of the world. Here are anchored dreadnoughts and further long the largest steamships and liners in the world. And still the counties a only beginning to look at. Soon you are within the Exposition expanse. You pay an even low admission fee, but there is no charge in the gorgeous beauty of it all.

To the north, across the Golden Gate, you see the uncrowded hills piling up to Mount Tamalpais. You turn to the west. In the distance you glimpse a vista of over thirty five miles of San Francisco Bay, and to the north, east you the see the Golden Gate and the Pacific Ocean. Words fail you. You are simply overcome by the beauty of it. And still you cannot see all of the exhibits. Those beauties follow. The marvels throughout your trip. But that is all you can, you may thing about returning home. You do not want to go home. But when you do decide to go, you have the choice of returning by rail or steamship through the newly opened Panama Canal.

To return to the main statement of the figures. One hundred and twenty-five acres of the total area is within the government reservation of the Presidio. All of the federal, national and state buildings will be grouped in property. The value of making the Exposition at Fort Point is by far more than offset by the additional expenditures. It is a matter of years for the State buildings we have consult with the State Department at Washington and with the War Department.

The Bay State has already chosen its site, and it is one of the finest commanding on the reservation. It is the plans of your Massachusetts Commissioners to have all the New England States buildings grouped together if possible, in Massachusetts Building. Will face on several avenues—two vistas of surpassing beauty.

Decided on one side is San Francisco bay for over one and a half miles on the other be Fort Mason, and the government transport docks the other side of the Exposition grounds is to be situated within the limits of the old Spanish and Mexican residences of San Francisco. The result is that from some of the buildings of the Exposition one will have a view of the Golden Gate, the Pacific Ocean, the bay, the city of San Francisco, the Presidio, the Fort Mason, the Fort Point,

SUNDAY, MARCH 30, 1913. Boston American SUNDAY DIRECTORY

Real Estate, Apartments and Want Ads

INDEX TO CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

	Page.	Col.
Agents and Canvassers	6-W	2-3
Apartments to Let	6-W	3-4
Automobiles	7-W	4-5
Bicycles and Motorcycles	7-W	5
Business Personals	7-W	6
Business Chances	6-W	6-8
Board and Rooms	6-W	8
Barter and Exchange	7-W	6
Clothing	6-W	7
Dentistry	6-W	7
Dogs, Cats, Etc.	6-W	7
Diamonds and Jewelry	7-W	7
Death Notices	1-W	4
Dogs, Cats, Etc.	6-W	7
Farms	6-W	1
Female Help	1-W	1
Female Situations	6-W	1
For Sale, Miscellaneous	6-W	2
For Adoption	6-W	2
Furnished Rooms	6-W	4-5
Furniture	6-W	7
Horses to Let	6-W	7
Horses and Carriages	6-W	7
Legal and Public Notices	6-W	4
Lost and Found	7-W	4
Machinery and Tools	7-W	4
Male Help	1-W	1-3
Male Situations	6-W	1
Music	6-W	7
Patents	7-W	6
Poultry, Supplies, Etc.	6-W	6
Pianos and Musical Instruments	6-W	7
Real Estate	5-W	1-2
Real Estate	6-W	1
R. E. Mortgages	6-W	2
Safes	7-W	5
Summer Cottages to Let	6-W	2
Summer Resorts	6-W	2
Storage and Moving	6-W	8
Store and Office Fixtures	6-W	7
Stocks, Offices, etc., to Let	6-W	6
Schools and Colleges	6-W	7
Typewriters	6-W	6
Wall Paper	6-W	6
Winter Resorts	6-W	2
Yachts and Boats	6-W	6

Male Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

SALESMEN WANTED

To sell in the following departments: Silks and velvets, dress goods, linens, wash fabrics, upholstery, boys' clothing, trunks and bags, shoes, blankets, men's furnishing goods, sporting goods. Apply Supt's Office, Monday A. M.

HENRY SIEGEL CO.

SALESMEN

HENRY SIEGEL COMPANY require thoroughly experienced salesmen for camera and photo supplies. Apply Supt's Office, Monday A. M.

SALESMEN

HENRY SIEGEL COMPANY require thoroughly experienced salesmen for fishing tackle. Apply Supt.'s Office, Monday A. M.

Shepard Norwell Company
WANT
Dress Goods Salesmen
Permanent positions to those who can fully qualify.
Apply Supt's Office

Male Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

R. H. WHITE CO.

Require—

SALESMEN in the following departments: Wash Dress Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Linens and Domestics. Best of references required. Apply at Superintendent's Office, Monday at 8:30 a. m.

BRASS DIE ENGRAVER—Experienced in both sunk and relief work; one used to running Becker milling machine. F 459, Boston American.

CARRIAGE PAINTERS,
VARNISH, rubbers and gear finishers at once. W. H. EDEN & SON, Centre st., Malden.

BEDDING FINISH
MILLS waste paper stock cutter. E. J. MEYER & SON, 306 Main st., Arlington.

DAVID CLARK,
REGISTERED assistant, between 20 and 30 years old, must be thoroughly trained in high school habits and a good salesman; one who will stay by work and make himself useful in all capacities; references required; new store, family trade. Apply to DAVID CLARK, 1 Main st., Natick, Mass.

REEL SCOURER.
WANTED—Reel scourer. Apply to buffer, 3rd class man. NATIONAL SHOE REPAIR CO., 12 School st.

FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (free to all)—Building trades laborers, waiter machine co.'s e., pneumatics temp work; tailors; engineers; planer hands, steady employment; many others; spring cleaner (laborer), lens setter, $23; check smiths, near to steam; 2 pattern makers, handy man; union pantrymen; sash painter, saw mill; 2d hander; farmers; 2 cabinet makers; 2 wood turners; 2 hardware salesmen; butter salesman, $25 per week; printer, with check; 2 lathe hands; 2 machine builders; all lengths; draftsmen, farmhands; bellmen; 2 bakers; 2 cooks; 2 dishwashers; 2 boys with reference; 2 Russian laborers, Boston.

DIESEL ENGINEERS—Wanted at once, first-class mechanics experienced in the repairs of automobile engines; steady employment; state age and character to W. F. BOWMAN, American Dredging Co., 1 Federal st., Boston.

AWNING CUTTER—Wanted, at once; expert, one setting awnings preferred; steady man of ability and character to W. F. BOWMAN, American Dredging Co., 1 Federal st., Boston.

BLACKSMITH—First class all around blacksmith wanted; steady employment. Apply to C. G. CHASE, 767 Centre st., Jamaica Plain.

BOY—Wanted, a strong, reliable errand boy; apply at once, ready for work. THE BOSTON MAID-ENE CO., 1 Arcade, Providence, R. I.

BOY—Wanted, a boy to tie oil or cutting block; steady work. APPLY TO ADRIAN WHITE-LEY CO., 316 Bedford st.

BOY—Wanted, good workers, steady employment. Apply Monday morning. BUB BAG CO., 39 Essex st., Boston.

BOY—Strong boy to learn the trade. UNION BRUSH BINDING CO., 15 Columbia st.

CALENDAR MAN—Wanted, experienced calendar man for rubber proof sheets. Address 41 Hancock st., Quincy.

CARPENTERS—Wanted, good inside bench finishers. E. Hodge & Co., 417 Harrison ave.

CARRIAGE PAINTER—Wanted, good, steady job for first class man. Apply to GEO. W. Learned st., West Roxbury.

CARD AND PRINTER—Young man that understands setting type to demonstrate automatic printing press; $15 a week to start; steady work and expenses. Call Tuesday a. m. after 9:30 a. m. or address 2 Winthrop st., Room 4, Malden and Washington sts.

CARD WRITER—Two thirder to operate small card press in Boston and elsewhere; still appearance; steady work; some experience in typewriting. Call 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. at HOLLIS PHARMACY, 1 Hollis and 6 Washington sts.

CHAINMAKER—Wanted, first-class woman for all kinds of chain work; steady job. Apply to THE BOSTON BELTING CO., 256 Devonshire st., Boston.

CHAINMAKERS—Wanted at once, 6 CHAINMAKERS. Apply 2139 Washington st.

COLLECTOR—and canvasser wanted, salary and commission. Apply 2139 Washington st., Roxbury.

CUTTERS—Experienced on felt waists and dresses. The BOWDOIN MFG. CO., 311 Washington st.

DRAFTSMAN—For mill engineering and laying out machinery. THE HAMMOND & LITTLE ALARM TELEGRAPH CO., Newton Upper Falls, Mass.

DYER—Wanted, a good reliable garment dyer; only thoroughly experienced need address B 315, Boston American.

ERRAND BOY—Wanted. Apply NEWBURY TAILORING CO., 294 Newbury st.

FARM WORK—At once, temperate man, general farm work, good farm teamster; give age, wages $30 per mo., board, etc. Look Box 98, Barre, Mass.

FURNITURE FINISHER Wanted, first-class thoroughly exp. furniture finishers and rubbers must have ref.; working in furniture store; good salary and steady position to a thoroughly competent man. Address Shipping Furniture, Apply SUMMERFIELDS CO., 729 Washington st., 4th floor, next Bing pre.

Male Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

GENERAL WORK—Man for general work on R. CHAPMAN, 579 Dudley st., Roxbury.

GRINDER—Wanted, a cutting die grinder. 7 J. READEY, Market, Mass.

IRON MOLDERS—Wanted on side floor and light brass work. 22 Hall st. SOLAR FOUNDRY, 119 Gibson st., Dorchester.

PAINTER—Picture frame finish and stainer, good steady position. THE CLARK & HOLT CO., 32 Howard st.

LITHOGRAPH FEEDER—Wanted. Apply to WHITE-SMITH MUSIC PUB. CO., 62 and 64 Stanhope st.

MACHINISTS—Diemakers and millwrights, fine class diemakers, $16-$17; millwrights, $3.25 & $3 good diemakers to repair work, $25, $30; 2 good machinists, $3 day; 2 machinists for screw machine work, $3 day; 2 planer hands $18-$20, $16, 3 screw machine hands, $15-$18; 2 bench hands, $15; 2 men to run punch press, $15; 6 drill press men, $15; 2 men to run milling machine, $15; EMPLOYMENT REFERENCE ASSN., 167 Washington st.

MAIL ORDER MAN—To take entire charge of correspondence and mail order business; must be a farm engine direct to the user through the mails; must be fully experienced in mail order business and understand gasoline engines and implements and physique; state salary expected. Address 1 Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.

MOULDER—Wanted, man to run variety moulder in molded flask; must be A-1. Apply to WESTERN MOULDING CO., 1 Wabash ave., Wilmington, Ill.

OX TEAMSTER—At large farm; wages $30 per mo., board. 600, Boston American.

PAINTER—Wanted, a good all around carriage painter; steady work for right man. W. H. PARSONS, 64 Long st., Everett, Mass.

PLASTERER—Wanted, man about 40 years old to take charge of a job; must be sober; must be a good plasterer and brickiayer and able to run a job; steady work; good wages to right man. Send age and answer address JOHN M. HAGAN, Box 1, Bridgewater, Mass.

SALESMANAGER Wanted by a large stationery and engraving house; experience necessary; reason for leaving large of correspondence and engraving; state salary expected. Address 1 Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.

SALESMANAGER—Man who thoroughly understands the getting of business by mail; must be a power at writing sales letters; engine is farm machinery; excellent opportunity to right party. Address, stating salary expected, 1 Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.

SALESMEN—Salesmen acquainted with the hardware of garages repair shops and automobile supply houses as a side line; will sell to eight more specified by ample advertising literal co-operation; commission basis; pay $75. 600, Boston American.

SHOEMAKER—A few shoemakers wanted for a free shop, would pay steady work, good wages and steady shop conditions; work all the year and agree to take shop a few make prices with each of us. Call at once at 25 Avon place, Room 1, Boston.

SHOEMAKERS—Wanted, a few first-class men to work on McKay and welt; steady work and good wages to take shop a few make prices with each of us. Call at once at 25 Avon place, Room 1, Boston.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, a young man with some knowledge of stenography and typewriting; state salary expected. Address 1 Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.

TEAMSTER—Wanted, a teamster to work on farm; must be sober and reliable; wages $30 per month and board. Address 600, Boston American.

TEAMSTERS—Three teamsters wanted. Apply Monday to PETER SHEPARD, 19 Williams ave., Hyde Park, Mass.

TINSMITH—2nd furnace man; must be a good worker; wages $3 day. FARMS & SHAW CO., 31 Union st., Worcester.

WAITER—Wanted, good waiters, steady employment, no trouble. Write P. O. Box 3427, Roxbury, Mass.

WANTED—Man and wife to sell Soaps. Apply 8:30 a.m. sharp, 110 Hanover st.

WIREMEN Wanted; 14 class wiremen on seven work. H. F. EATON-BRIGG, 100 Haverhill st.

Male Help—Miscellaneous.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

SALESMAN WANTED

HIGH-GRADE man who is a real salesman and who knows how to get business; a man of character and a reputable bond paper, first paper and Manila specialties; a man who can talk to the point and can call on one who has had actual experience in the line; permanent position to the right man. 600, Boston American.

ARE YOU doing work that is making you a steady, dependable money man? If not, graduate from one job to another and growing careless and inefficient? Investigate our proposition; we have a big line of high grade work; we can satisfactorily handle the right man; we have been established in the furnishing station, 140 Tremont st., Boston, and have been doing business for 65 different years, and the chance to learn and practice one, two or three days a week, or more, if you can, during regular hours, the best city job, the line training, the experience food, the good connection, the chance to travel and to earn money; this salesmanship is worth while; write us; we will arrange an interview. Address DISPATCH NAVIGATION, Box 101, Back Bay Postoffice, Boston, Mass.

AMERICAN MAN—Wanted, to manage branch office for Mass. corp. with established business; one willing to locate equally well in Boston and able to invest $600 or more in 6 per cent. preferred stock of company; $2,000 to $3,000 per year to right party; investigation solicited. For interview, R. O. CRITCHETT, Pres., Bay State Mfg. Co., 60 School st., Boston, Mass.

A MONEY PROPOSITION—Do you want to own a half order business—in Nantucket—your own boss? Are you a hustler? Are you willing to locate equally well in Nantucket? Are you willing to invest $600 for interview? Address DISPATCH NAVIGATION, Box 101, Back Bay Postoffice, Boston, Mass.

A RELIABLE man with two hundred dollars to act as manager and trustee of theatrical company. This NEW ENGLAND AMUSEMENT CO., 324 Tremont st., rm. 5; see Mr. GAMMONS.

Male Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL.
AUTO driving lessons, the only school in Boston using Packard, Pierce-Arrow and Packard cars, each car a high model operating in order to secure a position; we assure more lessons and place more in positions than anyone else in New England; free, you are not paying for our low tuition; lessons given by experienced, licensed men; Italian and Swedish spoken; OUR DRIVING SCHOOL IS THE MOST SUCCESSFUL AND GREATEST IN THE WORLD; WRITE OR CALL.
THE AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS OFFERS GREATER POSSIBILITIES TO-DAY THAN ANY OTHER TRADE IF YOU ARE PROPERLY INSTRUCTED.
LICENSE GUARANTEED
WILLIAMS, 53 CHESTNUT ST.

WIRELESS.
We Have Been Asked to Furnish Forty Operators
LIMITED CLASS. INSTRUCTION FREE
QUALIFY IN TWO WEEKS.
TELEGRAPHY,
Railroad, Cable, Commercial, per classes start Monday and Thursday. Call or write for catalogue.
Boston Y. M. C. A. Bldg., 48 Boylston st., 1st fl., 2 to 9 P. M.

"THE" AUTO SCHOOL.
AUTO driving and repairing taught thoroughly by the most practical and most successful school in Boston; latest and most improved cars used; free location, special instruction on carburetors and magneto; we assure you a position; we have the largest number of graduates; every one working; no preliminary lessons; call or write.
DONEY & GRIFFIN, 1 Park sq., Boston.

200 Men Wanted This Week
TO LEARN to drive and repair automobiles in 30 days; practical instruction; day and evening classes; send stamp for booklet. NEW ENGLAND AUTO SCHOOL, 1647 Tremont st., Boston.

Learn to Drive an Automobile
IN 6 lessons. MR. REID, 63 Winchester st., Brookline. Tel. Regent 1200-M. Formerly Arlington and formerly instructor Y. M. C. A. Auto School, open through, tel. 700.

NEW ENGLAND TINOTYPE SCHOOL
DAY and evening, months on and operating yearly on 6 machines, new popular courses, young men and women; booklet free. W. H. CARVER, Owner and Mgr., Dept. 3, 24 Dix pl., Boston.

Tennyson Auto Sc..ool
DRIVING and repairing . . . . . by
Guarantee you a license, driving or repairing, day and evening sessions. . . . . Tel. Roxbury 2540-M. Above Shaw's, 171 Tremont st., Boston.

AUTOMOBILE driving lessons on Packard 7 passenger cars, first to either place in city; cars up to date; 7 instructors; 6 machines; Northeastern Auto School, 1 Park sq., Boston.

A BOSTON FIRM would like to communicate with a lady of taste and refinement who can furnish several references; to right party a salary. Address M 473 Boston American.

ATTENTION! Pay up to $15 a week selling guaranteed aluminum ware to consumers; complete line; exclusive territory; credit; commission; sample outfit, 10c. ALUMINUM MFG. CO., Dept. 1715, AMERICAN ALUMINUM BLDG., Boston.

An intelligent person may earn $100 monthly introducing our specialties; no canvassing; outfit free; no solicitors. PRESS SYNDICATE, 900, Lockport, N. Y.

TO BUYING lessees, $1 each or 6 lessees to one purchaser, $10; lessees entitle to 10 per cent. profit; lessees to buy, sell, lease and trade at our office; instructions day or evening. CENTRAL L. ASSOCIATION, 1 Somerset st., Boston.

ANYBODY CAN EARN $20 weekly mailing our 1913 Standard Map of Boston; 25 other money-making plans. Free booklet. HUB SALES SYNDICATE, 1 Somerset st., Boston.

A. G. HALL'S BARBER SCHOOL—514 Washington st., Boston, opposite Bedford st.; offers by all co-operative propositions; pay, furnishing tools, etc.; call or write for free booklet; evening classes.

BIG MONEY WRITING SONGS—We pay big royalties; don't delay; write today. ACME CO., 40 Woods Building, Chicago.

BOY wanted, good opening to right party; wages $10 to start; must be 16 years old; call at once. Superintendent, Room 5, 6 Beacon st.

BOY Wanted, learn to operate; to mentor to girl in the office; $6 to start; 48 hours per week; must be willing to work; apply at once. Superintendent, Room 5, 6 Beacon st.

BE A DETECTIVE—Earn $120 to $200 per month; no experience required; write for free book. INTERNATIONAL DETECTIVE TRAINING SCHOOL, 1719 Scarritt bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

BOY—Wanted, to learn the business; to be cadet, Portland and the far West. COLPITTS & WOODMAN, 1 Milk st., Boston.

CALIFORNIA and Oregon, Seattle, Tacoma and Portland, $52.90; get particulars. COLPITTS, 53 Milk st., Boston, and 140 Cedar st.

CAPABLE salesman to cover New England with staple line; $125 to $150 per week; $75 cash advance, new asset; prefers to right man. 37325 Ledger, Chicago.

DON'T work for others, I started a new one of my own in my spare time; $75 a week the first year; I also am one of the large mail order dealers; will tell you how to start; write me. 600, Boston American.

EARN $25 to $50 weekly at home; no canvassing; send for free booklet; tells how; write today; no time to lose. MORRIS, 1 Somerset st., Boston.

ENGINEERS and FIREMEN learning for license according to the rules laid down by the STATE BOARD; instruction by correspondence; 1,000 successful graduates; 1,000 more wanted; write for free booklet. SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING, 1 Somerset st., Boston, free catalogue, always open.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN—A higher wage awaits you; prepare now; big demand; learning by mail; 1,000 successful graduates; write for free booklet. INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS, Box 1, Scranton, Pa.

ENGINEERING

ESTABLISHMENTS of parcel post; don't miss this opportunity; we have the way to sell mail and postoffice service, stamping long seen in your store; write for particulars. ROBERT-ARDS, Springfield, Mass.

EARN $100 MONTHLY writing stories; we teach you plot, criticize and sell; plan free. WRITERS INSTITUTE, Dept. 1, Cincinnati, O.

EARN $5.00 WEEKLY mailing circulars, spare time; no canvassing; send 10c for sample and particulars. 600, Boston American.

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOK tells of about $50,000 protected positions in U. S. service; thousands of vacancies every year; send for list of exams; free for you, sure and generous pay; location examinations everywhere; write immediately for booklet. KARL HOPKINS, Washington, D. C.

FREE—Valuable book for men who want to sell $3 WASH cloths and 10d Canal sts., Rm 9.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Over 40,000 appointments to be made; Booklet 45 tells how to get them; no charge to candidates. NATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE INSTITUTE, Washington.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Most thorough preparation by mail; 1,000 appointments; booklet free from AMERICAN CIVIL SERVICE SCHOOL, Washington, D. C.

GOVERNMENT positions pay big money; get full information how to prepare for examinations; civil service examiner free booklet 9. 45, PATTERSON CIVIL SERVICE SCHOOL, Rochester, N. Y.

HERE'S your opportunity to make $250 monthly; I start you; no capital required; we furnish everything; guarantee free booklet will show you how. FARMER MANUFACTURING CO., Cincinnati, O.

I HAVE arranged $200 per week with a small mail order business; will explain how you can have same; particulars free; explains everything. 600, Boston American.

I MAKE over $300 a month by mail writing advertisements, and will show anyone how to do the same; no canvassing; send for booklet. WILSON, 507 Fullerton bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

INSURANCE MEN—Don't you want to supplement your income? Write for our proposition; we are the country; you can make $30 a week easy on our line; we have a good proposition for you. B 945, Box 6.

INVENTIONS wanted—Large investors with list of inventions wanted and others offered for sale; patents secured or fee returned; book free to any address. RANDOLPH & BISCOE, 3 Gaff bldg., Chicago, Ill.

INVENTORS—I will advance money to secure patents; send for my list of inventions wanted; patents on new and useful inventions. Write J. E. SELLEW, 251 Enright bldg., Washington, D. C.

I NEED GOOD MEN everywhere, part or all time, learn my modern make-money plan; no canvassing; no desk work; send full write for me. GERRANDER, Dept. 64, 12 West 31st st., N. Y.

I AM one amongst thousands of failures in the mail order business; I succeeded after reading "The Mail Order Promoter"; 10c copy. MONTGOMERY, 2418, Brockton, Mass.

AUTO SCHOOL

LEARN AUTOMOBILE DRIVING AND REPAIRING at the largest and most successful school in Boston, personal instruction has made us successful, we do not get our terms before going elsewhere; day and evening.

Bonney & Greig
323 COLUMBUS Av., BOSTON.

Male Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

SHEPARD NORWELL COMPANY

We Are Now Engaging Extra Salesmen and Saleswomen, Packers, Examiners and Messengers for Our

GREAT THOROUGHFARE CELEBRATION SALE TO BE HELD WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, APRIL 7TH

Arrangements have been made to eclipse all previous selling records. Accordingly we shall require services of 500 additional salespeople. This number will cover our additional requirements which extend over all departments from Small Wares to Rugs. In fact, additional help is required in EVERY department. Attention of all interested persons is called to the fact that every large number of our very best salespersons have been chosen from the extra help reporting for these sales.

While preference will be given in proportion to experience, we are willing to entertain applications from persons possessing necessary qualifications as regards education, appearance, and a firm desire to be tested as to their ability to make satisfactory salesmen and saleswomen.

APPLY UP TO 10 A. M. AND AFTER 4 P. M. ANY DAY, SUPERINTENDENT,
SHEPARD NORWELL COMPANY

Male Help—Miscellaneous.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

WIRELESS
THE OLDEST and largest school in New England giving the most complete course in wire and wireless telegraphy.

FREE
LECTURE Thursday evening, April 3, 8 p. m., by Mr. Dodge, on wireless; illustrated; open to public; come and see actual apparatus used; lectures every Thursday evening. DODGE'S INSTITUTE OF TELEGRAPHY, 18 Boylston st.

WANT A JOB?
We Can Get Work for You.
STEADY WORK AS A MOVING
PICTURE operator, for which $25 a week can be had after training. OLD COLONY AMUSEMENT CO., 1 Tremont st., corner Bromfield st.

WANTED Ambitious men to start in spare time and with our help build up a permanent, profitable business of your own, $10 to $15 weekly easily earned no experience or capital necessary; quick, sure work; have leaders to sell like free booklet. Mail today and receive it by return mail. Send name on postal. Bradley, 1, Albion, Mich.

I WILL start you in the mail order business free if you will handle my goods. CREST CO., 99 Adams st., Milton, Mass.

JAUT OR GENTLEMAN—Fair education, to act as our proving auditor; no canvassing; no capital, shown you how to build up permanent, profitable business; $1,000 first year; unlimited; big writing-in territory; selling experience unnecessary; we teach you how; write NEW ENGLAND AUDITING CO., 1 Beacon st., Boston.

LEARN moving picture operating in your spare time; we teach you how; we have a position in our fully equipped theatre. Call or write for free booklet. MOVING PICTURE OPERATORS' SCHOOL, 1 Tremont st., Boston.

LOCAL representative wanted; no canvassing or soliciting; good income assured right party. NATIONAL CO-OPERATIVE REALTY CO., 1 Madison ave., Room 1, Worcester, Mass.

LOCOMOTIVE firemen, firemen, wages about $100 per month; experience unnecessary; RAILWAY, R 835, Boston American.

MILEAGE BOOKS save money; bought and sold; we pay cash; send us your books. 600, Boston American.

MOVING PICTURE operating taught; graduates assisted; terms $15 to $25; write for booklet. GREAT EASTERN MOVING PICTURE SCHOOL, 1 Tremont st., room 6.

MOVING PICTURE operating taught; students assisted to positions; terms $15 to $25; write for booklet. MOVING PICTURE SCHOOL, 1 Tremont st., room 6.

MEN and women to make lists of names and addresses for mail order houses; big pay; spare time; no canvassing; send 2c stamp for full particulars. DIRECTORY, 7 Park st., Boston.

NEW and unpatented parcel post pole hook; work or sell for a million; pays $5,000. LINCOLN MFG. CO., Rochester, N. Y.

NEAT, honest young man to learn trade for responsible position; $15 a week and work up to high salary. Address 10, Boston American.

OPPORTUNITY wanted for ambitious men; summer parks and beaches, running motion picture machines; complete instructions from start to finish; $50 weekly; we teach in a fully equipped theatre; small tuition fee. MOVING PICTURE INSTITUTE, Boston.

PARCEL POST positions open, $60 month; examinations coming; thousands needed; common education; many other positions now open; full particulars and free booklet. FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept 167B, Rochester, N. Y.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS wanted; $800 first year; examinations coming; thousands needed; common education sufficient; write for free booklet 45. FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept. 167B, Rochester, N. Y.

RAILWAY Mail Clerks wanted; 18 to 35 years; $800 to $1,200 first year; examinations everywhere; May 3; particulars free; write immediately. ARNOLD, 1, Albion, Mich.

SALESMEN or business men, experienced in selling to retail merchants; time to us is \$1 a year; complete accountant (keeper) now ready; sells on sight; no collecting; no delivering; when closed forms a foolproof safe; combines five separate articles; guaranteed; state qualifications. THE CHAMPION REGISTER COMPANY, Dayton, Ohio.

SALESMEN WANTED—No experience required; earn while learning; write today for list of openings; positions now opening, paying $1,000 to $2,000 a year and expenses; we assist you to secure position; NATIONAL SALESMEN'S TRAINING ASSOCIATION, Chicago, Portland, Seattle, San Francisco, New Orleans, Toronto.

SALESMEN—Side line, hardware, grocery, novelty and dept. stores will handle as a side line our 5c counter specialties; 100% profit; sells on sight; a world winner. PERWIN, LTD., Worcester, Mass.

SALESMAN wanted, to call on grocery trade; side line; commission basis; state territory covered. 600, Boston American.

SALESMEN to travel with horse and wagon; salary and expense paid. W. M. LEHRMAN & CO., 1 Hanover st., Boston.

SALESMEN making the smaller towns wanted to handle high grade proposition to manufacturers' lines of trade; full time or side line; liberal commission basis; exclusive territory. THE BOSTON SPECIALTY CO., 1 Hanover st., Boston, Ohio.

SALESMEN wanted, to sell our line to sell general trade in Massachusetts; unequaled specialty proposition; commission basis; exclusive territory; interview April 7th. THE CONTINENTAL MFG. CO., 1 Hanover st., Boston.

SALESMAN visiting machine shops, factories, etc., to handle Boston territory on Ball Bearing Renner, 207 Twelfth st., Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMEN—If you want $10 a day, side or main line, write and get both proposition and territory. THE BOSTON SPECIALTY CO., 1 Hanover st., Boston, Ohio.

SALESMEN—If not want to make big money on a optimistic proposition, salary or commission, don't write. THE BOSTON SPECIALTY CO., 53 Sidney st., Bridgeport, Ct.

SALESMEN wanted among cotton trade; contains orders on first writing; side line; commission only. CLEVELAND MFG. CO., Cleveland, O.

SALESMAN wanted among cotton trade; contains orders on first writing; side line; commission only. CLEVELAND MFG. CO., Cleveland, O.

MEN WANTED AT ONCE

to learn the auto business. We teach on 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 cylinder cars of standard makes; Road driving and repairing, every part of the car; we have a full line of cars to finish for examination and demonstration; we guarantee to place you in a position to earn from $20 to $30 per week; we have calls for graduates and cannot supply them; write for catalogue. Open evenings. NEW ENGLAND AUTO SCHOOL, 1647 Tremont st., Cor. Columbus av.
Oldest, Largest, Most Reliable and Most Up-to-date Auto School in New England.

Female Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

MILLINERY MAKERS wanted on ladies' ready-to-wear hats; good pay long season; come ready for work Monday.
SHANNON BROS. CO.,
24 Chauncy St.

GIRLS WANTED
TO ADDRESS envelopes in longhand; must be in good writing; hours 9 to 5; good pay. 24 Beach st., room 14, Medford st., Boston. MCLEAN CO.

LAUNDRY HELP
EXP. FEEDERS and folders; also one girl for light hanging table. BETTINSON-BARRS LAUNDRY CO., 70 Tremont st., Boston.

LAUNDRY HELP
MANGLE GIRLS wanted. COMMONWEALTH LAUNDRY, 948 Franklin st., Cambridge. WM. HEIL.

10—GIRLS—10
TO TRAIN for . . . . . at $5.00 a week, to start, room and board and washing furnished. Apply at once to Miss Murray, 3d floor, HOSPITAL AGENCY, 85 Berkeley st., Boston.

LAUNDRY HELP
LAUNDRY GIRLS to do fancy ironing. THE FAMILY LAUNDRY, Medford.

Male Help—Miscellaneous.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

SHORTHAND—Evening classes and to learn moving picture operating; terms $15 to $25; write for booklet. MOVING PICTURE SCHOOL, 1 Tremont st., room 6.

TWO MEN wanted, 1 can use two good men in my spare time; $75 a week the first year. NEW ENGLAND AMUSEMENT CO., 324 Tremont st., rm. 5.

VAUDEVILLE ACTS written, rehearsed and produced; past successes to our credit; experience necessary; Boston roads; \$50 to \$100 month; \$50 to \$100 per week; terms; name position wanted. Box R 460, Boston American.

WANTED—Instructors to send for the little Blue Book giving list of government jobs open to civilians; also how to prepare successfully for obtaining them; Box 445, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—Men to learn the parcels post; \$60 month; books examination; May 3; coached by former U. S. examiner. INTERSTATE CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Salesmen; experience unnecessary; we teach you how; all are making handsome incomes; we start you; write today. THE PERRY MFG. CO., Rochester, N. Y.

WE WANT men or women to make spare time copies of names and addresses at home; no canvassing; big pay; send 2c stamp for particulars. DIRECTORY, 7 Park st., Boston.

OPPORTUNITIES EXCHANGE.

VAUDEVILLE ACTS written, rehearsed and produced; past successes to our credit; experience necessary; Boston roads; \$50 to \$100 month; \$50 to \$100 per week; terms; name position wanted. Box R 460, Boston American.

WANTED—Men as firemen trainmen, electricians and colored train porters; experience unnecessary; Boston roads; \$50 to \$100 month; \$50 to \$100 per week; terms; name position wanted. Box R 460, Boston American.

WANTED—Instructors to send for the little Blue Book giving list of government jobs open to civilians; also how to prepare successfully for obtaining them; Box 445, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—Men to learn the parcels post; \$60 month; books examination; May 3; coached by former U. S. examiner. INTERSTATE CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Salesmen; experience unnecessary; we teach you how; all are making handsome incomes; we start you; write today. THE PERRY MFG. CO., Rochester, N. Y.

WE WANT men or women to make spare time copies of names and addresses at home; no canvassing; big pay; send 2c stamp for particulars. DIRECTORY, 7 Park st., Boston.

Female Help Wanted.
10c a line of 7 words. 20c display.

R. H. WHITE CO.
Require
SALESLADIES in the following departments: Ladies' and Misses' Suits, Wash Dresses, Millinery, Shirt Waists, Kitchenware, Ribbons, Hosiery and Neckwear. Also experienced saleslades on yard goods. Best of references required. Apply at SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Monday, at 8:30 a. m.

Magrane Houston Co.
REQUIRES
SALESPEOPLE
in Ready-to-Wear Depts. Department Store Experience Preferred.
APPLY TO SUPERINTENDENT

Help Wanted
Apply Superinten ent's Office
Lewandos, Watertown

WANTED—Forelady for stitching room, making aprons and house dresses; good opportunity for right party. Address D 336, Boston American.

STITCHERS
ON cotton underwear and gowns, steady work all year round. 107 Manchester st.

EXP. STITCHERS
ON ladies' tailor-made shirtwaists. Apply ROBERT PRICE, 178 Devonshire st.

WAIST MAKERS.
EXPERIENCED on ladies' silk waists, wanted at once. SUDBURY MFG. CO., 34 Cade st.

OPERATORS
EXPERIENCED on ladies' silk waists, wanted at once. STANDARD MFG. CO., 77 Federal st.

EXPERIENCED SKIRTMAKERS.
FINISHERS on ladies' skirts and dresses, must be first-class. ORIENTAL GARMENT CO., 50 Bedford st.

COOK, second maids, chambermaids, seamstress and laundress. Apply to matron for institution. MRS. PRESTON, 402 Beacon st.

GENERAL housework girls with references. MRS. IRELAND, 1 Ware st.

FREE employment office (free to all), nurse girls, housework girls, cooks, waitresses, laundry girl waitress, cashier and wrapper, 2 chambermaids, 2 dishwashers, 2 kitchen girls, 2 pantry girls, 2 waitresses, Boston.

GIRLS (3) EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 1260 Main st., 1st floor, 2d, all kinds of help; no commission; steady places; moderate fees. Telephone 1260 Main.

Miss KING'S, 609 Washington st., 2d, wants housework girls, hotel cooks, table, laundresses, waitresses.

AT RUFF'S 26 School st., head waitress, waitresses, dishwashers, kitchen girls, cooks, etc.

STRICTLY 1st class dressmaker and skirt maker wanted; steady work; good wages; state experience. Apply 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m., 1 Arlington st., Boston.

WANTED—Young woman to learn the art of dressmaking; apply at once. 1 Arlington st., Boston.

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept. 1902, Rochester N. Y.

TRAILING POSITIONS guaranteed our graduates; housework, cooking, waitressing; learn from experience. Call or write. SCHOOL OF DOMESTIC SCIENCE, 1 Joy st., Boston, Mass.

TWO MEN wanted, 1 can use two good men in my spare time; \$75 a week the first year. NEW ENGLAND AMUSEMENT CO., 324 Tremont st., rm. 5.

WANTED—Girl to assist in light housework and cook, one who is experienced in fitting. At reference, Brookline, Mass. Address 600, Boston American.

WANTED—Girl to assist in housework and cook, one who is experienced in fitting. At reference, Brookline, Mass. Address 600, Boston American.

GIRLS—Wanted, to learn fruit jar rings; steady work; good wages. Apply to MASON RUBBER CO., 1 Beach st., Boston.

GIRLS—Wanted, to pass fruit jar rings; steady work; good wages. Apply to MASON RUBBER CO., 1 Beach st., Boston.

GIRLS—Wanted, to do plain sewing and hand work. 1 Arlington st., Boston.

GIRLS wanted—Able to sew on machine; come prepared to work. HUB BAG CO., 28 Cross st., Boston.

GIRLS wanted for inspecting and folding. F. W. BUTLER, 155 Massachusetts av.

GIRLS wanted, steady employment; small steam-heated suite; two adults two children; reference. 2 Bowdoin st., 43 Westminster av., Salem Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER in somerset woman about 40 years old; no children; good home. Address 600, Boston American.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a neat, capable girl for general housework; small family; good home; good wages; no washing or ironing; reference required. MRS. H. L. HOLMES, 1 Bellevue st., Newton.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a girl for general housework; good home; must be neat, good cook; 2 in family; wages \$5 per week. Apply 1 Arlington st., Boston.

HOUSEWORK—Girl for general housework; good home; must be neat, good cook; 2 in family; wages \$5 per week. Apply 1 Arlington st., Boston.

HOUSEWORK—Girl for general housework; good home; must be neat, good cook; 2 in family; wages \$5

Male Situations Wanted.
5c a line of 7 words. 25c display

ACCOUNTING ACCOUNTING

REAL ESTATE MEN

COLLECTOR

Female Situations Wanted.
5c a line of 7 words

DAY WORK

DAY WORK

DRESSMAKER

EDUCATION

LAUNDRY WORK

LET, 7 Yoma

Legal and Public Notices
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

ATKINSON'S LAW OFFICE

Lawyers.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

LAWYER GAVAN.

"A JEWEL OF A MAID"

The "Servant Problem" doesn't bother the woman who takes advantage of the Classified Want Ads in the Sunday American. Nor will lack of employment worry the capable cook or laundress or gen'ral house worker who reads these columns to find a good

Agents and Canvassers.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

TEA DEALERS

INCREASE YOUR EARNINGS

HALL RUNNERS

Everybody's Vacuum Cleaner, $4.50

AGENTS, $30 WEEKLY

POINT PROTECTORS.

OF CYCLONE & FLOOD

Agents and Canvassers.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

IMPORTED wire hair pins and all-kind pins, 10c pkg., 1doz. pkgs. 90c. AMERICAN PIN CO., Boston.

LADY AGENTS wanted for Dr. Scott's electric hair brushes. Big profits. Write for terms. DR. SCOTT ELECTRIC CO., New York.

LADIES and gents wanted to sell our 1913 leaders and Rubber Boots. Big profits. Write for terms. BOSTON RUBBER SHOE CO., Boston, Mass.

LADIES and gents agents can clean 10 to 15 pairs of shoes in a minute with our new patent polish. Sells on sight. Write for terms. SHOE SHINE CO., Boston, Mass.

MECHANICS and agents make big money by taking our agency for the new wonderful Ford Auto Vulcanizer. Write for terms. VULCANIZER SALES MANAGER, room 216, Ford bldg., Detroit, Mich.

MAIL ORDER MEN, Tailors buy your goods in Boston. Write for samples. NAILL & MORRISON, 31 Bedford st., Boston.

MIRROR size 7 x 24 set with your name on it, sample 10c, new agent's outfit free. L. A. LANTZ, 1 Park Row, Boston.

PREPARE for civil service examinations. Parcel post carriers and clerks wanted. Full particulars free. CIVIL SERVICE BUREAU, Rochester, N. Y.

READ the Agent's Magazine and make more money. 3 months 10c. AGENT'S MAGAZINE, Chicago.

SECURE agency for the Golden Rule cooker. Sells on sight. Every home needs one. Write today. THE GOLDEN RULE COOKER COMPANY, Boston.

SEND your name for sale of the famous Lyon Mfg. Co. Electric Heaters. Big profits. Write today. LYON MFG. CO., 1 Lyon bldg., Chicago.

SEND for free sample of our 5 in one tool. Sells on sight. Every auto owner buys. Big profits. Write today. THE HIGBEE MFG. CO., 1 Higbee bldg., Coshocton, O.

SEND your name for sale of the demonstrating Electric Heaters. Big profits. Write today. LYON MFG. CO., 1 Lyon bldg., Chicago.

SHOE SALESMEN wanted to sell Proctor fit shoes. Write for terms. PROCTOR FIT SHOE CO., Haverhill, Mass.

TAKE orders for the Ford Auto Vulcanizer. Big profits. Write for terms. VULCANIZER SALES MANAGER, room 216, Ford bldg., Detroit, Mich. Tell us what you do, and we will tell you how to start. COXE Bros., Inc., Springfield, Ohio.

TERRIBLE blood and stomach suffer for 10 years. Doctors failed. Cured by herbs and thousands of farmers make home cures. Send 10c for book telling how. DR. MACK, Box 111, Worthington, Ohio.

WANTED, agents to sell Dr. Scott's electric hair brushes. Big profits. Write for terms. DR. SCOTT ELECTRIC CO., 1 Scott bldg., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED, agents, $75 to $200 monthly, introducing guaranteed hosiery. Outfit free. Write quick. GUARANTEED HOSIERY CO., Norristown, Pa.

WANTED, agents to sell Dr. Scott's electric hair brushes. Big profits. Write for terms. DR. SCOTT ELECTRIC CO., 1 Scott bldg., Cincinnati, O.

WOULD YOU like to start in business for yourself? Write for our free booklet. L. WARD & CO., Dept. 1, Chicago.

$5 DAILY and expenses to men to introduce our guaranteed poultry and stock powder. Credit given. Outfit free. Write quick. L. WARD & CO., Dept. 1, Chicago.

$75 A DAY and expenses to agents introducing our guaranteed hosiery. Outfit free. Write for terms. L. WARD & CO., Dept. 1, Chicago.

Typewriters.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

RENT OR SELL

Rent $5.00 for 3 Months Up

AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.

Phonographs.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

FOR SALE—Edison Home Phonograph, letter size, with about 75 assorted records; price $15 for complete outfit, less than ½ original cost. 128 Chester st., Dorchester. 1013 2

Business Chances.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

BOSTON REAL ESTATE CO.

120 BOYLSTON ST

B. O. WETMORE.

Moving Pictures.

PATENTS

SEND FOR MY FREE BOOK.

JOSHUA R. H. POTTS,

PATENTS

THAT PROTECT AND PAY.

BOOKS ADVICE AND SEARCHES FREE

Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer.

GROCERY.

1 TO-DATE SHOE STORE

Business Chances.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

R. B. Smith, 672 Tremont St.

Lodging House TO LET

AT No. 43 HOWARD STREET

T. Donnie Boardman.

Reginald & R. DeB. Boardman

Ames Building, Boston

You Need Not Wait

FOR SALE

Fish or Meat Market

$5000 TO $10,000

Ice Business for Sale.

Business Chances.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

Poultry and Supplies
15c a line of 7 words. 25c a day

QUALITY BARRED ROCKS

Buy Your Poultry Alive

Barter and Exchange.

$350. POPE-HARTFORD—$350

Books, Stamps, Etc.

Wall Papers.

Horses and Carriages.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

Henry S. Harris' Sons

North Union Horse Exchange

SAMUEL C. HARRIS, Prop

197 FRIEND STREET

and

38 TRAVERSE STREET

REGULAR AUCTION SALE

On Wednesday, Apr. 2, at 10:30 A.M.

180

Fresh Country Horses

40

Acclimated Horses

Please Call Upon Me

FOR CHEAP HORSES

Farmers, Take Notice.

46 Bridge St., E. Cambridge

$110—Horse, Harness, Carriage

Sell Horse Separate, $75

Last Week of Clearance Sale

$200 Buys Mac and Mabel.

DUMP CARTS.

Dogs, Cats, Pets, Etc
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display

Schools and Colleges.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

Detectives
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

REAL ESTATE CONVEYANCES

IN SUFFOLK COUNTY

Compiled by GEORGE P. MacLELLAN

From the Files of the Boston Real Estate Exchange and Auction Board

BOSTON CITY PROPER.

MARCH 22, 1913.

Robert H Pope to William A Noble, Prudential and Fairfland sts...Q
Lewis A Jones et ux to Ernest A Jones et al, Lexington and Bellevue sts...Q
Ida W [illegible], Hanford, Prudential, Norfolk and West Fort, Granite and West Selma sts; $5,000...D
Ida W [illegible] and Suburban Real Estate Trust, same...D
Robert [illegible] Tyler et al, Tryon, Jackson, Hanover and Union sts...D

MARCH 24, 1913.

Hanna [illegible] Boylston st...Q
Ernest [illegible] Boylston st...Q
Annie [illegible] Boylston st...Q
[illegible] Lambert, Back Bay pk...Q
[illegible] Mason, Boylston st...Q
[illegible] Mason, lay st., two lots...Q
[illegible] Mason, Boylston st...Q
Frederick [illegible] Lowell et al, et ux, same to S. Sears Bacon et. and et al...Q

MARCH 25, 1913.

[illegible] Hale et al to Mary [illegible] Bennett et al...Q
[illegible] Hale et al to Mary [illegible] Bennett et al...Q
Frank H [illegible] Technology, Paul and [illegible]...Q
[illegible] Thomas and Porter sts...Q
Catherine [illegible] to Frederick W. Pickard et al...Q
[illegible] Boylston st...Q
[illegible] Boylston st...Q

MARCH 27, 1913.

Lucy [illegible] Vermont and Coming sts...Q
[illegible] Vermont and Coming sts...Q
[illegible] Lowell et al...Q
[illegible] S. Sears Bacon et. and et al...Q

MARCH 28, 1913.

[illegible] Hale et al to Mary [illegible] Bennett et al...Q
[illegible] Hale et al to Mary [illegible] Bennett et al...Q
Frank H [illegible] Technology, Paul and [illegible]...Q
[illegible] Thomas and Porter sts...Q
Catherine [illegible] to Frederick W. Pickard et al...Q
[illegible] Boylston st...Q
[illegible] Boylston st...Q

MARCH 27 1913.

Lucy [illegible] Vermont and Coming sts...Q
[illegible] Vermont and Coming sts...Q
[illegible] Lowell et al...Q
[illegible] S. Sears Bacon et. and et al...Q

MARCH 29, 1913.

[illegible] Vermont and Coming sts...Q
[illegible] Vermont and Coming sts...Q
[illegible] Lowell et al...Q
[illegible] S. Sears Bacon et. and et al...Q

MARCH 31, 1913.

[illegible] Vermont and Coming sts...Q
[illegible] Vermont and Coming sts...Q
[illegible] Lowell et al...Q
[illegible] S. Sears Bacon et. and et al...Q

HYDE PARK.

MARCH 21, 1913.

Mary F. Doherty to Nora M. [illegible] Burke et ux, $1,000...D
Annie L. [illegible] et al to [illegible]...D
Paul Hunt to [illegible] et al...D
Paul Hunt to [illegible] et al...D
Ps. Hunt to Charles [illegible]...D

MARCH 22, 1913.

Edward I. Browne et. to Elizabeth [illegible] Fairmont av. and Prospect st...D

MARCH 24, 1913.

Edward H. Lamson to Robert Patten et al, Arlington st...Q

MARCH 25, 1913.

Mary [illegible] Wheeler to Mary [illegible] Brown et al, Wheeler st...Q
Nora Hardy to Jennie [illegible] et al...Q
Mary A. B. Cook to [illegible]...Q

REVERE.

MARCH 21, 1913.

Rebecca Rosen to Ida Collins, Campbell av...Q
Hagop [illegible], Malden pk., 4 lots...Q

MARCH 25, 1913.

Israel M. Levy, mtgee, to Israel M. Levy et al, $400...D
Israel M. Shapiro et al, et ux, to Anna L. Hartley, Colonial st...Q
Franklin A. Smith et al to Mary [illegible] et al...Q

MARCH 26, 1913.

Point of Pines Trust to Albert H. Abbott et ux., Revere Beach...Q

MARCH 27, 1913.

Charlotte C. Anderson to Bonnie Crest, Prospect av...Q

MARCH 28, 1913.

Lillian K. Swift, mortgagee, to Lillian J. Swift Hillside av., $1,650...D
Lillian K. Swift, mortgagee, to Lillian J. Swift Hillside av., $1,650...D
Richard Welsh to Rosalyn Trust and guardian, Atwood st., ten lots...Q
Frank Shepard to Arthur B. Hoyt et ux...Q

ROXBURY.

MARCH 22, 1913.

Ira W. Shapiro, mtgee, to Old Colony Co-operative Real Estate Trust, Hampden st., $1,500...D
Bridget [illegible] et al to [illegible]...D
Peter S. Hennessey to [illegible] et al, Hanover, Columbus av...Q

MARCH 24, 1913.

Philip B. Worney to Catherine J. Worney, Dunkeld av...Q
Ira W. Shapiro to Thomas M. Green, Columbus av., Bragdon st...Q
Thomas M. Green et al to [illegible]...Q
[illegible] et al...D
Myron M. Wood et al to [illegible]...D
James A. Ayer, mtgee, to Frank A. Allen, Lewis pk., $3,700...D
Mary J. Dean et al, et ux, to Peter F. Sweeney et ux., Clarence st., $2,000...D
Alice S. Flood to Edith A. Pinco, Georgia st...Q

MARCH 25, 1913.

David E. Crawford to George E. Newcomb et al, Greenwich st...Q
[illegible] et al to [illegible]...D
[illegible] et al to [illegible]...D
Frances H. Hooper to Isaac Lesser, Lesser, Bolton and Lenox sts., 3 lots...Q
Isaac Lesser to Roland Lincoln Parker, 3 lots, et al, $1,348...D
Hedgard A. Wallace to Lincoln Parker and Harold [illegible]...Q
Annie [illegible] to [illegible]...D
Julia F. Baker to Jennie Bernstein, Minden st...Q

MARCH 26, 1913.

Thomas A. Fogarty to Daniel F. [illegible] Magazine and Process sts...Q
Sara C. [illegible] to [illegible]...D
Flora C. Griffin et al. to Charles Hoehle, Day and Emerson sts...Q
Daniel F. Hurley to Annette P. Nutter, Corey and Montview sts...Q
Mary F. Dooley et al to Bertha J. Lyon, South st...Q
Annie [illegible] et al to Daniel F. Hurley, Calumet st...Q
Winifred S. Patterson to Jacob Levin, Hammond st., 2 pieces...Q
Charles [illegible] et al to [illegible]...D

MARCH 27, 1913.

John D. Williams et al, trs, to [illegible], Humboldt av...Q
[illegible] et al to [illegible]...D
Jacob Lipzer to Mary Hacker, Fairfield and Hood sts...Q
Bessie [illegible] Byron et al, mtgees, to Mary Harnish, Fayston and Dunkeld sts...Q

MARCH 28, 1913.

Percy G. Bolster trustee et al to Frank L. Morse, Blue Hill av...Q
Frank L. Morse et al to Wesley W. Morse, Blue Hill av...Q
Harry A. Morse et al to [illegible] et al, Blue Hill av...Q
[illegible] Agustus Hemenway et al to [illegible]...D

SOUTH BOSTON.

MARCH 25, 1913.

Richard Westbourne et. to Thomas M. Lombardo, East Sixth st; $800...Q
Antonio [illegible] et ux to John M. Lombardo, East Sixth st...Q
Joseph C. Hutchins, trustee, to Architectural Club of Boston [illegible]...Q
Charles P. Morse, 1916 Dor. st; Bow Street, Broadway...Q

MARCH 26, 1913.

Mary Thompson to Daniel M. Murray, Dorchester av, and Ulster st...Q

MARCH 27, 1913.

Mary J. Agnew et al, to Marcella Robinson, Ward st...Q
Agnes J. Agnew et al to Marcella Robinson, Ward st., $250...Q

MARCH 27, 1913.

Thomas J. McMahon to Anthony Angelella et ux., 1 st...W

WEST ROXBURY.

MARCH 22, 1913.

Henry H Campbell to James Gray et ux, Vermont sts...Q
George L. Stevens et ux to Wm. J. Tarbox, Theodora Parker st...Q
Frederick L. Schirmer to Albert W. Farrington, Fairmont and Gracelon rds...Q
Frederick L. Schirmer to Albert W. Farrington, Fairmont and Gracelon rds...Q
Peter Regan et al to Augusta J. Walker, South and Ainsworth sts...Q
William Wagner to Walter J. Wagner...Q
Jacob W. Hunt to Mary [illegible] et al, 2 lots...W
Wilhelmina Schwender to Albert W. Rose, Washington st., 2 lots...W

MARCH 24, 1913.

John A. Haney et al to Conrad Adam, Jr., Rancon rd...Q
Isabella Williamson to Herbert J. Ely, Pond and et al...Q
Ida R. Nutter to Annette P. Nutter, Corey and Montview sts...Q
Frank B. Nutter to Annette P. Nutter, Corey and Montview sts...Q
Pasquale J. Sail to Annette P. Nutter, Corey and Montview sts...Q
Catherine E. Larson to Emma J. Peet, Hermione st...Q

MARCH 25, 1913.

Alice T. Downer to Reginald [illegible] et al, Q
Lee K. Rose et al to William E. Poole et ux, Granada av...Q
Allen B. Rockwell et al to [illegible], Hillside st., and [illegible]...Q

MARCH 26, 1913.

Fred Brainard, Jr., to Josephine Darrow Hildreth and Poplar st...Q
John A. Hayes et al, to Eugene F. Murray, Rosemont st...Q
Frederick L. Schirmer to Albert W. Farrington, Fairmont and Gracelon rds...Q
Cecelia A. Barrows to Archibald R. Osbourne et ux, Fairview st...Q
Cecelia A. Barrows to Archibald R. Osbourne et ux, Fairview st...Q

MARCH 28, 1913.

William G. Farris et al, to Jeremiah [illegible], South Fairview st...Q

WINTHROP.

MARCH 22, 1913.

Thomas K. Hughes to Howard D. Sooy, Loring rd. and ter...Q
[illegible] Associates to Bruce F. [illegible] et al...Q
[illegible] et al to [illegible]...D
[illegible] et al to [illegible]...D
Ida [illegible] to Mary F. [illegible] et al...Q
John J. Fitzgerald to Mary [illegible] Shirley et al...Q
Lebbie E. Robertson to Mary D. Sullivan to Sidney from Trident av...W

MARCH 24, 1913.

Clara M. Farmer to Annie F. McGillicuddy Main and Pates sts...W
Catherine E. Larson to Emma J. Peet, Hermione and Waldemar av...Q

MARCH 25, 1913.

Adelaide S. Whittemore to Nellie Sooy, Lowell st...Q
Nellie Sooy to Thomas K. Hughes et ux, Lowell st...Q
Susie F. Anderson to William Anderson, Tryon av, and Foam st...W

MARCH 27, 1913.

William B. T. Wise to B. R. T. A. L. R. Co., B. R. R. & L. R. Co., Last Village...W

MARCH 28, 1913.

Peter and E. Hoyt to John [illegible]...Q
Thomas W. Norcross to Fred S. Moses, Woodside av...Q
Fred S. Moses to Peter and E. Hoyt...Q
Harry Shuter to Mildred Shuter, Pondcrest...Q
Charles Hale Sherk to Edward Sherk, Shirley st...Q

Q—Quitclaim. W—Warranty. H—Release. D—Deed.

Real Estate for Sale.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

ROSLINDALE.
WEST ROXBURY.

$7,000—PRETTY 7-room cottage and large lot of land; a fine chance for anyone looking for a home; 10 minutes from Forest Hills; open plumbing; hardwood floors; nice garden. CRUFF & BYRNE.

$8,250—Modern 7-room cottage and 20,000 ft. land, located on main thoroughfare handy to everything. Owner leaving city. CRUFF & BYRNE.

$8,700—NEW 7-room house, finely situated on high land, surrounded by high-class one-family homes; all modern improvements; open plumbing; sunny rooms; nice garden. CRUFF & BYRNE.

$8,500—NEW 7-room house, on Raymore Park; one block from Raymore st. car line; 10 minutes to Forest Hills; will be completed in day; make [illegible] to suit purchaser. CRUFF & BYRNE.

$8,500—NEW, two-family house; separate hot water heating plants; 7 rooms and bath to each tenement; lot 40x100; 10 minutes from Forest Hills. CRUFF & BYRNE.

$9,000—NEW 7-room house, Roslindale; open plumbing; hardwood floors throughout; nice garden; 10 minutes to Forest Hills. CRUFF & BYRNE.

ROXBURY—Near Dudley terminal, single house, 9 rooms, tenant occupies by owner; easy to buy, price $1,500, to settle estate; easy terms. KEENAN.

ROXBURY—3-fam. house, 14 rooms, rents., all in good condition; price $3,500; $1,000 cash, rest $500 yearly. KEENAN.

SEVERAL good bargains in Roxbury and Dorchester; 2 and 3-family houses; list on request. J. Blue Hill av.

ARLINGTON—Corner lot, 6,200 ft.; restricted; overlooking Spy Pond, worth 50c ft.; price $500. [illegible] Arlington.

WATERTOWN—Near Newton, excellent location; 10 minutes to city; 10 rooms; every modern convenience; $4,500. [illegible] Real Estate, Watertown.

Real Estate for Sale.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

Buy or Sell, Hire or Rent Mortgage or Insure in BROOKLINE

Communicate at once with the office of

FRANK A. RUSSELL

306 OLD SOUTH BLDG., BOSTON
1721 BEACON ST. (Coolidge Corner)
Telephone in Each Office
Brookline Real Estate Exclusively

FARM FOR SALE TO CLOSE ESTATE

100 ACRES of land, dwelling house of 12 rms., steam heated, fine outbuildings; 40 miles from Boston; IN NAMIN P. SANDS, Trustee 1051 Old South Bldg.

20 ACRES, BUILDINGS BURNED—$750. IN PLEASANTLY situated on main road, three miles Albany railroad; 1½ morning and Chicago, 10½ hours; good soil, well watered; 10 acres in wood and timber; any owner will take $750. Also one in E. [illegible]'s FARM AGENCY, 137 Waverly st. (next to Framingham, or 40 Mile st.) Boston.

GENTLEMAN'S estate, in Belmont district, 14 rms., 2 baths; can be divided; price $26,000 to build average house of 8 rms. and bath; 60,000 ft. land; price $10,000. W. A. DONOHAN, 101 Tremont st., room 801.

Real Estate for Sale.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

FREDERICK A. KING,
FRAMINGHAM, MASS.

JUST LISTED—In a fine residential section, 10-room house, built new in 1912; all modern improvements; price $6,000. KING, Framingham, Mass.

JUST LISTED—10-room house, built new in 1912; all modern improvements; price $6,000. KING, Framingham, Mass.

JUST LISTED—15 Acres, 7 acres mowing, balance pasture and wood; fair farm, good fruit and plenty of water; price $1,200. FREDERICK A. KING, Framingham, Mass.

PRETTY POULTRY PLACE.

10 ACRE, close to Marlboro, Westboro and 40 Mile st.; 6-room house, barn, hen houses, etc.; fruit; $1,500; $500 cash, balance to suit. [illegible] Framingham.

FOR SALE—2-family house, just finished with all modern improvements; 6 and 7 rooms; will be sold at a bargain if taken at once; [illegible] Bowdoin st., Dorchester.

FOR SALE—Cottage of 6 rooms, pantry and bath; lot 50x100; price $2,000; terms to suit purchaser. Apply to EDWARD T. HARRINGTON Co., 209 Washington st., Boston.

EVERETT—8 FAMILY, ARRANGED $5,040; price $4,700; 17 rooms, baths; cement cellars; rents $60; 2 minutes to electric cars; owner must sell this week; owner moved out of town. EDWARD T. HARRINGTON Co., 209 Washington st., Boston.

MARTIN'S POND
NORTH READING

CAMP and furniture for sale; good boating and bathing; large lots, easy terms. Telephone 280 W Reading.

MAINE FARM of 400 acres for sale cheap; 3 houses and barn; 600 cords pine; small buildings good location, price $6,000. Telephone 280 W Reading.

Real Estate for Sale.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

STROUT'S

New Mammoth Farm Catalogue No. 36, just out; 172 pages, illustrated with various information and [illegible] assortment of money-making farms; over 500 of the best bargains in the country; all sizes, located in several parts of Maine; many of these farms are stocked and equipped with all tools; some with crops; easy terms; low prices; [illegible] Catalogue No. 36.

E. A. STROUT FARM AGENCY, Station 9G, 204 Washington st., Boston. Mass. Tel. Main 2543.

150-Acre Lake Farm,
All Equipped, $1600.

FINE fishing lake, just out of select village; 2 miles to railroad town; 1½ story house, 7 rooms; basement of good sized; owner's estate; house 2 cows, heifer, poultry and implements; farm tools, machinery, wagons and equipment included; pasture for 10 head; cuts hay for same; hay's loam [illegible] worked fields; estimated to be 800 cords wood; estimated to cut 50 tons hay; 2 acres potatoes; small fruits, good house; $1,600, barn, horse [illegible] 2 cows, heifer, poultry and many farming tools; [illegible] and [illegible] instructions to see this and other bargains; page 54, Strout's New Bargain Catalogue No. 36.

135 Acres Equipped, $4,000
For Boston Commuter.

ELECTRIC PARK; good [illegible] trains for Boston; pleasant village; [illegible] to trolley; 2 miles to railroad town; 1½ hours to city; 10-room house; [illegible] good; large variety fruit; good [illegible] barn; 2 sheds; [illegible] tools; [illegible] and [illegible] with water; [illegible] cows, [illegible] horses; [illegible] tons hay; 4 acres potatoes; [illegible] wood; estimated to cut 50 cords; all for $4,000; [illegible] to see this and other bargains; page 54, Strout's New Bargain Catalogue No. 36.

85 Acres Equipped, $1200.
City Markets, Near Capital.

ON GOOD AUTO ROAD, 20 acres rich tillage; [illegible] mowing; [illegible] pasture; 500 cords wood; estimated to cut; timber; attractive newly painted cottage, 10 rooms; [illegible] barn, horse [illegible] cows, [illegible] heifers; [illegible] and [illegible] tools; [illegible] hay; [illegible] potatoes; [illegible] wood; [illegible] fruit; [illegible] and [illegible] with water; [illegible] cows, [illegible] horses; [illegible] tons hay; 4 acres potatoes; [illegible] wood; estimated to cut 50 cords; all for $4,000; [illegible] to see this and other bargains; page 54, Strout's New Bargain Catalogue No. 36.

Big Farm Sacrificed.
210 Acres, Only $2400.

$1,000 DOWN to settle; to begin making money where crops and owner leaves off; 2 miles to railroad town; 1½ hours to Boston; 10-room house; [illegible] wood, [illegible] good; [illegible] turkeys, [illegible] cows, [illegible] horses; [illegible] tons hay; modern machinery, wagons, carts and tools; many [illegible] and [illegible] with water; [illegible] cows, [illegible] horses; [illegible] tons hay; 4 acres potatoes; [illegible] wood; estimated to cut 50 cords; all for $4,000; [illegible] to see this and other bargains; page 54, Strout's New Bargain Catalogue No. 36.

100-ACRE FARM
IN MILLIS, MASS.

TWO HOT-AIR, one 18 rooms, other 8 rooms; 2 barns, $400 worth of fruit; 2 tenement houses for $40 each; all in good repair, large [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Real Estate for Sale.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display

JOSIAH F. PRESCOTT

ONE SHORES OF N. H. LAND,
IN QUIET town, with most pleasing surroundi

BEACH, Nahant—To Let.

REVERE BEACH

REVERE BUNGALOW

MALDEN SACRIFICE

IN WORCESTER, near Main st., with some
lots of fruit trees, berries, etc.; 7 rooms, with
bath; all modern conveniences; steam heat;
SENTO FOR $2,000. PRICE $2,000.

EGLESTON SQUARE.

BROOKLINE, FOR SALE
TWO-FAMILY HOUSE
New, 16 Rooms

G. L. DAVIDSON, Builder.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Mod-

BONTON BARGAIN

CAMBRIDGE

MATTAPAN.

Real Estate Mortgages.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display

HEIRS CAN BORROW

MORTGAGES

MONEY TO LOAN

SEE MR. BADGER.

Real Estate to Exchange.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

Summer Cottages for Sale.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

SEASHORE
Bungalow $180

Summer Resorts.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.
10c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

NEW PLUMBING

BLACK SILVER FOXES.

BROOKLINE REBUILDING, etc., Dorches

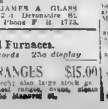
Groceries, Markets, Restaurants.

Wines and Liquors.
10c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

Charles E. Gassett Co.
101 BLACKSTONE ST., BOSTON.

Store and Office Fixtures for Sale.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

Office Partition



Interior Revolving and Folding Doors
Front Vault Doors Counter Screens
Grate for all kinds of Wire Work

JAMES A. GLASS
Tel. 1570 Haymarket.
Phone F. H. 1775.

Stoves and Furnaces.
4c a line of 7 words. 25c display

$15.00 NEW RANGES $15.00

Farms.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display

Apartments to Let.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display

HUNTINGTON AVENUE.

DORCHESTER.

BROOKLINE.

Brookline Apartments.

Castlegate Apartments

10 Room House

Westminster Chambers.

MATTAPAN.

Houses to Let and Wanted.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

FOR SALE OR TO LET

Modern 9 rm. house, residential district Se fare from Boston, 225 Corey st., Highland Sta., West Roxbury.

Stores and Offices to Let.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

Small Manufacturing Room
Live Steam, Electric Power
LUDWIG GERHARD, Agt., opp. South Station, 212 Summer st., Boston.

NEW FACTORY

Furnished Rooms to Let.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

Furnished Rooms to Let.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

WHY NOT REGISTER?

NEW Hotel Landor Opening

Board and Rooms.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display

Storage.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

FREE STORAGE.

Men's Specialties.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

Pianos and Musical Instruments.
12½c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

FACTORY CLEARANCE SALE

200 PIANOS

PIANOS OF QUALITY.

OUR GUARANTEE.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN USED PIANOS
$5 DOWN—$1 WEEK.

DURRELL PIANO CO.
2337 Washington St.
Entrance 1 Marvin St., Dudley or Sta.
Open Mon., Thurs., Sat. Eves.

C. C. Harvey Co.
144 Boylston Street.

C. C. HARVEY CO.
144 Boylston Street.

$125 for this 7½ Octave, Full-length Carved Case Piano, sold on terms you can't duplicate.

Second-Hand Pianos from $50 up. Terms as low as $1 down, $1 a week.

BROOKS PIANO CO.
211 TREMONT ST. One Flight Up

IVERS & POND PIANOS

BLAKE FOR VALUE

Pianos and Musical Instruments.
10c a line of 7 words. 25c display

REAL PIANO-BARGAINS
AT THE
HENRY F. MILLER
Piano Warerooms
395 Boylston St.

SECOND HAND UPRIGHTS
Knabe $250; Vose $250; Emerson $200; Sohmer $200; Wyman $150; Steck $175; Dunham $165; Singer $150; Winthrop $140; Hallet & Davis $140; Emerson $125

SECOND HAND GRANDS
Henry F. Miller $400; Chickering $450; Knabe $350; Emerson $375; Sohmer $450.

SECOND HAND PLAYER PIANOS
From $200 to $550. The best lot of Player Pianos ever offered in this community at such low prices.

SECOND HAND SQUARES
At from $10 to $50. Good for beginners and Summer homes.

ALSO A FEW CHOICE USED
Henry F. Miller uprights at remarkably attractive prices.

Easy Terms. Old Instruments Taken in Exchange

All pianos in this lot offered subject to prior sale. Investigate this offering before the best value in Boston today

Henry F. Miller & Sons Piano Co.
Established 1849. Always Reliable

Music.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

MR. ORCHESTRA LEADER

Clothing.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display

People Out of Work
CALL AT
MARKS & CHESTER

SEE MAX KELZER
For Harvard Students'

Furniture.
15c a line of 7 words. 25c display.

We Pay Highest Cash Prices

SPOT CASH.

THE BOSTON AMERICAN
Published Daily and Sunday at the
Hearst Building, Boston.
BRANCH OFFICES, EDITORIAL AND BUSINESS OFFICES.
SUNDAY AMERICAN, 1st floor. SUNDAY AMERICAN, 1st floor.
THIS PAPER REGULARLY AT 20 WASHINGTON SQUARE, LONDON, ENG.
MUNSEY BLDG., NEW YORK CITY, 6th floor.
NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.
Entered as second class matter, June 4 1907, at the postoffice at Boston, Mass.
Entered as second class matter at the Postoffice Department, Canada.
Terms by the week, by mail, Five Cents. Subscription Rates (payable in advance) for the United States (outside of Boston), Canada and Mexico.
Daily only .....
Daily and Sunday .....
Sunday only .....
Six months .....
One month .....
For foreign subscriptions and postage add 1 cent per copy daily and 6 cents per copy Sunday.

STOCK MARKETS END FIRM DESPITE UNCERTAINTY AS TO EXTENT OF FLOOD DISASTER

Reading in Demand Because of Good Earnings and 'Melon" Rumor—Coppers Sell Higher Here and Abroad With Amalgamated in Especial Demand in Europe—Traders Think Upturn Will Continue.

By W. H. ROSS.

STATE STREET, March 29.—Stocks were higher at the end of the week, the upward movement which began Friday holding over through the last session of the market. There was an encouraging change in coppers in the Boston market and elsewhere. Amalgamated was in considerable demand in Europe, as well as Steel common and Union Pacific. Most stocks in this market showed gains at the close. The advances were almost wholly fractional, but if the movement was narrow it was in the right direction.

The New York market was unusually active for a final session and share transactions amounted to nearly 300,000 in two hours. Reading was in especial demand and closed a point and a half higher. Gains in that market were fractional with few exceptions, but American Can, St. Paul and Union Pacific were issues to make a much better than the average showing.

W. H. ROSS

It is understood that very important interests participated in the buying of Reading. It had ample basis for an advance, however, in a better showing in January earnings than had been expected. Another uplifting factor was recurrent circulation of the rumor that its management had planned to make soon a distribution of assets.

Liquidation Seems to Be Over.

The way prices went up in the hour of flood disaster may indicate that liquidation in stocks was about over and quotations had fallen so far below the level of intrinsic value there had to be a change for the better. It will be some time before the total of the damage done by inundation can be accurately calculated, but as in all catastrophes the first disposition of chroniclers is to exaggerate it to produce the monetary loss caused by the flood is actually less than has been stated.

The disaster in the Ohio Valley will not be overestimated in a sentimental way, for an accurate death list will be appalling. As stock prices are quick to reflect sentiment of any kind, and as traders in them are sympathetic as a class, it was quite remarkable that at a time when wide and populous areas were under water, and fatalities numbered more by rumor than would be reported after a great battle, security prices receded but little in the darkest hour and began to ascend before relief reached thousands made homeless and marooned by extraordinary freshets.

Some railroads will be put to heavy expense and many manufacturing plants have suffered harm. But reports from their property received by telegraph are more reassuring than otherwise. Perhaps the bulk of the loss will fall upon poor people who had homes swept off foundations and, if they escaped alive, had household and personal effects beaten, suffering anguish and discomfort. But the flood will be accounted for in the earnings' reports of many corporations long after it is a memory only with the public.

Peace Prospects in Europe.

If tributaries of the Ohio had kept within their banks, a bull movement in stocks might have been a signal feature of the week, for the monetary situation improved in Europe in some ways, although the Bank of England report showed the lowest proportion of reserves to liabilities known in fourteen years, and there is an accentuated prospect of the war in Balkan territory coming to a speedy end. But for the flood, the news that Adrianople had been captured by the allies and that the Turks had sued for peace in all Europe but Constantinople itself could hardly have failed to cause prices of securities to move towards still higher levels than were recorded yesterday. As it is, however, it looks as though everything, including a cataclysm, had been discounted in the market.

It is believed in London there will be a revival of business on the Continent after the first of next month, when any fear of a crisis at Berlin will be over. There is little fear of anything of that kind left. The recovery in the Paris bourse still has been remarkable. Partly because the political situation cleared up there, its stock market grew much stronger, and money became easier. The way Berliners bought Candian Pacific this week is very significant, if an instance be needed, of better feeling where there might have been a financial cyclone.

One thing which stands in the way of a big bull movement across the ocean is the proposal to spend immense sums in increasing armaments. France will not seriously take up the proposition until May. Meanwhile the suggestion that peace shall be made as costly as war must remain a cloud on the financial horizon abroad.

The formal ending of the war between Turkey and the Balkan allies will cause, it is estimated, at least $500,000,000 of hoarded gold and quickly alter the money situation. The latter has been one of the greatest checks upon a recovery in stocks.

Copper Metal May Sell Higher.

In some quarters there judgment is usually astute there is belief that the price of copper will advance before a great while. Peace in Europe will accelerate the consumption of electrolytic, while in this country the flood has destroyed vast quantities of wire and other products which will have to be replaced at once.

Manufacturing into which this material enters is expanding on the whole and the supply is not increasing in ratio to even the immediate demand. What will be called for soon should cause a boom in the industry. It is thought some concerns have stored large quantities of copper abroad to be ready for the increased call for the metal which is predicted when the beating of the war drum has finally ceased. In this country when the money strain and tariff scare are over there should be an increase in consumption.

It is said that important financial and industrial interests of the country have been able to obtain information which leads them to regard the tariff situation with equanimity. They doubtless know what will be attempted in the way of legislation, and have made up their minds also as to what it will be possible for the revisionists to accomplish.

Silver Behind the Cloud.

The silver lining behind the flood cloud is the prospect that the disaster will confer subsequent benefit in the way of increased crops. The agricultural outlook is already getting consideration and although it is far too early to try to forecast harvests, still it can be said that the situation at this season is quite as good, if not better, than was ever known. Experts say crops will have a good start in cotton, corn, oats and Spring wheat belts. Soil conditions are the subject of very favorable reports in all sections and land has certainly been well watered even in New England, where the drought was fight.

Should crops be as good the coming Summer and Autumn as they were last year, this country will have so much money to spend that it is hard to see ahead anything which will be able to put brake upon prosperity.

Boston Stocks

(Inactive stocks not quoted.)

	High.	Low.	Last.
RAILROADS.			
Boston Elevated	107	105	107
Boston & Lowell	70	70	70
Boston & Maine	70½	70	70½
Fitchburg pf.	104½	104½	104½
N. Y., N. H. & H.	159	158½	159
Old Colony	175	174	175
MINING STOCKS			
Adventure	8¼	8	8¼
Calumet & Arizona	68	66	68
Calumet & Hecla	460	455	460
Franklin	8	8	8
Granby	65½	64½	65½
Greene-Cananea	8	8	8
Mass Mining	8	8	8
Mohawk	57	57	57
North Butte	30	29	30
Old Colony	4	4	4
Old Dominion	37	36½	37
Osceola	90	90	90
Quincy	65	65	65
Superior	19½	19	19½
Superior & Pittsburg	5	5	5
Tamarack	70	70	70
Trinity	14	14	14
U. S. Coppor	41	41	41
LAND COMPANIES.			
Last Boston	12½	12	12½
TELEPHONES			
American	174	170	174
New England	149	149	149
MISCELLANEOUS			
United Fruit	150	150	150
United Shoe Mach.	167	165½	167
United Shoe Mach. pref.	47	46½	47
UNLISTED SECURITIES			
Amalgamated	70¾	70¼	70¾
Am. Zinc	30	29¾	30
Arizona	1	1	1
Butte & Superior	44	43	44
Butte Balaklala	3	3	3
Butte Coalition	20	19½	20
Calumet	44	44	44
Indiana	1	1	1
Inspiration	44	43½	44
Island Creek	30	30	30
Island Creek pf.	80	80	80
Lake Copper	19	18	19
Nevada Consolidated	20	19½	20
Nipissing	8	8	8
Ohio Copper	2¾	2¾	2¾
Pond Creek	74	73	74
Shattuck-Arizona	24	23½	24
Utah Consolidated	10	9¾	10
Utah & Nevada	105½	105½	105½
U. S. Smelting	43	42¾	43
U. S. Smelting pf.	60	59¾	60
Wolverine	4	4	4

Boston Curb

Range of Prices from 10 a. m. to 12 m.

Stocks	High.	Low.	Last.
Alaska	14¾	14½	14¾
Bay State Gas	15¾	15½	15¾
Boston Bay	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
Butte Central	2½	2 9-16	2 9-16
Chemical	2 15-16	2 13-16	2 15-16
Cortez	56c	56c	56c
Goldfield Consol.	2 15-16	2 13-16	2 15-16
Majestic	6c	6c	6c
Mex. Metals	1 1-16	98c	1
North Dome	27½	27½	27½
Ohio	80	80	80
Panorama Gold	2c	1c	2c
Rhode	1	1	1
Southwest Miami	2	2	2
Stanley	1	1	1
Tonopah Belmont	1	1	1
United Verde Ext.	66	64	64c

Market Wrap.

CHICAGO, March 29.—Quotations for wheat, corn, oats, pork and lard here today were as follows:

WHEAT

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday's Close.
May	90½	90¾	89¾	90¼	90¼
July	89¼	89¾	88¾	89¼	89¼
Sept.	89	89⅝	88¾	89⅛	89⅛

CORN

May	57¾	57¾	57¼	57¼	57¼
July	58¾	58¾	58¼	58¼	58¼
Sept.	59¼	59¼	58¾	58¾	58¾

OATS

May	37¾	37¾	37¼	37¼	37¼
July	36¼	36¼	35¾	35¾	35¾
Sept.	33¾	33¾	33¼	33¼	33¼

PORK

May	20.02	20.00	20.07	20.50	20.50
July	20.20	20.20	20.17	20.40	20.40
Sept.	20.30	20.30	20.27	20.40	20.40

LARD

May	11.10	11.12	11.05	11.07	11.07
July	11.07	11.07	11.02	11.02	11.02
Sept.	10.82	10.90	10.82	10.85	10.85

RIBS

May	11.20	11.25	11.15	11.25	11.20
July	10.97	11.00	10.90	10.95	10.90
Sept.	10.75	10.75	10.70	10.70	10.70

NEW YORK STOCK AND CURB MARKETS

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday's Close.
Atchison	101	101	100½	100½	100½
Atlantic Coast Line	120	120	120	120	120
Baltimore & Ohio	97½	97½	97	97	97
Canadian Pacific	247	247	246	246	246
Chesapeake & Ohio	64½	64½	64	64	64
Chicago & Northwestern	140	140	139½	139½	139½
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	104½	104½	104	104	104
Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	27½	27½	27½	27½	27½
Colorado & Southern	39½	39½	39	39	39
Delaware & Hudson	170	170	170	170	170
Delaware, Lack. & West.	170	170	170	170	170
Denver & Rio Grande	20½	20½	20	20	20
Erie	29½	29½	29	29	29
Great Northern pf.	122½	122½	122½	122½	122½
Great Northern Ore	39½	39½	39½	39½	39½
Illinois Central	116	116	116	116	116
Interborough-Met.	17½	17½	17	17	17
Interborough-Met. pf.	61	61	60½	60½	60½
Kansas City Southern	28½	28½	28½	28½	28½
Louisville & Nashville	139	139	139	139	139
Missouri Pacific	39½	39½	39	39	39
New York Central	101½	101½	101½	101½	101½
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford	70	70	70	70	70
Norfolk & Western	107½	107½	107½	107½	107½
Northern Pacific	113½	113½	113½	113½	113½
Pennsylvania	111½	111½	111½	111½	111½
Reading	164½	165½	164½	165½	164½
Rock Island Co.	19½	19½	19½	19½	19½
Rock Island Co. pf.	31½	31½	31½	31½	31½
Southern Pacific	97½	97½	97	97	97
Southern Railway	23½	23½	23½	23½	23½
Southern Railway pf.	70½	70½	70½	70½	70½
Texas & Pacific	23½	23½	23½	23½	23½
Toledo, St. L. & W.	28½	28½	28½	28½	28½
Union Pacific	154½	154½	154½	154½	154½
Wabash pf.	39½	39½	39½	39½	39½
Western Maryland	28½	28½	28½	28½	28½
Wheeling & Lake Erie	19½	19½	19½	19½	19½
Wisconsin Central	28½	28½	28½	28½	28½
Adams Express	220	220	220	220	220
American Express	220	220	220	220	220
Wells-Fargo Express	220	220	220	220	220
American Can	30½	30½	30½	30½	30½
American Can pf.	92½	92½	92½	92½	92½
American Car & Foundry	46½	46½	46½	46½	46½
American Cotton Oil	46½	46½	46½	46½	46½
American Ice Securities	23½	23½	23½	23½	23½
American Linseed	14½	14½	14½	14½	14½
American Linseed pf.	46½	46½	46½	46½	46½
American Locomotive	34½	34½	34½	34½	34½
American Smelting & Ref.	70½	70½	70½	70½	70½
American Smelting & Ref. pf.	104½	104½	104½	104½	104½
American Sugar	120½	120½	120½	120½	120½
American Tel. & Tel.	134½	134½	134½	134½	134½
American Tobacco	246	246	246	246	246
Anaconda Mining	46½	46½	46½	46½	46½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	94½	94½	94½	94½	94½
Central Leather	29½	29½	29½	29½	29½
Central Leather pf.	104½	104½	104½	104½	104½
Consolidated Gas	139½	139½	139½	139½	139½
General Electric	156½	156½	156½	156½	156½
Inspiration Copper	44½	44½	44½	44½	44½
International Harvester	114½	114½	114½	114½	114½
International Harvester pf.	114½	114½	114½	114½	114½
International Paper	19½	19½	19½	19½	19½
International Paper pf.	70½	70½	70½	70½	70½
Kennecott Copper	44½	44½	44½	44½	44½
National Biscuit	120½	120½	120½	120½	120½
National Lead	59½	59½	59½	59½	59½
Pacific Mail	30½	30½	30½	30½	30½
People's Gas	114½	114½	114½	114½	114½
Pittsburg Coal	24½	24½	24½	24½	24½
Pittsburg Coal pf.	84½	84½	84½	84½	84½
Pressed Steel Car	46½	46½	46½	46½	46½
Pullman Palace Car	170	170	170	170	170
Ray Consolidated	19½	19½	19½	19½	19½
Republic Iron & Steel	29½	29½	29½	29½	29½
Republic Iron & Steel pf.	94½	94½	94½	94½	94½
Sloss-Sheffield	59½	59½	59½	59½	59½
Tennessee Copper	29½	29½	29½	29½	29½
U. S. Rubber	59½	59½	59½	59½	59½
U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	104½	104½	104½	104½	104½
U. S. Steel	70½	70½	70½	70½	70½
U. S. Steel pf.	120½	120½	120½	120½	120½
Utah Copper	59½	59½	59½	59½	59½
Western Union	70½	70½	70½	70½	70½
Westinghouse Electric	70½	70½	70½	70½	70½

Report of the Mines Co.

The Mines Company of America reports for the year 1912 an operating profit of $905,800; net profit, $580 800; previous surplus $2,108,082; total surplus $2,720,782; dividends $147,487; depreciation $204,025; profit and loss surplus $2,429,269.

Copper Exports Are Near Record Tonnage

Consumers Sceptical About Supply and Think Metal Is Being Hidden.

Sellers of copper metal are of the opinion that the price should go to a higher level before long, and showed their faith in the proposition recently by the firmness with which they held out for 15 cents or a little more a pound for electrolytic.

If exports for Friday, yesterday and tomorrow should be on the scale that previously characterized the month March 1913, may win a record for shipments.

According to figures then at hand, up to Thursday night last there had been cleared through New York and Baltimore for Europe since the beginning of the month 85,579,200 pounds of copper. This amount was 5,704,384 less than the record. That was made in December 1910, when exports totalled 90,283,584 pounds.

During last week the copper warrants made a very [illegible] in London. This was accepted as one of the reasons that the w[illegible] market

Consumers of the [illegible] are not likely to be seen more to [illegible] immediate [illegible] demand at the present price much [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

John Shepard, Jr., Defends the Store Girls

Has High Praise for Morals of the Clerks

Notes Merchant Says Low Wages Never Led to Girl's Downfall.

By JOHN SHEPARD, JR.

JOHN SHEPARD JR.

Declares Innate Virtue Is Inexorable—Good Girl Is Unconsciously Good.

[illegible] is increasing—what is the source of supply? Our stores teem with young women—they, many say, are overworked and underpaid. I will study them in order to trace the fountain-head of the awful evil.

They begin their examinations slowly combined that they have found the key to the situation. Ten thousand cheerful, happy, good girls and women hold their positions to the best of my belief. They pass them up. No one wasting time on them. They are lost on finding vice, misery, poverty, unrest discontent. When they [illegible] a girl who fulfills these narrow conditions they accept her as an example of many. Without more ado she is made to serve as a "type" and through her the whole sisterhood of store workers is pressed head up to a sympathetic but ill-informed public as objects of social and economic commiseration.

Proceeding Is Wrong.

Such a proceeding is an obvious wrong to millions of our country's greatest women. After an active experience of a third of a century spent as an employer, I do not recall half a dozen instances to justify the conclusions of sociologists who glibly praise of "conditions" after having made a cursory and desultory investigation covering two or three months.

Only the other day I was asked in all seriousness by a well-meaning, kind hearted man, if it be true, that in order to secure employment in dry goods stores, and retain their positions, when so armed girls had to compromise their conscience in favor of urgent and importuning floor walkers.

Such ignorance sounds incredible. There may be rare instances of this condition but it is almost unbelievable that a thinker and observer would, for a moment, entertain the idea that such a crude practice could exist in a public institution such as ours.

No one knows better than the girls themselves how utterly false and ridiculous the charge is. Now read it carefully. I want to be placed on record as saying that no dry goods store girl exists that no matter of a day, she personally became aware of such a practice ever strayed from the path of virtue because her salary was small. Sentimental economists and sociologists may claim the contrary, but they are inaccurate. They take the shadow for the substance and [illegible] sincerity and imbecility in their premises. Lack of money may be a confusing cause of a girl's downfall, but it is not the controlling factor.

Innate virtue is steely-hearted. It is inexorable, and uncompromising. Morality never propitiates. There is no [illegible] piece of work in which a girl engages that

COMIC SECTION
OF THE
BOSTON
AMERICAN
March 30, 1913

Mr. Batch Pays a Real Visit.

Copyrighted 1913 by the Star Company Great Britain Rights Reserved

1. "AH! I'VE GOT YUH ME B'YS! NOW YE'RE COMIN' OVER TUH TH' GOOGLETHORP TUH MEET MRS MCBRIDE AN' ME SISTERS AN' ME, LITTLE BABIES! I WONT TAKE 'NO' FER AN ANSWER. YUH PROMISED FIFTY TIMES AN' YUH NEVER COME!" "ER-BUT I SAY OLD MAN!" GOOGLETHORP

2. "HERE THEY ARE GIRLS! MR BATCH AN' TH' MAJOR, AN' TH' DICKENS OF A TIME I HAD GETTIN' THEM." "OH, WELCOME MR BATCH WE'VE BEEN DYING TO SEE YOU!" "OH BRING THEM INTO THE NURSERY TO SEE THE BABIES!" "YOU BOTH MUST STAY TO DINNER!" "NORA! LAY TWO PLATES FOR MR BATCH AND THE MAJOR!"

3. "IT'S NO USE BATCH, YUH CANT ESCAPE!" "AINT THEY CUTE?" "OH MR BATCH, YOU MUST PLAY WITH LITTLE ETHEL, SHE SEEMS TO TAKE TO YOU RIGHT AWAY!" "FUNNY, MANS!"

4. "OH! ISN'T IT CUTE?" "GET WORD TO MACK, QUICK!" "MAMIE, GET YER CAMERA, AN' GET A PITCHER OF 'EM!" "YES, HURRY MAMIE!"

5. "AINT THEY CUTE?" "AND MR BATCH IS SO PATIENT!" "SURE! BUT NONE OF YER TRICKS! YE STAY HERE!" "OLD MAN, I'VE GOT TO SEND A NOTE TO MR MACK WILL YOU GET ME A MESSENGER BOY?"

6. "OH, MR BATCH, PLEASE LET HER RIDE ON YOUR BACK, SHE JUST LOVES IT!" "NO SHENANIGANS MAJOR!" "OH NO! THIS IS A MATTER OF BUSINESS BOY, GIVE THIS TO MR MACK HIMSELF AND HERE'S A DOLLAR FOR YOU!" "YUZZIR!"

TIME 15 MINUTES LATER
SCENE A FEW BLOCKS AWAY.

7. "HO! HO! HO! THIS IS RICH BILL! THE MAJOR SAYS HE AND BATCH ARE STUCK OVER IN MCBRIDES HOUSE AND I'VE GOT TO GET THEM OUT. CANT WE PLAY A JOKE ON THEM?" "HAW! HAW! SURE! LETS GET ALL THE GIRLS TO GO OVER THERE AND CALL ON THE MCBRIDES!"

8. "HULLO! IS THAT YOU WIFEY? BATCH AND THE MAJOR ARE AT THE MCBRIDES! GET ALL THE GIRLS YOU CAN AND CALL ON THEM!" "HELLO! IS THAT YOU, ALICE? GET SISTER AND HER SEWING CLASS AND CALL ON THE MCBRIDES BATCH AND THE MAJOR ARE THERE YOU KNOW!"

9. "DINNER IS SERVED!" "HELLO, GIRLS! LOOK WHO'S HERE!"

10. "HEY!" "OH, MR BATCH!" "OH, MAJOR!" "WHERE ARE YOU GOING?"

11. "OH! HOW MEAN!" "PLEASE COME BACK!" "HEY! WATS D'MATTER WIT YOUSE?" "SHUT UP! THERE'S A FIFTY IN IT FOR YOU!" GOOGLETHORP

12. MR. MACK ISNT HOME YET. "HM-M I'LL CALL LATER" SWINNERTON '13

Copyrighted, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

THEIR ONLY CHILD

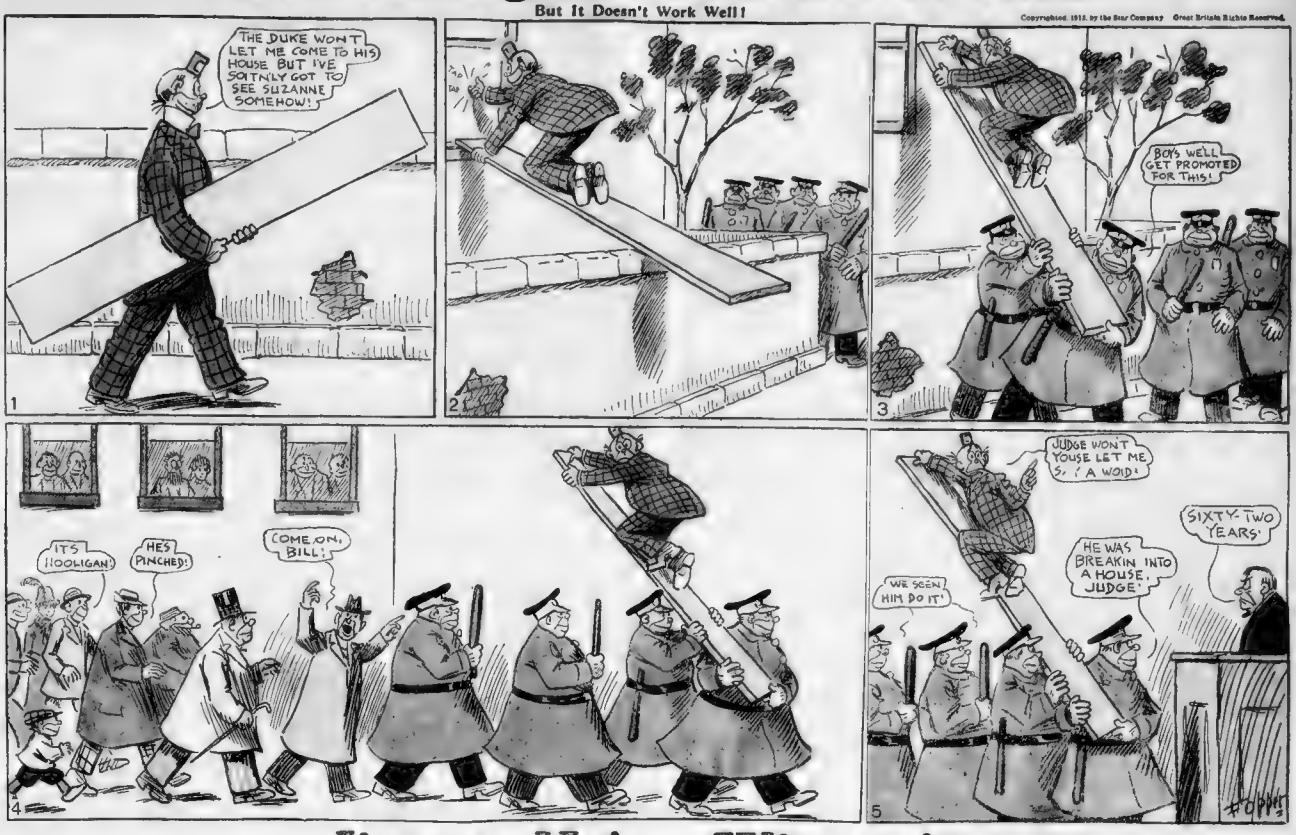
What's The Odds—As Long As He's Happy!

SNOOKUMS MUST LOOK HIS VERY BEST AS WE ARE GOING TO CALL ON UNCLE JOE!
YES AND UNCLE IS GOING TO REMEMBER ITTLE SNOOKUMS IN HIS WILL!
NAUGHTY-NAUGHTY SNOOKUMS MUST TAKE HIS LITTLE BA BEFORE WE CALL ON UNCLE!
I WOULDN'T INSIST, LOVE IF HE DOESN'T WANT TO TAKE IT!
I'LL HAVE TO DRESS HIM AS IT'S GETTING LATE - I'LL BATHE HIM WHEN WE GET BACK.
YES - BUT HURRY DEAR - REMEMBER, WE HAVE TO DRESS TOO!
NOW SIT THERE LIKE A NICE LITTLE MAN - PAPA AND MA MA WILL BE RIGHT BACK!
HURRY - LOVEY - WE PROMISED UNCLE TO BE THERE AT TWO!
HEAVENS! DEAR! LOOK!! WHERE'S THIS WATER COMING FROM?
UH - UM! OUCH - WHERE?
MERCY!! HE'S IN THE TUB WITH HIS NEW DRESS!!
AW! THE LITTLE DEAR DID WANT HIS BATH!
DA-DA-DA-DA!
I'LL MOP THIS UP SO IT WON'T LEAK THROUGH THE FLOOR YOU BETTER CHANGE HIS CLOTHES DEAR!
GRACIOUS ME! I DON'T KNOW WHAT DRESS TO PUT ON HIM!
WOW!!
YOU'LL HAVE TO FIX HIM QUICKLY DEAR - AS WE ARE LATE NOW!
THE LITTLE DARLING IS JUST SOAKED!
O——U!
LOVEY! WHAT ARE YOU TRYING TO DO?
I STEPPED ON THE SOAP! GET ME A TOWEL QUICK - DEAR!
JUST A SECOND - DOVEY - UNTIL I GET YOU UP - NOW YOU'LL HAVE TO CHANGE YOUR CLOTHES!
DA!
BR-R-R-R! I HOPE I DON'T CATCH COLD!
LOVEY - HE'S UPSET THE BUCKET NOW!
DA!
LET THE OLD UNCLE WAIT - I'D RATHER SEE BABY PLAY!
I YOU'RE RIGHT DEAR - LET THE LITTLE DARLING ENJOY HIMSELF MY FEET ARE WET ANY WAY!
DA-DA-DA-DA!
GMcM

Happy Hooligan Has a Clever Idea!

But It Doesn't Work Well!

Copyrighted, 1913, by the Star Company Great Britain Rights Reserved.


THE DUKE WON'T LET ME COME TO HIS HOUSE BUT I'VE SOTNLY GOT TO SEE SUZANNE SOMEHOW!
BOYS WE'LL GET PROMOTED FOR THIS!
IT'S HOOLIGAN!
HE'S PINCHED!
COME ON, BILL!
JUDGE WONT YOUSE LET ME S. 'A WOID!
SIXTY-TWO YEARS.
HE WAS BREAKIN INTO A HOUSE, JUDGE.
WE SEEN HIM DO IT!

Jimmy--He's a Witness!

Copyrighted 1913 by the Star Company Great Britain Rights Reserved

"JIMMY, MAMMA AND I ARE GOING FOR A STAGE RIDE WE'LL BE BACK BEFORE DINNER."
"YOU'LL BE CAREFUL OF BABY WON'T YOU JIMMY?"
"AW, DRY UP!"
"YUH KIN TRUST ME, MISSUS THOMPSON!"
"COME ON AN HAVE YER PITCHURS TOOK UNDER THE FAMOUS BIG TREE UV CALIFORNY WITH ONE UV YH FEROCIOUS GRIZZLY BEARS! ONLY TWENTY FIVE CENTS!"
"GEE! YES! I GOT A QUARTER!"
"OOH, LET'S!"
"READY!"
"HEY! WHY DON'T YOU LOOK OUT?"
"I'LL SUE YUH FER DAMAGES! YOU COME DOWN TO TH COURT HOUSE WITH ME I GOT WITNESSES!"
"I SEEN IT, MISTER!"
"SO'D I!"
"I DID TOO!"
"I DONT CARE I GOTTA PAY FER MY LIB DOOTY T'LOCK YUH UP!"
"AW YOU KNOW I DIDNT DO IT ON PURPOSE!"
"THIS IS THE FAMOUS MONSTER TREE THET A STAGE KIN PASS THROUGH!"
"HELP! THERES BABY!"
"YUDDORTER SEEN THE WAY THE PHERTOGRAPER GOT SWATTED!"
"OH PAPA! WE WAS WITNESSES!"
"YOU'LL NOW WITNESS SOMETHING EXCITING!"
SMITHERTON - 13

IN THE LAND OF WONDERFUL DREAMS

IMPIE KIDNAPS THE KING OF THE LILLIPUTIANS

Copyrighted, 1912, by the Star Company.
Great Britain Rights Reserved.

1
WE EXPECTED TO ENTERTAIN BUT THREE!. WE HAVEN'T ROOM FOR THESE TWO GENTLE-MEN

2
WE'LL HAVE TO FOOT IT KID!
COME ON FLIP AND SEE THE PARADE!
FLIP SAYS HE WILL WALK,— WELL, LET'S BE MOVING!
POOR FLIP!

3
NOW, ONE YAP OUT OF YOU AN I'LL HAMMER YOUR FACE IN, IF YOU SPOIL THIS PARADE.
I WANT TO SEE THE LITTLE KING AND QUEEN!
WELCOME TO THE PRI

4
THE PRINCESS IS COMING, YEP! YOU'LL SOON SEE HER!
TAAAAA TA TA TAT TAT TATA TA TAAAAA!

5
OH! IS THIS LITTLE NEMO? WHERE IS HER MAJESTY THE PRINCESS?

6
NO I'M A PAL OF NEMO'S! THE PRINCESS IS COMING DOWN THE STREET! GET YOUR MUG OUT OF THE WAY IMPIE!

7
YEP, HERE THEY COME! THE BAND IS TURNING THE CORNER.
OH! OH! YOUR MAJESTY! YOU ARE BEING SEIZED!
UNHAND ME! UNHAND ME!

8
WHAT'S THE MATTER?— EH? OH! EH! HERE IMPIE!
MY KING! KING OF THE LILLIPUTS!

9
DROP THAT KING! YOU HEAR ME? DROP THAT KING!
WEL TO GULLIVER
WELCOM
WEL

10
COME HERE WITH THAT KING! I'M GOIN TO BREAK YOUR FACE!
OH! IMPIE HAS STOLEN THE KING!!!
I NEVER FELT SO MUCH LIKE SWEARING IN ALL MY LIFE!
OH! AND FLIP WILL KNOCK THE BUILDINGS DOWN WITH HIM!

11
OH! FLIP! YOU ARE BREAKING THE TOWN DOWN

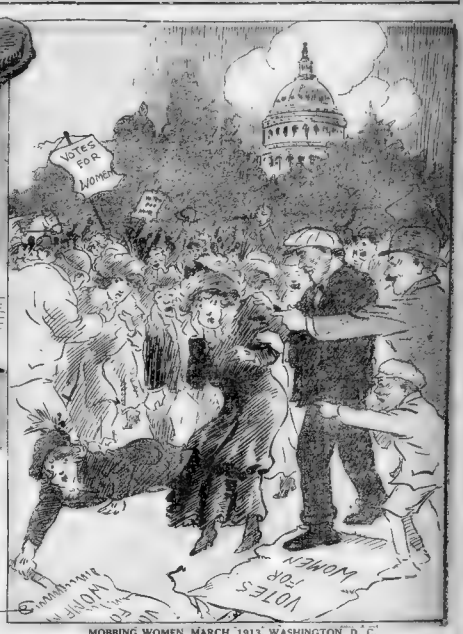
12
HUH! I'M GLAD THAT WAS A DREAM! WOW! ESPECIALLY THE LAST PART OF IT!

WINSOR M'CAY

In 1,000 Centuries, Some Improvement—Not Much.

Copyright 1913, by the [illegible] Great Britain Rights Reserved

CLUBBING WOMEN, 1,000 CENTURIES, B. C.



MOBBING WOMEN, MARCH, 1913, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Centuries Pass and Men Change Their Clothing, Their Speech and Some of Their Habits. But They Remain Brutes, and They Still Are Brutes. The Outrageous Mobbing of Women Parading for Equal Suffrage in Washington, on March 3d, 1913, PROVES Men's Brutality. Giving the Vote to Women Will Do More Than Anything Else to Hasten the Day of Decency and Good Conduct Among Men.

F a man says that women should not vote, that men in matters affecting government and law making are superior to women, ASK THAT MAN WHAT HE THINKS ABOUT THE SHAMEFUL MOBBING AND INSULTING OF WOMEN BY MEN IN WASHINGTON AT THE INAUGURATION OF PRESIDENT WILSON.

To govern others and make laws for others, a human being should be able to govern himself and to obey the laws that he has made for himself.

It is fair to presume that the men gathered at Washington for the inauguration were average, representative American citizens.

Among other things they witnessed an orderly, dignified and impressive parade, organized by women, to assert their rights and to share in government.

The women exercising their rights were mobbed, insulted and compelled to defend themselves by physical effort, against the VOTING ROWDIES—*typical of the kind of man who says that women should not vote.*

It was a disgraceful scene, humiliating to the earnest women involved. They must have felt thoroughly ashamed of their own countrymen, almost ashamed of the thought that they would soon be sharing the vote and the law-making power with such miserable creatures.

* * *

The picture on this page shows how little men have advanced, and that incident in Washington proves how little progress they have made on the road toward real decency.

They do not beat women over the heads with clubs as often as they used to, one hundred thousand years ago—or even one hundred years ago.

The average man would now be ashamed to confess himself a wife beater—whereas formerly the wife beater was eminently respectable.

Outwardly, and as individuals, men have given up ill treatment of women. And the English law, which permits a husband to beat his wife with a stick "no thicker than his thumb," can no longer be used to protect an Englishman who feels that man's right to vote must be combined with the right to be a wife beater.

But the outside improvement is only a thin veneering. And very often, as at Washington, you find that the "civilized man" of March, 1913, is just as much of a brute and a bully as the man who lived one hundred thousand years ago and brained his wife or somebody else's wife with a club on slight provocation.

* * *

The disgraceful exhibition that the proud American voters made of themselves at Washington WILL HELP THE CAUSE OF WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Women that have been lukewarm or indifferent, and men that have felt that suffrage was not as yet an important issue, have been made to think by the vile treatment of the women at Washington.

Every incident of that kind brings nearer the day when the political slavery of women will end, and when men will give up the idea that woman must live ruled by laws in the making of which she has no share.

There are still many Americans whose opinion of women is like that of the Sultan of Turkey—extracts from whose diary were printed in this newspaper last Sunday.

The Imperial Turk—about the worst of his tribe—says that he prefers "the modest, gentle-faced women of the Eastern Harem to the shameless, stern-faced women of America."

That means, of course, that he likes the woman who fawns at the feet of her master like a spaniel. On a bigger scale, he is like the Americans and many Europeans who like women to shiver and shake in their lordly presence, who like women to wait upon them—even though the woman be tired and the man not tired.

And, unfortunately, many women in America, like the majority of women in Turkey, believe that the part of a fawning, sycophantic, characterless slave is the part that a woman should play.

Slavery becomes a habit, and among women that are well to do, women that leave their children to servants, that buy their thought ready made, women with ambitions no bigger than social stupidity, there is fear of female suffrage, just as there was fear of liberty among the weaker slaves.

* * *

But steadily and surely the women suffrage movement grows. Men fortunate enough to have intelligent mothers, daughters and sisters of character KNOW THAT THEY ARE FIT TO VOTE AND OUGHT TO VOTE.

And men with intelligence and education enough to realize that woman has been the civilizing factor in the human race from the beginning know that the great necessity of the day is to bring the influence of women into politics, TO COMPEL THE POLITICIANS TO THINK OF WOMAN'S GOOD OPINION.

And the day is not very far off when every woman in this country will have a vote.

In another generation men will find it difficult to believe that women were kept in political slavery after the vote had been given to the black slaves.

Those who read this newspaper have been foremost in the discussion of female suffrage and have done a great deal to create public opinion.

It is their duty to hasten the day when woman will take her proper place in government.

They can find, in the news of every day, happenings that may be used admirably and convincingly as texts.

* * *

When a man or a woman says that only man has the courage needed in war, and that women can't vote because they can't go to war and fight, or because they can't be policemen, tell them two things.

Tell them first, that the greatest men, well fit to vote, DO NOT GO TO WAR, AND WOULD NOT MAKE GOOD POLICEMEN.

Tell them the day went by a long while ago when the value of a man depended upon his ability to kill other men on the battlefield, or to catch burglars at night.

And tell them also, incidentally, that in real courage, which is the courage of the mind and of the spirit, woman is superior to man and always has been superior to him.

One man in one hundred, perhaps, was able to show the fortitude that the women showed in the old days of the martyrs. A woman willing to sacrifice her life and endure suffering of the most frightful kind, either for her own child or for her convictions, is the commonest thing in all history.

* * *

Take the case of the young English girl, Sylvia Pankhurst, put in jail for her refusal—a most proper refusal—to submit to laws in the making of which she and other women have no share.

They locked her in jail. She said, "I am powerless here. For you men who make the laws have locked me up. But at least I will set an example."

And during the five weeks that they kept her in jail she refused to eat. And every day she was fed forcibly through a tube. And at last her English jailers—or rather the men responsible to public opinion—found what they had often found before—that woman's courage exceeds that of a man—and they have just released that girl, nearly dead, but defiant to the last.

They feared to keep her any longer, lest she should die on their hands. And she was perfectly willing to die, because she knew that her death from starvation in jail, if she could bring it about, would awake public opinion.

There are thousands of such women. AND THERE ARE NOT THOUSANDS OF SUCH MEN.

* * *

Another story that you might tell the solemn man or foolish woman who objects to votes for women is the story which in the newspapers was headed as follows:

"Three Little Boys See Father Kill Mother."

Did you happen to read that story? It came from Belfast, Maine.

The father was named Emory Danforth. The three little boys, of whom the biggest was twelve years old, looked on in terror while their father clubbed the mother to death.

Do you know WHY the father clubbed the mother to death, while the three children looked on?

The cause was simple.

The mother had recently inherited some money from her father—not much, but enough to keep away absolute poverty.

The husband was determined to get it, to spend it for himself, having what he called "a good time," which consisted chiefly in getting drunk.

The mother would not let him have the money. SHE REFUSED TO SPEND IT EXCEPT TO BUY CLOTHING FOR THEIR CHILDREN. HE DECLARED HE WOULD KILL HER IF HE DID NOT GET THE MONEY.

Finally the man got drunk without her money and he kept his word. He clubbed her to death.

The little boys first went for a doctor, then for an undertaker, and then told the police.

* * *

As those little boys, one twelve, one six and one three years old, stood in front of the policeman, telling how their father had clubbed their mother to death, they presented a very interesting argument IN FAVOR OF VOTES FOR WOMEN.

If that mother, who was clubbed to death because she tried to use her money for her children, had been permitted to vote, SHE MIGHT HAVE CLOSED THE SALOON THAT SOLD THE WHISKEY TO HER DRUNKEN HUSBAND.

If she had been permitted to vote, even if the saloon had not been closed, some ward heeler would have taken care that the saloon keeper did not get her husband TOO DRUNK, for fear of losing the woman's vote.

But that woman lived with that brute, WITHOUT ANY POWER OF PROTEST EXCEPT HER OWN COURAGE.

He, the murderer and the drunkard, could vote, and he did vote.

But she, who struggled up to the minute when she was murdered to defend her children and to protect them from poverty, was treated by the law as an inferior, unfit for the ballot.

There are hundreds of thousands of such women in this country, living with men as far beneath them as that man was beneath his wife.

And the law makes these women all rank with the Indians and the idiots, not voting.

When the women in Washington, peaceably and in a dignified and proper manner, gathered to make a demonstration in their own behalf, they were mobbed and insulted by the voting "lords of creation." And on top of that infamy they are told that they are not fit to vote, because they haven't sufficient intelligence or character.

The people are not going to stand that always.

VOTES FOR WOMEN WILL COME AND SOON.

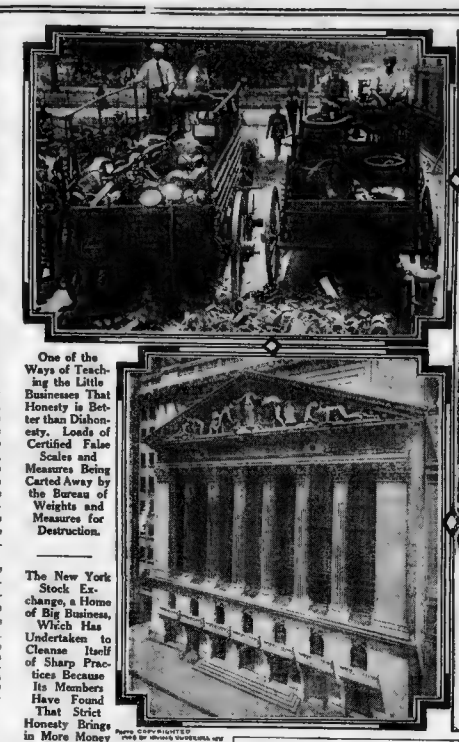
And those that read this newspaper will hasten the day.

College Courses to Teach the Value of Honesty in Business

How the New York University, by Establishing the First Chair of Business Ethics, Is Leading an Educational Crusade for Commercial Square Dealing--Told by Its First Incumbent, Prof. Lyman P. Powell, Who Declares that Business Really "Wants to Be Good."

MANY persons will be astonished to learn on the authority of a great university that it is possible to teach business to be "good." Business, from the beginning, has been more or less "bad." In ancient Greece business confessed its antagonism to ethical principles by adopting as its patron deity Hermes, the god of thieves. In modern times the stock exchanges and ruthless combinations of capital have still further dimmed the distinction between thievery and business, glorifying the former and stripping the latter of its last rags of respectability, with the result that the Government, with its police force and its courts, has been compelled to apply to "big business" the same methods by which city policemen and the State laws keep ordinary thievery in subjection.

But there is hope for the future. The New York University—the first great educational institution to perceive its responsibility in the matter—has established the first chair of Business Ethics. It has called to that post Professor Lyman P. Powell, who is celebrated throughout the educational world as a forceful pioneer in teaching the application of ethics to material affairs. In an interview printed on this page Professor Powell outlines the purposes and methods of this first university course of Business Ethics.



One of the Ways of Teaching the Little Businesses That Honesty is Better than Dishonesty. Loads of Certified False Scales and Measures Being Carted Away by the Bureau of Weights and Measures for Destruction.

The New York Stock Exchange, a Home of Big Business, Which Has Undertaken to Cleanse Itself of Sharp Practices Because Its Members Have Found That Strict Honesty Brings in More Money

Photo COPYRIGHTED 1909 BY HARRIS & EWING, WASHINGTON, D.C.

Professor Lyman P. Powell, of the New Chair of Business Ethics, New York University.

By Prof. LYMAN P. POWELL,
Holder of the New Chair of Business Ethics at the New York University.
(In an interview.)

WITHIN the next five years every important university in the United States will have established a Department of Business Ethics. The logic of the situation is irresistible. The demand for such teaching comes from business itself. Business ethics is in the air—it is a plain sign of these times.

How has this come about? Simple progress, the evolution of business on lines of efficiency. Efficiency is the life of business. The more efficiency, the better business. The point has been reached where efficiency demands its final increment—ethics (morals).

Goodness and efficiency are not the same thing, but you can't take goodness from efficiency without hurting both; and business is not going to overlook anything that's good for it.

This is the spirit of the new generation in business, and it is the province of universities, colleges and schools to see that the future business generation has the proposition reduced to a system. The New York University, which, with a roster of almost five thousand students, stands ninth in the list of American universities, with its close and vital association with the practical affairs of life, is first to recognize and accept its responsibility in this regard

But no sooner had it established a chair of Business Ethics than several other institutions of equal or greater standing exhibited plain indications of their intention to follow this example. No educational institution is blind to the need of such teaching; it is merely a question of how to meet it—a question of teachers and a practicable system. And these will rise to meet the emergency.

The mere words, "Business Ethics," will picture to the average mind a huge Goliath of financial and commercial trickery and tyranny confronted by a puny David with moral suasion for his only weapon. Do invincible combinations of capital want to be "good"? Are they merely waiting for somebody to tell them how to be good? Then why does the Government have to continually pursue them, arrest them, hale them into court and make them pay the penalty of their unethical conduct?

Let me say at once, it is not the function of the university chair of Business Ethics to usurp the functions of policemen and courts. Our work lies deeper than that. Ethics is the foundation cornerstone of the whole social structure. If we had built upon that foundation in the beginning there never would have been any need of no icemen or courts. The only thing to do now is to dig down to bed rock and rebuild on the ethical plan.

Our work is constructive. There is no need for us to attempt to do what the newspapers and the policemen and the courts can do—as they are demonstrating —so much better. Their work of tearing down false structures has gone far enough to enable us to get our feet on rock bottom and slowly rebuild on ethical principles. They have the power and the ability to go on enforcing the law against persisting evil-doers. Has not our newly elected President promised to build a gibbet as high as Haman's for public malefactors?

It is common sense to expect both that individual interests will continue to be merged in large combinations and that these will have to be watched to see that they do not transgress, and be punished when guilty of wrongdoing. But the watching and the punishment are provided for; the duty of us who teach is, by establishing the ethical standard in business, eventually to destroy all incentive to unfair dealing, either individually or in combinations.

If you are loth to believe that business in general sees the advantage of and is trying to be good, pay a visit to some of the best-managed and most prosperous manufactories in the country and note how conspicuously the Golden Rule is posted over the doors of its different departments. This is not religion, it is business—business ethics.

Consider the prompt and sincere reply made by the New York Stock Exchange to Governor Sulzer's message to the Legislature pointing out the necessity of enforcing ethical standards in business. If you are not too incredulous, you may see signs that the Stock Exchange is trying to reform itself. Why? Because the older men are letting go, yielding the reins to juniors who foresee that the new standard is inevitable.

One of these juniors in the "Street" is a close personal friend of mine, whom I have known for some time. He has won a position of responsibility, commanding a large salary, in one of the most important Wall street firms. Only the other day, when I had taken a party of Business Ethics students to study Stock Exchange methods at first hand, my young broker friend assured me that all his operations for himself and his firm were according to ethical principles, and would continue to be. "And if your firm should direct you to act otherwise?" I asked. "Then my firm will lose a good man," he replied.

That is the direction of the wind even in "big business." Before very long all the "good men" will be that kind of good men.

Probably a good many people confound "ethics" with "religion" and wonder why the churches and the ministers have done so little in the way of reforming business. Any theologian will tell you the principal difference—that, while religion is "revealed," ethics is "evolved." Emerson, in his "Compensation," tells us that we ought to be good, as the highest expression of civilization can tell us what is good and what is bad, because we reap the rewards of our goodness right here. Religion, as you know, bestows on goodness the ultimate sanction of the promise of immortal happiness.

"The mere words 'Business Ethics' will picture to the average mind a huge Goliath of financial and commercial trickery and tyranny confronted by a puny David with moral suasion for his only weapon."

"A certain semi-philanthropical institution of world-wide reputation offered to advertise one branch of its work in a periodical that solicited its custom. The institution stipulated, however, that the advertisement should be printed strictly as "reading matter." If the offer had been accepted by the periodical, would the contract have been ethical?"

In this instance I am afraid that some of those to whom the problem was propounded were interested in that same legal-benevolent institution. On the other hand, one of them was an old newspaper man, and I was afraid that he would become profane in denouncing what he was sure was an unethical bargain.

You will perceive that there is an ethical question involved in almost every business transaction, and that there is ample room for a course in Business Ethics.

When you ask me what impelling force there can be in ethics applied to business, the answer is not difficult. The impelling force of ethics is public opinion. While you may think it will be hard to crystallize public opinion into a business force, I can assure you that if we can only get people to thinking about the ethical side of their business, as I believe my students will, there won't be a very wide divergence of opinion as to whether any particular bargain is ethical or unethical.

Business, you know, is being more thoroughly organized all the time, and the sanction of ethics will not have to come from the statute books alone. You know that the lawyers of this great city have their own canons of ethics, and that ostracism—which the lawyers call disbarment—is the penalty for their infringement. The doctors have a well defined code of ethics of their own.

One sees business ethics everywhere in the air. In the recent Presidential campaign ethical standards were emphasized by all the parties. The President-elect and the new Governor of New York State have already pointed out the necessity of enforcing ethical standards. The important newspapers and periodicals—after a campaign of "muck-raking" which must have awakened every guilty conscience in the country—are dipping deeper and deeper into the constructive work of influencing bad business to become good business. The current drama is pursuing the same course. The thinkers in all branches of human endeavor are searching for and revealing the material rewards to be gained through fidelity to the Golden Rule.

Within the few months that have elapsed since the New York University established its chair of Business Ethics I have been astonished—and greatly encouraged—by the demand for that course on the part of young men and women specializing in other departments. We thought that we could have to urge upon students their need of the Business Ethics course. On the contrary, the announcements of its existence have added to the university's roster students who previously had no intention of entering at all.

The significance of this is obvious—the business men and women of the future do not have to be told that their success in life will be inseparable from their habitual recognition of ethical principles. Exactly what those principles are and how to apply them in the day's work is the sort of information they expect of us.

How do we purpose to teach Business Ethics? The first business of the teacher is to lay bare the facts; to show the need and rewards of fair dealing; to recognize that society at large has some responsibility; to saturate with ethical ideals; to gather up the impressions and conceptions everywhere in evidence of what we will call the New Idealism in Business.

In cultivating the ethical viewpoint we shall not overlook the scientific, objective—you may say, the selfish material side; we would not have our students forget either aspect of the matter. Understanding, impelled by a keen sense of fair play, seems to me the first requisite in the teaching of Business Ethics. I would much rather have my students teach each other ethical conclusions than to dogmatize about them myself. I have no qualms about the lens by which our ethical conclusions will rise. They are rising—that's the point.

We have no systematic propaganda as yet. Probably that will rise naturally out of our rapidly accumulating mass of detail connected with different kinds of business and the ethical problems peculiar to them. Our students will have the great practical advantage of examining these problems at first hand. Their work will by no means be wholly theoretical, within the walls of the university; we shall get much closer to the real business than that.

Right here I am minded to extend an invitation to the heads of business enterprises who are confronted with ethical problems difficult to solve, to address me at the School of Commerce, New York University, Washington Square, stating the details—names and addresses to be held confidential, only the bare problem to be discussed in the classes, or publicly referred to. A stamped and addressed return envelope will bring a reply containing the best solution we are able to find among our experts here. Such inquiries will furnish valuable materials for class discussion.

Perhaps the greatest encouragement of all lies in the interest manifested by other universities and the leading educators throughout the country. At the time your request for this interview was received I was in another city in response to the call of another famous institution to outline its work when in full formal action, to be inaugurated next year. In fact, that is a feature of university extension which—as I remember a little while ago—within the next few years will be adopted by educational institutions everywhere.

Business men do not want to be good. We are going to help them. We help business to believe that it will be all the better for being good. This means business in general, of course. The speedy accumulation of immense fortunes by a few individuals is possible only by the employment of unethical methods at all at the expense of business in general. With the ethical principle established in the ranks, no business pirate captain will be able to exact tribute beyond his legitimate due. There will be a just equalization of the greater rewards gained by the addition of ethics to efficiency.

Given consistent ethical training, the generation which is now receiving its business education may be trusted to see the advantages of—and enforce and perpetuate—the ethical standard.

Child Training Is Like Animal Training

By ELEANOR GATES
Author of the Successful Play, "The Poor Little Rich Girl."

CHILDREN are like animals, and they must be trained in the same way.

A harsh doctrine you think? But that is because you were not reared on a stock farm, as I was, and you do not love animals as I do.

I say frankly at the outset that I have no children of my own. I regret that this is true. But I have always been exceedingly fond of them, and I have a vivid recollection of my own childhood. Besides (and what will convince you of my right to theories about child rearing), my mother died when I was fourteen, leaving a little sister of six to my care. I brought her up—so I was a "little mother." And my sister was married and has a little son of ten, a lovely boy, whom I am busily helping to bring up. You see, then, I am in the position of a young grandmother. Also I have been a teacher.

Reprobation is not motherhood. One not a mother may be a better judge of children because she had perspective.

My loving study of children has convinced me that children are little animals, until they are ten years of age, intent upon getting enough to eat and drink. Their one aim is their own comfort and gratification. They should be trained as are animals.

Animals should never be beaten. Nor should children be struck. The parent who punishes a child corporally should be corporally punished himself. What they do that is wrong should be ignored. What they do that is right should be encouraged. Lay no stress on the mistake, but praise the meritorious.

Take for example the horse. You are teaching him. We will say, to "shake hands." Associate the act with its reward. You strike his leg lightly to get him to raise it. Directly he raises his hoof give him an apple or a lump of sugar. After that when you say "Shake hands," he will think of the apple or lump of sugar. Don't put off the reward. Reward him at once, so that the association will be distinct in his mind.

The parallel is this. A child brings home some vulgar term he has learned on the street. Pay no attention to it. Act as though you had not heard it. But when the child expresses his meaning well, smile at him and say: "It pleases me very much to hear you say that. How nice." If you tell him the expression he had picked up in the street is not a nice one, that you don't want ever to hear it again, it will impress it upon his mind.

Rooted deep in the training of animals and children is their consciousness of their vanity. Watch a thoroughbred horse. It is the vainest of beasts. And so is the child.

Suppose we call it pride. But whichever we call it, both animals and children delight in being praised. Both respond to praise and neither gives full response to punishment. I don't know why this is so any more than I know why is electricity. But it is so, and the more fully we recognize it the more successful are we with children.

Don't assume that a child is bad. The child is all right. It is the parents who are wrong. While every child should have a good start—of having been born of parents who are sound and strong in mind, body and character, and who love each other—much can be done with those who have not had such advantages. A so-called bad colt can be made a good one by good treatment and environment. So can a child.

The changeless principle underlying the training of animals and of children is elimination by substitution. When any trait or act appears that is undesirable, don't emphasize it by calling attention to it, but provide something else that will crowd out the other. Children are inordinately curious—and it is well. Curiosity drives them on to achievement. All great men (and women, too) have been curious.

Edison, working over there at Orange, is gratifying his intense curiosity. He wants to know what electricity is and what it will do in certain conditions. So if we say to a child: "Don't do that; I don't like it," he will be filled with a desire to know all about it. But instantly divert his mind to something else, and you have solved the problem. If a horse stumbles, don't whip him. You will only make him repeat the fault. But when he has travelled well, pat and feed him at once. Make him think of the reward at the end of the journey, and he is not likely to stumble.

Take, for instance, the fault of lying. I know something of that. I am a great liar. I make my living by it. A child isn't lying. He is only romancing.

Their fancy is at work. It is wisdom to let them know that you know they are wandering in the realms of fancy. Don't reprove them. You may be killing the imagination of a genius, or at least curbing talent.

Lies are sometimes told through fear of punishment. If such lies are told, the parent is to blame. A child should never be so afraid of a parent that he will lie to save himself from punishment.

The lie of malice is a dangerous one, of course, because of its effect upon the child But he can be taught that he may pretend as much as he likes so long as he doesn't hurt others.

Cruelty is another so-called fault of children. which is only misapplied energy. Often the child hurts without knowing it hurts. If a little one is found tormenting a kitten, it would be wise to explain that it is hurting it, and give the child a little pinch to prove it. But don't do it in anger.

No child deliberately steals. The sense of property rights is as undeveloped in a small boy as in a horse. If you don't want the larger and stronger horse to take the oats from the manger of the smaller and weaker one, you must tie him far enough from it to keep him from reaching it.

Some children show romantic tendencies in their early lives. These are encouraged by silly remarks about their beauty. If any one were foolish enough to praise a child of mine for beauty, I should eliminate him from the circle of our companionship. The person who made silly jokes about sweethearts and early marriage I should treat in the same way.

For children so inclined eliminate romantic tendencies by a busy life. A boy of mine should rise early and have a ride or run or walk, should return for a bath, should breakfast, then work in the garden for an hour, should go to his books, then have some music, and in the afternoon more riding or out-of-door exercise. In the evening there should be dancing. I believe the life of a child and youth should be so full that when they strike the pillow, they sleep as the lumberjack sleeps.

A moody child should be drawn out of his or her moodiness. If he or she is self-centred and likes to be alone, provide plenty of good books. Books will take him out of himself sooner than anything else.

Start a child well as a busy, healthy human being, and he is not likely to make many mistakes.

A New Treatment for Appendicitis Which Avoids an Operation

Dr. M. H. Thomas Asserts That Appendicitis Is Caused by Catarrh of the Intestines; That Nearly Everybody Has It; That Removal of the Appendix by Surgery Is Unjustified, and That This Disease Yields to Medical Treatment More Surely Than to the Knife.

By M. H. THOMAS, M. D.

WHEN Lord Lister promulgated the doctrine of aseptic and antiseptic surgery he achieved a boon for suffering humanity that cannot be measured in words. But, at the same time this great apostle of cleanly methods inadvertently paved the way for the surgical adventurer, and made it easy for ignorance to cloak itself in the garb of science. In bringing to humanity a great blessing he unintentionally pointed out a smooth sailing course for the surgical pirate and buccaneer. As great as is the blessing to the world of modern surgery the lamentable fact remains that much suffering and unhappiness have been brought to countless thousands by its too promiscuous application.

Reduction of the dangers attending cutting operations upon the internal organs of the body, by reason of more cleanly methods, has not only emboldened the incompetent in many instances to attempt those things which were beyond their ability to accomplish, but the ever-ready knife has been generally adopted as the emblem of "less effort and quicker results." Modern medicine has adopted as axiomatic that to successfully combat disease we must remove the cause. The misapplication of this doctrine has resulted too often in surgical interference where surgery should not have been employed. Instead of exhaustive investigation of the disease at hand, and the conscientious application of rational treatment, doctors have been prone to take the short cut and remove—not the cause alone, but the disease, the affected organ and all!

Because it was comparatively easy to do so, thousands upon thousands of tonsils have been necessarily torn from the throats of our children. Rather than adopt the more tedious course of medical treatment, numberless young women and girls afflicted with purely functional disturbances peculiar to their sex, have, without necessity, been hied to the operating room and forever unsexed by the attending surgeon. Because of ignorance of its function and lack of patience with a complaining appendix, an appalling legion of these attachments are brutally mangled annually in an enlightened twentieth century!

Instead of resorting to surgical skill only after more conservative methods have proven unavailing, the regrettable tendency is to the use of the knife as first and, because, impossible, it is quick and convenient. The so-called "exploratory operation" is commonplace in surgical practise. The disposition is to cut first and diagnose the case afterward—remove all detachable parts on the theory that if not diseased they are at least useless—and then we feel that we have rendered a great service to our patient!

During my early years of study of appendicitis I was imbued with the belief that a goodly number of victims of this disease actually required operative treatment. I felt that my effort to find an efficient medical treatment for the disease must of necessity avail in only a certain per cent of cases. I heard surgeons sarcastically expound the dangers of "abscess," and "rupture of the appendicital abscess," and how the appendix should be removed instanter in order to guard against these awful angers to the life of the patient. But fifteen years' experience with hundreds of cases in every walk of life, and in every imaginable stage of the disease has almost completely reversed my former belief in this regard, and I now view the removal of the appendix as absolutely unjustifiable in any but the rarest instances.

I ask the reader to consider for a moment that in the years this treatment has been administered in appendicitis in thousands of cases I can point to numberless successes with the most serious type of the disease, while not one single death has yet been reported to me of any patient who has at any time taken this treatment. I desire to impress this fact upon my readers' attention, for upon it what I shall say to follow. The argument of the "bursted" appendix which the surgeon holds up in horror to the sufferer as reason for excision of all diseased appendices is most shallow. The ruptured appendices which I have seen were, without exception, the result of rough handling by the operating surgeon. Nature rarely ruptures an inflamed appendix, and when she does it is in a natural and beneficent way, namely into the large bowel, thus allowing ample drainage and a rapid, spontaneous cure.

Again surgery justifies its assault on the appendix on the assumption that it is a rudimentary organ and without function, and therefore its removal may be accomplished without physical impairment even where it is found to be in a perfectly healthy condition. This suggestion opens the way for an almost endless discussion, since, in truth, positive facts as to the functions of the appendix have up to this time been obtained. This much is certain, the appendix is a very live and active intestinal attachment situated at an extremely important point in the internal mechanism of man, and of some undoubted use in the human economy.

Nature is generous, but never extravagant. Man was not created with a superfluity of anything. There are no "idle wheels" in the machinery of the body. There is, however, much about the physiology of our bodies that we do not thoroughly understand and probably never shall completely understand. The pituitary body in the brain, the thyroid gland and the sprendix are riddles that have not yet admitted of complete solution. We know that disturbance of the pituitary body produces severe untoward effects. Removal of the thyroid gland causes a weakening of mental function and a condition bordering on idiocy. Removal of the appendix is much less violent in its effect upon the subject, but that there is some disturbance I am satisfied is true. Again, I may allude to my personal experience and say that it has been my observation that individuals without the appendix have, as I have found them, been far more susceptible to autoinoculation and ptomaine poisoning after the removal of the appendix. There may be other unnatural effects. These probably are, but until the function of this organ is better understood and more exact statistics compiled the evidence will not be more convincing. The reason for my belief in the importance of the appendix and that its removal is not productive of all good is the nature and location of the organ.

The common school physiology will tell you that the appendix is a small blind pouch attached to the caecum, or head of the large bowel, just opposite the point of attachment of the small intestine. We know that the process of digestion of food and the absorption of the nutritious principles therefrom is practically completed by the time the mass is emptied into the large intestine. We further know that in the process of digestion certain poisons are generated in the decomposition of the food

The function of the large bowel is mainly to receive the refuse from above, to absorb the liquids therefrom and prepare the refuse for passage from the body. The large intestine is an absorptive membrane. To absorb this liquid impregnated with poisons would be most deleterious to health and dangerous to life itself. Therefore it is the function of the large intestine and its auxiliaries to neutralize these poisons.

It is then fair to assume that it is in this scavenger work of the large intestine that the appendix plays an important role, and my belief is that it is so, because, as I have before said, I have found that subjects from whom the appendix had been removed are much more prone to poisoning from within themselves. All this, however, is of secondary importance. We know that people can and do exist without the appendix. It is my opinion that they are not nearly so well off without it as with it, but I make my case on the lack of necessity of its removal and not in attempting to prove dire consequences should it be so sacrificed.

Two questions of great interest to the layman, and two which are of continual annoyance to the surgeons, are, "What causes appendicitis?" and "Why do we hear more of this disease now than we did years ago?" I will attempt to answer the first question in a way that will include the answer for the second, and in concluding I shall endeavor to show why the treatment which I advocate should supplant the operative measures that have been so hysterically forced upon the credulous public by ambitious surgeons.

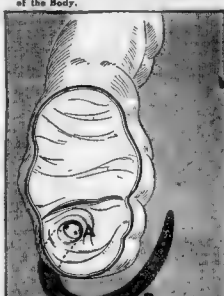
I have spoken of the location of the appendix with relation to the large and small bowels. Topographically the appendix and this juncture of large and small intestines are situated in the abdomen on the right side, about midway between the navel and the tip of the hip bone. From this point as a beginning the large bowel runs upward to the border of the ribs, across the abdomen to the left and thence downward and backward to its termination.

A drainage engineer would tell you that the mechanical plan of this arrangement was faulty to begin with. The semi-liquid material received from the small intestine

Microscopic Enlargement of Inflamed and Enlarged Appendix.—After Delafield and Prudden

Cross Section of an Inflamed Appendix

Diagram Showing Just Where the Appendix Is Located on the Right Side of the Body.



Cross Section of Large Bowel, Showing the Little Opening (A) into the Appendix. (B) The Appendix.

Dr. M. H. Thomas, the Expert on the Medical Treatment of Appendicitis.

must, in its process of solidification, be made to flow uphill. Stagnation and a more or less constant congestion of irritating material at the head of the large bowel is the result. Under normal conditions nature successfully fights against this seemingly bungled arrangement. But conditions frequently digress from normal.

In the first place, a catarrhal inflammation of the lining of the lower bowel is common. People are disposed to speak of "catarrh" as solely a disease of the nose and throat. Th s is a mistaken idea. Catarrh exists in any, and may exist in all mucous membranes at the same time. The intestines are lined with mucous membrane. The appendix is lined with it, and as we now know that few if any are exempt from catarrhal inflammation of some order, we can assume without grievous error that catarrh of the mucous membrane of one part of the bowel is prima facie evidence that it can and does exist in another.

This brings me to the startling statement that it is doubtful if any of us at all get entirely through life without an appendicitis of at least some degree of severity. It is true that it may never pass the mild catarrhal stage, but in an organ whose lining is contiguous with a bowel that is predisposed to catarrhal conditions it may be readily understood how an extension of the disease into the appendix may take place.

A simple catarrhal appendicitis presents few noteworthy features. It is only when inflammation progresses to such degree that the mouth of the appendix is swollen shut and drainage is impeded that great disturbance is aroused. This is characterized by pain in the locality of the appendix, frequently fever, prostration, and often other symptoms which I cannot enumerate here, as it is not my purpose to attempt to make diagnosticians of my readers.

In years gone by, before we gave so much consideration to the appendix and its inconvenient habit of giving us much suffering we blamed the entire intestinal tract collectively for the trouble we had, and called it "inflammation of the bowels." We then had a great deal of inflammation of the bowels and heard little of appendicitis. Strictly speaking, the old nomenclature was more accurate than the new, for at the base of the trouble is always the catarrhal inflammation of the intestinal lining throughout, and the complaint of the appendix is in truth only a localized symptom of a general condition. In olden days, too, this "inflammation of the bowels" often produced, together with fever, prostration, etc., a swelling or tumor in the right side of the abdomen. When the patient recovered from the attack the "tumor" disappeared, because it had emptied its contents into the large intestine, the natural sewer of the human body. Either the inflammation subsided, so as to allow the contents of the appendix to drain normally through the natural outlet into the bowel, or it may have "bursted" through the wall of the intestine. The latter, however, was a rare occurrence indeed.

The great bug-a-boo of the surgeon and the argument that terrorizes the patient is that this unused appendix may empty itself outside the bowel and into the abdominal cavity. In the very rarest of instances this may occur. So rare are these instances, however, that in all my experience I have never seen such result where the patient had been kept quiet and properly cared for. I have seen many instances of ruptured appendixes from unnecessary and really criminal jaunting of patients on trains, into ambulances, etc., preparatory to operations. If, however, this most unusual accident should happen, here, and here only, is the one excuse for surgical interference. The situation in these rarest of instances is, of course, grave; but not a whit more serious than where the rough hand of the operator ruptures an appendix during an operation—and the latter is a very, very common occurrence, while the former is equally rare.

These statements cannot be refuted by any systems of authentic statistics that will contrast the proper medical treatment and surgery in the same class of cases. There is no evidence in black and white to prove that operations for appendicitis are more successful than would the correct medical treatment in an equal number of cases, while there is good reason to subscribe to the opinion that they do not.

So enterprisingly has the massacre of the appendix been exploited that the very mention of appendicitis operations has become the subject for jest and caricature on the part of the layman. This leads me in concluding to speak of the theraphy of appendicitis

During the years of my life which I have devoted to the study of this disease, more than any other, I have treated patients in practically every State in the Union, and a number from beyond the seas. I will not dwell further on how successful this system has been in my hands and in the hands of other physicians who have administered it. Until recently it had been my ambition to at some time see established two hospitals for the treatment of appendicitis solely by this system of treatment, one in my home city of Huntington, Ind., and the other at some suitable point in the East. In such institutions much exact data could be collected with expediency that is practically impossible under present conditions. Poor health, however, so long delayed these plans that I have abandoned them, and in order that my work may do good to the greatest possible number, I will give the profession, without reservation, my complete system, and in so doing will make clear in so far as possible my reasons for each step taken in administering to the appendicitis victim.

To begin, the relief of appendicitis means the relief of its cause must be made. With this in view, the membrane lining the intestine and the appendix must be directly treated. The catarrh of the bowel must be directly treated. To effect this the medicine must come in direct contact with the diseased bowel tissue.

All medicines must, of course, pass through the stomach and about thirty feet of intestine to reach the vicinity of the appendix. In this long route many medicines, like food, are disintegrated and changed chemically into other products.

The arsenite of copper is an antiseptic astringent, and especially healing to the glands of the bowel. It will reach the appendix without chemical change and will act as an alterative to the diseased membrane. I have found no other drug equally efficient for this purpose. With it, augmented by other remedies, we relieve the appendicitis! The arsenite of copper is a poison and must be used in minute doses, however. Free drainage and correction of any stagnation at the neighborhood of the appendix is essential. For this reason I add extract of cascara sagrada, a vegetable laxative, and this in turn is assisted in its action by extract of rhubarb, an efficient laxative and intestinal astringent. Patients with appendicitis are usually in a debilitated condition as regards their digestive powers. The glands being sluggish and inactive. The stomach of strychnine in small doses accomplishes beneficent results in overcoming this condition. In the inflamed and irritable bowel a condition of spasmodic sensitiveness soon develops. To overcome this feature and to allay the general nervous condition resulting from the continuation of the disease, I have found no remedy more efficacious and yet so harmless as the old and favorably known asafetida. In combination with the other ingredients it is easily taken and well borne by the patient, and in seemingly unusually well suited to its purpose in these cases. Finally, as a base for this combination and because of its proximity for absorbing intestinal poisons and gases, both of which are especially annoying in appendicitis, pulverized charcoal is added to the list.

This prescription of the ingredients is the substance of the internal treatment used in combating appendicitis. To this is added, of course, a general hygienic regime. The diet is necessarily an important factor. During the acute stage the so-called "starvation treatment" is indicated. That is, the patient should be allowed nothing but broths and the lightest of liquid diet until subsidence of the fever, extreme pain, swelling, etc. During all the time the treatment is administered the diet should be restricted to food that is easily digestible, and fried foods, pastries, salt meats, etc., excluded.

In patients anaemic from continued illness and in those by nature "thin blooded" iron in some form that is readily assimilated should be given.

The success of the treatment, most certainly, like the treatment of all other deep-seated diseases, is dependent upon the intelligence with which it is administered and the scrupulous attention to the living regime.

In concluding, I wish to state that this treatment is not necessarily be modified to suit the requirements of each case treated. It would most assuredly be folly to attempt to treat the infant and the adult, the plethoric and the bed-ridden, from the same formula.

The proportion of the several ingredients should therefore be changed to meet the indications of the case at hand. From four to six weeks are required to effect results, and in most instances it is necessary to pursue treatment even somewhat beyond that time. It has been my custom to insist upon my patients taking the internal medicine the maximum of six weeks, and to follow the hygienic regime even beyond that time. This treatment may be administered to patients of any age from infancy to the most venerable, and it is indicated in any and all stages of the disease. When carefully administered it can do no possible harm, while it has to its credit the record of many hundreds of cases in all degrees of severity saved from the surgeon's knife.

Striking at the Root of Human Misery--By Ella Wheeler Wilcox

Woe unto them that join house to house, that lay field to field, till there be no place, that they may be placed alone in the midst of the earth.—Isaiah v, 8.

Let me open to-day's discourse with a fable written by that great friend of humanity, Pestalozzi—"A child had a little tree which his father had planted for him. It grew as he grew; and he loved it as a sister and cared for it as he did for his pet rabbits and lambs. But the tree grew sick. Daily its leaves withered. The good child lamented, and daily plucked the withered leaves from the branches and watered its roots. But one day the tree leaned toward the child and said to him: 'The trouble lies in my roots. If you can remove that, my leaves will become green again, without any other remedy.' So the child dug at the roots of the tree and found a nest of mice there." To this Pestalozzi adds:

"The fool who sees the suffering of humanity seeks to relieve it by removing the outward symptoms of misery from the eyes of the superficial observer. He who is wise will, when he sees the misery of humanity, seek for the mice which gnaw at the tender roots from which come all humanity's blessings."—From "The Land of Your Children," a sermon delivered in St. Martini Church, Bremen, Germany, by Emil Felden, Pastor Primarius. Translated by Mrs. Daniel Kiefer.

OUR organized charities are doing all in their power to help relieve the awful poverty and need of the unemployed and the underpaid and unfortunate in our land.

Our wealthy people give freely to these societies, and the officers who have the handling of the money are dispensing it to the best of their abilities.

But the poverty increases. Money increases, gifts to the poor increase, but poverty increases faster still.

A settlement worker has issued a little pamphlet which is full of interest, but which is painful to read. Her name is Emma Dame. She is a settlement worker and a nurse. She says:

"A nurse makes in a day ten or a dozen calls. She sees the lives of the poor in a very intimate way, and can more easily and naturally win their confidence than can the other representatives of organized relief. The nurses don't come as inquisitors or investigators, full of impertinent questions, bound to make sure of the worthiness of an applicant before they give aid.

"The settlement nurses are dependent on the various charity organizations to supplement their nursing with food. We can get from them free milk in small quantities—never more than one quart a day per family, unless there is an invalid, when sometimes two quarts are allowed. The abundant supply of pure milk that every growing child needs to keep him well is out of the question. The single quart is used in tea and coffee which all poor children drink from the time they are weaned, and for cooking purposes. No child in the family drinks clear milk. Bread is often the only food for many meals in succession.

"In some sleeping rooms I have found the walls so wet that my finger prints left a mark, owing to lack of any ventilating facility. The Tenement House Department can do little with these cases. When I lately reported one such building the tenant said with rather smiling sarcasm: 'What do you think the inspector can do? Tear down the walls of the building?'

"In one tenement that we reported for damp walls and floors, a girl of twelve lay ill with bronchitis. It took much correspondence, many visits from health officers and inspectors, to get anything done; but after two months the house was overhauled, the drainage improved, etc. The girl, however, in the meantime had been taken to a hospital and had died,

"In the homes where women sew on pants or other clothing it often happens that a contagious disease appears. This is supposed to be reported by the doctor to the Health Department, whose inspector comes to post the house, and orders the work to cease. Sometimes the doctor fails to report the case. May it be that his sense of justice is outraged at the thought of making one woman the scapegoat for the sins of society? So long as we sit smugly indifferent to the economic conditions that make sweated labor necessary and contagious diseases inevitable, ought we not as a community to bear the consequences? Why put a still further handicap on the woman who is already the victim of a vicious system?

This is only the most agreeable and cheerful part of the pamphlet. The horrors and miseries this settlement worker finds in our tenement districts are heart-breaking to read, and must be nerve-racking to observe from a close standpoint.

Emma Dame is a single taxer, and she believes the only solution of this terrible problem of awful and increasing poverty of the many and increasing opulence of the few lies through the return of the land to the people.

Those who wish to know what this system of single tax reform means can find out by writing to the Joseph Fels Fund, Cincinnati, Ohio. It is well to enclose a copy of this article when writing to ask for information; because this society has so many departments and works through so many channels that it might not heed the precise information desired unless it knew from what source the inquiry came.

Single taxers are trying to remove the mice from the tender roots of human trees.

Our organized charities and our kind-hearted people of wealth are picking the dead leaves and watering the trees; but the trees grow sicker and the leaves wither more and more.

Find out about the wonderful work being done by the single tax workers, both in America and Europe, and give them your co-operation and encouragement.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company Great Britain Rights Reserved.

LORD FAT PURSE

MY lord Fat Purse was a very good man;
He had houses and lands galore;
And with each new day he had some new plan
For aiding the needy and poor.
He gave to the churches; he gave to the homes;
He gave to the tramp by the way;
Yet the terrible curse in the land grew worse,
And the poor grew poorer each day.

My lord Fat Purse was troubled and sad.
That his thought and toil seemed vain.
"But I do what I can," said this very good man,
"To ease the want and the pain.
'Tis the will of heaven that some shall be rich
And many be poor, I see—

I can do no more than give from the store
That a just God gives to me."

Yet acres and acres of fertile soil
Lie idle under the skies,
While my shrewd lord waits and holds his estates
'Till prices in land shall rise
Deep in the breast of those acres broad
Which are selfishly grasped by one,
Lies wealth for many—free gifts of God,
Like the wind and the rain and the sun.

Food in the ocean and food in the soil,
Free gifts from a hand divine.
And who dare hinder the fisher's toil
Or say, "Lo, the sea is mine?"
Ah, my lord Fat Purse, no wonder the

Of poverty hangs like a pall,
When you hold by fraud the lands which God
Has meant for the use of all.

A Way to Prevent Disastrous Railroad Strikes--By Oscar Straus

A Government-Enforced Standard of Liberal Treatment in Return for the Relinquishment by the Employe of the Right to Strike, and the Creation of an Interstate Wage Commission Suggested by the Distinguished Former Secretary of Commerce

THE country has just been threatened with the calamity of a great railroad strike—a strike of all the firemen on the fifty-four railroads lying east of the Mississippi River and north of the Ohio.

Such an occurrence might, in the opinion of intelligent observers, become fully as bad or even worse than a war. It would mean starvation for many, bloodshed, ruin and unspeakable misery.

How can a disaster of this kind be averted in future? A representative of this newspaper called upon Oscar Straus, who served as a member of the Board of Arbitration that settled the threatened engineers' strike last year on the same railroads as those affected in the present dispute, and asked him to express his views on this subject.

Mr. Straus is a member of The Hague Court of Arbitration, was United States Secretary of Commerce and Labor from 1906 to 1909 and has held many other public offices. His various public services probably make him the best qualified man in New York to suggest plans for ending industrial warfare.

"What is your general idea of a law or system of laws that would make such a disaster as a general railroad strike impossible, Mr Straus?" was the first question asked.

"In the first place," said Mr Straus, let me explain that I do not think the difficulties can be met by simply amending the Erdman act That act has been extremely valuable in procuring the settlement of threatened railroad strikes by arbitration, and as long as there is no other legal method of settling them in the public interest we should make the best possible use of it.

"But to secure a permanent, satisfactory settlement of this most vital question, we should establish entirely new machinery in place of the Erdman act.

"We should proceed upon the principle of treating the railroad employe as a highly responsible public servant, upon whom the business, welfare and safety of the people depend. In consideration of this we should guarantee him more favorable conditions than he could obtain in any other employment requiring the same skill, and in return we should require him to waive his right to a 'group strike.'

"We do not have strikes in the army or the navy or the postal service, because the conditions under which the men enter the service make it impossible. It is equally important to prevent them in the railroad service. Let us recognize that the public service men are performing a most important duty to the public, a more important one than the majority of government employes perform. If we take care that the interests of these semi-public officials are generously guarded, we shall have a right to ask them to respect their duty to the public."

"Would you pass a law embodying the conditions of treatment and service you propose and making them compulsory on all parties?"

"Most certainly," said Mr. Straus. "That is, the only way to deal with the question. The railroads and public service corporations should be required to pay their employes liberal wages on which they can maintain themselves and their families in comfort, to furnish them with healthful working conditions, to care for them in sickness and to pay them a satisfactory pension when they are disabled or when the normal age of retirement comes. In return for all this the railroad man could well afford to waive his right to a 'group strike.' When I use this phrase I mean to imply that the individual will not give up his right to leave the service of the corporation when he wishes to do so."

"How can you make both parties live up to these conditions?"

"I would require the parties to enter into a contract whenever a new employe entered the service of the corporation. The corporation would pledge itself to give liberal treatment to the employe and he in return would formally renounce his right to a 'group strike.' He would enter into the arrangement with his eyes open, fully warned as to the nature of what he was doing. In my case, it would be very much for his own benefit."

"How would the standard of liberal treatment and so on to the employes which you have suggested be established, and how would the disputes that would certainly arise under this head be settled?"

"We should have to have a new tribunal to deal with those matters," answered Mr. Straus. "At present we have the Interstate Commerce Commission, which has control over rates, train service and other matters which are involved in the duty of the corporation to the public. But it has no power to prevent a strike and practically no control over the men.

We should, therefore, create an Interstate Wage Commission, which would be a pendant to the other commission. The Wage Commission would see that adequate wages were paid to the men, that they were well treated and that they received the benefits in the form of sick pay, pensions, etc., to which they were entitled under the law. All disputes arising under these heads could be referred to it, and its decisions would have the authority of court decisions and would be legally enforced.

The Interstate Wage Commission would be in touch with the Interstate Commerce Commission and their decisions would be made in harmony with one another.

"You see, the power assumed by the government to regulate the railroad's business really increases rather than lessens the possibility of strikes unless there be included a power to regulate the men's relations with the railroad, but this power has never been exercised."

"Why could not the Interstate Commerce Commission do this work?"

"The commission is already overburdened with its present work. Besides, its members need to be especially familiar with business and economic questions, while the members of the other body would have to have more familiarity with conditions of life among the working people."

"I think at first the proposals would be unpopular," said Mr. Straus, "but we should have to carry on a campaign of education in behalf of them. They are necessary to prevent an absolutely frightful possibility.

The Honorable Oscar Straus, Former Minister to Turkey and Ex-U. S. Secretary of Commerce and Labor.

Troops Bringing Food Into London During the Recent English Railway Strike. The Intense Suffering Caused in London by the Cutting Off of the Food Supply Following the Tying Up of the Roads Would be Duplicated in American Large Cities by a Similar Strike.

The workingman might be inclined at first to think that these proposals involved an attempt to deprive him of a right.

"We must make him understand that for the right which he is asked voluntarily to give up he is receiving a generous equivalent. No man is compelled to become a railroad man. Just as no man in our country is compelled to serve in the army or navy, but when he consents to serve in these callings he must agree to abide by stipulations which are essential to the safety of the public.

"We must make the railroad man and the public service employes understand that all we are seeking is justice for them and for all the wage-earning population. And when the laws are passed we must see that no injustice is done to the public service workers.

"We must make it understood that the general public—which, of course, consists mostly of working people—is the greatest sufferer by these disputes and has, therefore, the greatest interest in ending them. There used to be a habit of regarding strikes as if they were simply quarrels between two parties, but we are beginning to see that that is nonsense.

"It is the third party that gets the worst of it. The men prepare for their strikes in advance, and the railroads are always prepared for them. On the public the strike falls with sudden and brutal violence, stopping their business and their work and often ruining them.

"I make the suggestion that these measures should be passed principally in the interests of the wage-earning population who would suffer most from a great railroad strike. Ninety-nine per cent. of the working population would suffer incalculable hardships in order that less than one per cent. might conduct a private war in their own way.

"Do you realize all that a general railroad strike, covering the whole country or on a large section of it, would mean? The possibilities are, I say, simply frightful. I believe that if the railroads ceased to bring food to New York for three days the population would be on the brink of starvation.

"The government would doubtless be compelled to use force, employ the army, if necessary, to run the mail trains. Here again are possibilities of bloody and dangerous strife.

"I believe that a great railroad strike under certain conceivable circumstances would be even worse than war itself. We ought not to wait until such a condition arises, but should devise a system which, with fairness and equity to all parties concerned, would make it impossible. There is no doubt that this calamity has threatened us and still threatens. The contract under which the engineers settled their dispute with the railroads last year soon comes to an end and a new arrangement will have to be made with them. It is therefore clear that we should lose no time in finding a way of making such strikes forever impossible"

other labor troubles than railroad strikes?"

"I have in view just now public service corporations engaged in interstate commerce. That means, I believe, only railroad and steamboat men.

"Later it might be desirable for the States to pass similar laws with regard to gas, electric light, water, street railroad and other public service corporations, but that is too wide a question for us to go into now. I believe that the relations of these corporations and their employes might be regulated under the same general principal of law which gives to our boards of health their powers to take summary measures for the public health and safety. To prevent a strike on a public service corporation is evidently necessary for public health and safety."

Ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid's Opinions Upon Women

Turkey's Former Despot Tells Why He Prefers the "Modest, Gentle-Faced" Women of the Orient to the "Shameless, Stern-Faced" Daughters of Europe and America, and Why the Turkish Slave Is Better Treated Than the European Servant Girl.

THE Sultan Abdul Hamid, who was deposed from the throne of Turkey in 1909, is generally regarded as one of the most able though villainous personages in modern European politics.

During his long reign the Sultan kept a diary, in which he commented on current events and compared the morality and customs of his own countrymen with those of Europeans and Americans. The German magazine "Nord und Sud," is publishing a series of extracts from the Sultan's diary. One of the most surprisingly the superiority of Turkish over American morality, the better position of women in Moslem as compared with Christian lands, and other points that will astonish Americans. Some of the ex-Sultan's most interesting observations are reproduced here

By the Ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid of Turkey

EUROPEANS have entirely wrong ideas about the position of women in Turkey These ideas centre about the institution of polygamy, which they grossly misrepresent

To the European mind polygamy means that women are the slaves of man, who has unlimited opportunities for self-indulgence. That is a vision on which the European mind gladly dwells. As a matter of fact, polygamy with us means that men must take tender care of all women. The European considers himself at liberty to leave a large proportion of his women uncared for, a prey to evil men and criminals

There is abundant evidence that God and nature intended man to be polygamous. The Americans confirm the Turks most unsparingly but the innumerable divorces and scandals that occur there prove clearly that the American man is also inclined to be polygamous.

The popularity of the Mormon sect in America is further evidence of this polygamous disposition. Before Allah, however, men must be the very home of hypocrisy

The Moslem's ideas about woman are wise and beautiful Our revered Prophet Mohammed says: "Pray all honor to woman, by whom you are borne." Again and again we are commanded by Allah in the Koran to love and respect women. Do not these commands refute the European assumption of the inferior position of women in Turkey?

The Koran indeed says that the wife shall be subject to her husband, but the Christian Bible says the same thing. This means that the husband's authority is paramount, but he must not interfere needlessly in home affairs. The Moslem woman enjoys full liberty within the home. Her influence over her family is greater than that of the Christian woman

Our Turkish women fortunately are forbidden to go into public life. Our women find the highest pleasure in the hearts of their children. Their duty is to represent them in public life

The teachings of great men throughout the world, Christian as well as Moslem, tell us that it is a misfortune when women have too many liberties. Is it right that women should rule on the streets and in society, while the lords of creation become their obedient servants? In America this unnatural position of the sexes, I am informed by intelligent Europeans, has reached a development that is both ridiculous and disgraceful, and American and European women have hard, shameless faces. How infinitely preferable are the soft, modest faces of our Oriental women. During the celebration of the "semahk" (evening prayer) I have often been shocked by the staring, immodest faces of the European women, who were staring with vulgar curiosity at the sacred ceremony.

Our women would rather die than expose their bodies as the European women do. The Turkish wife belongs to her husband alone; the European woman to everybody.

If only half of what is written in European publications about European women be true, then the European man is indeed to be pitied.

The European Anti-Slavery Congress had the impertinence to send me a petition, urging me to do away with slavery in the Ottoman Empire. It is astonishing how entirely people in Europe misunderstand our customs and point of view. People who talk about slavery in Turkey have in mind the horrible conditions of American slavery as it existed until quite recently. In truth no such institution exists with us

It is absurd that Europeans should term slavery the kindly, affectionate, patriarchal relation which exists between master and servants in Turkey. The Koran commands us to treat our servants with kindness and we dare not disobey, for we have not fallen to the point of disregarding our holy scriptures, as so many Christians have done with theirs. It is true that the master in Turkey has a certain form of property in his servants, but our laws are so strict that they are protected from any kind of illtreatment.

It is entirely misleading to speak of the existence of "slaves" in the European sense in our country. A "Jacharyeen" (maid servant) with us has unquestionably a much happier life than a servant girl in Christian Europe. It is true that these girls are confined to the house, but that is of our customs and laws. It is for the good of the girl herself. We do not let a young girl go out into the streets and by ways to suffer insult, temptation and injury from all kinds of men

Foreigners are fond of denouncing the "slave dealers" of our country The truth is that it is only a trade in a very restricted sense that they carry on. They sell personal service for a certain length of time. The price paid goes partly to them, partly to the family and partly to the girl who gives the service

Many an orphan who would otherwise have had to go hungry upon the streets finds a happy home among good families through the efforts of these "slave dealers." There the poor little fatherless orphan finds herself treated like one of the family, and receive that love and care of which an unhappy fate had deprived her.

Many a slave boy has become an honored effendi in our country, and many a slave girl has become the Legitimate wife (charum) of a great pasha. Let me ask what future awaits the ordinary servant girl of Christian countries? I have heard that thousands of them fall into the ranks of depraved women because they are miserably treated, underfed and overworked.

Why do Christians so frequently reproach us with our treatment of women when they have so many unfortunate women of their own all about them? The Christian man believes in, gives, woman liberty, but he believes in keeping his own liberty to illtreat her. The Turk believes that a certain amount of restraint is good for a woman, but he also knows it to be his sacred duty to treat her well

Unfortunate women are almost unknown in Turkey. They are only found in Constantinople and a few places where European influence is very strong. That is because we believe it our duty to take care of all women. No Turk will permit any unfortunate woman to suffer want, if he can possibly help it. Many a Turk of large pecuniary means is placed in an embarrassing position by the obligation he feels of providing for all of his women relatives

He will even marry them, if that is the only way of relieving their distress. Imagine a young widow left without children, parents, or parents-in-law. The only way in which she can find a refuge from the world is in the household of some wealthy man. She will certainly find some relation who will marry her and give her a comfortable home

The harem is the best, the kindest institution for women that the world has ever known. There they lead a happy sheltered existence, in which the most precious feminine virtues can reach their highest development. The Christian expects his wife to share his labors and his anxieties. The Turk will ruin himself and work himself to death before he will allow his beloved wives to know want or trouble.

The inmates of the harem of a Turkish gentleman are as near paradise as women can be on earth. They live in an enchanted palace where the vexations, the miseries and the anxieties of everyday life never trench them.

Turks have never forgotten the sacred obligations of personal charity, and personal service, as so many Christians have done. When a Turk sees a suffering man, woman or child in the streets he feels it his duty to do something personally for that sufferer. It would not satisfy his conscience merely to pay a tax for the maintenance of a poorhouse. He prefers to follow the simple course of taking the poor man home, feeding and clothing him

The Turks have many faults, but they are not those which the Christians attribute to them. I believe that people have a tendency to attribute to others the faults of which they are most conscious themselves.

The Turk is lazy, extravagant and excessively good natured and easy going. Decidedly the fault that injures him most is laziness. He will not do valuable productive work. He loves to play the lord and leave work and trouble to others. He lives and enjoys life.

No man can enjoy himself as much as the Turk. The Frenchman is a weary pleasure-seeker in comparison.

The Sheik ul Islam instructed the people at my request repeatedly that industry is pleasing to Allah, and that hard labor shames no one. The same lessons were taught in the schools. Our young people too often think that they must become functionaries or army officers, or, if necessary, ulemas or priests. I should like to know why no Turk will become a great, enterprising, wholesale merchant, a competent engineer or even a skilled handworker. I set them a good example myself by learning to be a cabinet maker. It is terribly hard to make headway against such strong ancient prejudices.

Laziness has sunk so deeply into the blood and bones of our people that I feel justified in saying that all our misfortunes come from that source

Strict idleness is regarded as the highest happiness, so that everybody strives to get rid of it.

I also experienced in my youth the temptation to enjoy the delight of doing nothing. But when I saw what miseries it caused, when I saw to what ruin it brought my people, Murad. I determined to free myself from its yoke. Our priests and learned men should set themselves before all else to eradicate this ideal of doing nothing from the minds of our people, should teach them to work for their faith and the greatness of their nation.

An overdeveloped harem life tends to exaggerate the vices. However delightful the harem may be for the women, as I have suggested, it undoubtedly has a tendency to develop a soft and easy-going character in our men. The life of the harem is so delightful, serene and peaceful that it may unfit him for the hard struggles of the workaday world.

I deplore the new ideas which come to us from the West. They are a great danger for our country. When I see how happy are the faithful Moslems, the most fortunate people of the earth, I feel bound to fight with all my strength against this new spirit which Europe sends us.

This European spirit poisons the souls and minds of our faithful Moslems I am deeply distressed to see that many of our young men have been led astray by this so-called European civilization. They wrongly imagine that all the troubles of our country can be cured by this poisonous spirit. It can produce only worthless scentics and pessimists out of good, honest believers. The spirit of Islam is not hostile to progress, but true development must arise from within. It cannot be forced upon us from a foreign source.

Why do Christians give every year millions to promote the war of the Cross against the Crescent? They should have learned long ago that a mission of Christians in Mohammedan countries rarely has any serious results. If the Christian missionary succeeds in enticing a convert here or there, it always turns out to be a miserable beggar, who becomes a superficial Christian for the sake of money, or else a mentally defective person.

All over the world, and especially in Africa, Islam is making great strides. Why? Because Mohammed's doctrine is a doctrine of reason and humanity. The Koran is a clear book, a true guide and a joyful message for all believers.

"THE JUGGLER."

One of the Powerful Cartoons Circulated by the Young Turks Which Contributed to Abdul Hamid's Downfall.

The Sultan Hiding from Danger Behind a Wife's Skirts. A Young Turk Cartoon Published Just Before Abdul Hamid's Abdication Satirizing His Cowardice.

Music

Real Encouragement for the Boston Grand Opera Management Is in Next Season's Subscriptions and Patronage.

MUSIC OF THE WEEK.

This afternoon, Boston Opera House at 3:15, Alice Nielsen and Michael J. Dwyer in a concert of ballads and operatic pieces.

This afternoon at 3:15, Symphony Hall, Miecha Elman, the Russian violinist, in recital.

Tuesday afternoon, April 1, song recital by Edith Bullard, assisted by Anna Miller Wood.

Friday afternoon, Symphony Hall, Boston Symphony Orchestra.

Saturday night, Symphony Hall, Boston Symphony Orchestra.

By FREDERICK JOHNS.

It is time to consider the fifth season of Grand Opera in Boston.

Subscriptions are now being taken and seats allotted for 1913-14. It is to be hoped that the people of Boston will subscribe as imposingly as they did last season, and give the management sufficient encouragement to engage the greatest singers and arrange for even better performances than we have had this season.

Some of the subscribers have grumbled at the mediocre character of a very few performers and have forgotten what magnificent productions they have been privileged to witness on other occasions.

In these columns we have not hesitated to object whenever a performance fell below the standards of the Boston Opera, and we have given free praise when the productions were worth while.

We have not joined those who think the management should give opera in every respect equal to that of the Metropolitan in New York, or who insist that they are not getting their money's worth because Caruso, Geraldine Farrar, and Louise Homer are not regularly engaged for Boston.

The subscriber who is hesitating about renewing his subscription should not forget that the total income of the Boston Opera House is less than a third of the earnings of the Metropolitan Opera. And that despite its tremendous subscription list, the Metropolitan has had to raise the price of its orchestra seats from $5 to $6.

Get More Than They Pay for.

They should remember that the Boston opera usually costs from $150,000 to $200,000 more than is paid in by those who patronize the institution, and they are, therefore, being given very much better opera than they pay for.

Zenatello is considered by many to be the greatest tenor in the world today, and he certainly is in the very front rank. Edmond Clement has no superior among French tenors, and Hector McCormack has a fame that is unique. Felix Weingartner is declared by many musicians as the greatest opera conductor of the period. Claude Debussy, the French composer, told me personally that Andre Caplet is the only conductor whose reading of Debussy music satisfies him. Mary Garden has declared that she never heard a better conductor than Mosenthal, and the same lady almost disrupted the Chicago company because she compared their baritone unfavorably with Renaud Marcoux, who is beyond question the finest singing actor now in America this season.

Terrible and Mary Garden were frequently heard here during the past season. Emmy Destinn was a frequent visitor. Riccardo Martin, Caruso and Antonio Scotti came over from the Metropolitan. Alice Nielsen, Carmen Melis, Margarete Matzenauer, Lydia Lasher, Maria Gay, Giovanni Polese and Jose Mardones are all splendid singers, a group that compares favorably with any Chicago or Paris or Berlin group. We have had such interesting visitors as Schumann-Heink and Caruso.

Our chorus is admirable, our orchestra has had four years of splendid training and is now a very excellent instrument.

Must Get More Support.

Then what more do our subscribers want?

Scenery? No, opera houses in the world has had more original, brilliant or costly productions. In Joseph Urban, the Boston Opera possesses a genius.

Repertory? About 25 operas were produced during the season, including half a dozen novelties or revivals.

These facts are incontrovertible. Now what is the other side? The criticism have consisted in the statement that no one occasionally a tenor or a baritone not up to the standard.

It has been impossible to send certain very expensive productions entirely around the subscription nights. "Don Giovanni," led by Weingartner, and with Nielsen, Destinn, Amsden, Marcoux, Dufranne, Polese, Mardones and Travecida could only be given twice.

The bill has been changed once or twice because some eccentric singer like Lina Cavalieri was unable to carry out her part of the engagement.

The only way to do away with such undesirable features is to support the management heartily so that sufficient funds will be on hand to provide more great singers, and use them more frequently.

It is a certain thing that if people do not subscribe there will be no more opera. Let us rally around the opera we have, and we shall be worthy of better opera.

Ysaye Here April 12.

The last important recital of the year will be given by Eugene Ysaye in Symphony Hall on Saturday afternoon, April 12. This will be the farewell performance of this supreme artist, for he sails a few days later and the chances of his re-turning to America in the future are slight.

MISS NIELSEN TO SING MANY POPULAR AIRS

Will Be Assisted by Mr. Dwyer and Renaud at Today's Concert.

A concert by Alice Nielsen is announced for the Opera House this afternoon at 3:15. It will be the only opportunity to hear Miss Nielsen in concert this season, and it will bring to a close the activities at the Opera House. Miss Nielsen will be assisted by Michael Dwyer, the very popular tenor, and Emiliano Renaud, pianist. Accompanist will be Frank Waller, assistant conductor at the opera.

Alice Nielsen has been engaged largely in concert work during the past two seasons. She has recently completed a gigantic concert tour which carried her across the continent, and visited every city and town of importance between here and San Francisco. The success of this tour was extraordinary, and in very many places it was necessary to arrange repeat concerts.

In Boston she has been heard only in opera and at high prices and her loyal admirers will undoubtedly be grateful for the opportunity to hear her at popular prices.

The character of the Nielsen concert will be popular. She has decided ideas about concert programs.

Miss Nielsen has promised to sing "The Last Rose of Summer," "Kathleen Mavourneen," and "In the Gloaming" in response to requests from persons who admire her phonograph records of those songs.

Her part of the program will include operatic numbers, classic songs and ballads. Mr. Dwyer will sing a number of the Irish songs in which he is most admired.

Mr Emiliano Renaud, the distinguished French pianist, will be heard in solo numbers. Mr Renaud appeared with Madame Calve in Symphony Hall earlier in the season.

The program is as follows:

Soprano—
Jeg Lever dot Rub ..... Schubert
Drink to Me Only With Thine Eyes ..... Johnson
A Dream ..... H. Beaumont
Mr Michael Dwyer
Old English Songs ..... Arne
a. The Lass With the Delicate Air.
b. The Leaves and the Wind ..... Lovell
c. Fairy Pipers ..... Brewer
d. When Love Is Kind (Arranged by A. L. Peace)
Miss Alice Nielsen.
Irish Songs—
An Irish Love Song ..... Old Melody
The Lady in Red ..... Ferguson
Believe Me If All Those Endearing Young Charms ..... Moore
Mr. Dwyer.
Aria from "Aida" ..... Verdi
Miss Nielsen.
PART II
Piano—
Reverie St. Francis de Paule ..... Liszt
Berceuse ..... E. Rickard
Au Bords l'Etang ..... Godard
Mr. Emiliano Renaud
French Songs—
Si Mes Vers Avaient des Ailes ..... Hahn
Mandoline ..... Debussy
Pilerage Gwendolen ..... Chaminer
A Toi ..... Bemberg
Miss Nielsen.
Songs—
Then You'll Remember Me ..... Bulfe
Molly Bawn ..... Lover
The Harp of Tara ..... Moore
Mr. Dwyer
Irish Songs—
Kathleen Mavourneen ..... Crouch
Killarney ..... Balfe
Last Rose of Summer ..... Moore

LAST SUNDAY CONCERTS.

Handel and Haydn Society in Afternoon.

The last of the series of Sunday concerts will be given in Symphony Hall next Sunday afternoon, April 6. For this concert Manager Modgett is making an unusually interesting experiment.

He has arranged with the Handel and Haydn Society whereby that organization will give a performance of Haydn's oratorio, "The Creation." The society will have its full chorus of 400 voices. Emil Mollenhauer will conduct and there will be a full orchestra.

This is the first time within memory that the Handel and Haydn will have given a concert in the afternoon. The tenor will be Evan Williams, the soprano Caroline Hudson-Alexander and the bass Frederick Martin. Evan Williams is probably the foremost oratorio tenor in the country.

TIMILTY FORCES TO GREET PARTY CHIEFS

There is to be a gathering of Democratic chiefs in Vernon Hall, an annex of the Ward 18 Democratic Club, on the evening of April 15. Lieutenant Governor David L. Walsh is to be the speaker of the evening. According to Senator James F. Timilty head of the Ward 18 club, he will have something important to tell the Democratic voters of Roxbury. And District Attorney Joseph C. Pelletier will, according to the committee of arrangements, give a resume of his work as prosecuting officer of the county. And then comes Mayor Fitzgerald, who is expected to respond to the toast, "Boston's Future."

Timilty Anniversary.

Congressman Peters, Senator Timilty's personal choice as a candidate for Mayor, is down on the program to tell of his experience in the National House. Senator Timilty will be toastmaster. He will explain his position in reference to Congressman Peters' seat, and incidentally sport a new diamond in honor of the celebration.

It will be the eighth anniversary of the Timilty forces as an organization. There will be a banquet. Plates will be laid for 250. A number of democratic ward chairmen have been invited.

Of course there will be a number of prominent political lights in the ward and neighboring wards who will not be sent invitations to attend. These P. P. L. are not "friendly." They are "enemies," which means they are in rebellion against the Timilty.

But Representative Edward Emmet McGrath plans to state that he will do his best to have cars run on Tremont street for the benefit of all who attend the feast.

Souvenirs for All.

If business is not too pressing in Ward 9, City Clerk James Donovan will drop around to compliment Timilty on a few things which the latter did recently for him and Jack Kelliher.

During the evening President Green-wood of the State Senate who has been kind to the Ward 18's son in the Senate will submit a few thoughts, and President Tom Kenny of the City Council will sit near his colleague, Councilor "Jere" Walsh, and give some facts when called upon about the city finances.

Each person who attends will be given a handsome souvenir and a warm handshake by Senator Timilty and the committee.

MUSIC NOTES

Mr. Chadwick's new symphonic poem "Aphrodite," which was announced for this week's exercise of the Symphony Orchestra, and was postponed on account of the illness of the composer and the impossibility of his attending rehearsals will be given the coming week. An interesting feature of the twentieth program will be the performance of Rimsky Korsakoff's symphony "Antar," which has been played here but once, and then fifteen years ago, under Mr Paur. The other numbers will be Volkmann's Serenade for strings in D Minor, No 3, Mr Warnke playing the 'cello solo and the "Oberon" of Weber.

* * *

The program of the last concert of the season by the Cecilia Society, which will be given in Symphony Hall on Thursday evening, April 17, will be devoted to compositions of English composers, the songs being Coleridge Taylor's "Death of Minnehaha" and Sir Edward Elgar's "The Music Makers." This is the first performance of this latter work in America. Mrs. Grace Bonner Williams, the well known soprano, will be one of the soloists, others to be announced shortly.

LIKE OLD TIMES AGAIN IN WARD 9

"Get Together Meetings" of Faithful Democrats Held Several Times Each Week.

Up in Ward 9, the Donovan-Kelliher-Leonard wrongbolt, "get together meetings" are being held several times a week. The various precinct scouts are on the firing line and are being reinforced by additional gum shoe men, all of whom are keeping tabs on the movements of "the enemy." Entries and beneries and other places where the militant Democrats gather are being canvassed for news of "who's who and what's what" in the makeup of Residential House and ward committee mates. As one scout remarked, "It's like old times in Ward 9 and presence a long drawn out battle, with the pleasure of victory hovering over the Quincy Club forces."

Representative Joseph Leonard, one of the newly elected precinct captains in the ward, is out for the boosterist animation and is not letting grass grow under his feet in building up a sentiment for his candidacy. The past week he sent 3,000 circulars through the ward informing the faithful that April 1 is the day on which the policemen from the East Dedham street section and the assessors from City Hall will visit each house in search of all males over twenty-one years.

Leonard Paid the Bills.

Leonard paid for the printing of the circulars and the envelopes and postage stamps. The bill was heavy, which amounts to $1,000 for the session. In this way Leonard expects to assist the party by putting up a big voting list, something very essential in a political contest.

Leonard is an insurance collector and his house-to-house visits for the "weekly payment" affords him an opportunity of getting in some fine work, as "Lizzie Johnnie" Sheehan would say, for his candidacy. Lately Leonard became a benedict and his charming wife is anxious to see the title of honorable attached to John's name, and so she is spending her spare moments writing personal letters to her girlhood friends asking them to give her husband a lift in his quest for higher political emolument.

"You shouldn't urge my husband to make a try for the Senate?" said Mrs. Leonard, when greeting Miss Jennie Riley of West Canton street. "If the people really knew his generosity and the time he puts in building up his democratic voting strength of the ward, they would rally with alacrity to his support. I am proud to say that I addressed 3,000 envelopes for him the past week, and if he keeps up the good work of campaigning he just started nothing can defeat him in September for a term for the Senate."

Leader in Quincy Club.

Leonard himself is one of the leaders of the Quincy Club and at the first get-together meeting of the club he illuminated the minds of the leaders and near leaders on the proper way to conduct a peaceful campaign and suggested several unique ideas. He tipped off one of his supporters that his wife was the originator of the latter. At any rate, the party workers have adopted the ideas, which Leonard, as the party leaders are keeping a secret so that the "enemy" will not appropriate them.

So much for Leonard. There's District Attorney Pelletier, for instance. He is a warm personal friend of City Clerk Donovan. He was one of the invited guests at the tuikfest in the Ward 9 Memorial Building last Thursday night. Just what was done at that meeting, which sized up national, state, county and city issues, will be kept in the archives of the ward leaders for future reference and free from the minds of the inquisitive "enemy" in nearby wards.

But there are rumors that the meeting had something to do with a city councilor boom. The candidate, it is said, is one of the leaders who are now enlisting the various social and fraternal organizations on the dotnes of past sessions of the National House of Representatives. John A. Keliher, a former Congressman. It is claimed, has the majority beat humming in his hat. It might be remarked here that he attended the meeting. But "Jack" is so unassuming that just you watch him get at the meeting. Neither is Jim Donovan a candidate for that matter, neither is Joe Leonard.

A Ward 9 political story would not be complete without reference to former Representative Timothy F. Callanan. He is holding his own time for action. Strange to say, though, he has a number of tried and true scouts who are keeping him posted on developments. The scouts take in all the balls, parties and wakes in the ward and occasionally take in the soirees and beneries and get in a few licks, as Representative Isaac Gordon often says, for their Chieftain. Callahan is NOT a member of the Donovan-Kelliher-Leonard faction. His reasons are ably set forth in circulars sent to each citizen of the ward last year.

PROF. MUNSTERBERG NEVER HAD A DREAM

He Describes Them in University Courses as the Blind Might Speak of Colors.

Professor Hugo Munsterberg of Harvard University, the famous psychologist and writer on criminology, has never in his life had a dream. He says so.

His views in fact with regard to the influence of dreams are entirely opposed to those entertained by Dr. F. C. Richardson of No. 244 Newbury street, who declares that the creation of poetry, difficult problems in science and many happy expedients from practical difficulties have been accomplished by them.

While Dr. Richardson, whose lectures at the Evans Memorial and before various organizations have attracted wide attention, holds that forgotten dreams may be the factors in the production of waking acts, the Harvard savant says in his writings:

Dreams Are Needed.

"If most people were without dreams the dreamers would have good reasons to consult the nerve physicians and the mental state would be pigeonholed in the borderland region between normality and hallucination."

Here, too, is Professor Munsterberg's definition of dreams:

Dreams are hallucinations which become harmless only because the impulses to action become ineffective during sleep. I myself have absolutely no memory for the mental processes dring sleep; in other words, I have never in my life had a dream. When I talk of dreams in my university courses of psychology, I speak of them just as a blind man might speak of colors. Yet mental processes go on in my sleeping brain as in other men, because my friends have often found that when they wake up from deep sleep with a question I invariably give at first an absurd reply full of reminiscences of the foregoing days; but as soon as I am really awake not the slightest trace of these come back to my memory.

Rare Variety of Memory.

This rare variety of memory is not an abnormal state, since it cannot interfere with the purposes of my life and the memory for the vanished is indeed rather to be pitied for its dreams, which may bring a confusion of themselves with the real past.

Dr. Richardson's views differ very decidedly from and are entertained by the famous criminologist. He says:

The ancients believed that dreams came from the supernatural. Now the imaging power is the basis of all dreams, sleeping and waking. But in the waking state what would otherwise be pictures only, become remembrances or they are shaped by imaginations, memories and rational creations. Whatever the mind may have permanently acquired—a face, a landscape, a voice, a musical air—may come back as a phantasm.

Forgetfulness is one of the factors in the production of waking acts. One man spoke to a stranger whose face had been familiar, thinking he knew him and was much embarrassed at him. A woman who dreamed a glass of poison was offered her, had a sick headache for a week. A man killed his child in his sleep because he dreamed he was fighting off a wild beast who threatened the child. But the sleepwalker's reason is in abeyance and he cannot be held responsible for his acts.

Intense Emotional States.

Intense emotional states aroused in dreams sometimes produce other symptoms in the waking state. It is not unusual to wake up 'blue,' and if one does not remember the dream of the preceding night, it is no proof that they are not still operating.

We owe the better tributary half of our life to sleep, for sleep is the golden chain that ties health and our bodies together. Loss of sleep is certainly more harmful than loss of food. Those unable to sleep lose not only in memory and power of attention, but in muscular power.

In sleep the whole tone of of life is lowered, and the body is more sensitive to those agencies which serve or endanger life. The temperature of the body is severely lowered the need of warm clothing the greater readiness to take cold, and to be injured by malarial and other infectious influences. On the other hand the nutrition of the nerves and brain is augmented in sleep.

The power of association being independent of other mental powers operates largely in the construction of dreams. The scent of flowers may transport the dreamer to some enchanted garden or music surround him with the excitement of a well-conducted dance.

Paroxysm of Fear.

A paroxysm of fear will stamp an image so indelibly that it will ever afterwards be held ready to start forth from any object that even remotely suggests it. So long as reason is awake, the influences are minimized, but in sleep, fever and alcoholism it is believed to be real and affects one as a vivid real experience.

In some cases true reasoning processes and even the construction of ideas for a argument have been successfully performed in dreams. The creation of history, difficult problems in mathematics and happy expedients from practical difficulties have been accomplished in dreams. Dreams are to be explained by the excitement of the intellect from an inner interest in the subject. The dreamer is shut out from the world of sense, the operations of his intellect are all in the lines of his previous training and his previous thinking has prepared him to discern new relations or form new judgments. I do not believe with Mortimer that our dreams are fulfillments of repressed desires. Nor can we properly be held responsible for feelings or actions which we allow during dreams.

WILLIAM O. LOVEJOY, tenor soloist, who is well known in Greater Boston, who is going into grand opera.

William O. Lovejoy of No. 61 Erie avenue, Newton Highlands, the tenor soloist who has often been heard in Boston and vicinity, is preparing to enter grand opera. Mr. Lovejoy for two seasons was with Henry Clay Barnaby, and has sung in many churches, particularly in Newton.

He has been studying voice culture for a number of years, and for some time has been receiving instruction from Ivan Morawski. Mr. Lovejoy expects to conclude his training in a short time, when he will accept a position in grand opera.

APPEAL TO CHILDREN TO SAVE THE FORESTS

Forestry Association Starts a Movement of Vast Value to the State.

Damage by forest fires in State last year.

Ninety-three forest fires caused by clearing land.

648 forest fires caused by defective locomotives.

1,110 forest fires caused by carelessness.

What forest fires cost State.

$42,719 of public money spent to put them out.

$80,000 or more damage done.

There will be no floods because of hills denuded of trees if the school children heed the fire alarm circular sent out by the Massachusetts Forestry Association.

The State will save in the next three years $823,968 in actual money, and as much, more in the destruction of small trees, animal life, birds and soil.

Farmers will have better land to till, manufacturing plants more water for power and lumber will be cheaper if the school children heed the appeal sent them by the association.

All these things and many more have been impressed on the minds of the school children by the fire circular sent out through the co-operation of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, the conservation department of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, the Massachusetts Forestry Association and the State forestry department.

This circular bears the endorsement of Governor Foss, David Snedden, Commissioner of Education, and Frank W. Rane, the state forester.

Duty of All to Be Careful.

It says that it is the duty of the young and old to be careful with fire and to teach other people how important it is to be careful. If every school child in the State enlisted in the work now, says the circular, the war against forest fires and the burning of our woods will soon stop.

There are now nineteen branch associations watching over the interests of the trees and forests. They are doing progressive work in various towns and cities. A bulletin is issued frequently reporting the progress of the work.

In Chicopee the branch has taken a tree census with the view of having a forester do tree surgery, necessary planting, etc.

The Fitchburg branch has been the cause of the establishment of a municipal nursery and an appropriation of $2,500 for parks. It is now negotiating to annex the city by 250 acres of woodland as the beginning of a municipal forest.

Through the efforts of the Lancaster branch the town has appropriated $250 for the maintenance of a fire watchtower.

Leominster is going to recommend the importation of brown tail moth parasites in larger quantities and the reforestation of waste or cut over lands in the watersheds of its reservoirs.

The ultimate reforestation of Lynn Woods, the scientific treatment of shade trees on the streets, and the establishment of a municipal nursery are being recommended.

Children to Plant Trees.

A public subscription of $4,200 is being raised in New Bedford with which to plant 500 shade trees in the streets. Public lectures have been given and the school children will plant trees about the school houses under the direction of the branch. Stratford has asked for an appropriation of $2,000 for the work of reforestation. Springfield is to establish a municipal nursery and the public schools will be furnished with charts of tree diseases.

Other towns and cities where branches are located and where the public is being educated in the need of forests and more shade trees are Hudson, Lawrence, Gardner, Lenox, Northampton, Southbridge, Taunton and Worcester.

FIGURES EMPHASIZE CHILDLESS BACK BAY

Statistics Show That Stork's Visits to the Wealthy Are Getting Less Frequent.

SEE RACE SUICIDE STORY IN BIRTH RECORD OF CITY

How the Back Bay compares with other sections of the city in increasing the population

Births in Dorchester, one ward	**2,196**
North End, one ward	1,005
West End, one ward	1,000
Charlestown, one ward	983
South End, one ward	950
South Boston, one ward	647
Brighton, one ward	645
Jamaica Plain, one ward	637
Residential districts:	
Dorchester	39
Commonwealth avenue	5
Ward 11	2

New proof that the title "childless Back Bay" is accurate has been brought forward in figures just made public by the statistics department of the Boston Board of Health.

These figures show that during the year 1911 but two births are recorded from families living on Commonwealth avenue, Ward 11, Back Bay.

Beacon street families show figures almost as low.

Other sections of Boston equal in size to the Back Bay wards show figures amounting to from 400 to 500 for the year.

Ever since the first article in the Sunday AMERICAN showing the childless condition of the Back Bay, leading Boston ministers have preached sermons denouncing the childless section and it has formed the basis for discussion at women's clubs and social welfare organizations.

Now come the new figures showing in a more startling light than ever the childlessness of the wealthy families of the city.

In a short stretch of Beacon street during the year 1911 13 children were born. These figures will decrease this year as the Back Bay is dwindling in this respect year by year.

Rich Bachelors Blamed.

The statistics just completed at the Registry of Births show that Ward 11 during the year 1911 had a total of 407 births. But account must be taken in these figures of the population district of the Cambridge street side of Beacon Hill which contributed the majority of these births.

The wealthy bachelor is a menace to society and to him can be attributed the well-known childish section of the Back Bay.

That is the explanation given by Mrs. Frank W. Page, who advocates a tax on bachelors. Figures seem to bear out Mrs. Page's designation of a "childless Back Bay" being merited

Take any of the other sections of the city, notably the North and West Ends, and see how little the high cost of living has to do with race suicide.

These districts are populated by the immigrants newly arrived to more or less degree. They are the kind of people who for the most part make their living in occupations where skilled labor is not required.

Their wages are lower. Their rents compared to their earnings are also higher than in other sections. Their bills at the corner grocery and meat shops are also higher.

Still these sections deliver to the city every year about two and one-quarter times as many children as the wealthy Back Bay.

Solitary Birth in One Year.

Louisburg square, famous as one of the most haughty sections of Boston, reported just one birth. And that child was the son of non-residents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Noble Mason of New York. The child was born while Mrs. Mason was on a visit to relatives at No. 32 Louisburg square.

Here

PLAYS SCHEDULED FOR THE THEATRES DURING THE WEEK

Attractions of Many Varieties Among the Old and New Productions.

Shubert Theatre.

From the time that the vivacious Emma Trentini sprang into favor with the Manhattan Grand Opera forces about seven years ago, she has never failed to charm them by her delightful personality and charming daintiness, all of which is a reminder that this delightful prima donna will be seen at the Shubert Theatre tomorrow evening, beginning a limited engagement in a new comedy opera, "The Firefly," for which Otto Hauerbach wrote the book. It has been said that never before has the wonderful Trentini been so well supported in the present instance, and that both the costumer and librettist have provided her with opportunities in this new opera book for singing and acting which if they do bring her to her countless friends in a city where she is adored no greater

Colonial Theatre.

Tomorrow night the offering at the Colonial Theatre will be Douglas Fairbanks, who will be seen in James Bernard Fagan's new romantic farce comedy, "Hawthorne of the U. S. A." Mr. Fairbanks in the title role portrays Anthony Hamilton Hawthorne a strenuous young American traveling abroad, who rescues a princess in distress and by paying her many fathers long unpaid army makes it possible for that monarch to continue in the throne which before the arrival on the scene of the young man from the east and of Uncle Sam had begun to wobble dangerously and all but topple over completely. Mr. Fairbanks will be assisted by a company including Irene Fenwick, Ruth Allen, Annie Hughes, Sam B. Hardy, Tom Simpson, Martin L. Alsop and Louis Leibay

B. F. Keith's Theatre.

As a character monologuist, Cliff Gordon ranks today as the most expert exponent of this type of entertainment before the American public. His impersonation of the German henpecked husband, a character which has become a classic, and one which has served to endear Mr. Gordon to the good graces of the amusement loving public. Mr. Gordon comes to B. F. Keith's Theatre next week at the head of a big comedy bill. Bill Macart and "The Sleeping Beauty and the Beast," or "The Sleeping Beauty and the Beast," will present "The Seventh Generation" for the first time in Boston. The Four Rianos have a unique acrobatic novelty. Lillian Mack and Neills Walker will present their new musical flirtation, and the great company of casting acrobats will include three of casting acrobats, Burkey & Anderson is another comedy act. The Talking Motion Pictures will also be shown

Plymouth Theatre.

The second week of the engagement of the Irish Players at the Plymouth Theatre Lennox Robinson and Rudolf Friml composed the comedy in one act by Lady Gregory, and C. Murray's "Maurice Harte."

The bill for Monday and Tuesday nights and Thursday matinee will include Lennox Robinson's three-act play, "Patriots," following the Lady Gregory's delightful comedy. Regarding the "Patriots," the first piece was presented for the first time in this city last week. On Wednesday night and Saturday matinee Bostonians will be presented in addition to a revival of one of their seven-a-week successes, "The Shamrock," by Lady Gregory, and "The Workhouse Ward," by Lady Gregory and Hugh Hester (usually T. C. Murray). This is one of the greatest of the Irish plays and will be presented on Thursday night and Saturday matinee. "Maid Marriages" and "Galway Races" will be the offering

Gaiety Theatre.

According to the advance announcements a unusually attractive burlesque show will be presented at the Gaiety Theatre when a new organization called "The Travelers" will be seen for the first time here in an original two-act piece called "Dorothy's Delight," in which Harry Bentley, formerly leading comedian for Rianche King, will appear in the title role. The book and music of the musical comedy are the work of Leon Errol, who is also responsible for its stage management. Mr. Errol himself is a comedian of distinction and a stage director of no mean ability, and is said to have received an exceptionally large salary while he was employed in that capacity by the Shuberts. A company of 40 people, headed by the Pathe Weekly, will also be shown.

National Theatre.

The program at the National Theatre the coming week is unusually attractive and the advance announcements indicate that it will just hit the taste of the patrons of the big amusement resort at the South End. Heading the bill will be Will H. Murphy and Blanche Nichols, who will present "The School of Acting." Another big act but recently imported from England will be contributed by the Dacobeco troupe of acrobatic and equilibrists. A specialty built for velodrome is announced. Sammy and Norton, add a novelty mixture of music and song; Billy Davis, a fellow of infinite jest and humor; Stuart and Keeley in the lighter comedy roles of dancing, will also be in the bill

Majestic Theatre.

So pronounced has been the success of "Ready Money," the comedy of love and romance, at the Hollis Street Theatre in past four weeks, that in order to continue its run in Boston it will be transferred to the Majestic Theatre, where it will open tomorrow night for an engagement of one week only, making the fifth and last week of its stay in this city.

The same cast and production seen at the Hollis Street Theatre in the original New York company soon during the run of every week months in that city, will be seen this week at the Majestic. The final popular price Wednesday matinee will be given tomorrow afternoon, and the best orchestra seats may be had at one-half the regular evening prices.

Castle Square Theatre.

The last week of "Believe Me Xantippe" is at hand. Its eleventh and final week begins Monday, and it will close the longest run ever known in the history of the Castle Square Theatre, and one of the longest runs at any Boston playhouse. This comedy has been laughed at and applauded twice a day ever since its opening performance on the 20th of January, and it has proved once more Mr. John Craig's wisdom in instituting the John Craig prize, and his wisdom in selecting a practical and popular play from the many submitted

Hollis Street Theatre.

Edward Knoblauch's Oriental drama, "Kismet," presented by Klaw & Erlanger and Harrison Grey Fiske, with Otis Skinner in the chief role, begins the second week of the Boston engagement tomorrow night at the Hollis Street Theatre. Mr. Skinner's role of Hajj, the Beggar of Bagdad, affords every opportunity for the display of this splendid actor's genius in characterization.

Boston Theatre.

Players will apparently never tire of Marie Antoinette in the "Round Up" On Monday night it begins its second week and the indication are that during the limited run of this play there will be capacity audiences at every performance. Possessed of its fascination may be found in the powerful spectacular picture it presents of the West

Tremont Theatre.

At the Tremont Theatre, "Pop O' the Mornin'," Henry W. Savage's production of Anne Caldwell's dramatic comedy, has "caught on" so emphatically, that it seems almost a shame that its departure from Boston next Saturday night is a managerial necessity. But as that is the case, Boston theatregoers have just eight more opportunities to witness this novelty.

Park Theatre

The officer 666" continues to tax the seating capacity of the Park Theatre to the utmost limit at every performance of Augustin MacHugh's clever melodramatic farce. The wealth of incident, comic, pathetic and tragic, is scattered through the three swiftly moving acts with lavish prodigality.

Waldron's Casino.

Undoubtedly one of the most sensational offerings of the season comes with "The Flying Dutchman," the new production of Joseph Hurtig in which Billy W. Watson and "Girls from Happyland" will present at Waldron's Casino during the coming week. This new vehicle gives Mr. Watson every possible opportunity to portray his diverse dramatic situations and it may be said, that he is as much at ease with them as in the lighter comedy roles

St. James.

Out of 2,000 vaudeville features Mr. Marcus Loew personally selects the vaudeville for its patrons at the St. James Theatre. Among the headliners to appear for the coming week in a strong dramatic playlet presented by Roland West, entitled "A Cold Deal," a sketch full of strong political situations

Orpheum Theatre.

An excellent bill of stars is advertised for the Orpheum Theatre commencing tomorrow. The headliners are Swan and Bernard, one of the most comedy acrobatic teams in vaudeville. A sketch written by Percival L. Wells, entitled "The Way Out," it is to be presented

Howard Athenaeum.

Manager Hurtig's Music Hall Girls will arrive next week to entertain the patrons of the Howard Athenaeum. This is the company that won favor at Hurtig's Music Hall, headed by Marie Dixon and the Lee sisters. The company is said to be headed by the Lee very people

Grand Opera House.

Eddie Clark, the midget comedian, is with "The Whirl of Mirth" company, which will be seen at the Grand Opera House this week. "In Cartoon Land" is the piece given in the burlesque.

Scenic Temple.

During the coming week at the Scenic Temple, Bijou Agricolas vaudeville attractions will be on the bill, and a series of new motion pictures will be presented for the first time in this city

Bowdoin Square Theatre.

Hardeen, the handcuff king, will be the top card at the Bowdoin Square Theatre this week and Moving picture features will also be seen.

Monster Concert.

It is only two weeks away now to the date of the extraordinary program to be given by an even more extraordinary ensemble orchestra of over 500 musicians on Sunday afternoon, April 13, in the Mechanics Building under the leadership of Emil Mollenhauer. There can be no question that the announcements are right in saying that this will be the largest orchestra ever assembled in Boston since the famous Peace Jubilee. Aside from the appearance of soloists of the program, the fact that the Boston Musicians Relief Society is giving this notable concert for the purpose of replenishing their treasury, which was sadly depleted by the burning of the Paine Furniture Co. will appeal to thousands of music lovers throughout New England

St. Patrick Pictures.

"The Life of St. Patrick," from his earliest infancy to the grave, will be presented in motion pictures at the Majestic Theatre this evening. All the principal scenes and incidents in the life of Ireland's great apostle will be faithfully portrayed in conjunction with the series of pictures Peter S. McNally will lecture on Ireland's patron saint. These pictures have received the indorsement of Irish scholars, historians and clergymen, and their faithfulness to the subject has been most favorably commented upon

Panama Pictures.

As an aid to the better understanding of the Kinemacolor pictures of "The Making of the Panama Canal," which with "Actual Scenes of the Balkan War" enter the third of a five weeks run at Tremont Temple tomorrow, lobby photography has been used to make plain the workings of the great Gatun locks, which will link vessels from sea to canal level.

LILLIAN RUSSELL and three others who are to entertain and amuse theatregoers of Boston during the next six days.

STORIES YOU HEAR IN THE GREENROOM

Tales and News of the Stage of Interest to the Playgoers.

Douglas Fairbanks in his curtain speech delivered before a gathering of professionals at a "Players Invitation" matinee of "Hawthorne of the U. S. A." told in correct "bo'ng" dialect the following new one:

"Two negroes, sitting together in the 'colored' gallery of a theatre located in a small town below the Mason-Dixon line, were watching a dramatic performance. One of them started to leave his seat.

"Whar' yoo g'wine?" asked the other one.

"I dean' kn' dis yer en'ertainmen' an' I'm 'fe g'wine yer quit yr' cold!"

"Well, jes' wait er while fer de nex' 'act; yo' moughtbe glad yo' stahd," pleaded the satisfied one.

"No—'tain' no use in yo' coaxing," said the dissatisfied quitter. "De program don said dat de third act is jes de same as de fust, and dat's mah tip to fade away"

* * *

One of the plays that seem never to wear out their welcome, no matter how often they turn up, is "The Round Up."

So much has been made of the famous battle incident in "The Round Up" and the no less realistic bucking bronches and cowboy scene giving the name of the play, that the impression may be conveyed that these incidents compose the drama. Far from it. They are only picturesque situations in the comedy. The company numbers 134 people and 20 horses

* * *

Bernard Shaw once got himself into a peck of trouble—or what would seem a peck of trouble to anyone but G. B. S.—by venturing the assertion that Shakespeare wrote his plays in blank verse instead of in prose because the former style of expression is easier and quicker than the latter An instance of the same inspirational energy is to be found in Edward Knoblauch's play, "Kismet." While the dramatist actually spent many months in preparing himself to write the play, and afterward in revising and polishing it, he found, while actually engaged in the composition of the dialogue, that his greatest difficulty lay in holding his speeches within bounds. The constant temptation was toward over expression. Each thought to be expressed came laden with too large a burden of metaphor and simile. His hardest task lay in compelling his characters to speak tersely, and with all his effort the role of Hajj, the Beggar, is longer than the role of Hamlet—which is always cited as the longest role in the entire repertoire of English plays

Coming Events.

Next week's attraction at the Majestic Theatre will be Walker Whiteside with his company in "The Typhoon," a play that has everywhere been declared the most compelling the American stage has seen in many years.

* * *

Grand opera revivals at popular prices promise to be popular at the Tremont Theatre next month. The Aborn Opera Company will come to Boston for a season beginning on Monday, April 7. The first week will be presented, a week from Monday, will be "Il Trovatore," with "Faust," "Rigoletto" and "Lucia di Lammermoor" to follow, and "Hansel and Gretel" at special matinees.

* * *

Among the attractions booked for early appearance at B. F. Keith's Theatre are Harley Case, the man who talks about his father; Vandersloit and Moore; the Great Lewis Family; Charlotte Ravenscroft; Those Four Entertainers; Robert Emmett Keane; B. A. Rolfe's "The Purple Lady," and the Kaufman Brothers.

RED MEN TO GIVE BALL.

Pawnee Tribe, No. 15, Improved Order of Red Men of Jamaica Plain, will hold its fourth annual ball at Intercolonial Hall, Thursday evening, April 3d. Among the invited guests are Governor Foss, Mayor Fitzgerald and officers of all the local Tribes of Red Men. The officers in charge are: J. A. Gallagher, A. L. Tillson, William Keefe and Irving Sweet.

Concert Attracts Milton Society.

The annual concert of the Milton Educational Society's Choral affair was held at the Town Hall. Among those who took part in the concert were:

Mrs. George Anderson, Miss Hazel Swift, Mrs. Adelia W. Bates, Mrs. Robert Taylor, Mrs. Rathbone Herman, Miss Alice Tilden, Mrs. Kenneth Billin, Miss L. Lenbelle Whittier, Mrs. F. W. Burns, Miss Hall Wadsworth, Mrs. Elizabeth Parker, Ronald Anderson, Miss Evelyn Porter, George E. Ashley, Miss Elizabeth Dauter, C. Marvel Brown, Mrs. Horatio Gilbert, Edward Ashley, Mrs. Josephine Hollis, Benjamin Young, Miss Esther A. Howe, Miss Hall Wadsworth, Miss Alice Lee, Ronald Anderson, Miss Alice M. Lincoln, George E. Ashley, Miss Agnes S. Cox, C. Marvel Brown, Mrs. Frederick A. Anderson, Edward Ashley, Mrs. Grace Reis, Benjamin Young, Mrs. Herman Mrs. Fannie J. Howard, Miss Alice Tilden, Miss Ida Clark, Miss Margaret Shaw, Miss Mary A. Dustin, Hall, Lillian Burns, Miss Edith Bailey, Miss Lillian Burns, Miss Ellen Farragher, Miss Florence Thrasher, Miss Ethel E. Fisher, Miss Harriet E. Mudder, Miss Ruth Fuller, Mrs. Wingsworth, Miss Helen Hall, Mrs. A. W. Woods, Miss Ruth Fisher, Mrs. A. Andrews, Miss Julia Gordon, John Tilden, Miss Ethel Porter, Charles Owen, Albert Darrell, Miss Ethel Hopkins, Walter Fields, Mrs. F. H. Johnson, J. W. Farwell, Benjamin Harding, Mrs. F. Lane, H. W. Hawes, Mrs. P. F. Marden, L. H. Jenkins, Miss Mary Hall, H. H. Leider, Miss O'Connell, Bernard Lewis, Mrs. W. Ford, Miss Ethel Ford, Walter Orsten, Miss Esther P. Reed, P. E. Sorlien, Miss Dorothy Shiss, William B. Turner, Miss Martha Shields

* * *

The Milton A. A. is making arrangements for its annual dancing party to take place in the Town Hall on April 23. The officers in charge are Joseph Lanata, vice-president; James McDonald, secretary, and John Lanata, treasurer. Albert Pearce, the newly elected president, will have charge of the floor

* * *

Saturday, April 5, at noon, in the Church of the Holy Spirit, Mattapan, Miss Constance Zerrahn of Robbins street, will be married to Charles Barnett Bradley. The wedding will be one of the society events of the social section of the town.

First Typist, Then Stage Beauty

Audrey Maple, Wilson State Girl

MISS AUDREY MAPLE, WHO IS VERSATILE

McNally Treasures Souvenir of Struel

Lecturer Recalls Generosity and Hospitality to Him While on Irish Visit.

Peter S. McNally, who will lecture this evening at the Majestic Theatre, in conjunction with "The Life of Saint Patrick" in motion pictures, is an interesting story illustrating the generosity and hospitality of the Irish people

"Some years ago," he says, "I was visiting the holy wells at Struel in the County Down, Ireland. While there I discovered and blessed by St. Patrick a day or two after his arrival in Ireland on his mission to convert the people from Paganism to Christianity. My friends and myself desired a drink from the wells and as there was nothing in sight to drink from I approached a buxom woman who had a fashionable mahogany-veneered bureau, taking out a large handle which she began to unwrap. After removing yards upon yards of spotless white linen, she brought to view an old-fashioned tin pitcher, and gave it to me, bidding me to be careful not to break it

"It was the very best in her house

"When I returned it I offered her a half crown, but she refused it, saying with tears in her eyes, 'I couldn't take it, sir—it would take all the good out of it I've a brother somewhere in America and I hope that no one will ever turn him away from the doors of Ireland asking for something to drink' I then insisted on giving the children a shilling each, and again she protested, but finally permitted the little ones to accept the coins after I had promised to send a token from her. It was a sixpkin of German silver with the leaves of the shamrock set in green Connemara marble. I have it now and shall always cherish it as a memento of my visit to Struel."

Miss Russell's Lecture.

It would seem that Lillian Russell has discovered the long-sought fountain of perpetual youth, as indicated in the subject of her kinemacolor picture entertainment, booked for next Tuesday night and Wednesday and Thursday afternoons at Symphony Hall. "How to Live One Hundred Years and Die Young" is the startling and interesting title, and she will illustrate how to say with vivid, lifelike pictures of herself in her daily life, exercising, eating, walking, playing and working

Miss Russell, in person, will give advice and counsel, drawn from the well of her own experience and her own quest of knowledge, to women and children, and men also. Dress will be a distinctive feature of Miss Russell's mission. She will show how a girl who wants to dress well, and still be economical, can make her own and one hat do for morning afternoon and evening wear.

Du Pont Of Paris
RESTAURATEUR
40 West, Cor. Tremont St.
My restaurant is most refined and elegant, and is situated in the heart of the best theatre and shopping district.
LUNCHEON 11-3
DINNER A LA CARTE OR TABLE D'HOTE WITH MUSIC 5-8 P. M.

Learned Shorthand in Case Wind of Adversity Should Blow—It Hasn't Yet.

Every now and then one discovers something new about New Jersey. Of course, its greatest recent honor was that it was able to furnish a Democratic President. Its latest, however, is that Audrey Maple was born there

Don't know Audrey? Well, she is an fascinating blonde beauty that flits and sparkles in Emma Trentini's new comedy opera, "The Firefly."

Miss Maple does not come from all over the state of New Jersey. Like Rose Stahl she is content to hail from Trenton, which city is her birthplace. Her father was a musician, so it is but natural that his only daughter would follow in his musical footsteps.

Miss Maple's mother is firm in the belief that no girl's education is complete unless she is fitted for the business world This in case of necessity.

In consequence, the daughter was sent to a business college, from which she graduated in shorthand at the rate of 140 words a minute. Then she went into a business office at a salary of $5 per week. After that she extended her business career by going on the stage.

Miss Maple during her short service best liked the footlights as has appeared in the comic opera "Tom Jones," "The Arcadians," and "Madame Sherry," and other productions. This brings the stage chronology of the fair-haired and pretty young woman up to the present time as a member of Miss Trentini's company.

Amusements.

NATIONAL

National Sq., Tremont, Near Dover St.
LARGEST Theatre in New England
Boston's Mammoth Amusement Hippodrome at Popular Prices
BIG BANNER SHOW—Week of MARCH 31
The King and Queen of Loopthelures, WELLS & RAY

MURPHY Blanche NICHOLS
Presenting the Big Scream Success,
THE SCHOOL OF ACTING
First Appearance in America of the
DACOBECO TROUPE
Double Revolving Cage Equilibrists
Musicals and Vocalists
Sensational Motorcycle Races Between English
LADY MOTORISTS
Who Attain a Speed of 80 Miles an Hour
EDISON
TALKING PICTURES
The New Edison Phonograph
"The Indian Chief's Revenge" and Other Subjects
SANTLEY & NORTON
In an Original Piano and Song Novelty.
STUART & KEELEY
All That Is Fun in Dancing
KENNEDY & BURT
Up to the Minute Songs and Chatter.
BILLY DAVIS
Blackface Comedian and Funster.
JUGGLING DeLISLE
A Marvel of Muscle Manipulation.
ARTHUR JOSSELYN
Featuring the Latest Pictorial Melodies.
Only Vaudeville Theatre in the City Showing Latest Fashions in Animated Colors.
Prices: Mats. 10, 20. Eves. 10, 15, 25, 35
SUNDAY CONCERT
JONES & SYLVESTER, BARTO & CLARK, HIGGINS & BENT, MILLARD BROS., MARSHALL & MILLARD, KING & BENNETT, HILDA HAWTHORNE AND OTHERS.

Amusements.

GLOBE
Week Beginning Tomorrow
A BILL OF UNUSUAL COMEDY AND NOVELTY FEATURES
VICTOR'S MUSICAL MELANGE
Most Pretentious Scenic Musical Act in Vaudeville
20—PEOPLE IN CAST—20
The Original "Strong Men"
BLOCKSOM & BURNS
There is Nothing But Fun in This
FRED PELOTS ANNIE
The Juggling Jokers
RAGTIME HARMONY TRIO
Three Lively Songbirds
LA REX & LA REX Dynamite Novelty
BROWN & MALEY & WILLIAMS WOODS
Dancing Skaters Singing Duo
HEDRICK & WRIGHT SISTERS
The Funny Boy and the Dainty Girls
MARGARITE THE RAYS
HELBIG PATHE WEEKLY
AND OTHER BIG FEATURES
16 IN ALL VAUDEVILLE PHOTO PLAYS HEADLINERS
CONTINUOUS 10 A. M. TO 10:40 P. M.
MORNINGS ALL SEATS 15c
AFTER 12, 10-15-25c
EAT., SUN. & HOLIDAY EVES., 15-25-35c
TONIGHT, 2 CONCERTS, 7 & 9

BILL MACART FELL FOR THIS FINE ONE

Comedian Expended His Jokes on Deaf and Dumb Audience.

They tell a good story on Bill Macart, who comes to B. F. Keith's Theatre this week with Ethelyn Bradford in "The Second Generation." One afternoon last season, after a spell of light houses, Bill looked out in the theatre to find the entire orchestra and balconies filled with an eager crowd of young people, with only a scattering of adults. The house manager, pointing to the crowded house, said to Macart just before the curtain went up, "Now go to it, Bill, give 'em some of your good old Hibernian stuff and see 'em tear up the seats." Macart "went after 'em" in the most approved fashion. He put in some of his best comedy stuff and waited to hear the laughs Nothing happened. As he walked into the wings, dripping with perspiration and mentally vowing to cancel his engagement on the spot and return to New York, the manager came up to him. "Oh," said the manager, "I forgot to tell you that we are giving a free show to one of the best deaf and dumb asylums

ELMAN'S LAST CONCERT.

Will Appear in Symphony Hall This Afternoon.

Mischa Elman will make his last appearance of the season this afternoon in Symphony Hall at 2:30 o'clock. This concert will be the last but one of the very successful series that have been given on Sundays in Symphony Hall during the Winter. Elman has appeared already twice in Boston this season, once with the Philharmonic Society and once in recitals, in each of which he was heard before a large audience of the country paying to hear success. As before, he will have the assistance of his favorite accompanist Percy Kahn His programme is

1—Sonata in A, No. 10 ..... Mozart
Andante cantabile
Allegro assai moderato
2—Concerto, D minor ..... Wieniawski
Andante religioso
Allegro moderato
3—Sonata, G minor ..... Handel
Largo
Allegro
4—Romance, G major ..... Beethoven
Caprice Viennois ..... Kreisler
5—Hungarian Dance No. 21 ..... Brahms-Joachim
6—Introduction et Jota ..... Sarasate

Amusements.

AT THE OLD
HOWARD
DRIVE

Get in the drive, there old kicks get a move on and cover yourself among the living. The way girls are showing their knees and ankles in the drive is making the biggest sort of a sale for lo in the drive with the result that the Howard is doing a land office business at the old stand. Always something doing at the Howard.

Moulin Rouge Burlesquers

With Maggie Bennett, the clever Jas Dancer, Peggy Hopkins Joyce, Rose Ellis, Armstrong and the Queen of Hearts brigade, Ben Welch, Tim Dillon, Jack Reddy and a host of others.

Also a 7-people-one Show with the De Veas Trio and other vaud. acts.

THIS SUNDAY NIGHT AT 7
AT THE OLD HOWARD
Vaudeville and moving pictures. Three hours' continuous show—nothing stopping
ADMISSION 10 CENTS—ALL SEATS FREE

Amusements. Amusements.

MAJESTIC THEATRE

Tremont St., near Boylston St. Tel. 455 Oxford

WILBUR-SHUBERT CO Proprietors

Beginning Tomorrow Night

5th and Last Big Week in Boston

James Montgomery's real Comedy of Modern Love and Romance

Exceeding the Laughter Speed Limit

READY MONEY

THE PLAY FOR ALL WOMEN WHO ARE MARRIED OR EXPECT TO BE

POP. PRICES WED. MAT. BEST ORCHESTRA SEATS $1.00

Tonight At 8.15 The Stupendous $10,000 Historic Motion Picture Life of St. Patrick

ADDED FEATURES, Miss Victoria Johnson, Mezzo Soprano, Miss Alice Selver Pianiste, Pupil Mr. Peter S. Newell, Director of Symphony orchestra near the Vic tor reproduction of some of Lincoln's early years, John Mortimmer, Lecturer, Mr. Peter S. Newell. Prices 25c and 50c. Box Office Open Today.

WEEK NEXT SEAT SALE OPENS AT 9 A.M. THURS. MAIL ORDERS WILL HAVE PROMPT ATTENTION NOW

THE EMINENT AMERICAN ACTOR

Walker Whiteside

IN THE INTERNATIONAL DRAMATIC SUCCESS

The Most Sensationally Successful Play the stage has known in 20 years

The Typhoon

So long the reigning emphatic hit and talk of New York

With the Identical Elaborate Production and powerful Metropolitan Cast.

Amusements. Amusements.

CASTLE SQUARE

JOHN CRAIG Sole Lessee and Manager

A theatre of constant surprises.—*Transcript.*

Last Week! Last Week! Last Week!

End of the Eleven Weeks Run of the Greatest Castle Square Success

Believe Me Xantippe!

121st to 132d Performance

Last Week! Last Week! Last Week!

Matinees Daily at 2:10 Evenings at 8:10 Prices 15c, 25c, 50c, 75c

Telephone Tremont 5

Branch Ticket Office, 15 Winter St. (Vorenberg's)

April 7—David Belasco's Spectacular Drama

"The Darling of the Gods"

TONIGHT—Popular Concert of Vaudeville and Photoplays. Best Reserved Seats 25c.

SYMPHONY HALL, This (Sunday) Afternoon, at 3.30

MISCHA ELMAN LAST RECITAL The Foremost Russian Violinist

Tickets $2.00, $1.50, $1.00 and 50c. (1200 seats $1.00.) Admission 50c.

SYMPHONY HALL, Next Tuesday Eve., Apr 1, and Mats. Wed., Apr 2 and Thurs. Apr. 3

PERSONAL APPEARANCE OF **LILLIAN RUSSELL** 'How to Live 100 Years'

In Her Unique Entertainment Entitled

MISS RUSSELL will be assisted by KINEMACOLOR PICTURES

Tickets $3.50, $3.00, 75c, 50c and 25c

SYMPHONY HALL, Sunday Afternoon, April 6 at 3.30

Last of the SUNDAY AFTERNOON CONCERTS

THE **Creation** Sung by the **HANDEL and HAYDN SOCIETY** (Chorus of 400)

EMIL MOLLENHAUER, Conductor. H. G. TUCKER, Organist.

Caroline Hudson-Alexander Will sing "With Verdure Clad," "On Mighty Pens."

Evan Williams Will sing "In Native Worth."

Frederic Martin Will sing "Rolling in Foamy Billows."

"Now Heav'n in Fullest Glory Shone"

Duets, Trios and Concerted Numbers

SOLO SINGERS, FULL ORCHESTRA, ORGAN

Tickets $2.00, $1.50, $1.00, 50c (1000 Seats at $1.00), at Symphony Hall and Chickering & Sons, 169 Tremont St.

SYMPHONY HALL, Saturday Afternoon, April 12, at 2.30

YSAYE POSITIVELY LAST APPEARANCE

Tickets $2.00, $1.50, $1.00 and 50c. Now.

MAIL ORDERS for the above concerts, accompanied by check or money order, and addressed to E. H. Mudgett, Symphony Hall, Boston, will receive prompt and as near the desired location as possible, prior to public sale.

$11.75 Saved to CALIFORNIA

And $10.00 by taking in Yosemite, Grand Canyon and Washington. Extra low rates via Santa Fe and Escorted Tours. Also other Escorted Tours. Excursion Tickets Daily to all points. Get particulars.

Established 1895. Phone Connections.

Colpitts Ticket Agency,

628 Washington, opp. Milk St. 146 Canal St., near North Station

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

THIS AFTERNOON at 3:15

Only Concert This Season by

ALICE NIELSEN

America's Greatest Lyric Soprano,

MICHAEL J. DWYER

The Distinguished Tenor,

EMILIANO RENAUD

The French Pianist.

Seats Now on Sale at Opera House Box Office

PRICES 25-50-75-1.00. Best Seats 1.50

SCENIC TEMPLE

Berkeley St. and Warren Ave.

MOTION PICTURES.—ILLUSTRATED SONGS.

Mats. 2.30. Eve's con. 7 to 10.30

Admission 10c. Seats Free

Amusements. Amusements. Amusements.

EVENINGS AT 8 Wed. and Sat. Mats. at 2

SHUBERT THEATRE

TREMONT ST. Opp. Hollis St. Telephone 1822 Ox

Beginning Tomorrow Night

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN Presents

"The Little Queen of Comedy Opera"

EMMA

TRENTINI

IN THE BIG N. Y. SUCCESS

Direct from its Notable Run of 25 Weeks at the CASINO, NEW YORK CITY

THE **FIREFLY**

Book and Lyrics by OTTO HAUERBACH — Music by RUDOLPH FRIML

Ensemble of 60 — Augmented Orchestra of 40

The Only Musical Show in Town

"A live wire."—N. Y. Times

"A flashing success."—Evening World

"Festival gorgeous."—N. Y. Sun.

"She puts fire in Firefly."—N. Y. Mail

"Tantalizing as ever."—N. Y. Herald

Only Appearance in New England

GAIETY THEATRE

WASHINGTON AND BOYLSTON STREETS

EVERYBODY WANTS SOMETHING NEW WANTS SOMETHING FRESH

Here It Is—The Big Fun Show of the Year

THE DAZZLERS

WITH

PETE CURLEY

That Popular Comedian and Everybody's Favorite

AND BOSTON'S FAVORITE

BENNY PIERCE

IT'S A REAL GAIETY SHOW AND THAT MEANS QUALITY

2 Shows Daily, 2:15 and 8 P. M. Seats Reserved by Phone, Oxford 38

Popular Concert Tonight at 8 o'clock ALL SEATS RESERVED 10c, 20c, 25c

COLONIAL THEATRE

Charles Frohman or Wm. Harris Lessees and Managers

Evs. at 8 Sharp. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2

ANOTHER COHAN & HARRIS SUCCESS

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK AND CHICAGO TRIUMPHS

Special Prices for Boston 1.50-1.00 75-50

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

In the Brilliant Romantic Farce

HAWTHORNE OF THE U. S. A.

By JAMES BERNARD FAGAN

A Play Full of Dash, Danger, Life and Love, Being the Adventures of a Young American in the Balkans.

"A Remarkably Breezy Play."—N. Y. Sun. "Is a Knockout."—N. Y. Eve. World. "A Play Big in Inspiration and Broad in Its Appeal."—Chicago Tribune.

Charles Frohman, Rich & Harris Lessees and Managers Evs. at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

PARK THEATRE

Prices 1.50, 1.00, .50, .25 This attraction is not shown in any other Newfoundland city.

4th Week Limited Engagement

A Merry Maze of Mystery, Heart-Throbs and Laughter

Another COHAN & HARRIS Hit

OFFICER 666

With George Sorlly, Edward Abeles and Nora Sweinell.

A MELODRAMATIC FARCE BY AUGUSTIN MacHUGH

PLYMOUTH THEATRE

Telephone Oxford 2075

Elliot St., near Tremont

"The Home of Fashionable Playgoers."—Boston Pst.

2ND WEEK

THE FAMOUS

Irish Players

Repertoire for Next Two Weeks

Week of March 31st

Mon. & Tues. Nights & Thurs. Mat.—"Patriot" "Spreading the News."

Wed. & Thurs. Nights—"Cousin Maurice Hart," "Workhouse Ward."

Friday & Sat. Nights & Sat. Mat.—"Mixed Marriage" "Gaol Gate."

Week of April 7th

Mon. & Tues. Nights & Thurs. Mat.—"Hannassyde Lyon," "Building Fund" "Playing of the Wars."

Wed. & Thurs. Nights—"Well of the Saints" "Riversdale Haire."

Friday & Sat. Nights & Sat. Mat.—"Workhouse Ward," "Rance Pounce," "Jackdaw."

Mail orders when accompanied with remittance and self-addressed stamped envelope, given most careful and prompt attention. Make checks payable to Fred G. Wright.

WALDRON'S CASINO

Hanover Street — Near Tremont Row

Boston's Magnificent Burlesque Theatre

THE CREAM OF HIGH-CLASS BURLESQUE

"THAT FUNNY LITTLE DUTCHMAN WITH THE FUNNY SLIDE"

BILLY W. WATSON

—AND—

THE GIRLS FROM HAPPYLAND

Presenting Everything New

THE FASTEST SHOW IN BURLESQUE

WARNING!

Tickets purchased of speculators on the sidewalk will not be honored. Buy your tickets at Ticket Office. Ladies at Matinees 10c.

TONIGHT!

Pictures and Vaudeville 7 P. M. TO 10 P. M.

3 Solid Hours, Nothing Repeated

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Washington and Dover Sts., at E. Station. Ladies' Bargain Matinee every day, any seat 10 cents. To-morrow Daily, 2 and 8.

Doors open at 1 in the afternoon and 7 in the evening. Free moving pictures to all patrons.

WHIFL OF MIRTH BURLESQUE WITH

EDDIE COLLINS The Funniest Chap in Burlesque

Also a Charming Classics of Burlesque Girls.

Next Thursday Night Wrestling Direction of GEORGE TUOHEY

CYCLONE BURNS VS. ERNEST BERGMAN GERMAN HEAVYWEIGHT

Every Friday Night Amateurs

WATCH FOR THE HOOK

EXHIBITION 8 and 10.

This Sunday Night at Grand Opera House and Hippo: hours continuous show nothing repeated. Prices 10c, 15c, 25c.

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

PANDORA'S BOX

in aid of

SHARON SANATORIUM

THURSDAY, APRIL 3, AT 2:30 P. M.

FRIDAY, APRIL 4, AT 8:15 P. M.

Tickets at Herrick's, 50 cents to $2.00.

Amusements. Amusements.

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE

"The Amusement Centre of Boston"

WEEK OF MARCH 31

First Boston Appearance in Years of the Famous Comedian

CLIFF GORDON

Creator of Character Monologues, Popularly Known as "The German Senator"

Discussing the Burning Political Questions of the Day

The Marvel of the Universe! 6th Tremendous, Record Smashing Week!

THOMAS A. EDISON'S KINETOPHONE

The Mechanical Wonder of the Century Presenting

TALKING MOTION PICTURES

An Absolutely Perfect Combination of Sound and Motion! Now Featuring This Week

"The Indian Girl's Revenge" and "The Five Jolly Bachelors"

"THE TALKIES" ARE THE EIGHTH WONDER OF THE WORLD!

W. H. MACART and ETHELYN BRADFORD

And Their Big Company of Comedy in a New Comedy Success, "The Second Generation." An Uproarious, Funny Parlor & Lawn at College Life.

FOUR RIANOS Late Favorite Musicians in Their Novel Fun Fest, "A Night Out on a Roof Garden." See the Excited Chase of the Professor, the Hotel Maid and the Two Giant Bottles!

WILBUR MACK and NELLA WALKER

In Their Entertaining and Diverting Vocal Theatrics, "The Pearl and the Girl."

GREAT DELASSO TROUPE

Four Brothers in a Sensational and Thrilling Revolving Perch Act. Perfect Athletes who may be Seen in Vaudeville on the Big Time Only.

BUCKLEY'S ANIMALS Dogs, Cats, Rats, Rabbits and Guinea Pigs in Their Funny Tricks and the Ground-Hog Will Take Him Trip Into Fairyland. Introducing the Famous Trained Seals, Sea Lions, Sea Bears, and the Skating Monkeys.

PAULINE MORAN Winsome Comedienne

PENFOLD & MARSHALL Two Men and Some Songs

THE VAN DYKES Novelty Entertainers

PATHE WEEKLY Well Known Pictures

SUNDAY CONCERT HENRY WOODRUFF AND COMPANY, DOLLEY SISTERS, BAILEY AND MORGAN, ESTHER, KIRK AND BILLY, ELIZABETH C. MOORE AND PARKER, HILDA HAWTHORNE, JONES AND WHITESIDE, and OTHERS

Prices 75, 50, 25c Washington St. Box Office Open at 2 Tremont at 6

TREMONT THEATRE

SECOND AND LAST WEEK

HENRY W. SAVAGE'S PRODUCTION

SEASON'S CHAMPION LAUGHTER EVENT

Top O' the Mornin'

TIM MURPHY, GERTRUDE QUINLAN

More Than a Score of Others

Best Seats at Every Performance . . 1.50

OPENING, MONDAY, APRIL 7

ANNUAL SPRING SEASON OF THE

ABORN ENGLISH GRAND OPERA CO

WEEK APRIL 7—"IL TROVATORE"

WEEK APRIL 14—"FAUST"

WEEK APRIL 21—"CARMEN"

WEEK APRIL 28—"LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR"

MATINEES: WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS

EXTRA MATINEES OF "HANSEL AND GRETEL"

Seat Sale Opens Tomorrow for All Performances of the Four Weeks

POPULAR PRICES: $1, 75c, 50c & 25c

BOSTON THEATRE

EVENINGS AT 8

THOMAS W. HARRIS Corp. Assess. Mats. Wed. and Sat. at 2

MAELYN ARBUCKLE IN

KLAW & ERLANGER'S

MASSIVE PRODUCTION

SPECIAL PRICES 25, 50, 75, 1.00

THE ROUND UP

NOTHING HIGHER

134 PEOPLE 20 HORSES

SPECIAL PRICES 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00

HOLLIS STREET THEATRE

Charles Frohman, Rich & Harris, Lessees and Managers

EVENINGS PROMPTLY AT 7:45 Wednesday and Saturday Matinees at 1:45

KLAW & ERLANGER Present

OTIS

SKINNER

(By Arrangement with Charles Frohman)

In "AN ARABIAN NIGHT"

KISMET

By EDWARD KNOBLAUCH

PRODUCED AND MANAGED BY HARRISON GREY FISKE

Seats on Sale Two Weeks in Advance

"An Artistic Achievement Such as the Local Stage Has Rarely Been Privileged to Present"

BOWDOIN 10 CENTS

HARDEEN, The Handcuff King

Special Train Every Night Wednesday Night, PACKING CASE TEST

Tours and Travels.

NEW YORK $2.40

VIA RAIL AND BOAT

BAY STATE LINE

GEORGES and LEWISTON

To New York $2.50

Via Rail and Boat. Daily and Sunday

THE NEWEST AND BEST LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND BOSTON

COLONIAL LINE

FAY WALLACE IN "READY MONEY" AT THE MAJESTIC
MAZIE WRIGHT AT THE GLOBE
EMMA TRENTINI IN "THE FIREFLY" AT THE SHUBERT
MARY YOUNG IN "BELIEVE ME XANTIPPE" AT THE CASTLE SQUARE
NAN ENGELTON WITH "THE DAZZLERS" AT THE GAIETY
IRENE FENWICK IN "HAWTHORNE OF THE U.S.A." AT THE COLONIAL

By NICHOLAS YOUNG.

THE wonderful secret of Lillian Russell's magnificent youth has been a matter of deep speculation for some time, but now Miss Russell is preparing to expose the entire trick—if you can call her perpetual youth a trick. I am more inclined to agree with Miss Russell that it is an art—an art that any sensible, simple-living woman can acquire.

At any rate, we are to have Miss Russell at Symphony Hall this week to tell us "how to live 100 years and be young." It sounds promising—you must concede that. The retirement of Miss Russell from the legitimate stage, which followed her newest trip into matrimony, was a severe blow to dramatic art, for the theatre could ill afford to lose a woman of Miss Russell's personal charm and following. But few actresses of this generation have enjoyed as much substantial popularity as Miss Russell, and it will probably be discovered that her lectures on youth's secret will attract wide interest.

Miss Russell is a welcome visitor in any capacity, but when it is known that she will throw upon the world the correct recipe for a youth that is to last 100 years she is made doubly welcome.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

WITH the coming of Emma Trentini to the Shubert in "The Firefly" we shall have another operatic star whose journey to fame led from the serious work of grand opera to the more merry tunes of light opera. Like Fritzi Scheff and Bessie Abbott, Miss Trentini finds light opera more suited to her talents and temperament. During her opera days, as a member of Oscar Hammerstein's Manhattan Opera Company, Trentini was the little prima donna with the big voice. She was small only in body. Possessed of a flow of splendid spirit, with a natural propensity for fun she was just impish enough in her work to be christened by Melba as "the little devil of grand opera." It was almost certain that this diminutive, caper cutting Trentini would sooner or later welcome with open arms an opportunity by which she would be able to illuminate [illegible] style of opera called "comic." It is now two years since Trentini entered comic opera. "Naughty Marietta" was her first venture into the new field and [illegible] been succeeded by "The Firefly" [illegible] Otto Hauerbach and Rudolph Friml. That Trentini intends to remain true to her comic opera career may be gathered from the fact that she has renewed her contract to appear in comedy roles for five or more years under the direction of Arthur Hammerstein, who kidnapped her from his father.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

IN moving "Ready Money" from the Shubert to the Majestic two local playhouses are engaging in a little game of checkers that has not often been played here. In New York and Chicago it is a common thing for attractions to change their base, but Boston has been rather free from that kind of theatrical juggling. In going to the Majestic this week, "Ready Money" prolongs its stay in Boston one week, after which it will move upon the other cities in New England territory. This comedy has found local playgoers receptive to its delicious humor, and although its early weeks were played in the dull Lenten days it did not suffer from those usually disastrous theatrical [illegible]

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

AS might have been expected, the absorption of the Empire burlesque circuit by the Columbia Amusement Company has already served as a good excuse for the formation of a rival circuit. The promoters of the merger doubtless made [illegible]ces to just that possibility before putting their plans into operation. While they could hardly feel that the field of burlesque would continue long without competition of some kind, they made sure of their own ground by gathering into their family the best of the theatres and attractions that were operating in the Empire or Western Wheel. The announcement that Dr. George Lothrop, who controls the Howard Athenaeum and the Grand Opera House in this city, has joined a group of other burlesque promoters for the establishment of a new circuit, was no great surprise to those familiar with burlesque conditions. It will be remembered that Dr. Lothrop conducted the Old Howard as a stock burlesque house for several years before he entered organized burlesque, and it has been popularly supposed that he made a success of it. Any real benefits that may grow out of the new merger will come not so much from the possibility of killing competition, but from an earnest desire to clean up burlesque entertainment and make it presentable to every class of playgoer. The Columbia Amusement Company has been running its affairs on that plan for some time. It has been much cleaner in its offerings than the Western Wheel. With definite plans for a still greater improvement in the quality of burlesque entertainment the merger may be safely looked upon as a step in the right direction. The public, of course, is familiar with all forms of burlesque, but what the public doesn't know is that the marked improvement in that class of entertainment during the last five years must be credited to the men who control the Columbia Amusement Company.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

WHILE it is always dangerous to temporarily turn a first class theatre into a popular priced house, [illegible]ment with "The Round Up" at the Boston Theatre is yielding agreeable results. There is always room in a large city for one popular priced theatre, where the big $2 shows may be presented on return engagements at reduced tariff. In this city the Boston Theatre is the logical house for that policy. With its tremendous seating capacity and its splendid reputation throughout New England it would be remarkable if under a policy of popular prices for good attractions the house did not enter upon a career of extraordinary prosperity. Although "The Round Up" has already had at least five engagements in Boston, several of them at the Boston Theatre, the present management finds the play as much in demand as ever. It is not unreasonable to attribute a large share of its success at this time to the prevailing popular prices. A better test for this new policy however would be to apply it to some attraction that has not been so frequently and particularly popular in this city.

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

WHEN the London dramatist tries his [illegible] on the American theatre [illegible] you [illegible] interesting men and queer twists in the drama. But it is almost beyond belief that an English playwright should write one of those screaming [illegible] plays that the old time gallery patrons loved so well. That is exactly what you find, however, in "Hawthorne of the U. S. A.," which comes to the Colonial tomorrow. Its author, James Bernard Fagan, is English to the core, a graduate of Trinity College and for a time in the Indian civil service. His taste for the theatre led him into dramatic reviewing, but that was hardly exciting enough, so he became an actor and served with Beerbohm Tree for several seasons. Mr Fagan had his first play produced in 1899. It was entitled "The Rebels." Since then he has written a number of London successes. One of his most recent plays, "Bella Donna," a dramatization of Robert Hichens' popular novel, was produced early in 1911 and is still running in London. Mr. Fagan is a protege and namesake of George Bernard Shaw.

CITY LIFE SECTION
OF THE
Sunday American

World's Best Fiction in the
AMERICAN'S MAGAZINE
To Be Issued With Next
Sunday's American
GREATEST OF ITS KIND

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Those Conundrums of Life—

By T. E. Powers,
The Famous Cartoonist

One Man Is Polite, While—

OH! HOW DO YOU DO SO CHARMED TO SEE YOU!!!
HELLO! MR. FAT!
WOOF
THERE GOES MY DOG!
I'LL GET HIM FOR YOU
OH MY POOR FIDO!!!
GO AHEAD DON'T STOP
I'VE GOT HIM
DID YOU MEET ANY ONE YOU KNOW?
ONLY MR FAT. HES AN AWFUL BORE

Another Is a Lobster, and Yet—

WHY MR TREVORS I'M SO GLAD TO SEE YOU
HELLO!
I'LL PICK IT UP!
IT'S ALL DUSTY I'LL DUST IT OFF
OH! I JUST MET MR. TREVORS ISN'T HE JUST TOO LOVELY!
T. E. POWERS

Paul Morton and Naomi Glass—

In "My Lady of the Bungalow," Now on the New York Stage

Published by Permission of Mr. Morton.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

PAUL—Good evening, dearie! Say, I think I'll ask your father for your hand this evening.

NAOMI—Take care that you don't get his foot.

PAUL—I just love blue eyes.

NAOMI—Maybe after we're married they wouldn't suit you.

PAUL—Then I'd black them.

NAOMI—Perhaps you wouldn't like my hair.

PAUL—In that case wouldn't you die for me?

NAOMI—What do you think father said when I told him you wanted to marry me?

PAUL—I haven't an idea.

NAOMI—Good guess. That's just what he said.

PAUL—Huh! Your old man is a pretty keen guy, isn't he? I hear he has perfected a new method to prevent peas rolling off a knife.

NAOMI—Oh, has he?

PAUL—Yes, he mixes them with his mashed potatoes.

NAOMI—Well, your father was so mean that he stole the baby's rattle for a sleigh-bell.

PAUL—That was perfectly right. Why should any one try to rattle the baby?

NAOMI—I am afraid father wouldn't be satisfied with our marriage.

PAUL—Never mind about that. We'll get a round-trip ticket to Reno with a six months' stop-over with our certificate.

NAOMI—I refuse to consent to any trial marriage.

PAUL—Well, this is a speedy age, you know. The trial is a very necessary part for a divorce. In these days people are courted, married and back in court in three weeks.

NAOMI—Is Reno where they hold the big fight?

PAUL—No, the fight's all over when you get there.

NAOMI—Have you thought anything about a wedding trip?

PAUL—Listen, dearest! Would you be willing to cast your lot with a promising young man who is going into the far West next week to seek his fortune in a great and glorious land full of wonderful opportunities, and——

NAOMI—Ah, yes! What romance!

PAUL—All right, I'll speak to my friend, Willie Everwin. He's leaving next Tuesday.

NAOMI—Dog! Leave my presence!

PAUL—No, you must give them back to me. I'm broke and I must raise some money.

NAOMI—Go at once! Get off that sidewalk.

PAUL—I don't have to. Does your father own this sidewalk?

NAOMI—He certainly does.

PAUL—He does? Does he own this house?

NAOMI—Yes indeed. He owns a whole row of houses.

PAUL—Darling, I love you!

NAOMI—Now what have you to say about your own prospects?

PAUL—My father's a wealthy plumber.

NAOMI—I don't see how a plumber can ever get rich.

PAUL—Oh, it's a pipe.

NAOMI—After we get married I won't have to work any more, will I?

PAUL—No. That is, not any more than you do now.

NAOMI—But now I get up every morning at 4 and milk the cocoanuts and water the bees and dust off the chickens and take down hay for the cattle just like a regular stenographer, and——

PAUL—Doesn't your father help you at all?

NAOMI—Well, at night when I go out to bring in the hammock he turns his lamps on me.

PAUL—Of course that makes your work lighter, doesn't it?

NAOMI—Do you belong to any fraternal organizations?

PAUL—Oh, yes. The Knights of Rest, Knights of the Mystic Wine, the All Knights, and——

NAOMI—Well, when we're married you'll have to join the Pay Nights. They meet every Saturday, and I'm the treasurer.

PAUL—Uh-huh, and I suppose your mother'll be sergeant-at-arms?

NAOMI—I want you to like my mother.

PAUL—Oh, I do. I think she'll make a GRAND mother.

NAOMI—And will you stay at home every evening to make me happy?

PAUL—Of course. You needn't worry about that.

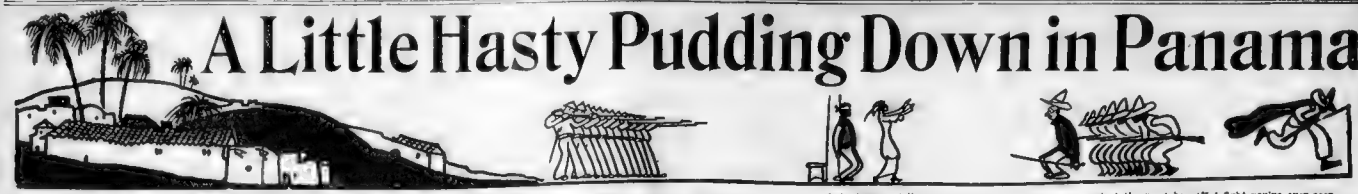
NAOMI—But I will worry if you don't stay home, because I have a good many social engagements to keep, and I don't like to leave the house alone.

PAUL—Bow-wow! I guess I did bite on that, but you needn't take me for a watch-dog.

NAOMI—If we're going to stay outdoors this evening I think I ought to have something to wrap around me.

PAUL—Take my arm.

A Little Hasty Pudding Down in Panama



"PANAMANIA," a musical comedy in two acts, is the vehicle selected by the Hasty Pudding Club of Harvard University for its annual theatricals this year. The book and lyrics are by P. M. Hollister, '13, and J. K. Hodges, '14, and the music by F. R. Hancock, 12; T. M. Spelman, '13, and V. Freedley, '14. The comedy will be presented at Jordan Hall on Friday and Saturday of this week.

The story deals with Eleanor Wyman, daughter of a "billionaire," and prominent in amateur theatricals, who is induced to sign a contract for a four months' engagement at the United States Theatre, Panama Zone. The supposed promoter of the company of New York chorus girls and other lights of the stage, who leave New York with hopes held high, is Antonello Sanchez. The latter turns out to be one of the leaders of a revolution, rather than a theatrical manager, and upon reaching Panama orders the arrest of Freddie Fortescue, who has followed to protect Eleanor, and then announces that the young woman herself will be held for ransom. Anita, a Panama maiden, falls in love with Freddie, thus complicating the situation, and nothing but the arrival of Eleanor's father and a goodly company of Uncle Sam's marines, called by wireless through Freddie's abilities in this direction, saves the day and the big ditch from being dynamited.

The following entertaining lines are from the book of the show:

CAST OF "PANAMANIA."

John	R. L. Whitman, '14
Miss La Rose	F. W. Hubbell, '13
Miss May Belle	J. A. Cook, '13
Charles Blowman	G. S. Silsbee, '13
Antonello Sanchez	S. Nichols, '13
J. Augustus Wyman	H. C. Everett, '13
Eleanor Wyman	V. Freedley, '14
Frederick Van Wyck, Fortescue	P. M. Hollister, '13
Barrett Booth Dustifoot	J. K. Hodges, '14
Washington Bagley	J. A. Milholland, '14
Zachariah Hay	L. H. Mills, '14
Minnie Hay	A. F. Sortwell, '14
Herr Hohenzollern	W. T. Gardiner, '14
Lieut.-Gen. Castillo	G. C. Cutler, '13
Gen. Ohdearno	W. T. Gardiner, '14
Anita	T. M. Spelman, '13
Lieut. John Holland	J. S. Morgan, '14
Capt. Da Go	L. Saltonstall, '14

(Curtain rises on the revolutionary army loafing near the house of General Ohdearno, commander of the troop—the canal in the distance. Enter Anita.)

(Enter Freddie, struggling with three small soldiers. Enter Lieutenant.)

LIEUT.—What does this mean? Who is this prisoner?

FRED—Well, Conductor, a couple of your handsome strikebreakers tried to interrupt my morning walk.

FIRST SOLDIER—Si Senor. We find him wizen ze lines. I get Matteo and Jose. We bring him.

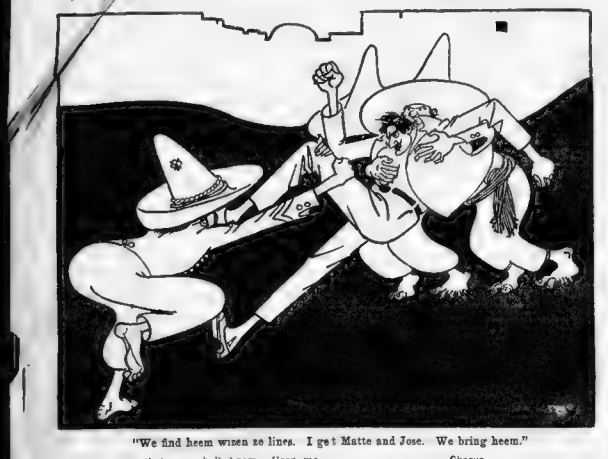
FRED—You get Matthew, Mark, Luke and John and you won't bring me any farther. Why did you let them guess me all up? I wasn't within the lines. What lines? They think I'm trying to steal some clothes. *(Other soldiers sneak in.)* Oh—here are the rest of the boys. Well now, you get the chips and we'll have a good round game

Wyck Fortescue. Who are you?

FRED—Oh—I are who? I am Frederick Van Wyck Fortescue. Who are you?

LIEUT.—I see you do not know who I am. I am El Major Domo of the Carcel, Hernando de Castillo of the Republic-to-be of Panama.

FRED—Oh—I see. You're chief of police, Herman Castile Soap. How are you chief? What's this republic-perhaps of Panama?



"We find heem wizen ze lines. I get Matte and Jose. We bring heem."

LIEUT.—Of that you shall know. Hear me. You are under arrest. You may wander about near the house—not far—or you shall be shoot. See—shoot, Adolo. Manuel—watch him well. Let him do nothing that you do not do. *(Manuel follows Freddie and does as he does.)*

FRED—Say—Manuel—you get me a drink? Goods boy.

(Exit Manuel.)

(Enter Anita, with various dusky friends.)

FRED—My dream is out. *(Whistles as they walk by.)*

ANITA—Buenos dios, Senor.

FRED—Wie bitset du?

ANITA—Eh, Senor?

FRED—Ah—what's your name?

ANITA—Anita, Senor.

FRED—Well, Anita, you are probably the most lovelicst thing I've seen recently

ANITA—Si Senor?

FRED—Yes, I see. Oh—this is a fine occupation. Here—wake up, young fellow. You've got a mission in life. Tell me, Anita, have you seen a young lady near this asylum, dressed in white, with a little white hat and some eyelashes? Her name is Eleanor—Eleanor Wyman *(Looks around.)*

ANITA—The young Americano He loves her. Hah—I shall feez her—the posey cat. Si, senor, I have seen her. She is even now in my house and I shall call her. Miss Wyman, Miss Wyman. *(Eleanor appears on the porch.)*

ELEANOR—Oooch—you blessed boy. Never have I been so glad

FRED—Come h and sit down by the flagpole. Are you an inma of this asylum?

ELEANOR—No, but I'm nearly crazy.

FRED—Well, I am. I'm a prisoner with a shadow. *(He calls: Shadow, Shadow. Manuel appears from the bushes.)* That's all right. You wait inside, eh?

ELEANOR—Listen Freddie, I'm in an awful fix This place seems to be the headquarters of a revolution to overthrow the government and destroy the canal. That scoundrel Sanchez brought me down here under false pretences.

FRED—What?

ELEANOR—To hold me for a ransom which he expects father to send on this boat. If the boat doesn't arrive with the money and arms for the rebels at work on the canal, I'm never going home

FRED—Eleanor—you don't mean?

ELEANOR—Yes, it's marry Sanchez and get away, or stay to be lined up with a bandage over my eyes out against that sunny wall, and—oh—it's too horrible. You must do something.

FRED—I'll go through fire and water for a lady.

Hero and Heroine Song.

Sandy Leander once jumped in the Hellespont
Swam to the opposite shore;
Tristan killed dragons and swallowed great flagons
And still he kept shouting for more.
Paris took Helen away on a trip—
Way up the Hudson to Troy in his ship;
Lochinvar gave all the party the slip;
Heroes loved ladies galore.

Chorus

Ever since Adam and Eve left the tree,
With the place on the branch where the apple should be,

The heroine spellbinds the hero alarmingly—
Then does a faint on his shoulder quite charmingly.
Cupid—the lad with the arrow and bow—
Picks up the cue for his part of the show;
His poisonous dart—nailed me in the heart—
So, come be my heroine—do—
Be my good little heroine—do.

FRED—This is headquarters?

ELEANOR—Yes, General Ohdearno lives in there. Here his officers report to him and the army is stationed in the jungle beyond. The place is as secure as if it were a hundred miles away. Oh, Freddie, we'll never get through the lines to

Thrills From Canal Zone Play to Be Presented This Week By Harvard Boys

(Clicking of wireless begins.)

FRED—Perhaps we don't want to.

ELEANOR—What do you mean?

FRED—Hear that? That harmless looking flagpole is a wireless mast.

"Sooo! you try to take him away from me, my beautiful Americaine? I put him now where he sleep sweetly till you are out of ze way."

(Opens seat cover, revealing apparatus.) Listen—who's that? *(Reading.)* We have the money and are making good time. Steamer following—unable to make her out.

ELEANOR—Oh, dear, I hope they'll come.

(Anita appears on porch with soldiers.)

ELEANOR—I almost love you—you blessed operator. *(Kisses him.)*

ANITA—O! Seize him—take zat man to ze carcel. He is an enemy to ze cause. *(The soldiers jump on Freddie and bear him away, fighting.)*

ELEANOR—Stop! Don't you touch him!

ANITA—See—you try to take him away from me my beautiful Americaine? I put him now where he sleeps sweetly till you are out of ze way. At four o'clock, senora, if ze boat is not come—what you call it—bang—bing! Ha! ha! ha! *Exit into house.)*

(Eleanor follows her to the steps appealingly and busts into tears. Johnny sneaks in cautiously through bushes.)

JOHN—S-s-s-h! *(Whistles.)*

ELEANOR—Who's that?

JOHN—S-s-s-h! Me.

ELEANOR *(turning)*—How did you come?

JOHN—I followed the boss. He got caught and I sneaked after him. Deadshot Dan never loses a trail.

ELEANOR—Well, he's in jail now.

JOHN—Where is his dungeon cell?

ELEANOR—Beyond the house—down a lane in the jungle. Where are you going?

JOHN—To free me chieftain. Never shall it be said that Deadshot Dan, the boy scout, deserted his leader. Hist! They come! You'd better sneak, miss.

(Enter Sanchez, General Ohdearno and soldiers.)

GEN. OHDEARNO—My brave liberators—the hour approaches. Are we prepared to give our lives to the cause?

ALL—We are.

OHDEARNO—Castillo—muster the men in the clearing before the barracks. We want them ready when the ship lands. If they come in time it may not be necessary to use the wires. What news from the ship, Sanchez?

(Sanchez calls the ship by wireless.)

SANCHEZ—They should be here in forty minutes, Your Excellency.

(Enter Lieutenant.)

LIEUT.—Excellency, the men have mutinied. They refuse to move unless you pay them. There will be no revolution unless the Wyman money comes on the ship. They are getting troublesome and I have shifted the jail guards to the sentry lines.

OHDEARNO—Ah—we must act quickly then. Come, Sanchez.

(Exeunt. Enter the entire stock company with the exception of Eleanor.)

JANITOR—Doggone Johnny. I was just thinking of you when in you come my window and I was scared stiff. They done make me guard that whole doggone jail.

JOHN—Now, Mr. Fortescue, how are we going to get out of this?

FRED—Right here and now I want to thank you for getting me out of a tight place. Minnie—you and the girls find Miss Wyman.

DUSTIFOOT—Always compelled to hurry. When I was about to become comfortable in the jail and had made friends with the roaches in my room this scatter-brained youth must needs make me be rescued.

FRED *(laughing)*—You're all right, Johnny. Look out. Here's some one coming.

(Enter General Ohdearno and Sanchez.)

SANCHEZ—General—I'm afraid it's no use. Did you see how they greeted us? All seventy-three of 'em refused to act without pay. There remains but one thing if the money doesn't come.

OHDEARNO—You mean blow up the canal?

SANCHEZ—Blow it sky high. One flash from this electric button and every lock in the canal will be ruined. Come to the lookout.

(Two shots off stage.)

SANCHEZ—What's that? Firing! Come—there's trouble at the barracks

(Exeunt)

FRED—So that's their game. I wonder where that ship is? *(Calling.)* Where are you? Ah—there they are. One mile off shore, above the point. Who and where are you? Why—they know where we are. If they're as close as that they can help us. *(Calling.)* How soon will you be here? In twenty minutes. Keep me informed.

(Enter Eleanor.)

ELEANOR—Oh, Freddie—what are you doing? Where's the ship now?

FRED—Wait. Here comes another message. *(Reads.)* Landing party leaving ship. *(Johnny enters.)*

FRED—Johnny, you watch out for anyone coming. Keep your nerve, little girl. I think I see a way out of this now. They're on the way now and in a few minutes we'll have the money or else we'll start the most beautiful fight you've ever seen.

ELEANOR—Wait. Here comes another message.

FRED *(reading)*—Landing party ashore.

JOHN—Look out—some one's coming.

FRED—One more message, then. *(He's sending message as Sanchez enters.)*

SANCHEZ—What are you doing?

FRED—That's a branch of my business.

SANCHEZ—I'll make it mine. *(Rushes at Fred. Fred tussles with Sanchez, overpowering him and is sitting on him when soldiers rush in.)*

OHDEARNO—What is that?

LIEUT. *(when Fred is overpowered.)* A lying Americano, sir.

OHDEARNO—What's he doing here?

SANCHEZ—I found him tampering with our wireless apparatus.

OHDEARNO—Treachery within our lines. He is a spy. Do you know what happens to apies?

FRED—I do sir, but I'm not a spy.

OHDEARNO—Silence. You must be shot.

ELEANOR—Oh, General—you don't know what you're doing. You can't shoot him. He wasn't doing any harm. Oh—if my father were only here.

OHDEARNO—Neither you nor your father can help him. Is the firing party ready? *(Lieutenant gives an order.)*

LIEUT.—Bandage his eyes. Tie him up to that pole there. Are you ready, men? *(A fife is heard in the distance. Eleanor runs across and throws herself in front of Fred.)*

ELEANOR—I tell you that you can't shoot him. You don't know what you're doing. Won't anybody help me?

LIEUT.—The first person who moves will be shot. Are you ready? Load! Aim!

(Several United States marines rise from the bushes in the rear.)

U. S. OFFICER—Stop! What does this mean? Don't move—you're all covered.

OHDEARNO—Who are you?

U. S. OFFICER—Lieutenant John Kolland of the United States Navy. *(Turning to Freddie.)* What are you doing here?

FRED—If you'll take this handkerchief off my face I'll try and tell you. You got my message?

U. S. OFFICER—So you were sending those messages?

FRED—Yes—I thought you was the cigarmaker's steamer with the money and arms.

U. S. OFFICER—We captured them just after your first message.

SANCHEZ—Who called us, then?

CAPTAIN OF REBEL SHIP—It was I, senor. I knew the code and they made me do it.

(Enter Mr. Wyman.)

WYMAN—God bless my soul! I never climbed such a hill in my life. Eleanor! Thank Heaven you're alive! Freddie—accept a father's blessing. Well, Lieutenant, I see you have your prisoners. I dare say the canal is safe now.

ELEANOR—Daddy—I have a scheme.

MR. WYMAN—Name it, my child.

ELEANOR—Well, then—what do you say if we drop the curtain on this musical comedy and all go home?

MR. WYMAN—You shall have it.

(Curtain.)

Sammy's Schooldays

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

MONDAY—Was reading a spring pome in the class but it was only about birds and flours and nuthing about baseball and tops and marbels

Gee I bet them poets never had no fun No wunder sum of them looked so sad and died young.

I'm glad it's Spring. I don't have to take no more cod liver oil.

Teacher said she's gone give a meddle to the boy who behaives the best all turm.

We hada have a meating of the Nifty Nine this afternoon to exspell Roy Johnson. He's trying for the meddle.

Gave Jim Moseman the second digree and now we can't have no more fun. He skwealed and now evryboddy is afraide to join in our sumsity.

TUESDAY—Had anuther lesson in fisiks about water and why it never flows uphill.

Mike Morse is awful spunky. He gave teacher a arguement about it and got punisht. He said looket a bottel of seltzer.

Had anuther meating of the Nifty Nine and ternsed it into a baseball teem. Harry was slekted pitcher. He's the best spit ball thrower in the class. He's always praktising

Had our first game after school. When I went to bat I finisht the game. I busted a window and made a hoam run.

Thought I was safe at home but got counted out by ma. She found out what i done.

Got sent to bed without supper. It was wurth it. I escaped from doing my hoamwork.

WEDNESDAY—Allmost got cawt chewing gum but swalowed it when teacher seen me. Then I showed her i dident have nuthing in my mouth.

Lost the gum but saved myself writing a hundred lines for chewing. I'm glad it was only a little piece.

Teacher was trying to tell us a wall aint no fish. Mike Morse razed his hand and was gona give her another argument but she wouldn't give him no chanse. She's afrade

Hard luck. Played marbels with Herb Lasher and lost too of my best blue ones

THURSDAY—Learned a new lesson in fisikal culcher wich was luky for me Evryboddy hada bend over as far as we could. When Herb Lasher done it all his marbels fell out of his pokets.

Teacher punisht him and I picked up my two blue ones and a cuple others. Finding is keeping.

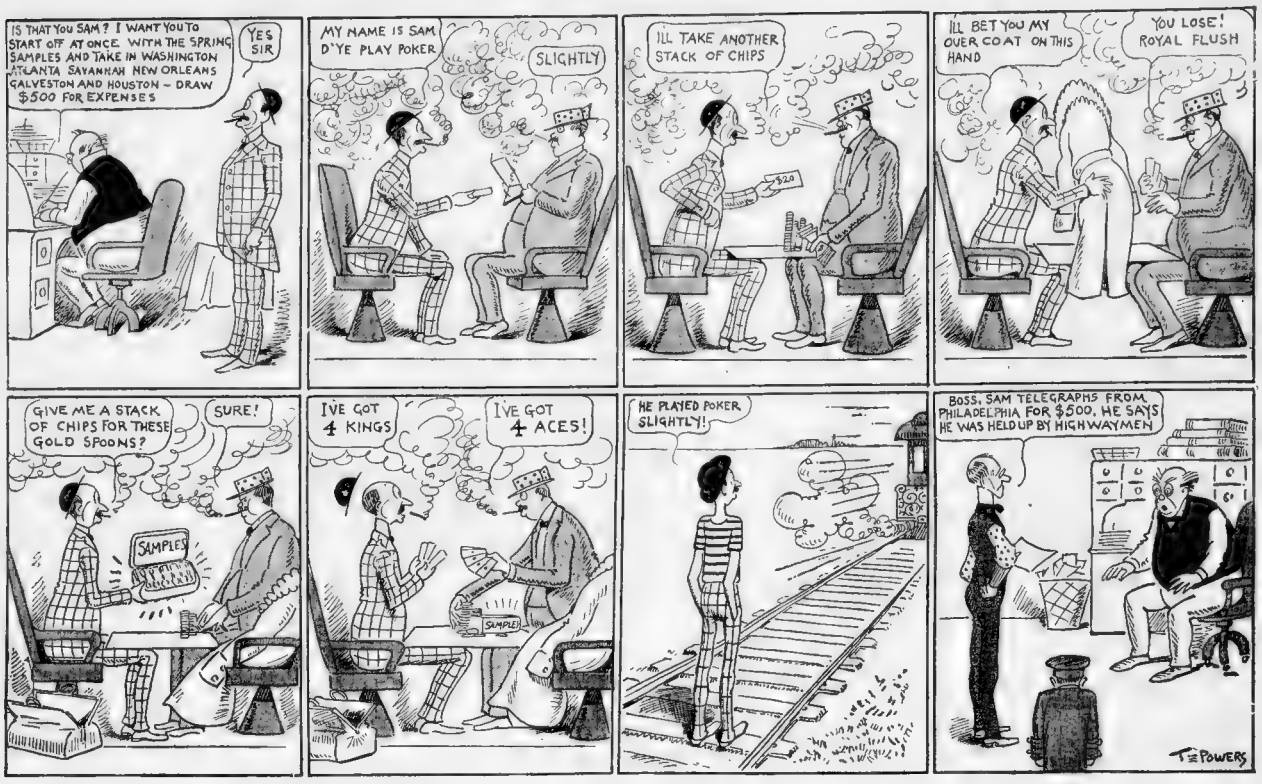
Teacher was reading us a grate speech by Danniel Webster. No wunder he could use words like that. He made up the hole diktionairy.

FRIDAY—Me and Harry played hookey and had a grate time. Seen Joe Scudder when he was comeing home from school and he said teacher was

I don't care. We got untill Monday to make up a good exkuse.

Sam the Drummer--By T. E. Powers, the Famous Cartoonist

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.


IS THAT YOU SAM? I WANT YOU TO START OFF AT ONCE WITH THE SPRING SAMPLES AND TAKE IN WASHINGTON ATLANTA SAVANNAH NEW ORLEANS GALVESTON AND HOUSTON - DRAW $500 FOR EXPENSES
YES SIR
MY NAME IS SAM D'YE PLAY POKER
SLIGHTLY
I'LL TAKE ANOTHER STACK OF CHIPS
$20
I'LL BET YOU MY OVER COAT ON THIS HAND
YOU LOSE! ROYAL FLUSH
GIVE ME A STACK OF CHIPS FOR THESE GOLD SPOONS?
SURE!
SAMPLES
I'VE GOT 4 KINGS
I'VE GOT 4 ACES!
SAMPLES
HE PLAYED POKER SLIGHTLY!
BOSS, SAM TELEGRAPHS FROM PHILADELPHIA FOR $500, HE SAYS HE WAS HELD UP BY HIGHWAYMEN
T. E. POWERS

Cliff Gordon Speaks!

The German Senator in Vaudeville Has Something to Say About Mexico.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

PRESIDENT WILSON came in just in time for the trouble with Mexico.

That's a fine country for Presidents to live in.

There's no danger of any President serving three terms down there.

He's lucky if they let him serve one.

If they don't want to wait until the President's term expires somebody takes out a gun and the President expires.

In New York when they want to get rid of a fellow they hire a couple of gun men.

But in Mexico when they want to get rid of a man all they have to do is to elect him President.

When a fellow runs for President down there he has to run twice—first for President and then for his life.

When the citizens go to bed at night they never know who's going to be President when they wake up.

But we wouldn't care how many Presidents they had as long as American citizens in Mexico were safe.

And there's where Taft came to the front.

As soon as the Revolution started Taft sent a message to the President of Mexico. He said: "You must protect American citizens."

What chance has a Mexican President got to protect American citizens when he can't even protect himself?

Some people thought we ought to send down a half a dozen war ships right away.

That's all very nice, but every time a war ship moves it costs a couple of hundred thousand dollars.

And, believe me, we didn't need to send down any war ships.

All we would have had to do would have been to send a couple of Third avenue policemen down there and they'd have cleaned up the whole country.

The trouble with Mexico is they've got the revolution habit.

Down there every morning after breakfast a couple of fellows get together and say, "Well, boys, it's a nice day. Let's have a revolution."

And by the time they get their pistols loaded the revolution is over and they've got to start a new one.

But there's no question but what Mexico is a great country.

And if they'd get a real President he'd only have to do one thing to make Mexico a country to be proud of—and that is chase all the Mexicans out.

THE RED CORPUSCLE---By C. B. QUINCY

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

A MAGAZINE FOR THE RED-BLOODED ONLY. WE WILL MAKE YOUR PULSE BEAT FASTER. WE'LL TEAR YOU FROM YOUR DESK. WHAT'S THE GOOD OF READING LOVE MUSH? GET BUSY ON OUR DOPE.

Manhattan Midnights

By GELLETT SAFETY.

THERE'S plenty of adventure to be found right in the city if you're red-blooded enough to get after it.

Read this if you don't believe it.

I AM passionately fond of adventure. That's why I'm able to write this series of Manhattan midnights

Of course, there are some who prefer Martini midnights, and I don't deny that there is a lot of red-blooded action about them, but it's Manhattan for me.

Last midnight I was in Manhattan and Manhattans were in me. An excellent combination

I was seated on a bench in Madison Square, apparently asleep. In fact, I was probably asleep, for I didn't wake up until the adventurer beside me had abstracted my wallet.

I was consequently "broke," and ready for adventure.

Quickly I rang the bell of a mansion on Fifth avenue.

The door was answered by a tall man, faultlessly attired in pajamas and a top hat, which he had evidently put on as a signal. In appearance the man closely resembled Desperate Desmond, the well-known professional villain.

The man started violently as he saw me.

"You are not in pajamas!" he exclaimed!

"Not yet," I said

"Then," he countered, "you are not one of us."

"No," said I quickly; "are you one of me?"

My reply seemed to please him, for he threw the door wide open and invited me in. "We are looking for quick-witted men," he explained

This seemed promising.

Once inside the man in pajamas became more explicit. "We want someone to rob the U. S. Mint," he told me.

"I left my pajamas at home," I explained. "Lend me ten cents for carfare and I will go back for them."

"If I had ten cents," said he, "do you think I'd be planning to rob the mint?"

It was just then that I seemed to wake up. A glass of salt and seltzer was on the table before me

But my wallet was gone

THE FIGHT FOR GOLD.

A Thrilling Tale of the Australian Back Blocks.

By JAMES TRAVERS, A. C. E.

PING!

A long-bladed spear quivered in the eucalyptus tree by my side.

No need to look around. I knew that the blacks had surrounded me, and that in a moment their spears and clubs would put an end to my mad quest for the desert gold.

A spear struck me in the left hand. I did not know whether it bore the deadly poison or not. At the time I did not care much, for I was busy swinging right and left at the black faces which were already at arm's length.

CRACK!

It was the unmistakable sound of a rifle, and instantly a black close by me jumped in the air with a yell and skipped off like a kangaroo.

BANG! BANG! went a score of rifles, the smoke curling picturesquely from their muzles.

Blacks sprawled on the ground. Others bolted. It was an exciting scene.

I fell, but soon kindly hands,

white hands, picked me from the sand.

A voice whispered in my ear, "We'll get a great film out of this."

It's fun working for the movies at that.

ALONE IN THE ARCTIC.

An Article by Theo. Stefanson.

HAVE you exer been alone in your arctics?

No; that's not what I mean. Have you even been alone in the Arctic?

That is what I mean.

If you have never been alone in the Arctic, take my advice and don't try it.

A walrus is not a bad-hearted creature and he has some Arctic current information, but he can't be described as an entertaining companion for a six-month evening.

One curious fact I noticed about the walrus.

It uses its huge tusks as toothpowder ads. This would as first indicate brains, but when we remember that noobdy ever sees the ads, that the walrus gets no revenue from them, and that, anyhow, it's impossible to buy toothpowder in the Arctic, we don't form a very high opinion of the animal's intellectual equipment.

Another thing one notices in the Arctic is the vast number of seals that are floating around loose. Most of the seals are unbroken, at that.

The Arctic Circle is much like Columbus Cirle, only it measures more around and is not quite so populus.

The Pole cannot speak a word of Polish.

But the lonesomeness is too oppressive up there. I got tired of it after the fifth year and returned to civilization, or rather, to Philadelphia.

THE RIPSNORTERS' CAMPFIRE.

GELLETT SAFETY, whose "Manhattan Midnights" has thrilled you in this number, modestly says that he doubts if he is eligible for our Legion of Ripsnorters. He writes:

The only adventures I have had were in New York, and were due to the following—knocking off a policeman's cap, boosting England to a bunch of Hibernians and taking a keg of Pilsner away from a turnverein social.

We think Mr. Safety is fully qualified.

Theodore Stefanson became an Arctic traveler at the ave of 4. He ran away to the North Pole on a floating cake of ice.

James Travers—the "A. C. E." after his name stands for "A Column Easy," because he can write a column story of his adventures any time he's asked—is a true Ripsnorter. He has ripsnorted all over desert Australia, desert Hoboken and desert Island

Remember, anyone can join our Legion of Ripsnorters who can tell enough fibs about his travels.

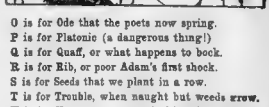
Look Out for Our Next Number! It's Redder Than Ever.

The A B C of Spring

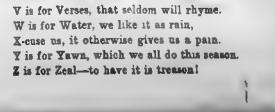
Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

A is for Ardent emotions in Spring.
B is for Bonnet—a bee that will sting.
C is for Cash that the bonnet will cost.
D is Demand, to refuse means a frost.
E is for Energy, lacking this season.
F is for Folly, and Spring is the reason.
G is for Gardens suburbanites start,

H is for Hoe, which now plays its part.
I is for Ice that we now have to buy.
J is for Julep (the time for them's nigh!)
K is for Kissing this season inspires.
L is for Love, with its many crossed wires.
M is for Marriage (this thing will occur).
N is for Nature, let's blame it on Her!



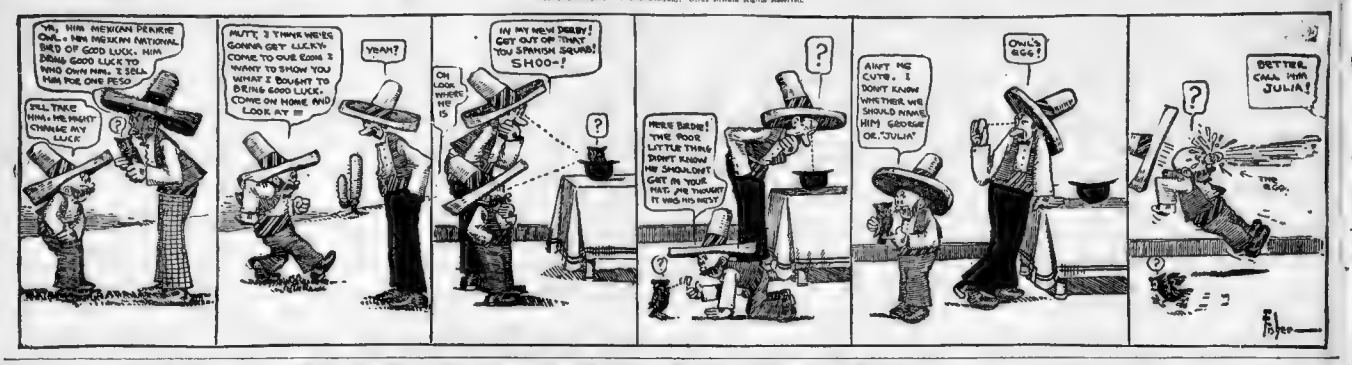
O is for Ode that the poets now spring.
P is for Platonic (a dangerous thing!)
Q is for Quaff, or what happens to bock.
R is for Rib, or poor Adam's first shock.
S is for Seeds that we plant in a row.
T is for Trouble, when naught but weeds srow.
U is for Umpire, now soon in his prime.



V is for Verses, that seldom will rhyme.
W is for Water, we like it as rain,
X-cuse us, it otherwise gives us a pain.
Y is for Yawn, which we all do this season.
Z is for Zeal—to have it is treason!

Jeff Picks Up Another Pet——By "Bud" Fisher

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.


YA, HIS MEXICAN PENNIE CAN. HIS MEXICAN NATIONAL BIRD OF GOOD LUCK. HIM BRING GOOD LUCK TO WHO OWN HIM. I SELL HIM FOR ONE PESO
SELL TAKE HIM. ME MIGHT CHANGE MY LUCK
MUTT, I THINK WE'LL GONNA GET LUCKY. COME TO OUR CORR I WANT TO SHOW YOU WHAT I BOUGHT TO BRING GOOD LUCK. COME ON HOME AND LOOK AT IT
YEAH?
OH LOOK WHERE HE IS
IN MY NEW DERBY! GET OUT OF THAT YOU SPANISH SQUAB! SHOO-!
HERE BIRDIE! THE POOR LITTLE THING DIDN'T KNOW MY SHOULDN'T SAT IN YOUR HAT, AND THOUGHT IT WAS HIS NEST
AIN'T HE CUTE. I DON'T KNOW WHETHER WE SHOULD NAME HIM GEORGE OR "JULIA"
OWL'S EGG!
BETTER CALL HIM JULIA!
THE END

Making Old Poetry Popular in 1913

Copyright, 1912, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

THERE is one great peculiarity of songs. You probably know what it is, but you can't think of it right away.

To keep you from thinking too long and getting wrinkles in your alabaster brow, we will inform you of this peculiarity right away

A real popular song, one of those that bring tears to the eyes of cowboys chasing the cattle along the ranges of Northeastern Idaho; tears to the eyes of remittance men in Calgary when the mail is a day late; tears to the eyes of ginks in Phulloffpeanut Jungles when the Moro breaks the ice pitcher; in short, the songs that make all eyes brim with salty tears are those that begin with a question.

How many times have you heard weepy voices singing

Should auld acquaintance be forgo
And never brought to mind?
Should auld acquaintance be forgo
And days of auld lang syne?

If this were not in the form of a question, not a tear would be dropped over it. Imagine trying to sing.

Auld acquaintance should nae (1) be forgot,
And often brought to mind
Auld acquaintance should nae be forgot
Nor days of auld lang syne.

(1) Nae is Scotch for nix, not, etc. Everybody knows that auld acquaintance shouldn't be forgotten, unless the auld acquaintance intends to make a touch.

Then, take another instance

Oh, don't you remember sweet Alice, Ben Bolt,
Sweet Alice whose hair was so brown,
Who wept with delight when you gave her a smile,
And trembled with fear at your frown?

It seems quite unnecessary to ask a question like this. Without knowing Ben Bolt we think it impossible that any man, no matter how great a blockhead, could ever forget a girl such as the one described.

Imagine a husband coming back from a day's work in his office. As he enters the house, he smiles. Instantly the missus bursts into a flood of tears, she is so overcome with delight at his smile. Before she can overcome the fit of weeping, the dinner is cold.

Next day hubby comes home with a slight frown upon his features.

The missus is so overcome with fear that she falls all of a tremble and drops the dishes she is carrying.

No, we don't believe Ben Bolt could ever quite forget such a girl.

There's another Alice:

The birds sleeping gently,
Sweet Lyra gleameth bright,
Her rays tinge the forest.
And all seems glad tonight
The winds sighing by me,
Cooling my fevered brow
The stream flows as ever,
Yet, Alice, where art thou?

Without definite knowledge, we assert that Alice was home in bed, like a sensible girl; not roaming about in a forest badly lighted by one star.

NEW FABLES IN SLANG——By George Ade

The New Fable of What Transpires After the Wind-up.

Printed by Permission of the Cosmopolitan Magazine.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

ONCE upon a time Ferdinand breathed right into Adele's translucent Listener those three Words which hold all Records as monosyllabic Trouble-Makers

They stood clinched there in the dull Sunset Glow, with a Pergola for a Background. It was all very Belasco and in strict compliance with the League Rules laid down by W. Somerset Maugham.

According to the $2 Drama and every bright red Volume selling for $1.18 at a Department Store, this was—

THE END.

It seems, however, that they had not come to the real, sure-enough Finis. The Terminus was some distance down the Line.

Just then Her Best Friend came rapidly down the Gravel Walk with Anxiety stenciled on her Features.

Ferdinand had a Hunch that somebody was getting ready to drop Cyanide of Potassium into his Cup of Joy.

"Oh, Adele!" said the Friend, just like that. "Oh, Adele, may I speak to you for a Mo-ment?"

Ferdinand made his Exit, much peeved, and the Friend expressed a Hope that she had arrived in time to throw the Switch and avert the Wrecking of a Life.

Far be it from her to Snitch, but it was her Duty to put Adele hep to what everyone was whispering Under Cover

She had no absolute Proof that he had carried on with a Front Row Floss in New Haven, but it was Common Talk that one of his Uncles had been a Regular at a Retreat where the Doctor shoots a Precious Metal into the Arm.

It would be terrible to marry some one and then find out that he Drank the same as all the other Married Men

Leaving Adele in a Deep Swoon, the true Friend hurried to the nearest Public 'Phone to spread the dismal Tidings.

In the meantime the elated Lover had loped all the way to the University Club to spring it on the Navajos and receive their Felicitations.

His Rapture had rendered him fairly incoherent, and he was gurgling like an after-dinner Percolator; but he finally made it evident that he had been Hooked.

A deep Silence ensued, most of those present looking out of the Window at the passing Traffic.

Finally a Shell-Back, who had been leading a Life of Single Torment ever since Sumter was fired upon, asked in a sepulchral Tone and without looking up from his Hand, "Has the Date been set?"

Ferdinand tried to tell them that he was going to the Altar and not to the Electric Chair, but he couldn't get a single Slap on the Back.

The only one evincing Interest was a He-Hen named Herbert, who took him into the Cloak-Room to plant a few Canadian Thistles in the Garden of Love

When Ferdy looked at himself in the Mirror at Midnight, he didn't know whether he was Engaged or merely operating under a Suspended Sentence

As soon as the Bride-Elect had taken enough Headache Powders to prepare her for the Ordeal, she sent for the Suspect to come up to the House and outline his Defence

They put in a humid Evening. When the falling Tears had made the Drawin-Room too soppy for further use, they moved into the Hallway and he continued to think up Alibis

At 11 p. m. he had explained Everything, repudiated many lifelong Friendships, deodorized his College Career, flouted the Demon Rum, and resigned from all Clubs.

He lay damply pillowed on his Boston. He was intensely relieved and yet vaguely conscious of the Fact that she had beat him to it. There had been a General Settlement, and he had figured merely as Supreme Goat.

Before terminating the Peace Conference, it was suggested that inasmuch as everyone else in the World had been notified, probably it would be just as well to let her Male Parent in on the Secret. Not that Father is regarded as a Principal in the up-to-date Household. Still, he is useful as a Super

The old Gentleman was so selt that he nearly tipped his Hand. He gave Ferdinand a regular Cigar and then stalled for about 30 Seconds before indicating a Willingness to sign any form of Contract

He pulled the Old One to the effect that the House would not seem the same after Addie had gone away, meaning that Breakfast would be served in the Morning and the Night Shift abolished.

When Ferdinand got back to his Room and counted up, he had to admit that Father was the only Outsider who seamed to be plugging for the Alliance.

Having sponged every blot from the Escutcheon, the incipient Benedict thought there would be nothing more to it except Holding Hands and watching the Calendar.

Just then a Dress-Maker swooped down and stole away the Light of his Life.

Every time he went up to scratch on the Door and beg for a Kiss, a Strange Lady with Pins in her Mouth would come out and shoo him away, explaining that the Pearl of Womanhood was laid out in the Operating Room, being measured for something additional.

Occasionally he saw her at one of the many Dinners decreed by Custom. They had to sit Miles apart, with Mountains of unseemly Victuals stacked between them, while some moss-grown Offshoot of the Family Tree rose and conquered his Asthma long enough to propose a Toast to the Bride.

What they really craved was a Dim Corner and a box of Candied Cherries.

The only Speeches they wished to hear could have been constructed out of the forty words of Standard Baby Talk, comprising what is known as the Mush Vocabulary.

Yet they had to muster the same old property Smile every time that Charley Bromide or old Mr. Platitude lifted a shell of sparkling Vinegar and fervently exclaimed, "Thuh Bride!"

Even after the Menu had been wrecked and the satiated Revelers had laboriously pried themselves away from the decorated Board there was no Escape

The Women Folks led Adele away to some remote Apartment to sound a Few Warnings, while the Men sat around in the Blue Smoke and joshed Ferdinand to a fare-ye-well

Each morning he found in his Mail a few Sealed Orders from Headquarters and about as many Stage-Directions as would be required for putting on the Annual Show at the Hippodrome

When he was not begging some one to come and Ush for him, he was either checking over the Gloss List with a terrified Best Man or getting measured for a full layout of dark Livery that made him look like a refined Floor-Walker

It seemed that Adele had a Step-Mother who had been crouched for Years waiting for a chance to bust into the Papers. Nothing would do her but a regular Madison Square Phantasmagoria, with two Rings and an elevated Platform.

She wanted Ribbons down the Aisle and little Girls sprinkling Posies, a Concert Orchestra buried under Palms, and a few extra Ministers of the Gospel just to Dress the Pulpit.

Every superfluous Accessory devised by the Nerve Specialist and approved by the Court of Bankruptcy was woven into the Nuptial Circus when Ferdinand and Adele were made one and Unbookable

The Rehearsals somewhat resembled the Moving Pictures of the Durbar at Delhi.

As a final Preparation for the stupendous Pageant the Groom sat up all night in the Chamber of Horrors, watching the Head-Liners of the Blue Book demolish Glassware.

According to the dictates of Fashion, one who is about to assume the solemn Responsibilities of Matrimony should abstain from Slumber for a week, devoting the time thus saved to a full consideration of Food and Drink

The Ambulance bore his remains to the Church. A few faithful Hang-Overs lifted him through the Portals, with his Toes dragging somewhat in the Rear.

They propped him against a Pilaster and told him his Name and begged him not to weaken, no matter what the Preacher might put up to him.

Soon after, he saw a Haggard Creature all duffed about with White advancing unsteadily toward him. With the Make-Up, she did not look a Day over 47.

He did not hear any of the Service, but those who were more fortunate told him afterward that it was a very Pretty Wedding, and that the Presents they got were simply Great.

Moral: Too many Trained Nurses discommode Cupid.

Copyright by the International Magazine Company.

As a Final Preparation for the Stupendous Pageant the Groom Sat Up All Night in the Chamber of Horrors, Watching the Head-Liners of the Blue Book Demolish Glassware

Copyright Int. Mag. Co.

Leo Carrillo Popular Italian Comedian Tells About Paul Revere's Famous Ride

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

TODAY, my good friends, I gone tole you 'bout deesa great ride Paula Revere mak. Some leed, Paula!

It been deesa way It been when my fren George Wash was littla leed

Olda man Wash all time fulla scrappa. Gotta chip on da shoulder all da time. I dunno, but I guess somebod' tell olda man Wash dat he got great lef' han' jabba, or someteeng lak dat, for every time de cops come dey have to pulla old man Wash off ona da town people. All time he scrappa

Olda man Wash he in da town tav'. He's got coupla old musta ale und' da belt an' he looka roun' for a chumpa—a SMALL chumpa. He see one leetla fel' all alone-een da corn'

Olda man Wash he spotta deese poor littla chumpa, an' right 'way he losa five four butts off da vest. He all swella up. He trow out da chese five four more inch, then he walk over to da tabla where dees poor littla geek sitta all by da lone.

"Who are you an' whatta you are?" say olda man Wash, lak he was somebod'.

"I'm a Britisher, sir," say dees guy, ver' nica an' ver' low

"Well, whatta you wanta round dees town anyway?" say olda man Wash.

"Peace," say da littla guy, what olda man Wash theenk ees a boob

"Well, you gonna gotta peace—PEACE of my minda!" say olda man Wash, as he bangs da feest down on da table an' spilla all da guy's ale "I doan like da looks of you an' da country you come from. Dees roonna no beeg 'nuff to hold olda man Wash an' a blooma Britisher!" yell olda man Wash.

Da littla guy he getta up queeck like da streak. Olda man Wash swing one from da floor right fora dees guy's jaw, but do he landa? I shoulda say not, notta by ton t'esta almost. Why? Because dees chumpa ees fast like da lightning, oh queek, queek like anything.

Olda man Wash closa een He try da righta han' poncha. Joosta as he starta heem, dees littla geek shoota over da queeka righta cross an' olda man Wash go down like da deada bool. Ever'body get excite. Olda man Wash looka like dead. Deesa quiet guy reacha down an' rubba olda man Wash on da ears. Putty soon he comes to

"Who hitta me?" cry olda man Wash

"Me," say da littla guy

"Anda who are you?" say olda man Wash

"Charlie Mitchell, heavyweight champa of Englanda," he say nica quiet.

"WHAT!" screama olda man Wash

Up he joompa. He no stoppa look roun,' but right through da wind' he joompa. Right down on da street he dasha, da sash of da wind' ees round heez neck still. Oh, how he runa! He no stop for anytheeng

"What da mat?" yell Paula.

"The Britisher ees coming!" gasp olda man Wash.

"What Britisher?" yell Paula Revere

"Charlie Mitchella!" shouta poor olda Wash

"What'll we do?" say Paula Revere, queek

"Ride for your life an' getta John L. Sull' to come right upa here queek!" Den olda man Wash climba opp da tree

He's no got time to stop an' tell what British, he's too busy ride like anytheen On an' on he rattla till he hitta Broadway. Right downa da Great White Way he speeda. Ten thousan' people see heem ride down da Broadway and look 'fraid, while he shouta:

"Da Britisher coom! Da Britisher coom! Where's John L. Sull?"

"Here I am," he hear growl somebod'. Paula look roun' queek an' he see John L. Sull' lean by da Flatta Iron Build'. Paula joompa off de peeda an' run upa to John L. Sull'.

"Oh, meesta John L., come queek!"

"Queeka what for?" growla John L.

"Because da Britisher, Charlie Mitchella, have gotta olda man Wash treeda up in Lexington."

John L. sneaka up an' hitta da Britisher righta on da chin Den when olda man Wash see John L. score us K. O. he come down and say

"John and Paula, you both seva my life. I gona thank you, Paula Revere, 'cause you maka da greatest ride een da bles!"

When Fair Maids Invaded the Tappa Nu Keg

Fraternity Boys Made Near-Sighted Multimillionaire Think Chapter House Was an Up-to-Date Hotel, but When His Daughters Arrived There Were Complications, as Set Forth in the Tech Boys' New Play.

"MONEY IN SIGHT" is the title of the new Tech show written by Murray Hastings and Edgar W. Menderson, which will be given at the Boston Opera House on the afternoon and evening of Thursday, April 17. On April 16 the Tech men will perform at Providence and on Saturday, April 19, the show will be repeated in New York.

The play, a humorous skit full of laughs, opens with

(Soft music—curtain rises on dim stage. Heap of blankets and pillows in dining room table—no one in sight. Sharp ringing of alarm clock silence—second ringing of alarm. Movement of mass on table and Harry Happ emerges rubbing his eyes. Long stretch and yawn——)

HARRY—Gee, but it's Hell to be a freshman. (Gets down from table and comes to front of stage.) Sings.

When first we came to college
For sport we sought and knowledge,
The upper classmen treated us like Kings;
They dined us and they wined us
Every care we left behind us.
They set us up to multitudes of things.
But alas the fatal hour
When our pledge gave them the power,
Now it's curses and abuse from every side—
We have to fetch and carry,
Not a chance to loaf or tarry,
And it hurts our manly dignity and pride.

CHORUS.

For its
Freshman here and Freshman there, and
Freshman shut the door;
It's hi there and hey you Freshman, scrub the floor.
We never rest, we never sleep, we seldom even feed,
It's Hell to be a Freshman, boys,
It's a Helluv a life we lead.

(Later, scene in Tappa Nu Keg fraternity house, students at breakfast.)

FRANK (pounding on table)—Say, fellows, what do you know about this (reading)

Dear Frank—I hear that the college needs money for buildings on the new site. Jabez Applegate, a wealthy neighbor of mine, has asked me to recommend him to a quiet, homelike hotel near Boston

I gave him the address of the Chapter House as just the place he wanted. Being very near-sighted, you fellows won't find it hard to make him believe he's in a regular hotel. He's a self-made man, and for that reason, opposed to the college type. It's up to you fellows to show him that one American college is worthy of his aid, as he's a great philanthropist. Yours for the good of the college and Tappa Nu Keg

TED—That's another wild scheme of that man Park. What does he think we are? First think you know he'll be sending us a young menagerie to put in

FRANK—Oh, don't be a wet blank et, Ted. What about it, fellows? Do you think we can do it? The college sure needs the money.

TOM (jumping up)—Surest thing you know. How about Frank Hard ing, head clerk of the new hotel?

FRANK—Well, I'll do the best, I

HENRY—Where do I sleep

TOM—Oh, you'll sleep on the bi-hard table

Later—Hotel office desk arranged and Frank behind desk. Singing

CLERK.

I am the clerk of this hotel,
I attend to the guests and tap this bell——

BELL BOYS.

For us he taps the bell,
From room to room we gayly trip
With outstretched hand accept each tip,
With joy accept each tip.

PORTERS.

Whatever else there's to be done
We do, our job's a tedious one.

HEAD WAITER.

Each diner to his place I show.

FRANK (rises and ardent)—Is that all, Margaret?

TRIXIE—Don't mind me, children. I've grown blinders chaperoning in Salt Lake City.

Margaret's girl friends enter and there is a lot of kissing. Professor Inkandunkum of the college staff appears at one side and gazes horrified upon this kissing bee.

TOM (seeing him for the first time aghast) (Aside)—Great barrels of fire, Professor Inkandunkum.

INKAN—I ask, young man, for an immediate explanation of this untimely levity. . . . Explain instantly the presence of young women in the fraternity house.

TOM—Sizzling sky-rockets I've seen 'em. (To Inkan) Why—er—(gazes wildly about, sees closet, grabs Inkan by the arm). Just step this way, Prof. (Pushes him toward the closet.) I'm sure we can explain it all satisfactorily, just a minute (shoves protesting Prof. into closet and locks the door—rushing wildly front) Frank! (Runs off left)

Later enter Ted—hears loud pounding and muffled cries in the closet—opens door and releases Prof. Inkandunkum, who upbraids him—mistaking him for his twin—and threatens to expell whole fraternity for outrage

* * *

SECOND ACT at "Ye Pewter Pot Inn."

Boys have met for annual dinner of Aero and Submarine Society to Radwell College. Song:

"DRINK WITH ME."

Take down the mug of pewter, lad,
And fill it up for me,
No cares nor woes, no friends nor foes
Can daunt my revelry.
So all who would their troubles change
To laughing mirth and glee,
Whose cares are dead and sorrows fled,
Come ye—and drink with me.

CHORUS (SLOW WALTZ)

So—oh—oh
Drink (ha, ha), Drink (ha, ha),
Raise your foaming mug on high (ha, ha),
Let's shake the walls with song and laughter.
Drink (ha, ha), Drink (ha, ha),
Time is quickly slipping by;
Drink! for who cares what comes after.
There are three reasons why, I think,
Just three reasons why man drink,
Because they're dry, a friend is nigh,
Or any other reason why.

* * *

Jabez motoring past breaks down, enters, sings.

When you take your friends a-riding
In your brand new touring car,
The pleasure is all yours, provided
you've a lucky star.
First you crank 'er up and yank 'er up, the handle slips an uppercut,
Now in you jump and start the pump that gives 'er gas and makes 'er bump;
Then off you go, now fast, now slow, it doesn't matter where you go.
In fact you never really know
As long as you are touring.

CHORUS.

Oh, it's a pleasure and a treasure to to take a racing ride,
Down the hills you skid and slide. with the rustics you collide—
You can only hear the chug, chug, chug, it swells your heart with pride;
I tell you what, there's nothing like a good joy ride.

PONY BALLET—GIRLS.

Oh, mister man, please give us all A ride in your machine.
We want to go a few miles an hour, So fast we can't be seen:
And as we race across the earth And dart through forests green,
We'll fill the air with shouts and mirth And clouds of gasoline.

On the boulevard you speed 'er up and pass them all with ease,
And you raise a cloud of dusty dust that causes them to sneeze.
But to your regret a trap is set—it's 10 to 1, they'll get you yet!
And ere you stop you find a cop has paced you all the way, old top,
To court you go and soon you know that motor cops are not so slow,
It's up to you to pay the dough for you've been pinched for speeding.

Jabez insists upon remaining with his family to take dinner, and discovers from a drunken waiter how he has been cheated by the boys.

Margaret and Trixie, who have not yet seen Jabez, enter Inn and sit at table.

TRIXIE—Let's get something to eat here. I'm hungry as a bear Here's a waiter now (to Jabez who has come on the stage).

Waiter, come here and take our order We'd like to eat here.

JABEZ—Waiter. My word. Who am I?

TRIXIE—Yes, yes. Who do you think? I wasn't addressing the town pump. Hurry up. We're hungry.

MARGARET—What a slow waiter This is the kind you always find at a country Inn.

JABEZ (jumping up and down in rage)—What, me, waiter

TRIXIE—Come! Come! Don't flurry up, we're starved.

JABEZ (in a rage) What! What I won't come (stamping) Me, Jabez Cholmondley Applegate, multi-millionaire pushpin magnate, taken for a waiter!

TRIXIE (aside)—Good Heavens it's old money bags himself!

MARGARET—You must apologize, quick.

TRIXIE—What, me apologize to those green goggles? Not much. They never do that in Utah. Watch me (going to Applegate) Oh, my dear Mr. Applegate, I'm so near-sighted, you know, and the waiters here are so dashing and handsome, it was perfectly natural for me to take you for one of them.

JABEZ—Spluzing up—oh—ah (rubbing lady (wipes his glasses and peers at her). Really, now, you won't say so. Pon me word. Are you near-sighted, too? Make a beastly ass of yourself, too, don't you? Eh, what?

TRIXIE (starts and looks insulted) —Why—er—ah—I—

JABEZ (offers her his arm)—I do it meself, you know. Only fawned last year at the Derby I mistook his grace, the Archbishop of Canterbury for me groom and gave him a rat ting good dressing down before I discovered the mistake—

JABEZ (furious after learning that he has been deceived)—Yes, they've taken us in and done us for everything they could, but I'll show them what it is to trifle with Jabez Cholmondley Applegate (Interrupts old laughs from had a dozen at brute earning. No, no muse way for Aunt Abigail, who comes in tark trotting with students, followed by rest of students applauding and laughing)

ABIGAIL (confused and rather dated)—Oh, Jabez, these American dances aren't they lovely. You go up and down and round and round and—

JABEZ—Where's your dignity? (to Frank, shaking fist in latter's face) Ha, ha, I knew it. I knew it. You're after me money, but you won't get it. I'll take the law on you. I'll ruin money under false pretences. I'll all in the police. I'll have you all arrested. I'll be your dupe no longer

Song

JABEZ.

Because I'm rich and nearly blind, You thought that you could have Old Jabez Cholmondley Applegate To re-finance your school.

CHORUS.

To re-finance your school.

JABEZ.

But now, I see your little game, Your brainless nincompoop, I'll have my counsel tend to this, We'll see who is the dupe!

CHORUS.

He'll see who is the dupe

FRANK.

Oh, sir, and friends, I beg of you,

There was no harm intended:
If you'll but give me half a chance,
We'll see that all's amended.

CHORUS.

He'll see that all's amended

FRANK.

We only meant to win your grace
And show you every kindness.
We had no thought to injure you.
Or profit by your blindness.

CHORUS.

Or profit by his blindness.

JABEZ.

In vain your foolish tale.
The police are on your trail.

CHORUS.

We're not to blame, the fault is not ours.
It's a terrible situation.
Things look very bad, your anger is just.

Trixie—"Come, come! Hurry up; we're starved." Jabez (in a rage)—"What! What! Me, Jabez Cholmondley Applegate, multi-millionaire pushpin magnate, taken for a waiter!"

Abigail (holding up football pants)—"Can you perhaps explain to me why these should be under my bed?"

We have large rooms and small rooms,
Or parlor and suite,
And as for our table
It cannot be beat,
If you try us but once, you can't help but say, "well,"
"This sure is an up-to-date, first-class hotel."

(Loud honking of automobile horn Henry and Harry rush to outside door, open it slightly and peek out.)

HARRY—Gee, it's him, all right What do we do, Frank, what do we do now?

FRANK Open the door and show him in in style Remember, this is a really first-class hotel

(Enter Jabez, old man, short and nervous, with side burns, silk hat, green goggles and long coat. Bags in either hand.)

JABEZ—I say, bloomin' American hotel. Bally rotten service. Knew I should have brought me man. My word, clerk, look after me luggage, won't you? (Bellboy rush to luggage and carry it over behind Jabez.)

JABEZ—You have suites with bath connecting?

FRANK Certainly, sir the boundaries been recently remodelled and everything is up-to-date.

JABEZ (polite)—All right, my dear some along (Enter, Ethel and Dorothy—daughters of the multi-millionaire and Miss Abigail Ann Advocate, Jabez's sister.) Carrying bags. They cross to centre. (Bellboy stands pointed to the spot) (To Jabez) I'm sure you'll find them perfectly satisfactory. (rings again) Front! (aside) Come here, you saphead!

HARRY and HENRY (suddenly recovering) Yes, sir; yes, sir

FRANK—Have suite 7 put in order

HARRY (astounded)—Suite 7

HENRY (astounded)—Suite what

FRANK (aside)—Shut up, beat it, and clean out the twins' rooms and show some speed

DOT (to Ethel)—Isn't this the queerest place?

ETHEL—Doesn't it remind you of "The Three Lords' in Nottingham" What fresh looking bellboys!

DOT—Yes, and what intelligent looking porters. What a shame they're only servants

(After a good deal of confusion attendent upon "stalling" Jabez and his family while the twins' suite is being arranged and during which interim Jabez bathtub is finally rescued from the porch and brought in, Jabez sings.

I've traveled many countries,
I've roamed in many climes.
Ye know I've bathed in sulphur springs.
An' dipped in the ocean brines.
Me tub, bah Jove,
An' me bath, bah Jove,
I just can't do without,
An' everywhere I go, old top,
I carry me tub about.

CHORUS.

I never travel without me tub.
It's bloomin' grand, bah Jove.
I splash an' I plunge,
I dip an' I sponges
An' then I have me rub.
My little tin tub is the ballsest friend
I ever hops to own.
In me little tin case I carry it round,
An' it goes wherever I roam

I've often heard it spoken.
That whoever baths are fine.
In every bally swell hotel,
They have them, but none for mine.
For I, bah Jove,
An' me tub, bah Jove,
Are deuced chums, ye know,
An' even tho' there's a shower bath,
Me tub goes along just so.

(FRANK—In order to keep the women from growing suspicious, decides to summon Margaret Willoughby, his particular friend, and Mrs Frisk Perkins, Margaret's aunt from Salt Lake City, also cooks.' While Frank is telephoning——)

(Enter girls and Abigail loading pair of football pants.)

TED—Hist, my boy, the beanteor maidens approach.

ABIGAIL (holding up pants by one leg and approaching boys)—Can you perhaps, explain to me why these should be under my bed?

TOM (aside)—Great barrels of fire My football pants

ABIGAIL (coldly)—Please explain

TED—Oh, those; why, those (takes them), those are the fire escape, of course. Latest thing. Put them on like this you know (demonstrating) Attach them to rope and slide gently to the ground. Perfectly safe and secure

ABIGAIL—Fire escape? Why I must say I've never seen one quite like it before. Moreover, I notice no rope.

TOM No rope. No rope! (Recovered) Well, well, think of that! (Inspiration.) I presume the rope is being washed It will be returned at once, madam

ABIGAIL—Thank you so much. I feel perfectly safe now

* * *

(Margaret with Mrs. Trixie Perkins of Salt Lake City arrives.)

TRIXIE—Ah! You've got me booked for the chaperone. Well it's a wild idea, but I guess we can hold up our end if you can manage the rest

FRANK—What do you say, Margaret? (holding up his hands toward her.)

MARGARET (starts to put her hands in his, but starts back coyly)—Oh, I'm always ready to help

members of the faculty. Gentlemen, this is the depraved villain who laid violent hands upon my person. (Step forward, and he and Ted in turn admit that each was the person who "did it.")

Frank and the girls in background.

FRANK to girls—I see our visitors have arrived. What do you think of our learned assemblage"

DOT—Don't they remind you of the Ancient Marines

FRANK (puzzled) Why the Ancient Mariner

DOT—Don't you remember the long-beard loon

(Enter the police. Also Inkan)

CAPTAIN—Here here! What's all this noise?

JABEZ—Officer, you're just in time I and my daughters have been insulted, I demand the protection of the law

Just at this moment when Frank and his companions are threatened by the police with expulsion and by Jabez for the cheat upon him, which he has perpetrated, George Edis in Westinghouse Boggs the glass inventor, formerly working on an aero-submarine, but who has been diverted from this task to try and discover a cure for near-sightedness, as Frank's last hope of extricating himself and the rest from their present plight—enters with a bottle held high in his hand

BOGGS—Frank, Frank, I've found it at last

Frank grabs bottle, snatches off Jabez' glasses and dashes contents of bottle in his face. His sight is restored, and, in gratitude, he forgives and presents five millions to the college. College professors heap praise on Frank. Song

HERE'S TO THE COLLEGE.

Here's to the college, boys, long may she stand,
Ever—all glorious—first in the land.
Fling forth her banners wide, raise them on high,
Cheer her on every side—ring to the sky.
Noble and proud her sons never shall yield,
Glory emblazoned be ever her shield.
What to our hearts, boys, could be more dear,
Here's to the college, boys—give a long cheer.

YOUR FRECKLES

Need Attention in February and March or Face May Stay Covered.

Now is the time to take special care of the complexion if you wish it to look well the rest of the year. The February and March winds have a strong tendency to bring out freckles that may stay all Summer unless removed. Now is the time to use othine—double strength

This prescription for the removal of freckles is the discovery of an eminent skin specialist, and is so uniformly successful that it is sold by Riker-Jaynes Drug Co. under guarantee to refund the money if it fails. Get an ounce of othine—double strength, and even a few applications should show a wonderful improvement, some of the smaller freckles even vanishing entirely.

Positively You Can Be Plump

Free 50-Cent Package of a Most Remarkable Flesh Builder That Puts On 30 Pounds in 30 Days.

The Results Will Be Astounding to All Who Are Thin.

Don't Look Like a Lamp Post.

Never in a thing produced such wonderful results as the new flesh builder, Protone. This marvelous preparation, blended, matured, seizing, bony man and women take on a most remarkable new lease of life.

Protone is a builder plus all out, the nerves are sheathed with healthy covering, the muscles plump up with natural flesh, the eyes take on that happy, pleasing expression, and you feel better and stronger in every part of the body. The secret is in the fact that Protone corrects the faults of assimilation. Your food is converted into the kind of blood that makes solid flesh. Your entire system becomes greedy for this new, rich, red material.

Thin people are often heart eaters, but the blood is watery. The substantial elements don't get into the circulation, but pass along without being assimilated. But Protone has the most remarkable effect of arousing intestinal absorption of food elements and it is nothing unusual for thin men and women to put on a pound a day until normal is reached. Nature takes care of this, for when the natural weight has been attained, the surplus is converted into waste and thrown out through the evacuations of the body.

The regular $1.00 size of Protone is for sale by all druggists, or will be mailed direct, prepaid, on receipt of price by The Protone Co., 1915 Protone Bldg. Detroit, Mich.

In all cases get the five dollar package of Protone, for it will positively make you plump and rosy cheeked, and add pounds of attractive figure that is not only the appearance of health, but you feel it. Fill out the coupon below.

Free Protone Coupon

It and you, you nothing to prove the remarkable effects of this treatment. The Protone Company will send it to any one on a free 50c package of Protone, if they will fill out this coupon and enclose 10c in stamps or silver to help cover postage. They will also send with it full instructions and their book on "Why You Are Thin."

THE PROTONE COMPANY
1915 Protone Bldg., Detroit, Michigan.

Name .....

Street .....

City ..... State .....

The regular $1.00 size of Protone is for sale in Boston by Woodward's Cut Price Drug Stores, 100 Tremont Street, and W. B. Read & Sons, 76 Washington Street.

We have made sales from druggists

The Quickest, Simplest Cough Cure

Plain, and Cheaply Made at Home, Saves You $2.

There is no need of a cold or cough lasting enough to last a family a long time. You couldn't buy as much or as good syrup for $2.50.

Simple as it is it gives almost instant relief and usually stops the most obstinate cough in 24 hours. This is largely due to the fact that it is mildly laxative, stimulates the appetite and has an excellent tonic effect. It is pleasant to take—children like it. An excellent remedy, too, for whooping cough, croup, sore throat, asthma, throat troubles, etc.

Mix one pint of granulated sugar with ½ pint of warm water and stir for 2 minutes. Put 2½ ounces of Pinex (fifty cents' worth in a pint bottle, and add the Sugar Syrup. Keeps perfectly. Take a teaspoonful every one to four hours.

Pinex is one of the oldest and best known remedial agents for the throat membranes. Pinex is the most valuable concentrated compound of Norway white pine extract, and is rich in guaiacol and all the other natural healing elements. Other preparations will not work in this formula.

The prompt results from this recipe have endeared it to thousands of housewives in the United States and Canada, which explains why the plan has been imitated often, but never successfully.

A guaranty of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this recipe. Your druggist has Pinex, or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

FREE

Mary T. Goldman's Gray Hair Restorer

Trade Mark Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

A Hair Restorer that restores gray hair to its original color with a single application. It is not a dye, tint or stain, but acts on the roots of the hair, restoring the original coloring matter. Mary T. Goldman, Goldman Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. The large size $1.00 bottle sold by all druggists. Procurable in Boston at WOODWARD'S CUT PRICE DRUG STORES, 100 Tremont street.

MOTHER AND SON—By Guy de Maupassant

We were chatting in the smoking-room after a dinner at which only men were present.

We talked about unexpected legacies, strange inheritances. Then M. le Brument, who was sometimes called "the illustrious master" and at other times the "illustrious advocate," came and stood with his back to the fire and told us this story:

I am now engaged in a search for an heir who disappeared under peculiarly terrible circumstances. It is one of those simple, appalling dramas of ordinary life, a thing which possibly happens every day, and which is nevertheless one of the most dreadful things I know. Here are the facts:

Nearly six months ago, I got a message to come to the bedside of a dying woman. She said to me:

"Sir, I want to entrust to you the most delicate, the most difficult, and the most wearisome mission that can be conceived. Be good enough to take cognisance of my will, which is here on the table. A sum of $1,000 is left to you as a fee if you do not succeed, and $20,000 if you do succeed—I want to have my son found after my death."

She asked me to assist her to sit up in bed in order that she might be able to speak with greater ease, for her voice, broken and gasping, was gurgling in her throat.

I saw that I was in the house of a very rich person. The luxurious apartment, with a certain simplicity in its luxury, was upholstered with materials solid as the walls, and their soft surface imparted a caressing sensation so that every word uttered seemed to penetrate their silent depths and to disappear and die there.

The dying woman went on

"You are the first to hear my horrible story. I will try to have strength enough to go on to the end of it. You must know everything so that you whom I know to be a kind-hearted man as well as a man of the world, shall have a sincere desire to aid me with all your power.

"Listen to me—

"Before my marriage I loved a young man, whose suit was rejected by my family because he was not rich enough. Not long afterward I married a man of great wealth. I married him through ignorance, through obedience, through indifference, as young girls do marry.

"I had one child, a boy. My husband died in the course of a few years.

"He whom I had loved married, in his turn. When he saw that I was a widow, he was crushed by horrible grief at knowing that he was not free. He came to see me; he wept and sobbed so bitterly before my eyes that it was enough to break my heart. He at first came to see me as a friend. Perhaps I ought not to have seen him. What could I do? I was alone, so sad, so solitary, so hopeless! And I loved him still. What sufferings we women have sometimes to endure!

"I had only him in the world my parents also being dead. He came frequently; he spent whole evenings with me. I should not have let him come so often, seeing that he was married. But I had not enough will-power to prevent his coming.

"How can I tell you what next happened? . . . He became my lover. How did this come about? Can I explain it? Can anyone explain such things? Do you think it could be otherwise when two human beings are drawn towards each other by the irresistible force of a passion by which each of them is possessed? Do you believe, sir, that it is always in our power to resist, that we can keep up the struggle forever, and refuse to yield to the prayers, the supplications, the tears, the frenzied words, the appeals on bended knees, the transports of passion, with which we are pursued by the man we adore, whom we want to gratify even in his slightest wishes, whom we desire to crown with every possible happiness, and whom, if we are to be guided by a worldly code of honor, we must drive to despair? What strength would it not require, what renunciation, what self-denial, and even what virtuous selfishness?

"In short, I loved him; and I was happy. I became—and this was my greatest weakness and my greatest piece of cowardice—I became his wife's friend.

"We brought up my son together; we made a man of him, a thorough man, intelligent, full of sense and resolution, of large and generous ideas. The boy reached the age of seventeen.

"He, the young man, was fond of my—my lover. almost as fond of him as I was myself, for he had been equally cherished and cared for by both of us. He used to call him his "dear friend," and respected him immensely, having never received from him anything but wise counsels, and a good example of rectitude, honor, and probity. He looked upon him as an old, loyal and devoted comrade of his mother, as a sort of moral father, tutor, protector—how am I to describe it?

"Perhaps the reason why he never asked any questions was that he had been accustomed from his earliest years to see this man in the house, by his side and by my side, always concerned about us both.

"One evening the three of us were to dine together (these little dinners were my principal festive occasions), and I waited for the two of them, asking myself which of them would be the first to arrive. The door opened; it was my old friend. I went toward him with outstretched arms, and he drew his lips toward mine in a long delicious kiss.

"All of a sudden a sound, a rustling which was barely audible, that mysterious sensation which indicates the presence of another person, made us start and turn round with a quick movement. Jean, my son, stood there, livid, staring at us!

"There was a moment of atrocious confusion. I drew back, holding out my hand towards my son as if in supplication; but I could see him no longer. He had gone.

"We remained facing each other—my lover and I —crushed, unable to utter a word. I sank on an armchair. I felt a vague desire to fly, to go out into the night and disappear forever. Then, great sobs filled my throat, and I wept. My heart ached, all my nerves writhed with the horrible sensation of an irremediable misfortune, and with that dreadful sense of shame which, in such moments as this, falls on a mother's heart.

"He looked at me in a scared fashion, not venturing to approach me or to speak to me or to touch me, for fear of the boy's return. At last he said.

"'I am going to follow him—to talk to him—to explain matters to him. In short, I must see *him* and let him know—'

"And he hurried away.

"I waited—I waited in a distracted frame of mind, trembling at the least sound, convulsed with terror, and filled with some unutterably strange and intolerable emotion by every slight crackling of the fire in the grate.

"I waited for an hour, for two hours, feeling my heart swell with a dread I had never before experienced. It was such an anguish that I would not wish the greatest of criminals to have to bear for even ten minutes. Where was my son? What was he doing?

"About midnight a messenger brought me a note from my lover. *I still know* its contents by heart:

"'Dear friend, my son returned. I did not find him. I am down here. I do not want to go up at this hour.'

"I wrote in pencil on the same slip of paper:

"'Jean has not returned. You must go and find him.'

"And I remained all night in the armchair waiting for him.

"I felt as if I were going mad. I longed to have to run wildly about, to roll myself on the ground. And yet I did not even stir, but kept waiting hour after hour. What was going to happen? I tried to imagine, to guess. But I could form no conception, in spite of my efforts, in spite of the tortures of my soul!

"And now my apprehension was that they might meet. What would they do in that case? What would my son do? My mind was lacerated by fearful doubts, by terrible suppositions.

"You understand what I mean, do you not, monsieur?

"My chambermaid, who knew nothing, who understood nothing, was coming in every moment, believing, naturally, that I had lost my reason. I sent her away with a word or a movement of the hand. She went for the doctor, who found me in the throes of a nervous fit.

"I was put to bed. I had brain-fever.

"When I regained consciousness, after a long illness, I saw beside my bed my—lover—alone.

"I exclaimed:

"'My son? Where is my son?'

"'I assure you,' he replied, 'every effort has been made to find him, but I have failed.'

"Then, becoming exasperated and even indignant—for women are subject to such outbursts of unaccountable and unreasonable anger—I said.

"'I forbid you to come near me or to see me again unless you find him. Go away!'

"He did go away.

"I have never seen one or the other of them since, and thus I have lived for the last twenty years.

"Can you imagine what all this meant to me? Can you understand this monstrous punishment, this slow perpetual laceration of a mother's heart, this abominable, endless waiting? Endless, did I say? No, it is about to end, for I am dying. I am dying without ever again seeing either of them —either one or the other.

"He—the man I loved—has written to me every day for the last twenty years; and I—I have never consented to see him, even for one second, for I had a strange feeling that, if he came back here, it would be at that very moment my son would again make his appearance. Ah! my son! Is he dead? Is he living? Where is he hiding? Over there, perhaps, at the other side of the ocean, in some country so far away that even its very name is unknown to me! How cruel children are! Did he understand to what frightful suffering he condemned me—into what depths of despair, into what tortures he cast me while I was still in the prime of life? Did he realise he was leaving me to suffer like this even to this moment, when I am going to die—me, his mother, who loved him with all the violence of a mother's love? Oh! isn't it cruel, cruel?

"You will tell him all this, will you not? You will repeat for him my last words:

"'My child, my dear, dear child, be less harsh towards poor women! Life is already brutal and savage enough in its dealings with them. My dear son, think of what the existence of your poor mother has been ever since the day you left her. My dear child, forgive her, and if you love me think that she is dead, for she had to endure the most frightful penance ever inflicted on a woman.'

She gasped for breath, shuddering, as if she had addressed the last words to her son and as if he stood by her bedside. Then she added:

"You will tell him also that I never again saw —the other."

Once more she ceased speaking; then, in a broken voice, she said:

"Leave me now, I beg of you. I want to die all alone, since they are not with me."

And I left the house, crying like a fool, so vehemently, indeed, that my coachman turned round to stare at me.

And to think that every day, heaps of dramas like this are being enacted all around us!

I have not found the—that—well, say what you like about him, but I call him that criminal son'

"Jean, my son, stood there, livid, staring at us."

THE DOG—By Harris Merton Lyon

It was six o'clock Saturday night. Bill Hastings, two hundred and fifty pounds of sodden Yorkshireman, methodically cleaned up his tray, took off his apron, and, putting on his street coat, went up to the front of the restaurant to collect his salary from the cashier—twenty dollars. Then, with but a dim memory of his wife in his mind and with an aggrieved notion that a man who has waited table all week long has a right to get drunk, he made for the nearest saloon—and from there went to the one nearest to that.

He never cared to go home, anyhow, because at home, to Bill Hasting's mind, lay the one great mistake of his life. The longer he kept along from that the better humored he was. He was like any other drunkard. During his intoxication he enlarged upon those things which, when sober, were matters of indifference to him. He became passionate when drunk to whom all emotion was unknown when sober. He hated objects or he wept over occurrences which Bill, sober, never bothered about one way or the other. Therefore the matter of his wife pressed in upon him far more keenly as an inebriate than as a staid, slow-footed, grandiose waiter in the Elite Cafe.

By nine o'clock he was drunk indeed, and, with a pint of cheap whiskey in his hip pocket against the coming Sabbath, he evidently intended to remain so; and New York, with its three saloons on every corner in Bill's vicinity, made the means to this end readily available.

Bill Hastings was drunk, drunk consummately and drunk meticulously; drunk so that any more liquor would have found him impervious to its wiles.

He started home, or, rather, toward the musty, clammy, fetid room, up three flights of stairs in a cheap brick flat on Blank Avenue, which he, in conjunction with his wife, Kitty, called "home." It was an untidy dungeon of a place. Two 'longshoremen and their wives, a phonograph and some children occupied the front room on the second floor above the grocery store; and, when they were all drunk and the children crying, they wound up the old talking machine and let the whole house hear "Not Because Your Hair Is Curly" and "Listen To the Mocking Bird," in which latter selection the words were interspersed with a hoarse and battered din which had once been a flute obbligato imitating the trills of the mocking bird.

A typewriter named Kelly had the rooms alongside, and above, on the same floor with Bill and his wife, dwelt a shoe clerk who gambled nights, a cook who worked nights but somehow managed the days without sleep, and a truck driver who went in for amateur boxing bouts over at Staten Island or Hoboken, or on the river barges around the Cherry Hill district. The tenement wasn't a quiet place, either; a shriek, a loud curse, and a blow were so common as to pass unnoticed. Only on those occasions when everybody chanced to be asleep—around 4 a. m.—when the 'longshoremen, sodden and snoring, had left off playing the phonograph, and when Bill—our Bill—was not beating his wife, only then was there any degree of tuneless calm around the ramshackle old apartments.

The janitor could have testified to that. He was an underized, bedraggled little man with a very poor set of mutton-chop whiskers, who never drank, who timorously stayed in the cellar all the time, fearing brawls, and who was distinctly out of place—so distinctly so that he occasionally cleaned the staircases. The gas jets flickered weakly from too small burners in the pipes, and the stairs, moldy with old carpets and newspapers used as padding, untouched from day to day by the sunlight, gave out a damp, moist, close, funky smell.

Bill was coming home—cold, evil, unfathomable, selfish Bill. He was in an ill-temper from too much drink and he had a mind to give his wife a bit of that temper. There was money in his pocket, too, to-night. Quite a bit of money—for him. That made him arrogant. Rent for their one room was four dollars a week; for that his wife ate there was four dollars more (Bill himself ate gratis at the Elite Cafe). That made eight dollars, and two more for "incidentals" made up the moiety of his salary that must be left intact for his wife. "Ten fer 'er an' ten for me," he put it succinctly, dwelling with no relish upon the fact that he had to pay her bills.

His wife was a heavy, florid young woman with sores on her face, who boasted openly that she could have married Mike Brown, now a well-to-do policeman, if in her girlhood she had cared to. Toward Bill, in spite of his beatings, she put up a determined bravado, as a gambler with a losing hand "bluffs" his way toward comparative safety. Her father somehow made Bill toe the mark, the neighbors said. It was a bad match all the way around. "An' some of theas days he'll beat 'er once too often," remarked Mrs. Cox, the washerwoman, with an oracular wag of the head.

Bill was coming home. He strolled deliberately along the side of the avenue opposite to the dingy brick apartment house, peering into shops slowly and stubbornly, on purpose to take up time. It was his one night of the week off, in which it pleased him to move slowly and grandly as a large drunken Englishman should. Moreover, this delay would enable his wife to get to bed and to sleep, and thus he would have the malicious satisfaction of waking her up.

At a delicatessen store he stood and looked in upon the devilled crabs for some time in gastronomical longing; then he entered and bought three. Eating these out of their greasy shells, he continued his wadding along until at last he was directly across the street from his own house. It must have been half-past ten. He glanced up at the windows and saw that they were dark.

"Aw right," he murmured, *suweetly*. "Give 'er plenty of time," and he waved a greasy hand at his sleeping spouse. Then, blinking his fat eyes, he turned his drunkenly steady mind to a consideration of a window full of puppies in a store near at hand.

Olinicki, typleat of Blank Avenue, dealt in puppies, birds, rabbits, white mice, guinea pigs, monkeys and goldfish; and many a time Bill and his wife, upon some particularly stupid Sunday afternoon, had sat in the windows and, looking down, laughed at the way the clumsy little dogs tumbled about and caressed one another—Saint Bernards, English bull terriers, fox terriers, black-and-tans, water spaniels and Newfoundlands. On occasion, and when he had been "broke," Bill had discussed apathetically the notion of buying one of these pups for a plaything.

Now, as he stood batting his eyes and winking into the window, all at once some sudden, indefinable impulse seized him. He had always wanted an English bull terrier, if he bought a dog at all. He would buy one to-night.

He steadied himself and looked more closely. The little fellow with the lemon-colored spot around one eye was a likely one. Bill pulled out his money. He still had two dollars of his own allotment left. He entered the shop, groping his way and stumbling over the threshold. This made him chuckle. With a drunken man's sense of obligation to society, he apologized to little old bald-headed Olinicki, explaining that he had tripped because of the darkness.

Olinicki smiled deprecatingly and bobbed his bespectacled head: "You aint de only ven vot falls along mine door, Mister Hastings. I fall over it mine sellef many a times. See?" And, to ingratiate himself into the good graces of Bill, Olinicki obligingly went outside, tripped over the doorsill quickly, and fell into his own shop. "Aha," he remarked, victoriously, "I moss haf dot fix." Then he resumed his business tone. "Now, vot can I do to you, Mistair Hastings?"

Bill wanted the bull terrier that was yelping so. "'Ow much?" asked Bill.

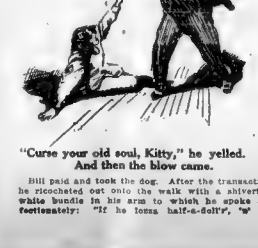
"Two dollahs," was the reply.

A cunning twinkle came into the fishy eye of the waiter. He was in the right mood to "jew down" the Jew. "Give yuh doll'r-'n'-half," he offered, *affably*.

The dog kept up its clamor of howls during the transaction. "Two dollahs," said little Olinicki, superficially.

"Doll'r-'n'-all," answered Bill.

"Take 'im alonk, den," yielded the dealer. "It's like losin' a hallut a tollah for me, though." Privately Olinicki said to himself: "I t'ink dot dog moss haf a kind o' krankheit in 'im. He yells all de time. Such a seekness; sometink de mattair. It aint such a bad bitaness to get rid of 'im."



"Curse your old soul, Kitty," he yelled. And then the blow came.

Bill paid and took the dog. After the transaction he ricocheted out onto the walk with a shivering white bundle in his arm to which he spoke affectionately: "If he loosa half-a-doll'r, 'e' we foun' it, we know wh' we g'n do 'th it, do' we!" Then he answered himself: "Ah gesso. Ah gesso."

The dog howled his sickly, furtive reply, timid and quivering.

"There, there now! We'll go t' s'loon; geffew drinksh, ol' boy, 'n' en we'll go home an' ge' warm. Eh? Whassay to that? Eh?"

The animal, with rapid, moist strokes of its tongue licked Bill's hand in a perfect frenzy of fear. The man began to feel a downright friendship for this nervous little being. He inched into the corner saloon with a whoop and there he spent the half dollar, together with a dollar and a half of his wife's money, boasting of the dog to the hangers-on, patting it, coddling it, letting it kiss him.

Finally, stupefied, thick-headed, distended with liquor, his whole face swollen, almost blind, almost deprived of the use of his legs and arms, and firmly clutching the weak-boned puppy until it howled with pain, Bill at last came home. The dog huddled in dread against Bill's forearm, its nose resting in his hand, while at every step its whines grew louder, more doleful, more foreboding.

Up the dark hallway, up the narrow stairways, carpeted with moldy carpets, protected by rickety banisters, which nearly gave way beneath the lumbering weight of the drunkard, from step to step and groped and fell sullenly, came Bill Hastings and the dog.

The janitor in the cellar heard it, and said to himself as he rolled over on his pallet: "Ler', that's Bill Hastings, home again an' drunk. An' if he aint bringin' a dawg into my house with 'im!" He ran to the door and popped his head out. "Look 'ere, Mister Hastings, you knew you can't bring no dawg into this here flat. This is a respectable 'ouse, an' you knew it!" he whimpered impotently.

"Very respectable, with you in it, ain't it?" roared Bill in rough Yorkshire humor; "a respectable rat hole with a little, squirrel-faced, bandy-legged runt a-runnin' it! Whes?"

The 'longshoreman on the second floor front, also drunk, heard him and facetiously yelled, "Hello, Bill! Blow the water over, Joe!" upon which the man on the stairs replied with a guttural curse, while the little beast continued its monotonous yelp, yelp, yelp with its face against the wall at the side.

Step at a time up they went, mumbling, falling, whining, howling, swearing, breathing heavily, whimpering, and after twenty minutes of toiling and sliding, with one mighty lurch Bill fell across the landing, clear into and through his door, and across his bed. And there he lay, snoring insanity.

The dog, dumped onto the floor, started his querulous, plaintive noise again.

Bill's wife, partly awoke, stupid with sleep, arose and scratched a match. As the yellow light of the gas jet (all the more yellow and flickering because of the water in the pipes) trembled across the room, she saw the shivering dog, one paw up in entreaty, the little pink nose shifting uneasily. With another stance she took in the condition of her husband. The week yellow light painted the tousled bedclothes, miscast shoes, corsets, calico wrappers, stockings and soiled linen, and fell mockingly upon the drunkard, the disheveled woman and the wide-eyed little brute, tumped together forming their little cosmos. She vented her rage at once upon the dog, not daring to attack the man.

"You shut up, you!" she yelled, fiercely. The terrier kept on baying sadly.

"Shut up!" she screamed, "or I'll break your neck, you little devil!"

Hastings stirred uneasily on the bed. "Le' my lawg alone," he said thickly, half to himself.

The animal, cold, frightened at the new surroundings, and aching for the warm softness of the litter of puppies across the street in the show window, shivered spasmodically, its satiny skin wrinkling and smoothing itself quickly. The note of its voice shifted to a higher treble, insistent, sharp, foreboding as an owl.

"Close yer trap, will yuh?" shrilled the woman. "If you don't I swear I'll lam yuh with this yere poker!"

A series of staccato barks greeted her. With an oath she grabbed at the poker, upsetting as she did so the coal scuttle. The noise brought Bill up off his bed at once.

"Curse you!" he snorted. "Can't I sleep? Huh'" He dug the stupor from his eyelids and stared viciously at his wife. "Ana, me 'n' you doin't Wot you goin' to do to my dawg?" His fist worked nervously.

For one brief moment she flashed into defiance—unfortunately. "I'm a-goin' to lick the hide off'n this critter if he don't shut up! That's what!"

The drunkard, steadying himself by a chair, felt a warm, furious rush of hate. Through the glare in his eyes he looked at his wife. Then he grinned softly. "Aw, I'll fix you," he said to her almost affectionately; so gently that her stomach yawned inside of her with a sickening fear.

He leaned ingratiatingly toward her. He crooked his arm swiftly. Then with a sweep he whipped his big fist toward her jaw. She understood what was coming, and, half palsied, she struck back at him with the poker.

The dog, taken up with watching the swift movements, was dumb.

"Ugh!"

With a grunt she struck at him again, this time more fiercely, and missed. Bill laughed horribly and grappled with her. They fell around the room clinging to each other apparently until at last in the scuffle the door was kicked shut tight.

Bill pushed her off then and stared at her for one gross, heavy second before he picked up a chair.

"Curse your old soul, Kitty!" he yelled. And then the blow came.

To be sure it hit the gas jet first, bending it and extinguishing the already feeble light, but it found its mark with a soft thud. There was a shriek, and a yelp from the dog; then silly hare and there in the dark a thick, clumsy shadow moved dealing more soft thuds.

A minute passed. Bill put the chair down, sereo, and toppled over on the bed again to sleep. His hand, hanging close to the floor, was all of a sudden kissed by the warm, lascivious, sensual caresses of a thankful beast, lulling the drunkard into a thick stupor.

On the floor, a quivering bundle of woman's clothes, awry and grotesque in the gloom, rose and fell with long, agonized breathing.

From them there came a final short gasp. After which . . . silence.

But at once, beginning with a long, low, sobbing whine, the dog started howling again dismally, somberly, pleadingly. He could smell the gas escaping and filling the close-shut chamber.

(Copyright by Harris Merton Lyon and Published by His Permission)

A BACK BAY WIDOW'S FLIRTATION

Being some chapters from Anna Coleman Ladd's Startling Novel of Boston Society Life

NO one in Boston society doubts but that Anna Coleman Ladd had the Smart Set's favorite cotillion leader, S. Hooper-Hooper in mind when she wrote T. Worcester-Worcester into her latest book, "The Candid Adventurer."

Various other personalities are being recognized by their friends and acquaintances who have read the book.

But the two principal characters are still subjects for speculation.

Society is asking "WHO do you suppose she means to portray as Mrs. Osborne, the fascinating widow?" and "WHICH artist COULD she have meant by Jerome Leigh."

SOME points about each might apply to SEVERAL people. But WHO shall say they are really the ones Mrs. Ladd had in mind!

The following excerpt from the book portrays vividly the status of affairs between these two characters:

(From "The Candid Adventurer," copyright, 1913, by Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston.

THE Back Bay having discovered Jerome, by way of the earl, invitations began to come in: and these signs of amity were graciously accepted by the young painter, half-starved for youth and gaiety, and the sight of one lovely face.

At first the quantity of chinless spinsters appalled him, the church atmosphere of meekness musicals, the visits to the Art Morgue, to view a hapless mutilated torso imported from Greece. Then he began to discover, with the zest of a lover of life, certain beautiful types of white-haired women and thoughtful men; and he was no longer bored. They liked him, I think, because he liked them so heartily. They interested themselves genuinely in his mad dreams, shaking their heads over the vision of the young artist beating his wings against their bars.

But it was after he had nearly died from a chill caught in his cold studio that they showed him the kindness of which they were capable. Hothouse flowers and French novels poured in, with shy words from people who had appeared to him most frozen. When he confessed to a love of nature, they took him by motor to beautiful suburbs surrounded by cemeteries, where the loveliest spots in New England are reserved for dead soldiers and firemen

* * *

Jerome, in quest of a Bostonian, was dining one night at the Somerset Club with T. Worcester Worcester, the illustrious leader of cotillions, and his friends, of whom the earl was one, when he gave voice to these reflections

"Yes, we are dowdy," T. W. W. admitted, but with his superior English accent; but Jerome resented this in his fourth new patriotism, which was becoming strenuously local.

"If the women in the shopping districts are dowdy," he said, "compared to New York (which I hate), the women in the limousines are exquisite. And so are many who go on foot, and live on high ideals—and high bills. But none of you have time to play, and all of you are 'rushed.' You are afraid of not being as noisy as New York. I heard a child of six tell her teacher she had not time to finish her piece of writing. Think of the grounding those little tots got in France! You have only time for a smattering of everything—whatever happens to be the thing! And so I'm the only one in this busy dance with leisure to flaner—a lost art!"

"You may come up to us yet," laughed his host, "I heard it said the other day, it was a sign of the decadence of Boston, that they are buying your stuff."

"And I heard," broke in the earl solemnly, "that you were a dangerous man. Think of that, Leigh! You, whom we called the Hermit and Sir Galahad in Paris—what are you here? An adventurer! You are never serious, my poor friend!"

"I never could learn to be. I'm either sad or gay, aren't you? Then, joyously: "Of course I'm an adventurer!—who wouldn't be, who could? What quest was ever like this coming to New England? Let them be sure of it: I am the one who adventures."

Ian laughingly seized his glass: "To the Candid Adventurer!" he cried

The men laughed, while Jerome solemnly concluded: "Dangerous follows like myself, born of hard-fighting, hard-drinking Cavaliers, not Puritans, will call on your world to dance, and, little by little, you'll begin. Not hideous Apache dances, adopted out of reaction; but lovely Greek movements, stately pavans, where the grace of life has room to flow"

* * *

He rose gally, glass in hand "Here's to Her, the new New England of the sweet, disdainful head, the queenly heart, the clear brain, and quick, light footstep . . . Can't you see her, sinking in a curtsey, barely touching with flower-like hand the tip of her partner's fingers"

* * *

When the group broke up, one of the men took Jerome's arm and walked part of the way home with him through the frosty streets.

You know my cousin, Mrs. Osborne?" she queried in a low voice. What you were saying reminded me of her somehow. When she first came out, I tried to know her better; but, though we lived near each other, and constantly met, I have never made out what she thinks, what she feels. At Newport, she was so gay, played tennis, motor, rode, danced,—I had almost said danced, if so delicate a name as she played could be called by that name. But in Boston, she is all shut up again. No one knows if she is happy, or if she regrets

Have you ever known her to commit herself to anything?"

Jerome paused to relight his cigar. Throwing away the match, "I hate push, anyway, you know."

Tie other laughed. "Then how happy you must be here! I am a Bostonian to the backbone, surrounded on all sides by family; but sometimes, like the Irishman, I feel as if I had been born lonely as the moon of dawn." When I can't stand it any longer, I take the Limited to New York, just to walk up and down Fifth avenue and feel wicked unobserved"

Jerome stared with sympathetic humor at the nervous young man. "You are the fifth," he remarked slowly, "who has secretly confessed to me that he is different from all the rest here, and longing to be free. . . . Where are the real Bostonians?"

* * *

Jerome felt like rushing off, himself, when the next morning rose on a world of snow. Icicles hung on the eaves, like a river-god's beard, the trees were loaded with fairy blossoms, incredibly beautiful.

Mrs. Osborne, passing by the studio in her long white furs, caught sight of a line of red, red roses breasting a redoubt of snow; and paused to scrutinize the phenomenon.

Jerome, in Russian boots and blouse, relics of his year on the steppes, was setting out the flowers with anxious care.

"Cruel!" she called over to him. "They'll die in the snow."

"They'll melt it!" retorted Jerome. "Quelle belle mort!"

Muriel gazed wide-eyed at her beloved story-teller, expecting a miracle.

But Mrs. Osborne made a moue. "Do you expect to rout the Winter with roses?"

"It's to encourage the Spring, the darling! You grudge every leaf that opens!" Jerome lifted himself up and brought over a long-stemmed Jacqueminot, "Aren't they wonders! Thinks looked so discouraging, this morning, that I took all the silver in the tobacco-jar, and bought these beauties. They would melt the hardest ice. . . ." He placed the flower very gently and deftly in the fur at her throat. "Hyrla hyrala, Muriel! You'll see, we'll win out yet!"

Mrs. Osborne drew imperceptibly away. "I never wear any but white flowers—" But she lifted the rose a moment to her cheek before giving it to the little girl. "I trust your troops may win, Captain Leigh"

"Thanks for the wish, marquise, if *both* wish that, the victory is near"

He stood gazing after her, pipe in hand, the snow up to the tops of his boots. The world, all white, seemed her kingdom: she, alone, an interloper.

* * *

He sought to meet her at balls and dinners, in every place he could. It was no easy matter. She picked her dances carefully: arrived very late: and was often surrounded. His eyes eagerly scanned the entering faces at the Copley-Plaza, on the night when T. Worcester-Worcester used all the resources at his command to produce a unique and ineffaceable impression. The scene was really magical—an Italian garden; and Jerome's eyes longed to see the one she so loved, playing Petrus moving through it, as her prototype did at night. He himself, with his square shoulders, English clothes, yellow hair, and mocking eyes, was as much a foreigner anywhere; and when Mrs. Osborne saw him across her partner's shoulder *her eyes grew cold*.

"I don't approve." He caught the words as the music ceased, leaving her near him

"What?" he laughed. "My tie? My hair?"

"Your being here at all—burning the candle at both ends."

"You would not have me a book-worm—a paint-bruhs?"

"You have no business to look as you do—and paint as you do! You can't work all day and dance all night. And it's four o'clock now"

"I was waiting for our waltz. Voules-vous bostoner, mariuses?"

She did not answer at once, and Jerome's deep-set, laughing eyes challenged her—the lines in his cheeks, the strong, white teeth, that seemed once made for laughter.

A vacant-looking youth was bowling before her, Jerome turned carelessly away with the words: "I'd rather have the last dance with you. A tantot!" and he moved off towards one of the groups of young girls there whom he took out with an indifference which clearly piqued her.

Jerome strolled up "Our waltz"

"But I am just leaving It is far too late."

His yes lit up; and before she realized it, they were gliding in perfect accord towards an open doorway. There, among green terraces and orange-trees, in the freshness of an Italian night received them. The strains of the sad old waltz she had danced to as a girl in Paris followed them into the greenness

Jerome said no word to break the charm. There were no Boston faces watching them. She let herself dance around the dancing fountain, all the grace of her body flowing into the lovely movement, the haunting sadness of the violins. He held her lightly, almost as a child, his head averted; the force that guided him one with hers, like two mosquitos bearing her through the clouds. For a divine instant there seemed no reason to cease moving, any more than the stars did in their course; the other pairs there, moving in rhythmic currents swayed them with equal balance in their orbit Jerome's glance fell on her throat, rising with exhilaration, till she too had to laugh with him, from sheer joy in the fray.

It was her young laughter that was his undoing. She let herself, for a lifetime. He was bearing her off as surely as ever his knightly precursors had done. For one moment she knew, perhaps, the woman of yielding to a strength as great as her own; and she did not resist, but closed her eyes and let him music bear her on.

When the Valse Aurore died away, they were facing a green bosquet that led to Nowhere; and, a little breathlessly, she turned and moved towards the door. Neither of them had spoken. The perfect moment was not marred.

He saw the flashing silver gown vanish, among the last of the dancers, in the empty darkness of her limousine; and feeling that the Universe alone was big enough to contain him and his love, fared forth on foot into the night.

The dawn was near to breaking when he reached the river. The brown ice-coating was parting in starlike fissures while a warm wind rippled the waters struggling to be free.

"Oh, New England—melting, melting!" sang Jerome to the ice and the Spring wind. He bared his head, and with wistfulness and a kind of tremulous joy, watched the slow coming dawn.

* * *

After this, he did not need to see her; he was too happy. She filled him up to his finger-tips. He painted her all day long. Her movements sang in his "Spring"—her royal gestures, her lightly falling feet, her tender mocking smile.

Hour after hour Golda held the pose while the man, absorbed, drank at his fount of inspiration; instinctively following the lines of mature

"Here's to Her, the new New England! of the sweet, disdainful head, the queenly heart, the clear brain, and quick light footstep you see her, sinking in a curtsey, barely touching with flower-like hand the tip of her partner's fingers?

Can't

ing at invisible shackles that tie you down to relatives and duties as mercilessly as ever Gulliver was tied by the hair of his head. It's to you, with the New England conscience,

before him, but coloring it all with the exaltation of his love.

By this time half the fresco was done and Jerome began to make study after study of the little Muriel running in the garden (for she never posed again in the studio). He transferred the quintessence of these to his wall, working early through the long mornings, when Mrs. Osborne was out.

* * *

When the warm May days began, instead of a siesta on his bear-rug, he was tempted by the divine freshness of the sunshine into the orchard behind the studio, where he lay, all in a Summer afternoon, under a canopy of apple-blossoms.

It was near the boundary-line of her garden; and so it was not surprising that the little Muriel should find him there, and, acting according to the spirit of fairy-stories, should creep up to crown him with a chaplet of bird-grape leaves. Then she ran for her mother; and without explanation, brought her suddenly around a tree-bole upon him.

Jerome lay prone, belted in his blouse, hands clenched in the soft grass, and flushed with happy sleep. Before she could move, his brown eyes opened on her, as readily as a young animal's; and for a second they looked into hers, as the first woman might have looked at the first woman: all wonder.

* * *

"To think of you confined in the garb of civilization again!"

Jerome cocked an eyebrow: "Meaning—?"

"At Copley-Plaza dances!"

"I felt very much at home there, in my element, dancing!—by the way, did ee ever dance together?" He bent and looked under her lashes.

She puckered her brow. "It's so hard to remember, isn't it? I have a dim idea I saw you at one of them. What a waste of time! You ought to live in the bole of a tree—are there any male dryads"

"I've only known the other kind. Now, you came out of one of those beautiful swaying trees around your house that scent the air with clusters of white sweet-pea——"

"Hm! locust? acacia?"

"You have it. I've loved trees since boyhood. They are the best friends! Do you remember when Augustine, in his hour of agony, left his friend weeping, and cast himself down at the foot of the fig tree in his garden? The curve, broad leaves could heal him when a human hand could only hurt—and the thrill of that sympathy——"

Mrs. Osborne hesitated. Then—"I used go back to my purple room you despise so!"

"Ah, that room of yours! I can see it—all a deep, soothing blue, very ascetic, very aesthetic; and the blue roses you affect; and your gowns all gray and black; and the dead-white flowers you wear! Ah, look across your garden—all the azalea trees on fire!"

She smiled a moment secretly, and opened the revers of her coat. On the seam of lace that hid the sweet curved bosom lay a ruby deep-flashing in its circlet of gems; so large and glowing that it seemed to throb here like a heart.

"That, there!" cried Jerome, marvelling.

She looked down at it smiling "My jeweler tells me that it should be mounted, to be in fashion, and kindly offered to cut it down for me. But I thought I could wait till Paris for that. And you—don't mind old-fashioned things."

"I glory in them. But what," he scoffed, "have rubies to do with quicksilver? For that is what you are"

"Quicksilver, indeed, is what you appear to make of impossible the catch, to pick up or to form; and yet, so gently wilding is take any shape, utterly and definitely intangible"

"Well, but useful?—marking the temperature?"

"Rarely above thirty-two degrees! But if one could hold it a moment in one's two hands! But cruel, as well! Radiant quicksilver, wild as a bird, gentle as water, silvery as a star!"

But she was ready for him: "Quicksilver, Mercury! one of the Interior planets"

"Mercury—seven times more dazzling than the sun!" chanted Jerome exultantly: "whom the Greeks named for his brilliancy of wheels

Copernicus, dying, lamented that he had never caught a gleam. . . ."

Pretty, pretty. But where there is no atmosphere and so little attraction that it has no satellites!"

"There is a rumor," Jerome broke in pensively, "that there are volcanoes, not yet discovered, on Mercury."

"A rumor quite unconfirmed," retorted Mrs. Osborne promptly; and they both laughed.

"As the transit of Mercury occurs in May, I shall see it for myself early tomorrow—oh, my morning star!

"He changeth not who to a star is fixed!'"

—And as he murmured Leonardo's words he seemed to drift off into a land of romance in which the present had no part.

She meant to go then, but could not resist a parting shaft: "Do you only *really* wake up early in the morning?"

"Rarely even then—Hydrargyrum," he muttered, "occurring in Nature as Cinnabar—you come from beautiful far places—Almeden in Spain, Idria in Illyria; Mexico, Peru, Japan. But those who deal with mercury must scatter much; for its action is not limited to the surface, but extends into the deeper cells——"

"What are you muttering?" She leaned toward him, her eyes deliciously classed in mischief

"Oh, you must not go now! I have such a lot of things to tell you——"

"About mineralogy? It's getting late——"

"About human nature."

She became judicial. "Oh, *I* know; you want to talk about that wife of yours!"

"I do," with firmness and a dancing eye: "Will you marry me, marquise?"

"I remember you once asked me for my advice, I think?"

"I did. But I don't need any, now, thanks. I have settled all that."

"Oh, you have? I think you are sadly in need of advice, young man"

"Sadly in need, as you say!" Jerome sighed prodigiously. "And I may call on you for it, too, some day. But all that will be much easier to settle"—his glance wandered off to the clouds again—"after we are married"

"The advice might come too late, then."

"Oh, so much comes too late!—will you marry me now, marquise?"

"Nay, of course. Today, or tomorrow?"

She was playing the game superbly. Jerome, that lover of games, acknowledged it with sparkling eyes. But his voice deepened——

"Tomorrow—the sky might fall! See—it is falling already!"

She threw back her head and looked up at the twilight branches, from which white blossoms came drifting down on her dark head, her knees, her open hands.

"Falling, falling!" he echoed in an ecstasy. "Marquise, will you marry me today?"

She caught up her scarf and gloves; mockingly dropped him a curtsey. "Merci, mon prince!" and vanished around the side of the hedge.

Jerome did not move. "At least," he thought, "I did not spoil her play. I made it. A lovely play. As for me, I am her playfellow, but not her plaything. Why spoil the game?" He chewed a blade of grass thoughtfully.

The old gardener came up. He had grown old on the place, and to him Jerome was still a child.

"Shall I brush you off, Master Jerome, sir?"

Jerome stared at him as if the old man had struck him a blow. Mrs. Osborne in Paris, Mrs. Osborne in Italy—and her Jerome, the faun, the dancer, in New England! Oh, there is the garden after June sir—there, you look much tidier—

"Why not after June?"

"Why? 'Cause she's sailing for the other side, sir

Every House, Camp, Cottage, Club or Boat in All New England Should Have the Glorious U. S. A.

With Official United States Coat of Arms in 5 Colors.

PENNANTS

NOW BEING DISTRIBUTED BY THE SUNDAY AMERICAN

36. In. Long by 15 In. Wide. Regular Retail Value $1.00

Handsomely Embossed—Special and Exclusive Designs—University Felt

For the COUPON CLIPPED FROM PAGE 2 OF TODAY'S SUNDAY AMERICAN AND ONLY 20 Cents

Less Than One-Quarter the Price You Have Been Paying

Any Pennant Coupon, with 20 Cents, Is Good for Any One Pennant Offered at Any Time

REMEMBER:—You Can Get a DIFFERENT State, College or School Pennant Each Sunday—Start Your Collection TODAY

TODAY YOU CAN GET Harvard Dartmouth Yale Princeton U. S. A.

You Must Have One Coupon and 20c for Each Pennant

The Fifth Pennant of the Series is Offered You today, U. S. A., with the Official United States Coat of Arms in Five Colors and Artistic Lettering. Regularly Sold at Retail for $1. You Cannot Duplicate It for Less.

There is no way to get this Pennant without the Sunday American Coupon.

Mail Orders Sent Parcel Post Without Extra Charge

Pennants May Be Obtained at **AMERICAN PROMOTION DEPT.** Or at Any of the Following Special Distributing Stations:

No. 5 Winthrop Square (Just Around the Corner from Summer and Devonshire Streets)

SPECIAL DISTRIBUTING STATIONS

BOSTON
AMERICAN PROMOTION DEPT., 5 Winthrop Square.
J. Rogers, Mt. Quinlan, D. Arsenovitz, L. Case, A. C. Lane, A. Cantor, H. Kirschenbaum, H. M. Easton, J. Gill, F. E. Wales, Lucas Bros, M. Mack, S. J. Barron, P. H. Lehman, P. A. Gavastes, J. Rose, C. F. Bergstrom, W. Stone, F. L. Pratt, W. H. Pearson, Thompson Co.

SOUTH BOSTON
M. J. Ford, T. Ryan, T. Kenney, J. H. Meyers, Cox & Costello, J. G. Barrett, M. Cronin, M. J. Baker, Charles Westergard

EAST BOSTON
R. Nahereny, J. Giovino, P. Kyrazes, P. W. McLean, M. Geodakos, J. W. Cogan, C. H. Smith

ORIENT HEIGHTS
C. L. Buswell

CHARLESTOWN
B. H. Meehan, P. J. McDonough, C. F. Churchill, Lurgio & Porter, L. F. Smith, Porter

ROXBURY
D. Ladd, M. Jordan, Harvard Drug Co., M. De Young, Woodman, J. White, Miss A. Molloy, William Burnett, G. H. Pierce, T. F. Connelly, C. A. Otis, H. E. Smith, E. F. Bigelow, M. Toomey, Joe Kogo, B. Abrahamian, G. N. Bosworth, L. Cohen, W. L. Robbins

ASHMONT
S. J. Gallagher, Fannon & Hayes

DORCHESTER
J. Hart, R. H. Thomas, B. L. Sreenan, I. A. Perry, H. J. Warner, Miss J. Moynahan, Stone & Watson, A. Levey, Dot News Shop, Thomas Tobin, H. S. Cole, Mrs. J. McCarthy, A. H. Loney, Mrs. M. A. Whitmarsh, M. A. Peyser, A. H. Tripp, J. S. Blake

NEPONSET
Mrs. J. G. Wilson

MATTAPAN
Harring & Teele

FOREST HILLS
James Litchfield

JAMAICA PLAIN
P. F. Dresser, G. H. Donaldson, W. A. Lyons, B. W. Yuill

ROSLINDALE
J. W. Coffran

HYDE PARK
A. Fisher

GREATER BOSTON DISTRICT
Outside Boston Proper

TOWN	DEALER
Arlington	Arlington News Co.
Arlington Heights	Mrs. M. H. Dean
Wayerly	W. F. Bowers
Braintree	Braintree News Co.
South Braintree	J. M. Lothrop
Braintree	H. W. Mansfield
Easton	Geo. D. Leavitt
Dedham	Dedham News Co.
Dover	R. F. Bullard
East Dedham	M. J. Maloney
Lexington	H. W. Reed
Lynn	R. S. Bauer Co., Central Sq.
	North Shore News Co
West Lynn	L. Adler
Lynnfield	G. L. Lawrence
Melrose	Mrs. F. Wood
Melrose Highlands	G. A. Bailey
Wyoming	M. Dudley
East Milton	Tuft Milton
Nahant	Goodwin & Lockwood
99 Humboldt ave.	
126 Norton st.	
1 Shirley st.	
898 Tremont st.	
1624 Tremont st.	
1181 Tremont st.	
3071 Washington st.	
1 Edwin st	
1004 Dorchester ave.	
1119 Dorchester ave.	
1251 Dorchester ave.	
1372 Dorchester ave.	
1817 Dorchester ave.	
1979 Dorchester ave.	
476 Blue Hill ave.	
1281 Washington st.	
2349 Washington st.	
701 Washington st.	
3 Milton ave.	
636 Columbia Road	
310 Bowdoin st.	
4-6 Geneva ave.	
Grove Hall	
1-3 Talbot ave.	
Ashmont	
748 Dorchester av	

TOWN	DEALER
Needham	Geo. Twiss
Needham Heights	H. A. Walker
Hough's Neck	A. H. Dahlen
Norfolk Downs	Branched & Martens
West Quincy	F. A. Skinner
Wollaston	G. C. Shurtz
Quincy	Gordon Bros.
Randolph	J. W. Mahoney
Saugus	C. L. Irving
Stoneham	H. W. Woodhead
Stoneham	A. Whittaker
Greenwood	Walter Glass
Wakefield	A. L. Tripp
Reading	Tracy Bros.
Waltham	Flannery Bros., 116 Moody st.
Wellesley	H. L. Pharo
Wellesley Hills	M. G. McCourt
Weymouth	C. H. Smith
E. Weymouth	C. H. Hunt & Co.
Weymouth Heights	W. J. Sacco
North Weymouth	W. E. Williams
North Weymouth	D. A. Jones
Winchester	Winchester News Co.
Woburn	C. P. Desmond

NEWTON

Newtonville	J. H. Keeler
Newton Centre	W. P. Woodman
Newton Highlands	Clifford Jones
Newton Lower Falls	Kanzey Bros.
Newton Upper Falls	G. H. Bateman
Newtonville	Newtonville News Co., Lyons st.
West Newton	W. H. Stacey, P. O. Building
Auburndale	W. F. Hadlock
Newton	A. V. Herrington, 3355 Centre st.

CHELSEA

William Redman	Chelsea sq.
R. Haven	307 Broadway
William Lorenz	2 Washington ave.
Mc Loye	519 Washington ave.
M. M. Gustat	118 Shurtleff st.

CAMBRIDGE

D. B. Shaughnessey	878 Cambridge st.
S. W. Talbot	2269 Massachusetts ave., No. Cambridge
Shaughnessy	1 Somerville st.
M. Crandall	2448 Mass. ave., North Cambridge
Royal Spa	264 Pearl st.
F. Kelley	564 Cambridge st., Cambridge
M. Hogan	1232 Cambridge st.
G. S. Chipman	Postal station, corner Pine nam st.
A. B. Parker	Inman sq., Harvard Co-operative Society, Lyceum Hall
Mr. Woodrow	1 Broadway
W. H. Murphy	1305 Mass. ave.
Mr. Keene	Harvard sq.
Mr. Brennan	966 Cambridge st.
P. L. Bourne	1627 Mass. ave.
James Bros.	Harvard Square
Goodwin & Lockwood	264 Pearl st.

TOWN	DEALER
Harvard College	Memorial Hall Newsstand
Vogel Drug Co.	516 Western ave.
Daniel Hirth	Cor. Mt. Auburn & Belmont Sts., Mt. Auburn
J. R. Ellis	9 Belmont st.

BELMONT

Belmont Pharmacy	Cor Oxford & Belmont sts.

SOMERVILLE

J. Edelson	238 Somerville ave.
Nagle Bros	121 Union sq.
L. H. Steele	11 Conwig ave.
E. W. Lackey	2442 Pearl St.
John Hillery	55 Elm st.
G. E. Rogers	696 Broadway
T. M. Libby	62 Holland st.
J. A. Stewart	413 Medford st.
J. A. Kyte	Cor Dexter & B'way
N. C. Soule	1152 Wash. Tem. Sq.
H. B. Westworth	718 Broadway

MEDFORD

G. R. Nutter	406 Medford st.
F. H. Peak	134 Riverside ave.
W. C. Morse	83 Washington st.

WEST MEDFORD

J. Morrison	468 Main st., Tufts sq.
N. Wilber	476 High st.
G. F. Gilman	336 Boston ave., Medford Hillside

EVERETT

G. W. Nichols	466 Broadway
C. H. Shattuck	Glendale sq.
C. H. Shattuck	Woodlawn
K. P. Sargent	Oakes & Main sts.
K. P. Sargent	West & Main sts.
F. L. Wallace	Main st., cor. Thorndike

WEST EVERETT

Driscoll & Son	West Everett

MALDEN

H. P. Childs	393 Ferry st.
W. H. Sherburne	Malden sq., W. Div.
J. Berrigan	185 Highland ave., Edgeworth
Murphy Bros.	Main st.
Miss Kenney	B. B. Crossing, Malden
L. H. Harcourt	Dutton st.
Carlbaugh Bros	48 Faulkner st.
	102 Main st

BROOKLINE

W. D. Paine	556 Washington st.
Coolidge Cor.	News Co., 262 Harvard st.

WATERTOWN

McLaughlin & Co	41 Main st.
J. E. Reilly	W. Watertown.
A. H. Parsons	2 Adams st

ALLSTON

Allston News Co	11 Franklin st.

QUINCY

Bergan & Lunch	1005 Hancock st.
L. Cook	573 Washington st.
P. Z. Litchfield	151 Water st.
Mr. Melville	

TOWN	DEALER
Brighton News Co	3 Academy Hill Rd.

REVERE

Vee's Pharmacy	Beach st.
Candy Palace	217 Broadway
J. D. Pearson	134 Beach st.
Norcross Pharmacy	Beachmont

WINTHROP

Totman & Sam	416 Shirley st
Quality Shop	Winthrop Centre Sta.
Mrs. Clark	17 Revere st.
Winthrop Pharmacy	Magee's corner

MASSACHUSETTS
DISTRIBUTING POINTS

TOWN	DEALER
Abington	F. J. Donaldson
Adams	H. O. Hicks
Amesbury	Howes & Allen
Amherst	C. E. Elwell
Andover	O. P. Clark
Athol	Loagley & Co.
Attleboro	L. H. Cooper
Barnstable	W. H. Paine
Beverly	E. O. Swasbrug, 4 Washington st
Blackstone	J. B. Drury
Bridgewater	R. J. Casey
Brockton	Brockton News Co., 57 Alton st.
Chicopee	The Beerley Co.
Chicopee Falls	A. Beaudry
Clinton	F. F. Finnerty
Cohasset	J. E. Cahn
Cohasset	E. E. Souther
Concord	G. H. Hunt
Dalton	Divers News Co.
East Pepperell	W. J. Dromney
Easthampton	M. J. Tatro
Fairhaven	H. L. Lord
Fall River	City News Co., 146 Main st
Fitchburg	Lewis O. Wood
Framingham	M. H. Smith
Franklin	A. B. Smith
Gardner	John Brown
Gloucester	F. E. Shurtleff, 134 Main st
Greenfield	Greenfield News Co.
Groton	J. J. Sheedy
Haverhill	M. J. Sullivan
Hingham	H. Bent
Holbrook	C. Hennessy
Holyoke	C. F. Lincoln, Springfield Delivery
Hudson	166 High st.
Ipswich	Silas Fairbanks
Lawrence	Ross News Co., Max Kater, 220 Franklin St.
Lee	H. Hill
Lenox	L. J. Bernier
Leominster	N. J. Reid, 33 Water st.
Lowell	Mac Kenzie & Hurd st.
Mansfield	Stearns & Son
Marlborough	North Shore News Co.

TOWN	DEALER
Marlboro	M. F. Collins
Maynard	J. J. Ledgard
Methuen	E. K. Eyrhin
Middleboro	J. J. Sullivan
Milford	J. Cahill
Milbury	J. P. Dempsey
Montague	B. L. Lovell
Nantucket	E. H. Jenkins
Natick	Fairbanks Sons
New Bedford	P. C. Swan
Newburyport	Newburyport News Agency
North Abington	M. Sheehan
North Adams	Brackley & Sons
Northampton	J. J. Heffernan
North Andover	J. Simon
North Attleboro	News Bureau
North Easton	O'Connor's Book Store
Norwood	J. P. Welch
Orange	J. J. Harrington
Palmer	J. J. Lynch
Peabody	H. H. Raymond
Pittsfield	Pittsfield News Co.
Plymouth	C. C. Smith
Provincetown	L. A. Dwelhorn
Randolph	A. G. McAuliffe
Reading	J. C. Oakes
Rockland	A. Peterson
Rockport	F. M. Shurtleff
Salem	Goldsmith & Son, 4 Barton sq.
Southbridge	E. F. Dakin
South Hadley	J. W. Waite
Springfield	Springfield News Co., 70-72 Post st
South Framingham	J. F. Fiske
Swampscott	North Shore News Co.
Stoughton	H. L. Cook
Taunton	George A. Wood, 22 Broadway
Turner's Falls	J. Fritz
Tyngsboro	F. J. Lacy
Ware	P. J. Mulvaney
Warren	E. A. Shumway
Webster	J. L. Parker
Westborough	Mrs. Josephine Sullivan
Westfield	S. S. Connor
W. Springfield	Rice Pharmacy
Whitinsville	J. J. Sherlock
Wilmington	G. E. Blundell
Winchendon	John Nawas
Winchendon	A. J. Merrill, David Bourne, 23 Mechanic st

RHODE ISLAND

TOWN	DEALER
Providence	Max Silverstein, 1 Weybosset st.
Pawtucket	Pawtucket News Co.
Newport	W. F. Clarke, 202 Thames st
Warren	C. H. Bliss
Woonsocket	J. P. Flynn, 1 Social Main st
Bristol	J. M. Darling
Westerly	A. N. Ivelly
Kingston	R. C. Hazlon
Narragansett Pier	J. J. Weibel

VERMONT

TOWN	DEALER
Barre	O. H. Dodge
Bellows Falls	F. C. Winnewisser
Bennington	J. A. Evans
Burlington	Goodrich, Gadsworth, Mann's
Northfield	Northfield Pharmacy.
Montpelier	Ed Segalis
Rutland	August Dixon
Springfield	W. H. Wheeler & Sons
Springfield	H. C. Dodge
St. Albans	H. B. Butler
St. Johnsbury	Randell & Whitcomb

CONNECTICUT

TOWN	DEALER
Danielson	H. Dawe
Manchester	E. W. Harpenay
Mystic	E. A. Bliven
New London	Joseph Sunday
Norwich	H. Hill
Putnam	Putnam News Co.
Rockville	G. W. Dowding
So. Manchester	Pasquoll News Co

MAINE

TOWN	DEALER
Portland	J. W. Peterson
Lewiston	J. J. Mullane, 7 Sabattus st.
Bangor	Bangor News Co.
Biddeford	L. M. Dearborn
Biddeford	M. Rosenbaum
Auburn	S. A. Pelletier
Augusta	J. P. Pierce
Bath	L. B. Swett
Sanford	W. H. Wood
Rockland	Hinton-Tuttle Book Store
Calais	J. J. Ryan
Houlton	Geo. Clark
Kenniford Falls	Joseph Leary
Brunswick	L. H. Cheney
Dexter	A. M. Coe
Waterville	Everett H. Reid
	50 Silver St.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

TOWN	DEALER
Hanover	L. P. Storrs
Manchester	M. L. Nesmith, 4 Manchester st.
Nashua	F. P. Tow
Concord	Eugene Sullivan
Keene	Thos. O'Connor
Dover	Cavanaugh Bros
Exeter	J. M. Brown
Portsmouth	M. L. Nanas
Somersworth	Wm. Osgood
Somersworth	A. La Pointe
Laconia	Chas. Mudgett
Claremont	J. B. Noyes
Franklin	W. Woodworth
Tilton	French & Roy
Durham	W. Wentworth
Plymouth	J. P. Gould
Newport	Lovell's Drug Store
Littleton	W. M. Silsby
Derry	Benson Bros.

Next Sunday You Can Get CARLISLE With Official Indian Head Mascot in Colors

Order Next Sunday's American NOW!

American Magazine Section of the Boston Sunday American, Sunday, March 30, 1913=
Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

IN THE TEMPLE OF MOLOCH THE "EATER" OF LITTLE CHILDREN

Ruins of the Altars of the Phoenicians' Cruel God Found by the Italians in Conquered Tripoli.

NOW that the Italians have occupied Tripoli, we may expect to see many interesting remains of the remarkable civilization of ancient Carthage brought to light.

The city of Carthage itself lay in what is now French Northern Africa, and its site is occupied by the modern city of Tunis. But the Carthaginian Empire at one time included nearly the whole of Africa lying on the Mediterranean and extended eastward through the territory now acquired by Italy to the borders of Egypt.

An extraordinary feature of life in ancient Carthage was the worship of Moloch, the hideous divinity to whom little children were sacrificed. The god was represented by a seated figure of frightful aspect with a bull's head. In its interior was a furnace and in its breast bronze doors.

On ceremonial days the furnace was lighted and the doors opened. After long prayers the priest took one child after another and cast it though the bronze doors into the furnace, while the people prostrated themselves in awe before the dreadful god, who could only be appeased by human sacrifice.

There is evidence that the worship of Moloch prevailed to a frightful extent in Carthage and other Carthaginian cities. The country was nearly stripped of children through this form of sacrifice, and hence it was necessary to capture slaves from all parts of the world to make up the laboring population. Owing to peculiar circumstances very little can be recovered from Carthage, but in the many Carthaginian cities situated in Tripoli there are undoubtedly vast remains of the worship of Moloch and the Carthaginian civilization.

Italian archaeologists have already gone to Tripoli and have started work on the site of Philaent, which was one of the most important of the later Carthaginian cities. Although they have examined only a very small area, they have discovered the foundations of a temple, with the remains of a furnace, which was evidently used in the worship of Moloch. Twenty feet away from the furnace are chambers containing large quantities of charred bones, relics of the dreadful cult.

The Carthaginians belonged to the Phoenician race, who occupied Tyre and Sidon, on the coast north of Palestine. The ancient Israelites frequently sinned by sacrificing to Moloch. Their prophets and leaders constantly warn them against this sin in the Bible. Solomon erected an altar to Moloch on the Mount of Olives, and under Ahaz and Manasseh children fed the fire of the idol at Tophet, in the Valley of Hinnom.

The Phoenicians were the greatest traders in the ancient world before the Romans rose to supreme power. A Phoenician colony founded Carthage and eventually spread along the northern coast of Africa from Gibraltar to Egypt. Settlements were made on the coast of nearly every European country, and there were several even as far away as Britain.

The Romans, growing jealous of Carthage, deliberately planned to destroy it. They succeeded in their third war against the Carthaginians, which came to an end in 146 B.C. The Romans then burnt Carthage and passed the plough-share over the ruins.

Later a Roman city was built in its place. The worship of Moloch, doubtless brought in from other Carthaginian settlements, reached an alarming development in the new city, and it was suppressed by the Emperor Tiberius about the year 20 A.D.

After the fall of the Roman Empire Carthage fell into a state of ruin. During the Middle Ages the Italian architects used the city, which is a very short distance from Italy, as a stone quarry. They carried away remains of Carthaginian and Roman times indiscriminately. Hence it happens that very little is left of what was the leading city of the world before Rome won the first place. A settlement of mixed Oriental population now occupies the site.

The remains of Carthage that still exists lie in the suburbs, or far outside the city. On the lagoon of Tunis, several miles from the ancient city, are traces of a vast cemetery, where the ancient Carthaginians buried their dead. They did not permit gravestones to be erected within sight of their dwellings. Why a people who were accustomed to sacrifice little children should have objected so strongly to the sight of ordinary graves is a peculiarity not yet explained.

In the cemeteries of Carthage are unnumbered urns and little coffins of stone, containing calcined and broken bones, the remains of the human victims, which the Carthaginians were in the habit of offering to the god Moloch.

On certain days the hideous god received into its brazen, burning breast from two to three hundred children of the noblest families of Carthage, the mothers being forced to look at these odious sacrifices without shedding a tear.

A curious fact is that the sea in the vicinity of Tunis regularly casts up little pieces of gold and jewelry. This evidently indicates that the richest part of ancient Carthage now lies beneath the sea.

"Every Winter," writes Father Delattre, a noted investigator of Carthaginian civilization, "when in the rough weather the waves break with violence, stirring and washing up the sand on certain parts of the coast, a sifting takes place which brings to the surface minute particles of gold.

"I have succeeded in gathering up as much as nineteen or twenty grammes—a sufficient quantity to confirm the reality of the fact which has been stated. The gold is of a very fine yellow. Curious to relate, this gold is not met with in the form of dust; it is, in fact, composed of the minute debris of trinkets.

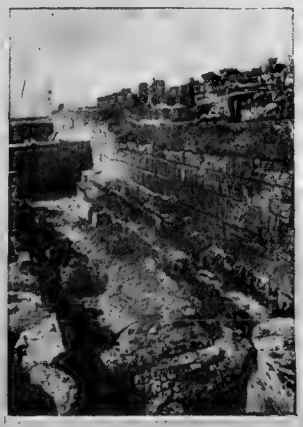
"The quantity of gold which I have gathered represents nearly three hundred fragments. The scraps which preserve a characteristic form are globules, bits of filigree, twisted fringe, small rosettes, sockets, decorated links, wrought wires, inlaid or openwork pieces, one of these being fashioned in the form of a rectangular cartouche.

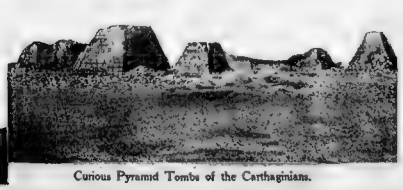
"In all of this there is not the shadow or a grain of natural gold dust. That is not to say that the sand does not actually contain any; but the gold which we have gathered is worked gold."

Mask Worn by a Priest of Moloch.

Priest About to Thrust a Baby Into the Brazen Breast of Moloch. Painting by Andre Castaigne.

Excavations by the Italians in Ancient Carthaginian Territory.





Curious Pyramid Tombs of the Carthaginians.

Copyright 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain rights reserved.

NEW DISCOVERIES ALL OVER THE EARTH

Why Next Summer Will Be a Very BAD One FOR BABIES

BY Dr. L. K. HIRSHBERG.

THERE will be more typhoid, more cholera infantum, more dysentery, and more milk-born maladies of infancy this year than has been known for fifteen years, or since the year of the Spanish American War.

This prophecy is based upon the fact that there will be a billion times as many flies this Spring as there were in the July and August of the last fourteen years. That every fly is the harbinger of disease and possible death is too well known to be argued about in this article, and it naturally follows that such an increase of the disease and death-bringing flies means an increase of the diseases of infancy, for it is the little ones that suffer most from the plague of the germ carrying house fly.

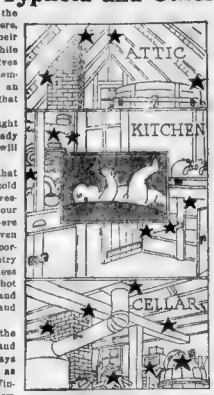
The whole secret of the increase in the number of flies due this year is really no secret at all. It is the "open Winter." When a Winter is unusually severe, or even normally severe, the flies cannot retain their hold on life so readily. The cold kills them, and while a great many flies always manage to tuck themselves away in some place about every home where the temperature never reaches the freezing point, during an exceedingly warm Winter, the number of flies that manage to live through is greatly increased.

For this reason the scientists, having given thought to our extremely mild Winter this season, already know that typhoid, cholera and other pestilences will be worse than usual during 1913.

It probably seems to almost every householder that Winter kills off all the flies; even a month of cold weather seems sufficient for this, but if you will investigate you will be amazed to find many flies about your home. They may not be about your kitchen, for there constant scrubbing will doubtless rout them, but even then you may find them snuggled close up in the corners of the sink closets, or in crannies under pantry shelves. Look in your cellar and you will doubtless find these flies patiently dozing away around the hot air pipes, in corners of the ceiling, in the rafters and crevices around the kindling piles, behind barrels and boxes stored away, and in many such places.

Look in the open attic, or in spare rooms on the walls, about the chimneys that keep them warm, and there will probably be a number of flies. They always manage to go into a sort of Winter sleep, much as some animals hibernate, and even in the coldest Winter many of them live through. Take, then, a warm Winter like this one and how much greater is this number increased?

Now, in the early April days, or in the South as early as the first of March, the female fly that so cleverly tucked herself away in some warm nook of your house will begin to awake from her long sleep, flutter her wings, shiver a few shivers and then fare forth to multiply.



The Stars Indicate Only a Few of the Many Places About Your House Where Flies Live Throughout the Winter.

This female fly has from 120 to 200 eggs which she wants to deposit, and which she will deposit. If there is no stable at hand she will deposit those eggs in the garbage pan, or even in the earth of your rubber plant or ferns or palms—she will find some place to deposit these eggs—any place where there is exposed organic material.

Now, if the weather is fairly warm, every female fly that was hatched from the 200 eggs deposited by our first fly (the one that passed through the Winter sleeping) will begin to deposit eggs at the end of ten days. For instance, if, out of the 200 eggs deposited by the fly that lived in your house through the Winter there were 100 female flies, at the end of ten days after hatching these 100 female flies will begin depositing from 120 to 200 eggs, and in ten days more after hatching that lot this third generation will begin depositing eggs while the original mother fly will probably be as lively as she was last Fall and keep right on depositing eggs.

So prolific are these flies that the result is really appalling, especially in view of great dangers with which their deadly microbes surround every household.

The little fly that first deposited eggs the first of April will have been responsible for descendants by the first of next September that will amount to ten raised to the thirteenth power, or, more than one hundred thousand million! If one fly can do this, what can a houseful of flies do? And if there are perhaps fifty flies that live through the Winter in your house when the Winter is normal, there are doubtless 100 or 200 flies alive in your house throughout an extremely warm Winter!

With these on the inside so increased by warm Winter and those that get in from the outside in the Spring, also increased from the same reason, it is only natural that the scientists should declare that the coming Summer will be an extremely bad one for babies.

Flies will go instantly to milk and sugar. Their feet and bodies are covered with terrible germs. They leave these germs on the rubber nipple of baby's bottle and on scores of things that finally reach the baby. Hence, it means a deadly Summer for infants.

Flies allowed to feed on milk or sugar water, in which germs are placed will be found to deposit those microbes ten times every hour, besides placing them in and on everything on which they alight. One fly will have a progeny of 12,000,000, or nearly half a ton in weight.

The remedy is to begin now and fight the flies. Search your house as though you were looking for a two-caret diamond you knew were there, hunt up every fly in every cranny and crevice and kill it. Each fly killed now means 12,000,000 less flies by June 1. And when the warm weather comes keep up the fight with screens and traps and poisons, and above all with searching out the breeding places and destroying them.

These breeding places are in out houses, garbage cans, open gutters, decaying fruits and vegetables, exposed market edibles, manure, ferns, green groceries, butcher shops, thatched shingles and all exposed liquids and foods. Let every man, woman and child begin the great fight and keep it up. Eternal welfare on the fly is the only price of freedom from dread disease. Kill a fly to-day and say "There's twelve million flies less!" And do not stop until you are certain every fly in your house has been killed. Then keep up the search constantly.

The Many Ailments WHEAT BRAN WILL CURE

IF wheat bran were put up in fancy packages and sold at about one hundred times its actual market value, there is no doubt but what it would be used as a medicine a thousand times a more frequently than it is to-day; such is the peculiarity of human nature that wrongfully associates cheapness with poor quality in everything.

As a matter of fact, physicians assert that there is absolutely no better laxative in the world than wheat bran. Most physicians go further and declare it has no equal as a laxative.

A grain of wheat has five outer layers that make up what is known as "bran." These make up little more than three per cent of the entire grain of wheat. The outer layer is known as the "coats" and contains the greater part of the coloring matter of the bran. This is due to the iron in it; also a soluable form of phosphorus known as "phytin." There is also in these layers, especially the three outer layers, calcium, magnesium and potassium.

For ages farmers and stockmen have known the valuable properties of wheat bran and have fed it—not to their own superior bodies—but to their cattle, horses and hogs! Wheat bran is known as a waste product. It is really the most valuable part of the wheat and should be included in the wheat flour for the making of all the bread we eat. The wheat flour as it is put on the market consists almost entirely of wheat starch, really the poorer part of the wheat as far as nutriment and health giving and health-preserving qualities are concerned, especially the latter.

Just as wheat flour is entirely wheat starch, so is potato without the skin and outer layer next the skin nothing more than potato starch. Every one knows, or should know, that the inner side of the potato covering or skin contains the valuable food salts, and the inside of the wheat kernel and the inside of the potato skin both lack the inorganic mineral substances that are so necessary to our daily diet.

Dr. A. Ernest Gallant, of New York, asserts that wheat bran is the best of laxatives. It should be understood that bran is not a great food, neither is the inside of the wheat a great food, but mixed they form the very best of foods. But bran alone makes the laxative because it is made up for the most part of indigestible cellulose, which is a white compound having the properties of starch, but in this case being non-absorbable. For this reason the bran takes up a large amount of water and swells, which adds to the bulk in the stomach and intestines and thus quickly and easily removes all the deadly toxins that gather in the intestines. In other words, it overcomes and prevents putrefaction and absorbs the poisons.

Bran should be taken daily; it clears up the so-called "liver-spotted" skin, removes indigestion, anemia actually improves, while the skin loses its dryness and becomes softer and of a healthier tint. For this reason bran is also a skin beautifier, such as no skin doctor could bring about by any other arts. It removes dandruff and frequently will remove the eruptions of the skin so frequently noted in the adolescent.

All this, then, is enough to make wheat bran worth its weight in gold. It is best taken stirred in a glassful of cold water, or mixed with cooked cereal, or eaten with milk or cream. It may also be eaten in soup, broth or gruel, or given to children mixed with marmalade or honey, maple or other syrup, spread on bread or toast.

The quantity taken should be one to three or four heaping tablespoonsful daily. If the laxative effect is too vigorous the quantity may be reduced. In chronic or long-standing cases of constipation the quantity may be increased, or it may even have to be reinforced by cascara or phenolphthalien, this drug being discontinued just as soon as the chronic stage is relieved. Dr. Gallant declares that many of his patients have been relieved of anemia, constipation and its kindred ailments through the use of nothing more than wheat bran.

Why LYING IN BED TOO LONG Is Not Good for You

GETTING sufficient sleep is one thing, but lying in bed after you have finished your sleep, or lying in bed when it is possible to be up in an easy chair after an illness, is an entirely different matter and something that should be avoided.

In the first place, too much lying in bed has a tendency to bring on anemia, according to some recent medical discoveries. It has long been known that too much lying in bed is harmful to the circulation. To get a good night's sleep—from seven to eight hours, on the average—rests the mind and the body and also the heart in assisting it in keeping up the blood circulation with the least energy, but with the extremely aged and especially the extremely weak, too much lying in bed without any relief of a sitting posture or a few steps about the room, even assisted, daily, will clog the pulmonary circulation, and this frequently results in passive congestion of both sides of the lungs.

Of course, many people awake and do not have to arise and go about household duties or hurry through breakfast and to work, and so they idle away a few hours in bed, have their breakfast sent up to them later and remain lying down just as long as possible.

This is really harmful. After sufficient sleep the muscles demand exercise just as much as on retiring, the body and mind required rest. The first bad results of too much lying in bed is a lack of muscular exercise, and this is one of the important things in the daily item of health-making and health-saving.

Too much lying in bed means, first, lack of proper muscular exercise; second, a loss of appetite and the lack of proper daily nourishment that follows; third, lack of sufficient fresh air; fourth, lack of sufficient sunlight; fifth, a tendency to become anemic; sixth, passive congestion of lungs.

Many very aged people die as the result of broken bones, especially a broken hip. It is not really the broken hip that kills them, but the necessity of lying a long while in bed, so long that the pulmonary circulation is clogged, there is no incentive to deep breathing, the passive congestion of both sides of the lungs takes place and death follows.

Of course, with the aged who suffer broken bones, lying in bed cannot be helped, but with the normal people they are injuring their health whenever they lie in bed longer than necessary for their needed sleep. To lie back on a couch for an hour's nap, or to lie back in an easy chair is quite a different matter. But the lying in bed habit should be avoided.

Why Appetizing Food Odors Are Necessary

By WILLIAM LEE HOWARD, M. D.

WE are constantly hearing from dietists about the nutritive values of certain foods. We are told all about the tissue building properties of certain ingredients of proteds, fat-building foods, and what amount of carbon and nitrogen is needed daily for the body's work.

But the truth is that the physiologic value of flavors has much to do with the health of the body. If we enjoy the scent of a certain food preparation it will undoubtedly be of more benefit to us than a scentless concoction containing all the chemical ingredients of tissue building. Foods must possess much more than carbon and nitrogen to make them wholesome. Not many of us would thrive on laboratory stuff devoid of all flavors or that bouquet which makes "the mouth water."

Animals smell their food before they will touch it. It is not merely a precaution against poisons or indigestible stuff, but to receive that stimulation from flavors which will cause a flow of saliva and so carry on digestion to completeness.

To pay a good price for pleasing food is not extravagance, it is a physiologic economy. Tasteless things do not more than load the stomach and disgust the normal appetite. The craving for some attractive smelling dainty or even coarser food is an expression of a natural need. And it does not make any difference in the state of man's social condition. Savages will have their feasts where all food is highly spiced or contains that which has a pleasing flavor.

Nature demands variety in everything, and man is no exception to her rule. The more one enjoys certain foods the greater the benefits and the energy producing compounds will be found in those things one enjoys. If man cannot have to eat what he craves, his health suffers. Sometimes the tissues and blood need one form of nourishment; sometimes another and if the man or woman is in normal health he needs just what he craves.

Banquets are as old as man and their value is in the fact that here man can find that which pleases him and which might be obnoxious to another, yet this other also finds that which he needs and craves.

As we grow older and take up life's responsibilities and all that this means, his body requires many more chemical compounds. What would disgust a child, the middle aged eats with relish and profit. The man who weighs every day just the amount of carbon, nitrogen and other chemical food stuffs he puts into his body and tries to get this in concentrated form, odorless and dead of flavor, is not living only existing.

Eat so you may enjoy life and enjoy life so that you may eat.

How "NAGGING" Always SPOILS YOUR DINNER

IF you have anything in the home to wrangle about—if you have any unpleasant matters to discuss—if you want to correct the children—do not do it at dinner. Wait at least two hours; better still, make it nearer three hours. For all these things will spoil the very best dinner ever put on a table. You may be able to eat the dinner, but you will not be able to digest it under such unfavorable circumstances.

For a long while it has been known that good clothes, bright lights, pretty decorations, witty conversation, music and smiles and laughter are all great aids in the matter of digestion. Now it is known that, on the other hand, disagreeable things, especially unpleasant conversation, scolding, nagging, fault finding, talking about unhappy things, about sorrow and suffering, will actually prevent you from digesting your dinner properly. In fact, such conditions may prevent you from digesting it at all, and it will burden your stomach without doing you a grain of good.

An interesting experiment was made by Horace Fletcher once with a cat. This cat had been so operated on that its digestive organs could be studied. When the cat was frightened and teased and worried by abusing it or scaring it with dogs, right after a full meal, all digestion stopped. Later, after giving the cat some rest, if it was pampered and stroked and petted and coaxed back into a peaceful frame of mind, the digestion started up again.

This is exactly what happens in man. If your children are a bit boisterous at the table, if they are a little ill-mannered, do not be forever nagging them. It will spoil their dinner; it will prevent them from digesting it or getting any benefit from it. If you must correct the children, speak of it pleasantly at the table or wait until long after the meal.

If you have bad news when you come home to dinner, do not tell your wife all about it as you sit down to eat. Do not spoil her dinner and your own. Wait a while before you tell her. She has had her household work, and worries all day and needs your bright conversation and smiling face to help her through the dinner.

And if your husband comes home from the office tired and hungry and things have gone all wrong, don't tell him then. Let him eat his dinner in peace, talk pleasantly, smile at him. Afterward you may tell him that the cook is going to leave and the maid broke his pet meerschaum pipe, and the grocer cheated you, and the water pipe leaks, or whatever it is that troubles you.

Eat a tender steak with nice vegetables, and then go weeping and nagging and scolding, and you may just as well have eaten the cardboard cups from around the charlotte russe, as far as any good effects the meal will have on you.

Never allow any family jars of any sort to happen during meal time, or right after meal time. Good cheer means good digestion.

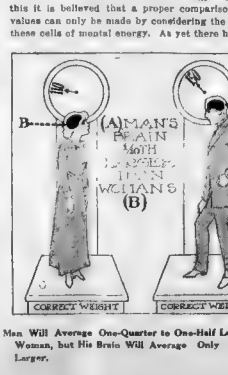
WOMAN'S BRAIN Larger in Proportion Than Man's

A GREAT deal has been said about man possessing a larger brain than woman and this has led to the claim though many years that man's brain was superior. But now there are some authorities who are putting up an entirely different argument and declaring that in reality man's brain is second best in the matter of relative size.

It is admitted man's brain is larger than the brain of woman but it is said it is really only about one inch larger. Taking into consideration the fact that man is a larger animal than woman, and that he really averages more than one-tenth larger than woman, his brain is not as large in proportion to his body as is woman's.

To come back at this argument it has been said that there is a loophole of escape from this inference in the fact that the smaller animals have a proportionately larger brain than the large animals. The cat has a much larger brain according to its size than the elephant. But, on the other hand, the elephant certainly has more intelligence than the cat. A baby's brain is five times larger, bodily proportions taken into consideration, than its father's.

But all mental activity, it is said, finds its origin in the thin outer layer or cortex of the brain. On every square inch there are ten millions or more of minute cells which are the instruments of mental energy. Because of this it is believed that a proper comparison of brain values can only be made by considering the number of these cells of mental energy. As yet there has been no observations to prove that sex makes the least difference in the number, development or vital energy of these brain elements.



Man Will Average One-Quarter to One-Half Larger Than Woman, but His Brain Will Average Only One-Tenth Larger.

If man wishes to argue that size of brain really counts, then we must admit that his brain is "second best," inasmuch as woman has a little larger brain than man when the size of the body is taken into consideration. To be perfectly square, it should be stated that the results of the most painstaking investigations all show that there is practically an equality in the male and female minds.

With the lower animals there is a pronounced relation between the size of the eyes and the brain, it is claimed by some recent investigators. Even among fishes it is said the more cunning species are those that have large eyes, and upon investigation it was found that the fish with large eyes had larger brains than those with small eyes.

The rat with its beady eyes has an exceedingly small brain, while the squirrel, with its rather large and limpid eyes for an animal so small (about the size of the rat), has a much larger brain than the small eyed rat.

Among human beings there is probably little difference in the sizes of the brains of the small-eyed ones than those with large eyes. Of course not many if any experiments along this line have been made, but it is claimed that men of unusual genius generally have striking eyes of more than average size. There are, of course, always exceptions.

Why We Can See Through a Window

IT is not until the question is asked "Why is Glass Transparent?" that we find ourselves suddenly realizing how difficult this simple matter is. We take it for granted that light will pass through glass and that, for example, it will not pass through wood. Yet certain light, such as the X-ray light, for example, will pass through wood and will not pass through glass. A pair of heavy lead glass spectacles transparent enough to allow the wearer to read with ease, will absolutely blot out the light of a powerful X-ray tube, which possesses the power of passing readily through a score of substances not transparent to ordinary light. For example, supposing the out-of-doors were lighted by an X-ray apparatus instead of the sun, the walls of a frame house would transmit the light and the windows would be the only spot that would be dark.

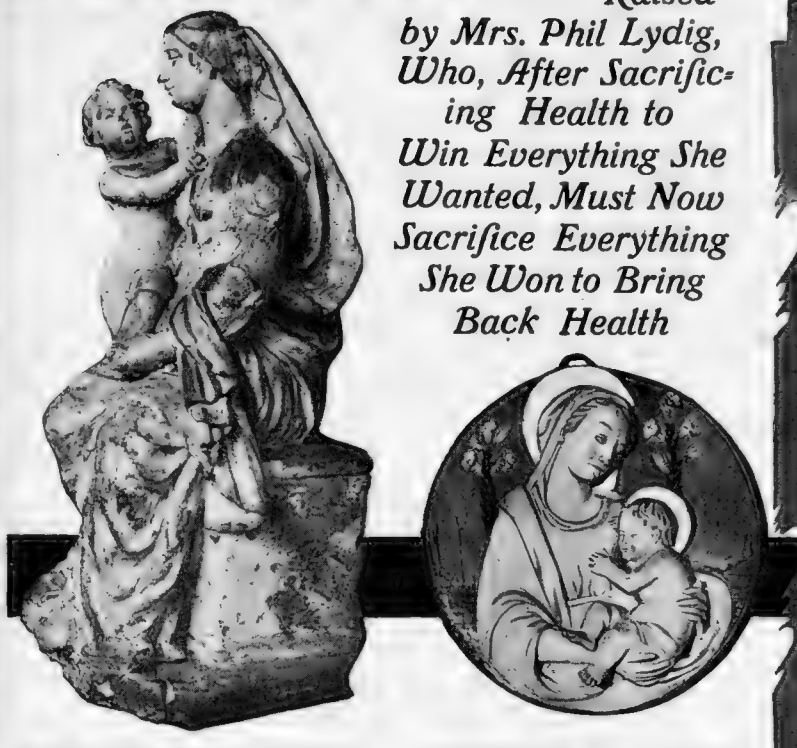
One of the principal reasons why we can see through a window is that crystal structure has been prevented in the making of glass. The materials of which glass are made, such as sand and flint and potash, are not transparent, and it is only by combining them in certain proportions that the light-passing condition is produced. It is this combination that makes glass clear. If, however, little bubbles of air get in the glass, they break its clearness, in the same way that bubbles of gas (as in bubbling water), make it difficult for light to pass. The best example of this is white of egg, which is almost transparent, but which can be beaten to a froth by whipping, imprisoning air bubbles so that it becomes quite opaque to the light. The light, falling upon the unbeaten white of egg, finds a structure quite simple in character, but after it is beaten the structure is a mass of globular air bubbles and these round bubbles divert the light rays and will not let them pass through.

In the same way melted sugar syrup is almost transparent, and if it is poured out and allowed to cool slowly it will remain translucent, but if poured suddenly into cold water a crystalline structure will be made and the light cannot pass through, because the facets of the crystals will deflect the light. Ordinary light pays very little regard to the density of the substance through which it is to pass. Thus a heavy lead glass is more transparent than a piece of oiled tissue paper, and by a curious condition of things, the oiled paper—though its pores are clogged with the oil—is more translucent to light than is the paper which is not oiled. The reason of this is not unlike that of the glass, the power of the fibres of the paper to scatter the rays of light is lessened by the more uniform character of the oil, which passes the beams through. Our houses would be dark indeed but for this ability of glass to "let a little sunshine in," but there is yet a great deal to find out about the way the light-waves wriggle their way unchecked through the dense substance of a window pane.

Copyright, 1912, by the Star Company Great Britain Rights Reserved.

DOES IT "PAY"?

The Social Question Raised by Mrs. Phil Lydig, Who, After Sacrificing Health to Win Everything She Wanted, Must Now Sacrifice Everything She Won to Bring Back Health



Rare Fifteenth Century Wood-Carving of Madonna and Child Which Mrs. Lydig Will Sell.

The Unique Madonna of the Lilies, a Della Robbia Which Is One of the Many Favorite Motherhood Subjects.

Mrs. Lydig's Favorite Portrait, the Zuloaga, Which She Will Not Send to the Auction Block with Other Art Treasurers.

ON the fourth of April Mrs. Philip Lydig, the beautiful wife of Captain Phil Lydig, the millionaire clubman, will sell the remarkable art collection which she has spent ten years in perfecting. The Lydig house at No. 38 East Fifty-second street will be stripped of its wonderful tapestries, antiques of bronze and marble, its Botticelli paintings, its rare rugs, carved chests, and Phoenician sarcophagi. What Stanford White called "the most perfect little house in America" will go out of existence on the auctioneer's block.

Far more keenly than the enforced and perhaps final relinquishment of her ambitious social campaign does Mrs. Lydig feel the giving up of her collection, which, although not large, is uniquely valuable ,and has many features sought by Pierpont Morgan.

The soul that animated the little house was the perfect expression of the soul of Mrs Lydig herself. No place was ever so steeped in personality as this little art gem of Fifty-second street.

"Why," society asks, "does Mrs. Lydig sell the treasures that she has placed far beyond all of her other possessions?" Society knows why Mrs. Lydig has given up her elaborate social plans—that she sacrificed her health in the fight that made her one of the great leaders of American fashionable society, and that at the very pinnacle of her achievements, when she began to threaten even the supremacy of Mrs. Ava Willing Astor herself, she has had to throw everything she had won into the discard in an effort to gain back this lost health.

That she has determined to sell her collection proves, society thinks, that Mrs. Lydig now realizes that her fight for health will be even a longer and more bitter one than her fight for social supremacy, and that she may never return to New York.

But the great question that many fashionable leaders are asking themselves, with the case of this brilliant and beautiful d'Acosta before them is—"does it pay?"

Mrs. Lydig bought her first picture, "The Girl in Red," by Coello, the fifteenth century Spanish master, the first year that she entered the social fight, after marrying Captain Phil. It was as though she said to herself, "With this picture I begin my fight to win social leadership." With the sale of that picture her fight will be ended.

Her fight has continued to the present day. She has won a wonderful victory, but in winning it she has been woefully defeated. The very qualities which have made her in ten short years a potent leader in New York society have been her undoing. On the night of April 4, when her paintings, her bronzes and her rare woodcarvings go under the hammer this page of her life will be pasted down forever. This sale and the attendant breaking up of her home means that the beautiful Mrs. Lydig will spend the next year in strict retirement, that she will lead the life of a hermit in one desperate effort to win back the most priceless treasure of all, her health, lost in collecting her other treasures, social position, leadership, intellectual prestige and the more material treasures that fill her house on East Fifty-second street.

There are various prices that women must pay for the things of this life that they covet; they pay in money, in charm, in health. Mrs. Lydig's price has been the last and it is a price that she will continue to pay.

Poets have sung of the beauty and magnetism of this Spanish beauty; artists of three countries have painted her, each portrayal more alluring than the other; scholars have paid astonishing tributes to her mental and artistic talents, and society, at first antagonistic, then coldly indifferent, now pays homage to her genius in leadership.

Mrs. Lydig, as a bride, very well understood the difficulties that lay before her. But did she seek the quiet side of life and avoid society and its antagonism? No, indeed. She had the courage of her Spanish grandfather, who fought to give Cuba its freedom, and she faced her difficulties with the determination to conquer them all, but to take them one at a time, to make one step forward at a time.

It was just after making this decision that Mrs. Lydig, who had studied the art of her country, Spain, since her girlhood, decided that she would form a collection of the art of that country and Italy, specializing in that of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries. She often said that it was this work of love that gave her the strength to fight her social battles. That the strategem and genius needed to capture a picture or a carving from some other ardent collector was of immense help in the development of her social campaign.

The Summer after Mrs. Lydig married into a family and society that welcomed her coldly, she threw down her gauntlet by taking a house in Newport and attacking the social fabric at its foundation. She took the direct road to society's heart. A woman of beauty herself, she surrounded herself with beauty. That first season the old-time leaders realized that she must be recognized and must be reckoned with, and they prepared themselves for a battle.

The next season her pathway was easier, and in the midst of her success she brought out her charming sister Ada, who has since married Oren Root, a nephew of Elihu Root. It was at this time also that she began the collection of the unusual bronze statuettes that Mr. Morgan has many times tried to buy. It was after wrestling from his collector the remarkable statue of Hercules killing the Arcadian stag that she fought and won her greatest conflict against the leaders of New York society. And always that bronze has typified for her this success and has spurred her on to greater effort.

Fascinatingly regardless of consequences, after assuring herself at Newport that she could rule if she would, she went abroad for two seasons, "resting," said her friends. The resting consisted of busily adding to her knowledge of Italian and Spanish art and literature and to her collection. The directors and curators of the great museums of France, Spain and London grew to know her well; they kept their choicest treasures to show her, and many times the savants called on her to classify some object or picture. She could tell every shade of difference between the different schools and artists. In Paris and in Rome her intellectual charm was realized before New York knew that her knowledge was at all unusual.

Then she returned to New York and at once gave herself over with eagerness and delight to making her new house, built by the late Stanford White, a fitting home for her treasures. Of her success society is never tired of telling.

Then she sent out cards for a house warming, and society from the highest to the lowest fought to be invited. Men of letters, artists of note, men and women interested in the sociological questions of the day have been her guests. Her salon became noted, but always it seemed as though the intense mentality, the depth of magnetism that won her such recognition, was literally eating her up. But this magnetism, this mentality placed her in the forefront and kept her there. Her weakness was the price she paid for her celebrity.

With society conquered, with her intellectual supremacy acknowledged, her collection of art treasures the envy of such men as Morgan and the directors of the Metropolitan Museum, Mrs. Lydig turned to fresh fields. She seemed consumed with a desire to drain life to the last drop. She was like the man in Balzac's incomparable story, "The Asses' Skin," and, as in that story, with every fresh success, her health, which corresponded with the skin, grew more fragile. As the skin diminished in size, so her strength diminished.

The later fresh fields were the suffrage cause and philanthropic work. Perhaps no woman was ever so harshly criticised as Mrs. Lydig was when at the time of her divorce from W. E. D Stokes she gave up her only child to him, a boy. It was said that she sold him for $1,000,000. That therefore she must dislike children. But here as in many other things she was misjudged. In her collection of paintings she has more Madonnas than any other subject. Her two favorites are shown on this page. They are all of the fifteenth and early sixteenth centuries, and are world famous. They express on canvas the highest type of mother love.

Last Summer she was forced to go to her camp in the Adirondacks for several months, and naturally dropped out of all social and suffrage affairs. But this last Winter, almost as though she knew what was coming, she resumed her activities and her charities. No woman in New York has ever given so elaborate an entertainment as the performance of "Judith," which, alas, opened and closed her social campaign. It was a stupendous attempt, and no one but Mrs. Lydig could have carried out every detail in such perfection.

This last effort of mental and physical strength practically shrivelled the "magic skin," and the doctors ordered her away to the Adirondacks, and ordered her to stay away. They have given her one chance that Balzac's hero did not have.

Her benefactions among the children of the poor they are her special care—have equalled those of Helen Gould. But they are not known. Those in the secret have known that in her beautiful art objects and in her benefactions has gone the money she received from her first husband. Her husband has always disliked to have her spend this money in any other way.

Helleu, the artist, has said of Mrs. Lydig that she had thirty-nine of the forty cardinal points of beauty and that one of these points was a perfect back. In a determination therefore to make the most of every charm, Mrs. Lydig startled society by having her evening gowns cut lower in the back than ever woman had dared before, cut practically to the waist line. This fashion was marvellously becoming to her, for Helleu was right in his praise of her back. But this peculiar style of bodice has undoubtedly materially aided her physical breakdown. Thus, again, one of the things which helped her win has also helped her lose.

Of course, no one can take from Mrs. Lydig her intellectual and social supremacy. Should her health permit she can, if she pleases, come back and find awaiting her the same high place that she now resigns. But she may not so please. For Mrs. Lydig is asking herself the question that society is asking itself: Does it pay? Others leaders of fashionable society have paused in their mad striving, and with Mrs. Lydig before them as an example, they are asking themselves: Does it pay?

As a French Caricaturist Saw Mrs. Lydig's Slender Beauty.

How Your Diet Should Conform to Your Age

DR. CHALMERS WATSON, the celebrated English medical authority, in his recently published book, called "The Book of Diet," indicates how important it is to govern our eating and drinking largely according to our age.

"It is now recognized that a faulty system of feeding is the direct or indirect cause of a number of chronic diseases of everyday life," writes Dr. Chalmers Watson.

"The diet should be selected to agree with the constitution rather than with the stomach. A true food must be either a tissue builder or a source of energy. Fats are the most important fuel foods. Proteins (meat, fish, eggs, etc.) are the tissue builders. But a sufficiency of salts is essential to health, and if salts are cut out of the food, death occurs in a very few weeks."

In dieting children lime salts for the bones are indispensable. And it is well to [illegible] foods most rich in lime salts are milk, eggs, cereals [illegible] vegetables (especially asparagus and spinnach), while meat, fish potatoes and fruits are poor in these salts. Children need [illegible] food than adults. The average amount for a boy of fourteen to sixteen is four-fifths of a man's food.

Very useful [illegible] concerning the nutritive properties of meat, fish [illegible], from which a few hints may be cited.

Beef is best when got from an ox two years of age.

Hare, when young, is very tender and a young, well-fed chicken is the most digestible of all animal foods.

A good diet chart for a man of sixty or seventy is:

6 a. m.—Cup of tea; nothing to be eaten with it.

8:30—Breakfast: A small cup of tea or coffee. Bread-stuff should not be hot rolls or indigestible new bread. Eggs or fish cooked in various ways.

1 to 1:30—Luncheon: Fish and a little rice pudding, or fish and biscuits and cheese. It is in most cases better to reserve the meat or fowl to the evening meal.

4 p. m.—A cup of freshly made tea.

7 p. m.—Dinner: Should generally commence with a little soup—a vegetable puree or a good fish soup. Many elderly subjects are better without soup. Fowl or game; red meat only occasionally; one dish of vegetable pudding of a light farinaceous variety or stewed fruit.

10 p. m.—A cup of good consommé or beef tea or chicken tea, with a little slice of toasted bread, is a very good thing for old persons just as they get into bed.

Overeating, especially in advanced life, induces disease by setting up self-poisoning or by putting a strain on the kidneys, heart and blood vessels. The feeding up of old people is, therefore, a dangerous, as it is a quite unnecessary, practice.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

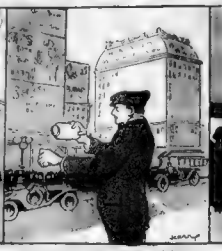
Upsetting Our Ideas of Good and Bad Air.

Interesting Scientific Experiments That Prove Air Itself Is About the Same Everywhere—Sun, Wind and Temperature the Important Factors

Professor Benedict Examined Fifteen Samples of Air from Pike's Peak, and Found They Contained Only One-fortieth of One Per Cent More Oxygen Than N. Y. Subway Air

The Air Taken in Mid-Ocean Contained More Oxygen and Less Carbon Dioxide Than Any Other Air, but Still Not Sufficient to Have an Important Effect on It.

The Near Presence of Factories Produced No Appreciable Contamination Because of the Rapid Diffusive Power of the Air.



Air Taken at Broadway and Forty-second Street, New York, Showed Only One-tenth of One Per Cent Less Oxygen Than Ocean Air.

Even New York Subway Air, Taken in the Rush Hours, Showed No Decrease of Oxygen That Would Cause Illness by Itself Alone.

OUR ordinary conceptions of the badness of city air and the goodness of seashore and mountain air have been completely upset by science. A remarkably interesting series of experiments on the composition of air just completed at the Nutrition Laboratory of the Carnegie Institution in Boston proves this.

For many years it has been believed that even a slight change in altitude made a great deal of difference in the air we breathe, and there are few people who have not supposed that the air in a crowded city slum and on the peak of a mountain would be widely different, the latter having vastly more of the life-giving oxygen than the former. But an extended investigation by the scientists of the Carnegie Institution shows that there is no great amount of difference between the proportion of oxygen and nitrogen in samples of air collected on the Atlantic Ocean, on the top of Pike's Peak, in the crowded streets of congested Boston and in the unpleasant New York City subway.

Air in the streets of a crowded city—unless for some occasional reason there is scarcely any air-current—shows only the slightest perceptible difference in oxygen ratio from that of the ocean or of the mountain. In rooms, of course, and in closed passages such as the subways, there is a slightly, a very slightly larger change. During the "rush" hour of a New York City subway, the air (outside the car, of course), shows a fall of three-tenths of one per cent in oxygen and a rise of almost exactly the same amount of poisonous carbon dioxide. This, so far as health is considered, is practically negligible.

The air on Pike's Peak contained only one-fortieth of one per cent more oxygen than the subway.

The experiments at the laboratory were carried out by Director Francis G. Benedict and his assistants. The work included

1. The main study of the comparative oxygen content of uncontaminated outdoor air under all conditions as to wind direction and strength, temperature, cloud formation, barometer and weather, including rain, snow, fog and mist.

2. An examination of samples of air collected on the North Atlantic Ocean between Montreal and Liverpool and between Genoa and Boston

3. Analyses of air from the top of Pike's Peak

4. Analyses of air taken in the crowded streets of Boston.

5. Analyses of air taken in the Boston and New York subways

The most numerous analyses were made of samples of air taken near the Nutrition Laboratory in Boston. The factory district lay on one side of the laboratory and a powerhouse on another side, 1,800 feet away. In order to make allowances for these factors samples were taken with the wind in all directions.

The results showed an astonishingly small variation in the deterioration of the air by carbon dioxide. With the wind blowing from the country the air contained 20.920 per cent oxygen, and 0.029 per cent carbon dioxide. With the wind from the factory district it was 20.910 per cent oxygen and 0.030 per cent carbon dioxide.

The results of analyses of air taken near the laboratory showed no material fluctuation in oxygen percentage during a period extending from April 15, 1911, to January 30, 1912. This constancy was maintained in spite of all possible alterations in weather conditions, changes in barometer, thermometer, humidity and wind direction and strength. The experiments were made before, during and after the vegetative season

The average result of 232 analyses showed 0.031 per cent of carbon dioxide and 20.938 per cent of oxygen. The analyses of air collected over the ocean at two different times of the year and on the top of Pike's Peak gave essentially similar results.

The investigators reached this very important conclusion from the air around the laboratory:

"While the combustion of fuel and the vital processes of men and animals result in a local increase in carbon dioxide, and decrease in oxygen on the one hand and vegetable growth results in a decrease in carbon dioxide and increase in oxygen on the other, the extraordinary rapidity with which the local variations in the composition of the air are equalized is accentuated by the observations on street air, which show but the slightest trace of an oxygen deficit in the most crowded centres."

Five samples of air were gathered, all the way across the Atlantic Ocean—from Montreal to Liverpool. The results showed an average of 20.956 per cent oxygen and 0.018 per cent carbon dioxide

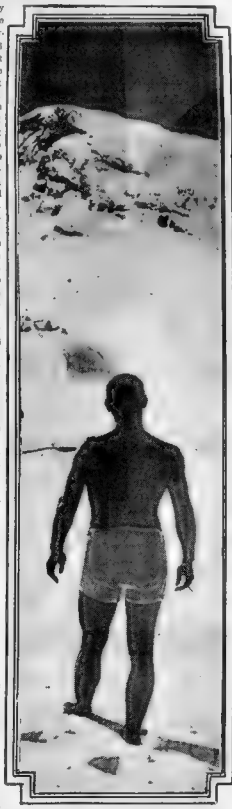
The oxygen content in this case is remarkably high and the carbon dioxide content correspondingly low. In one sample there was only 0.003 of carbon dioxide in the air.

Fifteen samples of air from the top of Pike's Peak were analyzed. They showed that there was less oxygen in the air than at sea and more carbon dioxide, but the differences were not sufficient to have an important effect on life. The explanation of the effects of sea and mountain air on persons must be sought elsewhere than in the composition of the air

The Pike's Peak air showed an average of 20.927 per cent oxygen and 0.029 carbon dioxide.

Two samples of air were taken from the Boston subway at the Park street station. The samples were taken immediately after the rush hours were ended and when the oxygen content of the air in the subway might be expected to be at a minimum.

The result showed an extraordinarily slight decrease in oxygen and increase in carbon dioxide. A fall of approximately 0.03 per cent in oxygen was accompanied by a rise of 0.032 per cent in the carbon dioxide. The proportions of the two gases were



The Man on the Left Taking the Mountain Fresh Air Cure is Benefited Chiefly by the Effects of the Cold, Wind and Sunshine on His Body and Not by the Air. He Could Obtain the Same Benefits by Climbing Up the Fire-Escapes of the New York Tenement House on the Right.

First sample, carbon dioxide, 0.064 per cent; oxygen, 20.903 per cent.

Second sample, carbon dioxide, 0.065 per cent; oxygen, 20.897 per cent.

It should be remembered that the average composition of the air near the laboratory was carbon dioxide, 0.031; oxygen, 20.952 per cent

The investigators were surprised to find the circulation of air in the subway so good and the diffusive power of the air so extended that the increase in the amount of poisonous gas was almost negligible.

Two specimens of air were then obtained from the subway in New York. The results differed in nowise from those found in the Boston subway, and showed an increase in carbon dioxide and decrease in oxygen much less than one would have expected The results in this case were as follows:

First sample, taken at Grand Central subway station, carbon dioxide, 0.061 per cent.; oxygen, 20.900 per cent.

Second sample, taken between One Hundred and Tenth and Ninety-sixth streets, carbon dioxide, 0.071 per cent.; oxygen, 20.887 per cent.

This appears to indicate that the air is somewhat worse above Ninety-sixth street than at the Grand Central station, but the difference is not very serious.

The investigators state that their experiments have a particular value as showing that a decrease in oxygen is regularly accompanied by an approximate increase in carbon dioxide.

"While the measurement of carbon dioxide has been taken as an index of good or bad ventilation, the fact that the proportion of oxygen is actually lowered by an increase in the carbon dioxide has never been before demonstrated," say these scientists.

"As a result of this study, however, knowing both the constancy of oxygen in outdoor air and the sources of carbon dioxide production, and knowing also that with the carbon dioxide production there must likewise be an oxygen consumption, we can safely state that for every one-hundredth per cent. of increase in carbon dioxide there will be approximately one-hundredth per cent. decrease in oxygen."

Air collected in Washington street, between Summer and Avon streets, the most crowded part of Boston, showed 20.930 of oxygen and 0.031 of carbon dioxide.

Information gathered from other scientists showed that the air was slightly richer in oxygen near the poles than at the equator. The ordinary air on the earth's surface contains approximately four-fifths nitrogen and one-fifth oxygen. The rarer gases, such as argon and krypton, are disregarded in this estimate, because there is so little of them.

As oxygen is heavier than nitrogen, it is believed that there is a deficiency of oxygen at great heights. This is supported by the fact that the air during several cold waves shows a deficiency of oxygen. These waves are supposed to be caused by the descent of the air from great elevations.

The apparatus used was invented by Dr. Klas Sonden, of Stockholm, and an improved form of it was specially constructed for this laboratory. In this apparatus potassium pyrogallate is used to absorb the oxygen, and potassium hydroxide to absorb the carbon dioxide. After the carbon dioxide is absorbed the contraction in volume shows the proportion of that substance in the air, then the oxygen is absorbed and the further contraction in volume is measured and shows the amount of that substance in the air.

One important lesson taught by the experiments was the extraordinary rapidity with which the air diffuses itself in the neighborhood of factories which pour out all day long clouds of poisonous vapors. The comparative density of the smoke and air being different, violent air-currents are set up about the mouth of the chimney and then rapidly scatter the fumes and render them as harmless as possible. It is almost impossible under ordinary weather conditions to find any appreciable change in the air content at a distance of half a mile from these centres of harmfulness.

When it is realized that oxygen is the most important factor in human life, it is a matter for extreme gratification to find that so little danger accrues from overcrowding in the cities. It is made evident that the ill conditions of city slums are not due so much to the bad air in the streets, but to the actual ventilation of the homes, to the lack of sunlight, and to food which lacks the right powers of nourishment. These are matters that tenement laws can reach, and Nature will take care of the rest. Not only is air a "good price," but its adaptability ensures this side of the well-being of man, all over the globe, and even the crowded city quarter receives the benefit

It is known that the amounts of carbon dioxide shown by these experiments to be present in the air of the most crowded city streets and even in the subways are not sufficient to be injurious to human life

To what then are we to attribute the feeble health we find in city dwellers as compared with those who live in the country and are equally well fed? How are we to explain the great benefits that are shown when a person goes from the city to the seashore or the mountains?

The explanation is that the city dweller's trouble is due to working in a sunless, overheated, evenly warmed and windless building. If he were continuously exposed to the city air he would be almost as well as at the mountains or the seashore.

In illustration of this it is pointed out that policemen and others who lead an open air life in the cities are fully as robust as any class of country men.

These facts are encouraging to the city worker who suffers from tuberculosis, anaemia or any of the diseases associated with city life and sedentary occupation. They appear to prove that he can obtain relief if he can get enough open air in the city and that there is no need for him to abandon his livelihood and face starvation by going away to some distant part of the world in order to get fresh air.

The roofs of our most crowded tenement houses should furnish a health resort practically as beneficial as the Adirondacks or the seashore

Four Changes in Woman's Attitude Toward Man Registered in Odd Silhouettes

AN observing French artist has noted some curious changes in the attitude of woman toward her husband in public during the past century.

In 1780 she placed her hand delicately on the outstretched arm of her respectful companion.

In 1830, the era of the clinging vine, she linked both her hands confidingly over his arm, as if he were the only thing on earth that could support her.

In 1860 she put one hand over his arm, but leaned against him with a confidence that was very touching.

In 1913, strong and self-reliant, she walks several yards away from him, with her pet dog in between them, to signify clearly that she has no need of her husband's assistance.

The old fashion of walking arm in arm has almost completely disappeared. Perhaps it is occasionally indulged in by couples strolling in dark or sequestered places. They will revert at times to primitive habits. In the busy streets and haunts of fashion it is tabooed.

There are probably some people who think it was a pleasant custom, a symbol of close union and mutual dependence, but fashion will not let them say so.

How far will the separation go? Will the fashionable woman require her husband to walk on the other side of the street or at a respectful distance behind her next year?

Eventually, no doubt they will come together again. We can, perhaps, look forward to the time when the gentle and trusting man will cling to the protecting arm of his strong and determined wife.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company Great Britain Rights Reserved.

A Portrait of Miss Washburn, Painted by Penrhyn Stanlaws, the Distinguished Artist, in Which Her Indian Characteristics Appear.

A Real American Girl Discovered By-London!

The Unusual Triumph of a Cherokee Indian Chief's Great-Granddaughter and How the Ghostly Tom-Toms of Her Forefathers Drummed Her to Success

London, March 25.

OLD CHIEF EAGLE FACE, Sachem of the Cherokees, is hunting buffalo in the Happy Hunting Grounds. Thirty years ago they buried him out on the Cherokee Strip with all the weapons of the chase, and his favorite pony close beside him, so that he might not lack means to live well in the Country-Over-There.

If the Happy Hunting Grounds lie anywhere within easy distance of the place earls and dukes and things like that go when they die, Eagle Face must be wondering why so many curious shades are looking him over just now; ghosts in armor, in ruffles, breeches, panniers and farthingales.

They're doing it, because London has discovered in Grace Washburn, old Eagle Face's great-granddaughter, the real American beauty; have also discovered the real American lineage of Miss Washburn, and specifically because half a dozen descendants of these same dukes, earls, etc., have formally offered themselves in marriage to her. If one has to be so careful of the family one marries in this life, think how careful one has to be if dead.

Grace Washburn became famous in New York for two things before London found out the other things. One thing was her beauty, and the other was her heroism in smashing the window of a Broadway trolley car because the conductor had denied her a transfer. The window had a "Thou Shalt Not Steal" sign on it, and ductor had denied her a transfer.

At that time Miss Washburn was twenty, and serving in her first engagement at the Winter Garden in New York, doing an enormously exciting duel with Mlle. Dazie, the dancer. After that she appeared as the star in the famous little vaudeville play, "A Romance of the Underworld."

But nobody knew anything about her Indian ancestry until one night when Grace was sitting in a certain famous artist's studio with several other interesting actresses and a couple of playwrights. The artist had an old Indian war drum, and one of the men who had lived for years out West began to tap it, slowly.

The tapping had gone on only a few minutes when Miss Washburn arose and began to dance. It was a very strange dance of slow steps and quick abrupt clutchings of the hands to earth. It wove itself around and around the little company, watching silently while the girl, cheeks red and eyes very bright, wound round and round about before the big open fire. Suddenly the man with the Indian drum dropped it with a thump. Immediately Miss Washburn stopped dancing.

"Where did you learn that dance?" cried the Western man excitedly.

"I don't know," said Miss Washburn, frankly. "It just came to me while you were playing. I had to dance it."

"That's the dance of the Cherokees to the Corn Spirit," said the musician. "I didn't think there was a soul east of the Mississippi that even knew there was such a thing. I saw it ten years ago, because I am a blood brother of the Cherokees. It's a very sacred, secret dance. Come, now, who taught you?"

"Honestly, nobody," said Miss Washburn. "I just had to dance that way when you set the tom-tom going. My great grandfather," she went on hesitatingly, "was a full blood Cherokee chief."

They looked at her in astonishment. The girl before them was tall and lithe, golden-haired, fair skinned.

"An Indian," they said, "impossible!"

"Ah, but wait," said Miss Washburn. She untwisted her hair and brought it down on each side of her face. Then she crouched before the fire and turned her profile half toward them. Her eyebrows drew themselves into a straight line, the muscles of her face hardened slightly. A gasp went up from the circle. For there, crouching before them, was not Miss Washburn, but an Indian maiden, primitively beautiful, as though she had just stepped from the old forest. Even the nose seemed to grow sharply aquiline and the mouth firm and strong as that of Pocohontas.

The girl jumped up with a laugh and the illusion sped.

"There," said Miss Washburn, "you saw my respected and revered old great grandfather Eagle Face, Sachem of the Cherokee Nation!"

Thereafter the story came out. Eagle Face it appeared, was one of the really great men of the Cherokees, a tribe noted for its [illegible] its males and the virtue of [illegible] England woman of excellent [illegible] going to the Strip as a missionary, had fallen in love with him and married him. Their descendants had married other whites of excellent stock. But though three removes away from her red ancestor, Miss Washburn confessed to an uncanny close spiritual connection with him.

"The first night I went on the stage I was frightened nearly to death," she said. "I could not walk, even. But as I stood there I heard in my ears the beating of tom-toms, and away deep down in me it seemed a strange, strong chant. The beating of the tom-toms grew louder, and as the sound increased, I felt my fear go from me. At last I was perfectly self contained. I danced and danced well. I went through the thing without a single hitch. And all the time, high over the music of the orchestra I heard the sound of the Indian drums and the chanting. I suppose that it was my Indian blood that had come to my rescue, the same spirit that had enabled many of my ancestors to go to the stake laughing. Anyway, it saved me.

"And so it is when any crisis comes to me. Maybe for a little time I am frightened. Then comes the sound of the tom-toms, and at once my courage comes back to me full fledged and with something else added to it."

"Inherited memories," said the artist. "The sub-conscious coming to the surface and controlling you in those times you are an Indian maiden in reality."

"Well, anyway," said one of the playwrights. "She's the only real American girl I know of on the stage. What is more really American than an Indian?"

"Old Chief Eagle Face, Miss Washburn's Great Grandfather, was Quite an Adept on the Tom-Tom."

At Miss Washburn's request they did not talk of the incident or of her story. But not long afterward, and only a few weeks ago, Arthur Stanley, a cousin of Lord Derby, got possession of Oscar Hammerstein's Opera House in London. American plays and American players have been the great success of the season in England. The Hon. Mr. Stanley, with almost American intelligence, got the idea that if he imported a real American musical comedy company to play real musical comedies, he might find it profitable. Immediately the most glittering opportunity in the history of the American musical comedy stage offered itself.

And at once the American musical comedy stage surged with longing to join the new Argonauts in search of the Golden Fleece that hung up in London.

Over to America came Clifford C. Fischer, the general manager of the company, to pick out the best crew of pulchritudinous buccaneers that ever invaded any land. By scores and hundreds they passed before him. Just then Miss Washburn came in from abroad. Mr. Fischer saw her. His decision was instantaneous.

"There's the real American girl at last," he said. "I've seen German-Americans, French-Americans, English-Americans, all kinds of hyphenated Americans—but here's an American-American at last. What will she take to go?"

The tom-toms sounded in Miss Washburn's ears again. Old Chief Eagle Face stood beside her. And off she went to London in the royal suite of the White Star liner Majestic, with a maid, a secretary and a trained nurse, all supplied by the theatrical management, as the star of the organization that is to wipe Mr. Edwardes off the English map. Also there was an exceedingly expensive contract in her private hand bag!

When she got in England the story of old Eagle Face leaked. It was because at another private dinner Miss Washburn again heard the tom-toms of the Cherokees, and was impelled to do a surprising ancient dance of propitiation to the Winds. A famous English ethnologist was there, saw her, and was startled. He spoke about it to his earnest associates, and Miss Washburn consented to some experiments to determine the scope of her ancestral memories. The results were a bit astonishing, and will be incorporated in a report to the Royal Ethnological Institution shortly. In the meantime her vogue as a *real* American beauty is growing.

And this odd little story is vouched for by some very prominent and honest men and women in New York, and is supported by others equally as earnest and well known here in London.

The Lovely Profile of Miss Washburn, Called in London a "REAL American Girl," Because of Her Indian Ancestors.

How the South Pole Writes Its Autograph in Space

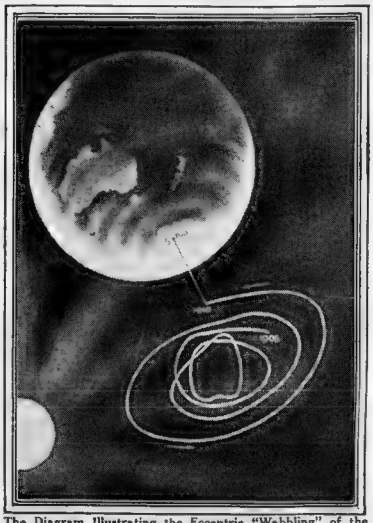
THIS interesting diagram explains the reason why it is impossible for explorers to know, with absolute mathematical accuracy, whether they have reached the North or South Pole. It shows how the earth, spinning on its axis, wabbles slightly—like a spinning top when the original speed of its revolutions slackens.

Except for this slight, eccentric motion of the revolving earth, the instruments carried by polar expeditions would enable them to determine within probably a few yards the precise location of either pole. Owing to that motion, they do well to come within two miles of an accurate calculation.

The white line in the diagram indicates the irregularity of this oscillatory motion, showing how for on each of two years—1905 and 1910—the South Pole deviated from its true theoretical position. This oscillation, therefore, draws an imaginary circle upon that "end" of the earth, somewhere within which the actual Pole is. This circle is about seventy feet in diameter, but is sufficient to add an almost prohibitory element to the difficulties of calculating the Pole's position.

Every schoolboy understands, more or less clearly, by what means it is possible to determine the Pole's location with reasonable accuracy. The mariner's compass shows the direction north or south, and the sextant—for measuring the height of the sun above the horizon—measures the distance from the equator. The calendar and an accurate chronometer, to fix dates and hours of the day, and tables of logarithms to reduce the labor of calculations, complete the means of counting the degrees, as they are covered, until the coveted "90" of the Pole has been reached.

So it will be seen that the earth's slight, eccentric motion—called "Nutation"—is not important, except as a problem for mathematicians.



The Diagram Illustrating the Eccentric "Wabbling" of the Earth On Its Axis, Shows That the Poles, at Different Times, Are at Some Distance from Their True Theoretical Location.

What the Stars Predict for Next Month

THE April lunation is pregnant with official happenings, the royal sign Leo rising, and the conjoined luminaries having just culminated. An increasing popularity attends these initial weeks of the Wilson regime, being likewise of pleasant omen to chief executives generally in the Eastern States.

Obstructive tactics will characterize legislative proceedings, however, and Death will visit concressional and military circles, if indeed he does not stalk into the official family of the President.

Not a few deaths by fire and water, and a hospital or penal institution will suffer in this wise. A public functionary commits suicide, and Saturn culminating in the mountain States agonizes the demise of a Western governor.

Some special days are as follows:

APRIL 2.—Prominent social functions around this and following day. Money centres unusually active, and a market trend to correspond therewith.

APRIL 5-6.—A maritime disaster, not unlikely a naval mishap; danger in shipping circles.

APRIL 9.—Special activity in foreign affairs, and a diplomatic transaction pleasantly consummated.

APRIL 12-13.—Collapse of a public building; opprobrium attaches to the conduct of penal affairs, and places of detention will be unfavorably affected.

APRIL 20.—An elopment in aristocratic circles; many scandalous reports current.

APRIL 24.—An engagement in high official life will be announced or consummated. Social functions of magnitude occur at this time.

APRIL 28.—A day of accidents. A diplomatic complication arises. Many fires reported, with casualties on electric lines. The remainder of month of pleasant augury.

There will be an advancing stock market up to the 4th, followed by depression on the 5th. The week of the 7th is of bullish trend, with considerable excitement on Change around the 9th-10th, quick fluctuations, but reaching to higher points. The 12th brings sharp breaks, similar on the 17th, the whole list declining. Actively upward on the 21st till mid-afternoon, then closing with marked depression, which continues over the following day. The 23d to 28th inclusive embraces a bull movement of some magnitude, particularly around the 24th-25th. The 28th is feverish and chaotic, and decided reaction will manifest, followed by recovery on the last two days of the month.

The elements are more or less disturbed during April, due to a Mercury equinox that extends from the 5th to about the 17th, with drizzling rains and at times storm and high winds. The early days of the month show an equable temperature, but a change in the glass sets in around the 5th, and something more than "April showers" may then be looked for, probably sleet or tornadic conditions. A falling barometer, easterly winds, gales along the coast, and quick atmospheric vexations may be looked for. Special storm formations centre about the 9th-12th and 23d-25th, though these are by no means the full areas covered. Clears up on the 26th to cooler conditions, but a marked disturbance again in the upper strata on the 28th, when Moon will be in apogee at third quarter, and the Sun afflicted geocentrically by Mars and Uranus. The weather improves thereafter.

During the month of April Jupiter will rule beneficently over the affairs of those born between the 7th and 10th of January, March, May, September or November of any year. New and staunch friends will enter the life, material interests will prosper, those in employ may expect promotion, and ladies of eligibility will entertain new admirers; those in business should amplify upon their activities.

The slow and tedious Saturn will affect the affairs of those born between the 19th and 23d of February, the 21st to 25th of May, the 23d to 24th of August, or the 23d to 28th of November; expect ill health, anxiety, mental depression, and much uncertainty in current affairs; patience and the lines of least resistance advisable. The worst days in April for these are the 2d, 3d, 10th, 16th, 22d, 27d and 30th.

Those born on or near April 21 or May 3 of any year may expect presents of pleasant favors. Annoyances, martall complaints, burns, scalds, etc., if born between February 20 and March 7, or between August 24 and September 7.

Restless and erratic influences affect those born near the 28th of January, April, July or October of any year.

April 1-3, 7-11, 18-19, 21 and 24-26, as natal days augur a pleasant and prosperous year ahead. The 5th, 6th, 12th, 13th, 17th, 20th, 23d and 28th foreshow anxieties, loss and ill health.

LIFE IN NEW YORK'S UNDERWORLD—

By Jack Rose

Jack Rose

Where Your Stolen Goods Go—And How the Police Get Half the Value of All the Plunder They Can Find.

Written for This Page by Jack Rose

WHEN a burglar has robbed your house, when a thief has cleaned out a jewelry store, when a pickpocket has taken your scarfpin and watch—there still remains one more thing to be done to complete the transaction. The stolen goods must be disposed of—must be turned into money.

The thief has neither time nor opportunity to sell his plunder to reputable merchants or jewellers. He deals with a "Fence"—a professional dealer in stolen goods. There are two hundred or more of these "Fences" in New York City, and they are all known to the police, and the "Fences" and the police get half the value of whatever stolen goods are "recovered."

A burglar gets very little money for his plunder; usually 10 per cent of its real value or less. He is not in a position to bargain and haggle with the "Fences." If he steals a miniature, some family portrait in a little gold frame, the "Fence" will allow the burglar perhaps $5 as the value of the frame. But the "Fence" will sell this back to the broken-hearted mother for perhaps $500 if it is the treasured favorite portrait of her departed mother or the curly-haired child she lost.

The "Fence" relies upon the police to arrange for him to sell the stolen articles back to the owners. The police act as "middlemen" between the "Fence" and the burglar's victims. The police do not try to get the burglar; the more burglars there are in jail the less plunder for the police to divide with the "Fences."

There are other "Fences" who deal in the proceeds of the robberies of silks, woollens, laces, feathers and other commodities. These "Fences" pay regular monthly blackmail to the police. Now and then, when there is a very conspicuous burglary and the newspapers are making trouble about it, the detectives go around to the "Fence," take the stolen articles away from him and make him tell who stole them. Then, with much pride, the detectives suddenly produce the stolen goods and announce the arrest of the robbers.

Think back and you will remember what wonderful work the police always do on the big robberies that the newspapers are excited about—the taxicab robberies and bold Broadway holdups, etc. I will explain to you how the three-cornered game is played between the burglar, the "Fence" and the police.

JACK ROSE.

IF when you get up to-morrow morning you find that your house has been entered by burglars during the night, and that all your silverware and a lot of jewelry, linen and clothing have gone, what are the chances of your getting the stuff back?

Of course, the first thing to do is to get the burglar. You will notify the police. They will tell you that they have no clue; and the case is, therefore, very difficult, but they will let you know. Twenty-four hours pass and you hear nothing. Then, the following day, you are told that, while the burglar has not been caught, there is a possible chance of your getting your stolen goods back again—they will let you know more later on. It is all very mysterious; meanwhile don't say a word to the newspapers.

You marvel at the wonderful detective ability of the police, who, without a single clue to work on, have nevertheless managed to find out something about your stolen property. You begin to have a fine respect for these splendid officers of the law; no doubt it won't be very long before you will hear that they have got their hands on your burglar.

Well, next day the detectives call again—they want to get you to describe those articles that were stolen a little more fully. And how much were they really worth? Was a sentimental value attached to a few things that were old family heirlooms? That old watch that has been in the family a hundred years—you would gladly give $200 to get it back? And that locket with a wisp of little Robert's golden hair—you wouldn't have lost that for a thousand dollars?

The detectives are usually stern-visaged men, accustomed to crime, etc., but the loss of those particularly treasured trinkets moves them to sorrow. They will make extra and superhuman efforts to get back your treasures—and, by the way, would you be willing to give something to the burglar's old enemy, who is considering betraying the hiding place of the stolen articles? The detectives are much interested; they will see what can be done; of course it may be a matter of bargaining—that is something the detectives really cannot consent to do themselves; they must do their duty and try to catch the burglar.

New York Robberies Explained

Alarmed at the prospect of never seeing your valuables again, you beg to be put in touch with the mysterious person who says he knows where the things are hidden. The detectives hesitate, shake their heads; you argue and plead that it cannot interfere with their duty for you to have a talk with the mysterious crook. Finally they consent—you feel grateful, and it never dawns on you that the police detectives are the partners of the "fences" of New York; the professional dealers in stolen goods.

Nearly every burglary of any consequence in New York runs through seven different scenes from the time when the burglar emerges from the house he has robbed and makes his escape with the loot.

The burglar hurries around under cover of darkness to some "fence"—either a pawnbroker or pretended jewelry store. He rings the private bell with the proper signal, and the pawnbroker is ready for him at any hour of the night or day.

The "fence" lets the burglar in, and the stolen goods are spread out on the table, and are carefully examined. After a bargain is made between the burglar and the "fence" it usually turns out that the burglar has received not more than 10 per cent of the real value of the stolen goods.

The "fence" has found out from the burglar in what part of town the robbery was committed, and he sends a tip to some Police Headquarters detective or some detective or policeman in the precinct where the robbery was committed, and tells him he has got the stuff stolen from the rich Mrs. Jones.

Mrs. Jones, whose residence had been robbed, had already complained to the police, and in due time the detective or policeman, who was given the tip by the "fence," calls at Mrs. Jones's residence. He explains that a thief has betrayed the real robber and is willing to tell where the stolen goods have been hidden provided he is paid. Would Mrs. Jones like to talk to this crook, who refuses to do any business with the police?

Heavily veiled and very much frightened, but anxious to get back her treasured heirlooms, miniature of grandma and dear departed Grandpa, Mrs. Jones meets the supposed crook in the back room of some cafe. The crook is really the pawnbroker or the "fence" or his partner. She pays a thumping good price and gets back the stolen articles.

How "Fences" Specialize

As Mrs. Jones departs with the stolen property, which she has paid a fancy price to get back, the policeman comes out of hiding, where he has heard the bargain between the lady and the pawnbroker—and he gets his half of the money that was paid over. Neither the policeman nor the "fence" wants to interfere with the useful career of the burglar.

Some idea of the tremendous amount of stolen property handled by these "fences" may be gathered from the fact that a few years ago the proceeds of burglaries and larcenies was estimated to be no less than $16,000,000 a year. To-day, owing to the utter demoralisation of the police force and the consequent activity of criminals of all stripes, the aggregate loot must amount to at least $20,000,000.

A large part of this, of course, represents thefts of cash, but practically all the rest is sold to "fences." This includes about $250,000 worth of stuff stolen from trucks, several million dollars' worth of jewelry and silverware stolen from pedestrians, private houses, hotels and jewelry houses, linen and wearing apparel from private houses and merchandise of all kinds from stores, lofts and piers.

"Fences" usually specialise—that is to say, one will buy only furs, another only woollens, a third feathers, a fourth gold and silver, a fifth precious stones, and so on, although there are a few who will purchase anything.

According to Inspector Byrnes, the receiver of stolen goods is really the worst criminal of all. Without him burglary and theft would be much less attractive, for the criminal finds it dangerous to dispose of his loot in the ordinary pawn shop. But apart from this, it is undoubtedly a fact that few "fences" are content to wait until stolen stuff is brought to them.

On the contrary, many of them not only promote and engineer burglaries and thefts of all kinds, but frequently advance whatever cash may be necessary to accomplish them. They lend money to criminals who may be in need of it, and then spur them on to commit crimes with the proceeds of which they may be able to pay their debts. Some of them have a staff of crooks who are in their exclusive employ, while others as I have previously pointed out, employ runners and solicitors to lure honest drivers and other employes to steal.

Of course, the existence and location of these "fences" are known to the police. If the police were honest, every "fence" in the city could be wiped out within a week. They are permitted to exist because they are a very profitable source of graft to crooked policemen.

Of course, the police, in spite of all their care, are not let in on all robberies. The "fence" does not divide profits with the police when he can avoid it. If a burglar brings him the loot from a jewelry store the "fence" can realise on it without using the detectives as "middle-men." But the police often get their half, even in such cases, through a tip from a "stool pigeon."

When, through a stool pigeon, the police locate a burglar, and through him ascertain the "fence" where the loot was disposed of, it is usually a very simple matter to compel the "fence" to come across. According to Morris Smerling, who has come to be known in the underworld as the "King of the Receivers," he turned over to the police no less than $110,000 in sums varying from a few hundred dollars to $2,300.

Now and then a robbery of a house, flat or room in a hotel is done by an amateur—a servant, bell-boy, elevator man or porter. The proceeds of such a job are usually taken to a pawnbroker, because the thief, not being a professional, doesn't know any "fence."

When the victim of a burglary or robbery takes such a stand that the police realise that they have got to make some sort of showing, they frequently succeed in locating the stolen property, but they never tell the victim where it is. Even though it has been found in a pawnshop, from which the owner might easily recover it without paying a cent under the law, even though the pawnbroker was entirely innocent in the transaction, the police will do all they can to compel the owner to pay the amount advanced on the goods, and, of course, they get their rake-off from the pawnbroker.

"We've got a line on your stuff," they will say, "and for a few hundred dollars we may be able to recover it for you."

If you protest, insisting that you have a right to your own property without paying a cent for it, you will find that the clue the detectives referred to turned out to be inaccurate, but if you yield to their exactions and agree to pay what they demand, your property will eventually be turned over to you.

Cases of this kind are very numerous, and they indicate why it is that the police are so chary to harass "fences."

Over in Long Island City there is a department store where nothing but stolen goods are sold. One can go in there and buy anything, from a shoestring to a suite of parlor furniture, and not a single article in the place was acquired honestly.

A Department Store Where Only Stolen Goods Are Sold

This place is a regular clearing house for stolen goods. Very little of it comes from burglars and thieves direct., and yet it is all lost. Most of the "fences" in New York know that they can find a market for their stuff at this department store, but they usually ship the stuff out of town first to avert suspicion.

This store has no exception. As I have said, the majority of "fences" specialize.

On the East Side, for instance, there are scores of stores which carry the sign "Woollen Jobbers." Many of these are "fences." Bales of woollens may be seen in the place, and these are invariably the proceeds of loft or wagon robberies. "Silk Jobbers," "Jobbers in Linens and Laces," and other similar apparently innocent designations refer to the operations of other "fences" who obtain their stock in the same way.

Most of this stuff comes from truck thieves. Never before were these crooks so active as they are to-day. Truckmen in New York are losing no less than $20,000 worth of stuff every month. Sometimes just a case or two is stolen from the truck, sometimes the horse and truck are taken too, the latter being abandoned after the goods have been removed; but more recently the horse and vehicle have in some cases been kept too.

Truck thieves have reduced their work to a science. They almost invariably work in conjunction with "fences." Indeed, the preliminary arrangements are usually made with the assistance of the "fence."

A "mob" of truck thieves, before seizing a loaded truck, hire what they call a "mellimna" or "drop"—a place where the stolen goods may be taken fresh from the scene of the robbery. This is usually some basement or loft. Very frequently a janitor of a loft building is given a ten-spot for the use of a vacant loft for a couple of days.

The "mellimna" secured, the truck thieves start out to "nail" a loaded truck. They usually work in couples, one being dressed as a typical truckman, with his hook over his shoulder and his apron around him, while the other is dressed as a clerk.

Having sighted a truck which seems satisfactory, the two follow it until it comes to a stop to make a delivery. While the driver is upstairs making the delivery the crook dressed as a truckman jumps to the driver's seat and starts off. The other crook, calmly smoking a cigarette, waits in front of the building for the return of the victim.ord driver.

When that individual finally appears and sees that his truck has gone, he at once looks around for information, and sights the cigarette-smoker.

"Hey, kid, did you see which way that truck of mine went?" he demands, excitedly.

"What truck are you talking about?" demands the other, to gain a little time.

"Why, the truck that was standing here a minute ago, you boob. I goes upstairs, and when I gets down again, the truck is gone. Come on, now, wake up, which way did it go?"

"Oh, that truck what was here, eh? Why, I seen it go down that way, and then it turned to the left."

As a matter of fact, of course, it didn't go that way at all, but in exactly the opposite direction, but the distracted driver has already darted off after his missing vehicle.

The crook drives the truck directly to the "mellimna." Arrived there, the cases are removed, and the horse and truck taken a convenient distance away and abandoned In the meanwhile half a dozen busy workers in the "mellimna" have opened the cases and gone through the stolen goods, ripping off all identification marks.

When this work is completed the "fence" or "money-man" is telephoned for to come and appraise the stuff. Whatever offer he makes for the goods, usually about ten per cent of their value, is accepted, for thieves dare not antagonize "fences."

The goods are then either repacked and shipped out of town on one of the "fence's" agents, or if the loot is considered safe it is taken to the "fence's" own establishment. Most of the "fences" rely upon out-of-town agents, however, as this is considered the safer plan.

At an early date the goods are then brought to town, and if the "fence" is unable to dispose of them at private sale they are sent to an auction house and sold for whatever they may bring. There are a lot of reputable auction houses where stolen property is thus disposed of, and where it brings good prices.

For staple articles like woollens and silks the truck thief may be tolerably sure of good prices from the "fences," but a lot of the goods stolen from wagons, although worth considerable to the owner, are practically valueless to the thief or the "fence."

Where Stolen Jewelry Goes

A few weeks ago, for instance, a horse and truck owned by Jackson Brothers, and containing seventeen cases of printed stationery, was stolen while it was standing in the street early one afternoon. The driver had gone inside to make a small delivery and when he returned to the sidewalk the horse and truck were gone.

In a case like that the thief could not expect more than a few cents for the seventeen cases of stationery, its value being that of waste paper, although it was probably worth several hundred dollars to the owner. In that case the horse and truck were not abandoned as usual and have not been recovered, although the truck firm offered a reward for them, and a separate reward of $300 for the arrest and conviction of the "fence" to whom the property was sold.

According to the Team Owners' Association, to whom its members have been reporting losses of this character, over $10,000 worth of stuff has been stolen every month recently, and the membership of the association includes only about one-half of the individuals engaged in the trucking business. One concern alone, which does a big business in the silk district, lost $5,000 worth of stuff from its trucks last year, and had to make it good.

But perhaps the most interesting kind of stolen property consists of pins, rings, necklaces, bracelets, tiaras and other jewelry and silverware. What becomes of that?

The amateur thief knows of only one place in which to dispose of his stolen property—the pawn shop. The dishonest domestic, for instance, who steals her mistress's gold bracelet, usually passes it to a friend who promptly proceeds to "hock" it.

The professional burglar or pickpocket, however, shuns the ordinary pawn shop. In the first place there is always the possibility of running into a detective who is in the pawn shop looking for loot. Then, again, an honest pawnbroker may regard the thief with suspicion, make a few mental notes, and subsequently inform the police. Safety for the criminal lies in dealing with criminals, and so the professional burglar or thief patronises the "fence."

Of course, many of the pawn shops are nothing but "fences," and a crook enters them without the slightest fear. In the majority of cases he gets but a very small percentage of the value of the goods, because where the pawnbroker knows that the property is stolen he issues no ticket and makes no entry on his books, buying the stuff outright.

But a lot of jewelry "fences" run small jewelry shops, and it is these that are patronized principally by professional criminals.

Upon receiving a lot of loot, the "fence" immediately removes the stones from the settings, and then melts down the settings. To identify the stones after that would be practically impossible. Diamonds weighing less than a couple of carats are absolutely unidentifiable even by experts, and it is only a few stones of even larger weight that can be identified with any degree of certainty. Sometimes a stone of four or five carats has marked peculiarities of shape and color which enable an expert to place it wherever it may be found, but such stones are very rare.

Because of this fact, criminals get much better prices for stolen jewelry than they do for other goods. The receiver of stolen diamonds or other precious stones of a marketable size runs only the remotest danger, and he can afford to pay well for such stuff. Professional criminals get at least fifty per cent of the value of such property, and often they obtain as much as seventy-five.

Watches are usually taken apart as soon as received, the movement being disposed of to manufacturing jewelers who are not particular as to the source of their supplies, while the cases are melted down and sold for the gold that is in them.

Bracelets and other pieces of jewelry containing no stones are invariably melted down and sold for the gold or silver that is in them.

Who Prete... Be in Jewellers, brokers, Merchants,

Down in Maiden Lane and John street, the centre of New York's jewelry trade, one will see scores of stores and offices bearing the sign "Gold and Silver Assayer." Here gold and silver in any form may be sold without any questions being asked. Sometimes the professional criminal, for greater safety, does a little crude smelting on his own account before trying to dispose of his loot, but the "buyers" of precious metal in the Maiden Lane district are not at all particular, and they will buy jewelry in any form for the metal that is in it.

By far the greatest receiver of stolen jewelry, however, is the United States Government, which operates the biggest "fence" in the country down on Wall street. This institution is the United States Assay Office. Under the law, gold metal of all kinds and in all forms will be received there and $20.65 per ounce paid for it. No questions are asked. If a hobo walks in there with a watch containing the name of J. Pierpont Morgan engraved on it, they will take it, give him a receipt for it, smelt it and pay him what is due at the end of a few days, without any comment whatever.

There is only one restriction down there: The Government will not bother with less than a hundred dollars' worth, and they won't handle silver at all unless it happens to be mixed with the gold, in which event they will pay for it.

The Assay Office the Biggest "Fence"

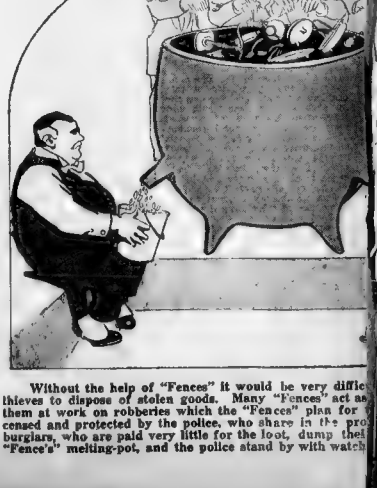
In the course of a year thousands of pawnbrokers and "fences" bring down their crudely-smelted gold or their watch cases, battered rings and bracelets and other stolen jewelry. They have to wait four days before being paid for it, but that they can afford to do, realising that they will receive full value for the metal, less a very nominal charge for the cost of melting and refining, whereas they obtained the stuff for probably fifty per cent of its value.

A lot of the stuff taken to the Assay Office by pawnbrokers represents, of course, uncalled-for pledges which the pawnbrokers have carried on their shelves so long that it is out of fashion, and their only hope of getting back what they advanced on it lies in selling it for the gold that is in it. Old-fashioned watches, bracelets, brooches and earrings, for instance, lie on their shelves year in and year out, dust covered and tarnished and practically unmarketable.

Then a day comes when the pawnbroker decides that he could do with a little cash, and he collects a lot of this old jewelry and sends it to the Assay Office.

Because of this fact, it would be very difficult for the officers in the Assay Office to characterise any of the jewelry that comes to them as "stolen property," even if they considered it their function to try to do so. As a matter of fact, however, no effort is made there to classify or characterize the stuff that is received. Many

Why the Receiver Is WORSE T...

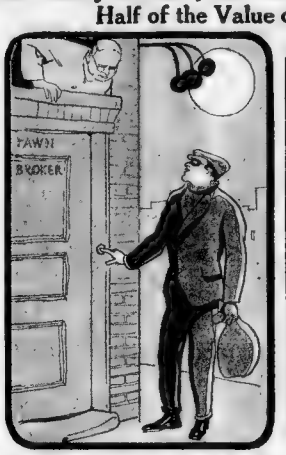


Without the help of "Fences" it would be very difficult for thieves to dispose of stolen goods. Many "Fences" act as decoys for them at work on robberies which the "Fences" plan for are licensed and protected by the police, who share in the profits of burglars, who are paid very little for the loot, dump their plunder in the "Fence's" melting-pot, and the police stand by with watch

Secrets of the "Fences"—the Men to Whom the Thieves Bring Their Loot, and nd to Business as Pawn- Dry Goods Etc.

The Seven Chapters in the History of Nearly All New York Robberies, and How the Police Get Their Half of the Value of the Stolen Goods.

1.—Nearly every burglary of any consequence in New York runs through seven different scenes from the time when the burglar emerges from the house he has robbed and makes his escape with the loot.



2.—The burglar hurries around under cover of darkness to some "Fence"—either a pawnbroker or pretended jewelry store. He rings the private bell with the proper signal, and the pawnbroker is ready for him at any hour of the night or day.

3.—The "Fence" lets the burglar in, and the stolen goods are spread out on the table and are carefully examined. After a bargain is made between the burglar and the "Fence" it usually turns out that the burglar has received not more than 10 per cent of the real value of the stolen goods.

4.—The "Fence" has found out from the burglar in what part of town the robbery was committed, and he sends a tip to some Police Headquarters detective or some detective or policeman in the precinct where the robbery was committed, and tells him he has the stuff stolen from the rich Mrs. Jones.

5.—Mrs. Jones, whose residence has been robbed, had already complained to the police, and in due time the detective or policeman who was given the tip by the "Fence," calls at Mrs. Jones' residence. He explains that a thief has betrayed the real robber, and is willing to tell where the stolen goods have been hidden, provided he is paid. Would Mrs. Jones like to talk to this crook, who refuses to do any business with the police?

6.—Heavily veiled and very much frightened, but anxious to get back her treasured heirlooms, miniature of Grandma and dear departed Grandpa, Mrs. Jones meets the supposed crook in the back room of some cafe. The crook is really the pawnbroker or the "Fence" or his partner. She pays a thumping good price and gets back the stolen articles.

7.—As Mrs. Jones departs with the stolen property, which she has paid a fancy price to get back, the policeman comes out of hiding, where he has heard the bargain between the lady and the pawnbroker—and he gets his half of the money that was paid over. Neither the "Fence" nor the policeman wants to interfere with the useful career of the burglar.

of the watch cases bear inscriptions and all of them have numbers, but no record is kept of these things. It all goes into the melting pot without any question.

The reason burglars and other criminals seldom patronize the Assay Office themselves and get the benefit of the full price paid by the Government is because, in the first place, the criminal naturally fears having dealings with the Governmnet on general principles, and in the second place he doesn't like the idea of having to wait four days for the cash. Anything may happen in four days. It isn't very safe for a crook wanted for a job to speculate as to where he may be four days hence. He prefers to get rid of the stuff at once, even though he gets only half as much for it. For that reason he will rather patronise the private assayer on John street, who pays him only fifty per cent of the value of the metal, rather than the official assayer on Wall street, who would pay him one hundred per cent

Where Silverware Is Sold

The assayer on John street makes but a rough assay of the metal offered him by the crook, subjects it to a few tests and then makes a very conservative estimate of the amount of metal it contains, leaving himself a very wide margin of safety, and the crook takes whatever he is offered.

In the case of silverware the crook fares even worse. Because he can't sell it to the Government, for the Government doesn't buy silver, the "fence" realizes that the criminal is practically in his power. The crook can't very well sell to an honest dealer a solid silver dining service in its made-up form without arousing suspicion and inviting arrest. For this reason, he is practically driven to the "fence." If the stuff is of such a character that it may be sold in its made-up form, the "fence" may deal liberally with the crook, but if it has to be thrown into the melting pot, the amount paid to the crook will represent but a very small proportion of the actual value of the service.

There used to be a notorious "fence" in Canton street where thousands of dollars worth of silverware was disposed of by burglars every month. The proprietor of the place ran it as a jewelry store, but in one of his back rooms he had a smelter where the stolen silverware was melted down. This "fence" was arrested on the confession of two burglars who implicated him. Large quantities of melted silver were found on the premises and about $1,000 worth of silverware broken up but not yet melted was also obtained. The proprietor was arrested and held for receiving stolen property, but it was found impossible to fasten any specific crime on him.

"Fences" of this kind exist in great numbers on the East Side, but although the nature of their business is well-known to the police, it might be difficult to secure a conviction even if the police wanted to do so because of the leniency of the law. In order to convict a prisoner of the crime of receiving stolen property the prosecution must prove that he knew the property was stolen when he bought it. The mere fact that he bought it from a man whom he knew to be a notorious burglar or under other circumstances which ought to have convinced any reasonable man that the property was stolen will not be enough. Many notorious "fences" thrive for years because the police cannot fasten particular crimes on them.

This man, Morris Smerling, whom I have mentioned before, and who has confessed that he conducted a "fence" on Canal street for the past five years, was arrested scores of times before he was finally convicted. He is now serving a term in Sing Sing.

How Junkmen Make Boy-Thieves

The particular crime which resulted in Smerling's undoing was one of a thousand similar ones he had been committing for years but which the police never could or would convict him of. Even in this case but for the work of Judge Swann, who obtained the information which resulted in Smerling's conviction from the thieves who stole the goods in question, Smerling might still be at liberty.

Smerling was convicted of having received two cases of goods which he knew to be stolen property. The two cases had been shipped on one of the trucks of William Hallahan. Fred Phillips was the driver. He reported to his employer that the cases had been stolen from his truck while he was in a saloon. He had been seen to drive to No. 22 East Ninth street, however, a place which was not included in his route for the day, and further investigation revealed the fact that the stolen cases had been left in one of the loft of that building, which the truck thieves had hired from the elevator boy to be used as a "drop."

The two cases had been stripped of their contents and filled with coal and nailed up again. Detectives in the case arrested the elevator boy in the loft building and two other truck thieves who were seen to leave Smerling's place. All four prisoners pleaded guilty to grand larceny, but Smerling stood trial and was convicted.

A very large amount of stolen property is disposed of at "fences" run as "second-hand" or junk shops. It is these places which have been so severely condemned by judges as the makers of thieves. There are a lot of these places located in the vicinity of train yards from which brass and other metals are stolen by young thieves and sold to the "fences" as junk.

The West Shore Railroad and the Lackawanna and Erie used to lose thousands of dollars worth of stuff monthly until a junkman, known in the underworld as "Scratch," was finally sent away. "Scratch" made a specialty of brass triple valves from the air brakes on railroad cars. These cost $35 apiece, but as old brass they are worth probably not more than a couple of dollars.

For some time trainmen had been made nervous by discovering that just when they needed their air-brakes most, they had been made useless by the theft of these valves. Detectives were set out to watch for the thieves and finally picked up six boys. Two of them confessed, declaring that they were doing the work for "Scratch," who had agreed to pay them fifty cents apiece for the valves, provided they were pounded out of their original shape.

Before the Curran Committee, Judge Norman S. Dike, of the County Court of Brooklyn, was asked whether he agreed in the opinions sometimes expressed that it is the receivers of stolen goods who really make the thieves throughout the city and this is how he replied.

"Yes; that old expression that the receiver is as bad as the thief is actually true. It is the receiver who very often urges these young lads of sixteen, seventeen and eighteen to commit crimes, urges them to go out and commit burglaries, saying, 'I will take anything you get, and I will always give you some money,' and often property of $100 in value will be—the boy will get a dollar or two dollars or even less for it.

"I think they are extremely vicious in their effect upon the youth of a city like this, where there are many boys without employment hanging around the streets, who want to have a little spending money. Those receivers might be pawnbrokers if it is loot of any more value. It might be second-hand material men; and it seems to me the effort that has been made in this city in the last four or five years by efficient public servants seeking to cover that situation and to pass legislation which is effective, to my mind would satisfactorily solve the trouble as to the pawnbroker.

"But the most vicious element to-day in our city is the second-hand man. He is not obliged to keep books. The fee of $500 that a pawnbroker has to pay is in his case but $12. He must, according to law, keep some memoranda, and within thirty days can dispose of the goods. But his memoranda, as I am informed by detectives, is of the most fragmentary and unsatisfactory kind, and in the actual working out of the matter, where he feels that there is no possibility of detection or he hopes there is not, I am confident that he does not even go through the formality of entering anything in his memoranda, but disposes of the goods in the speediest manner. I regard the second-hand man as the man against whom there should be special activity shown, so as to bring him in the line where the pawnbroker is today."

A Chain of "Fences"

A couple of years ago, Max Walk, of New Rochelle, was convicted of being the head of a chain of "fences," some of them located as far south as Norfolk, Va., and Augusta, Ga. He was convicted of receiving stolen goods from a New York man named Herman Gross, the principal witnesses against him being Max Levy, who was indicted with him and who confessed, and Louis Kindler and Walter Brandenburg, two young crooks, who were then serving time for thefts they declared they had made for Walk. According to Levy in one year they had received no less than $18,000 worth of property from the thieves in their employ, for which they had paid about $3,000. As a rule the thieves got from five to fifteen per cent and the goods were shipped to one of Walk's out-of-town places as soon as received.

A very large business is done in stolen property by "fences" who conduct "pawnbroker's sales stores." These are apparently nothing less than second-hand stores where unredeemed pledges bought from pawnbrokers or articles redeemed from pawnbrokers' stores on purchased pawn tickets are offered for sale. As a matter of fact, most of the property is the product of burglaries and thefts.

There are a lot of these stores located in the Tenderloin section. Those which are known to the underworld to be "fences" are largely patronized by the pickpockets of the district, who grab a man's stick pin in a crowded car, make a clean get-away and promptly sell the pin to the "fence" for a fraction of its actual value.

Such a store as this was that of Jimmy Pritchard, at No. 253 West Forty-second street, which was taken possession of by the police a couple of months ago, after two hotel workers had confessed that they had stolen $5,000 worth of jewelry from one of the guests in the hotel and had sold it to Pritchard for $400. Pritchard was held for trial.

At the time of Pritchard's arrest it was said by Deputy Commissioner Dougherty that the Pritchard establishment on Forty-second street, which was not more than ten feet wide and twenty feet deep, contained no less than a quarter of a million dollars' worth of diamonds, gold, silver, rich gowns and furs, but this estimate subsequently appeared to have been greatly exaggerated.

When the Pritchard case came up in the police court, Harry Willis declared that while he was a bellboy in the Hotel St. Andrew, he had entered the rooms of Miss Frances S. Barnes by means of a pass key and had stolen about $5,000 worth of jewelry, consisting of thirteen pieces. Percy Wyckoff, an elevator operator, stood watch while he was in the room.

He declared that the jewelry was put into a dress-suit case and taken to the checking room of the Hotel Normandie, where it was left for several days. Then he took it around to Pritchard's place and asked $700 for it. Pritchard asked for a little time to examine the stuff and told Willis to come around the next day, which he did. The jewelry was finally sold for $400.

On Pritchard's window is the sign "Pawn Tickets Bought." How the purchase of pawn tickets may be used as a blind to cover the receiving of stolen property was indicated by the testimony of this boy Willis, who declared that on a former occasion on which he had a diamond necklace which he was anxious to dispose of he attempted to sell it outright to Pritchard. Pritchard refused to buy it but declared that if Willis would pawn it elsewhere he would buy the ticket, which, according to Willis, was what was done. In this way, of course, a "fence" might very easily cover his operations, and it would be exceedingly difficult afterward to prove that he knew that the property was stolen even if the goods were found in his place.

Although a very extensive business in stolen goods is being done in New York at the present time, it is divided up between hundreds of "fences," and there is probably no one "fence" doing one-tenth of the business that was done by such notorious characters as Madame or "Mother" Mandelbaum, twenty-five years ago.

I was only a kid at that time but I lived only a block from her establishment, which was located in Clinton street and, in that way, came to know more or less about her methods and operations. It was said that half a million dollars' worth of stuff passed through her hands every year, and that was probably a conservative estimate. She worked hand in hand with the police on one side and most of the big crooks on the other. Because of her friendship with the police and big politicians she enjoyed absolute immunity, although every one knew just what her business was, and when she was finally indicted the police allowed her to escape to Canada, where she died.

"Mother" Mandelbaum had a big staff of crooks who worked for her exclusively, but crooks from all over the country did business with her, not so much because she gave them better prices for their loot than other "fences," but because the influence she commanded made their dealings with her comparatively safe. To enjoy the friendship of "Mother" Mandelbaum was almost as good to a crook as a license from the police to work unmolested.

One of the most notorious of the crooks allied with "Mother" Mandelbaum, was Michael Kurtz, more generally known as "Sheeny Mike."

As a result of the information he gave a civil suit was started against Mother Mandelbaum for the silk stolen by Sheeny Mike from Scott & Co., and the firm obtained judgment for the full amount stolen.

There is no doubt that the police could positively put these "fences" out of business, but there is no doubt that under present conditions they won't. The graft is too valuable. But even if the police were honest the task of putting the "fences" behind the bars where they belong would be embarrassed because of the peculiar law, which requires proof of actual knowledge that the goods were stolen. In most cases that is almost impossible to procure. The law should be amended to make it a crime to receive property which a person has reason to believe was stolen or from a person known to be a professional crook. This would make it very dangerous for a "fence" to have dealings with professional criminals, and the police could, if they were honest, drive most of the "fences" out of business.

JACK ROSE.

Copyright, 1913, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

New Things Not Found in Any Books

Why FOOD Really MADE MAN Begin To THINK

By EUGENE CHRISTIAN, F.S.D.

REGARDLESS of how certain we vegetarians are that we are right in the matter of our diet, it must be admitted that man did not really begin to think until he ceased living on what he could pluck from nature and began to eat other things and to store his food for the days to come.

Vegetarians believe they are healthier for their method of living, and for that reason can think clearer; yet primitive man wandered about like other animals when all he needed for sustenance could be found at any moment growing within reach. And it seems a fair question to ask if man would have been any more advanced to-day than he was in the beginning if he never had to do more than reach out his hand for his food.

If we trace man chronologically from age to age and geographically from land to land, we find that by nature he is a vegetarian So long as he could pluck his food from the bounty of nature without effort there was no occasion for him to think, so he roamed about like any other animal.

But man multiplied and began to migrate, especially to the north, and the further he travelled the greater effort was needed to secure food. At this point in his history he became, through necessity, an omnivorous eater At this period he began to think. Food was a question of life and death with him, he must have food If nature did not supply it at hand on almost every bush and tree he must procure it in some other method

For long journeys into lands where there could be found no food at hand, experience soon taught man to store his food and to take supplies with him to last for some time. And in traveling far enough north to reach the land of "seasons," the necessity increased for finding means of storing food and also securing seasonable food. In this manner man really began to think.

So it was that during such seasons as man could not secure his food by picking it, and his stores became exhausted, he had to choose between eating animals and death from starvation, and we all know which he chose. Under these conditions he became omnivorous. But while man's mental development began when he had to use his brain and become a meat-eater, he did not become more civilized because of this, it was really his travels that broadened him, his journeys into new lands where his brain was forced to work to meet new conditions, to devise means of slaying animals for food and for fur and for protection.

The highest forms of animal life on the globe have been and are to-day built up from a pure vegetable life.

The lion, leopard and panther are often pointed to as evidencing the virtue of a flesh diet. These animals of course are possessed of great strength, but not great endurance, in the final analysis, is the supreme test of health. The antelope, or deer, can bound over the plains from 15 to 20 feet at a leap, and keep it up for a day without food or water, while no carnivorous animal could go at such speed for a single hour without exhaustion.

The greatest difference, however, between vegetarian and carnivorous animals is in their appearance disposition and intelligence. The flesh-eating animal is ugly, vicious uncertain, stupid, has a bad breath and his whole body emits a bad odor, while the vegetarian animal's are gentle, kind, intelligent, beautiful, and their bodi s never emit a bad odor and their breath is always sweet and pure.

The breath of a deer, horse and especially the cow is as sweet as a babe's

The vegetarian wild animal is only wild because he has learned that man is his enemy When he is tamed by kindness he is gentle and even affectionate

It is often alleged that vegetarians as a whole are a pale, thin cadaverous looking lot, and I admit there is some ground for this indictment, but behind these conditions there are some causes that should be considered

First, the vegetarians are usually recruits from the ranks of the meat eaters, who have adopted a vegetable diet to cure themselves of some disorder caused by wrong eating, and not knowing how to select, combine or proportion their food so as to give Nature the tools to work with they have made no physical improvement

There is no nutrition in flesh food that was not first in the vegetable, and the old idea that we get nourishment in concentrated form from flesh is a mere idea not supported by science.

The chief argument in favor of the flesh diet is that an animal can eat grass, then we can eat the animal, thus taking grass in another form While this may be true, it is also true that the same land that grew the grass if cultivated in grain or vegetables would produce about sixty-six times the amount of nutrition we get from the animal, so as an economic problem it could not be very highly recommended

Eating flesh is in reality taking our vegetables second-hand, and with the nutrition the meat affords we must take the uric acid, carbon-dioxid and carbon-monoxid poisons which the meat contains

When the average person decides to adopt a vegetable diet he usually selects nuts or grains to take the place of meat, neither of which are good substitutes.

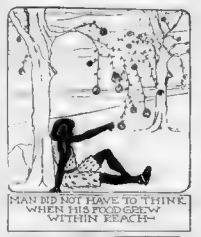
Meat, as usually selected, contains about ten per cent fat and twenty per cent protein, the remaining seventy per cent is water, non nutritive tissue, etc., etc.

While nuts contain about thirty per cent protein and sixty-five per cent fat and only from five to six per cent water, grains do not contain enough protein and entirely too much starch. The reformer, therefore, has discarded something that he has been accustomed to, and has not succeeded in replacing its elements of nutrition He perhaps then tries vegetables, fruits, bread, cereals etc., etc., in a promiscuous haphazzard sort of way

The fruit acids and cereal starch cause fermentation, and then comes a lot of trouble even worse than his former diet and he either swings back to meat, believing vegetarianism to be a failure, or he sticks to his vegetarian theory, eating entirely at random with as little hope of success as if he was to undertake to fill a prescription in a drug store without any knowledge of drugs

It is a very simple matter to secure all the elements of nutrition the body needs from the vegetable kingdom if people knew just a little about the chemistry of the body and the chemistry of food. It is also an easy matter to combine and proportion these things properly at each meal if people could be induced to give the subject a little study, but we can no more expect to be perfectly nourished and perfectly healthy when we select the material that makes our blood, bone and brain entirely at random than we could expect to make a perfect running automobile by putting together, at random, raw material out of which it is made.

Many VEGETARIANS Make Mistakes Because They Do Not Know FOOD VALUES



MAN DID NOT HAVE TO THINK, WHEN HIS FOOD GREW WITHIN REACH

BUT WHEN HE HAD TO HUNT IT AND STORE IT, HE HAD TO USE HIS BRAIN

How You Should DRESS To Be PHOTOGRAPHED

IF you are desirous for some photographs of yourself to give your friends, you should take great care in your dressing, not to put on as gaudy and stylish clothes as possible, but as simple garments as you can. The reason for this is that a very fluffy and gorgeous gown will detract from your likeness and in a few years it will also be quite out of style.

If you want these photographs for dear friends that they may have a likeness of you, wear as simple a gown as possible. Better still, wear an evening dress with a light scarf about your shoulders. Have only head and shoulders taken, and your picture will be charming for generations. People will not pick it up and instead of looking at your face, look at your then out-of-date garments and say, "Good Land, didn't they dress like freaks in those days!"

Do not wear a hat. That will soon be out of style. Do not do your hair in the ultra-modish fashions, do it neatly and plainly, in a sort of medium style that will always look well. Do not wear blue, for it will come out white. Do not wear red, for it will come out black. Wear a soft gray or brown or slightly figured cloth, which will reproduce beautifully. Do not wear jewelry; it does not look well in pictures. If you always wear glasses, keep them on, otherwise you will not look natural to your friends and your eyes will have a strained look.

Men should never have their hair cut just before being photographed because it makes them look either "small-headed" or partly bald. Better pictures will result with long hair lightly brushed than with short-cropped hair. Neither should men wet their hair and "spat" it down; the result in a photograph is hideous. Let the hair be dry and lightly brushed. A man will actually look better with tousled hair in a photograph than with it wet and brushed down flat

Cravats should not be figured, either in dots or checks or stripes; they loom up like a headlight on a locomotive in a picture. Wear a solid shade of light browns or grays. A small man will look better and his shoulders will appear better if he wears a rather light coat, while a large man should always wear black or blue, which will take black Nothing looks sillier in a man's photograph than a buttonhole bouquet—unless it is evening clothes—and, as with a woman's photograph, a head and shoulders picture is much better to give to friends because it is less a picture of clothes and more a likeness of you.

YOU MIGHT TRY---

If Woollens Shrink.

HANG woollens out on the line dripping wet, without wringing them at all. If dried in this way, they will not shrink.

A Flavoring Bouquet.

A KITCHEN bouquet for flavoring soups can easily be made. Take a few sprigs of parsley and wrap them around pepper corns, whole cloves, a bay leaf and other herbs that are at hand. Tie up tightly. This can be removed from the soup without trouble.

Stains from Hands.

TO take stains from hands, use half cupful of coarse cornmeal and one cupful of strong vinegar Wash and rub the hands well in this; rinse in warm water

Use for Old Brooms.

WHEN a long-handled broom is worn out, instead of throwing it away, tie a piece of felt or flannel round the head, and make a floor polisher. It will make work much easier, and keep linoleum in good condition. Footmarks can be rubbed off at any time without stooping

For a Tough Fowl.

WHEN boiling an old fowl or tough meat, add a pinch of soda to the water. Simmer gently, and the meat will be perfectly tender

How Changing Calendar Caused April Fool's Day

APRIL FOOL'S DAY was the result of changing the calendar so that the year began on the first of January instead of on the first of April. This change was made in France about the middle of the sixteenth century.

Previous to that time the people celebrated the first day of April much as we celebrate the first day of January, by making calls, bestowing gifts, starting new accounts and such things Then came the change in the calendar which made January 1 the first of the year, and just as we find it difficult to write the correct year for a week or so after the first of January, so they found it difficult to adjust themselves to the change, and many people so far forgot themselves and the new date of the year as to make new year's gifts on April 1, as of yore, to make calls, start new accounts and the like.,

This got to be quite a joke, and some people would purposely play pranks on others to make them think April 1 was still New Year's Day, Finally people got to playing so many pranks to deceive and fool their friends that the date was well fixed in the minds of everybody as not the first of the year, but "April Fool's Day," because, as the more sedate said, "so many fools went about playing pranks on that date."

"KEEPING BOOKS" More Than 2,000 Years Ago

SOME recent discoveries resulting from investigations conducted at Nippur under the auspices of the University of Pennsylvania have brought to light a sort of vault wherein were stored the business "books" of a firm that flourished twenty-four hundred years ago. This vault stood in those days for exactly the same as our modern steel filing cabinet stands in business to-day.

Of course, there were no actual "books" in those ancient days, but all records were care fully inscribed in tablets of clay, so that the bookkeeper of the year 487 B. C. had to be a sort of potter and engraver, as well as secretary and mathematician, for he took the soft clay tablets and with a pointed instrument not unlike a modern stylus he "wrote" the records of business. No doubt there were slaves to prepare the clay tablets, dry them and store them, but the slaves were not sufficiently educated to make the actual records.

These business records were of the firm of Murashu Sons, of Nippur, a thriving concern, as their "books" show. The firm was undoubtedly established about the time of Artaxerxes I. Several hundred of these clay tablet records have been discovered, which show that the firm did all sorts of business, including the sale and manufacture of jewelry and gems, the making of mortgages, the renting of property and making of leases and collecting of rent, drawing up notes and legal contracts and agreements of all kinds

One of the most interesting of these records concerns a guarantee on the part of Murashu Sons that an emerald set in a gold ring would not fall out for twenty years. This is the way the agreement or guarantee reads:

"Bel-ad-iddina and Belshuna, sons of Bel and Hatin of Bazuzu, spoke into Bel-nadin shumu, sons of Murashu, thus: 'As concerns the gold ring set with an emerald, we guarantee that for twenty years the emerald will not fall out of the gold ring. If the emerald should fall out of the gold ring before the end of the twenty years, Bel-ad-iddina, Belshuna, and Natin shall pa, unto Bel-nadin shumu an indemnity of ten pieces of silver."

This is but a sample of the many remarkable and interesting "documents" found in the ancient "filing case" of Murashu Sons This concern must have carried on a great business, for these records cover a period of more than fifty years. The firm acted as agent for a great many of the wealthy Persians who did not care to bother with their own affairs or attend to their properties in the hot Babyonian country.

Just Where We Got That Little Word "TIP"

JUST when the custom of tipping started is rather difficult to determine, but men of means have probably been in the habit of giving small sums or small presents to those who served them ever since the time freed servants took the place of slaves. But whatever this fee was called at the beginning, it has been known as "tipping" for hundreds of years.

It is true that servants at inns were paid by their employers to wait upon the guests, and therefore there was, apparently, no need of paying them for something they were already paid for. But in the inns in England, which were mostly small houses, there were frequently times when many travelers gathered at one inn, and as there were few servants, some of the guests had to await their turn to be served. Naturally some of these guests would hand a servant a small coin in order to get this servant to wait upon him and his party first

While there is no doubt that this is how tipping started, in England at least the manner in which this custom came to be called by that name is very simple. To make matters easier, to urge the servants to do their very best and yet to show as little partiality as possible, one inn keeper hit upon the plan of putting up a little box in the main room of the inn, with a card over it bearing the words, "TO INSURE PROMPTNESS"

These boxes were like an ordinary collection box or poor box, with a little slit in them for the coin to be dropped in. Other inn keepers saw the advantage of this plan, and so at one time there was scarcely a country inn throughout England that did not contain one of them.

A guest would take some small change, or get some gold coin changed, explaining that it was "T. I. P." money, and from calling it "T. I. P." money it came to be called "tip money," or "a tip," which was a much shorter way of saying that it was money to put in the "To Insure Promptness" box. And so, long after the custom of having these boxes was done away with, the servants, you may be sure, never forgot the giving part, and tipping has continued to increase until now it has become the bane of nearly everyone, whether he be a traveler or at home.

The Importance of Amusing CONVALESCENT CHILDREN

IT is a rather easy matter to amuse convalescent children if there is no danger in their becoming active, but in most cases where children are recovering from a severe illness it is not safe to allow them to become very active; they must remain quiet for days, perhaps weeks. And when it comes to amusing such children it is certainly a difficult task.

If the little convalescents could crawl about the bed, or even putter about the room, it would not be a difficult task; but to keep a youngster who is rapidly getting well and fretful under long illness and restraint, quiet still for days is something that needs tact

One of the best things to aid in this, nurses declare, is a big bowl of gold fish, provided you never had them in the house before. Of course, if you always have had gold fish in the house they do not interest the little invalid, otherwise they are new to him and he will lay quiet for hours at a time watching the fish flit about in the big bowl. Allow the child to drop a few wafers of fish food in the bowl crumbled up, and he will sink back on the pillows for an hour or more watching the fish nose out each morsel.

If the patient is a little girl and not strong enough to sew her dollies' clothes, sit beside her and begin making some little doll's garment, not telling her what it is, but making her watch you carefully and try to guess what it will be as you progress with the making. As the garment takes on form, she will keep on changing her guess and have great pleasure.

Begin placing bread crumbs on a window sill, where the sick child can see it plainly, and soon you will have a small army of English sparrows coming regularly to feed. Have a certain time for doing this, and the sparrows will learn that time within two days and never fail to alight as soon as the crumbs are out This furnishes amusement for the little ones

Every nurse and mother should devise such means for keeping a convalescing child's mind active and happy without allowing the body to become overtaxed. All these suggestions will lead to other ideas. The well-trained nurse of to-day finds it just as important to know how to amuse such little patients as it is to know when and how to administer their medicine and take their temperatures and prepare their food.

How to Know a GOOD LIGHT from a Poor One

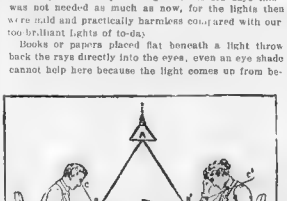
PEOPLE who use their eyes in an artificial light, and in these days this includes nearly everyone who uses his eyes at all, have been told repeatedly to sit with their back to the light when reading But this cannot always be done. The business man who works at his desk would look foolish with his back to the desk. He couldn't do his work that way. Neither could he have a light behind him, because he would be in his own light while working

To read with one's back to the light is all right for home reading, but for work, for writing or for figuring, this is impossible. The next best thing to do is to get a light that will not shine directly into your eyes And this has been done by most people. Yet this is by no means all. The light may not shine directly into your eyes from the incandescent bulb or gas mantle, and at the same time be hurting your eyes tremendously, because the rays are reflected into your eyes, and reflected rays are almost as bad for the eyes as direct ones.

Students, and others who must lay down their books and papers under the light and bend over them to study and to work, are constantly injuring their eyes, especially if they lay their work down flat.

The old fashioned sloping desk of the bookkeeper and the student was made for comfort in holding books and papers, but it was also the very best thing for the eyes because it reflected the light rays below instead of directly into the eyes. And in those old days this was not needed as much as now, for the lights then were mild and practically harmless compared with our too brilliant lights of to-day

Books or papers placed flat beneath a light throw back the rays directly into the eyes, even an eye shade cannot help here because the light comes up from below, under the shade, although such a shade helps keep the light from beating downward on the eyes.



Showing the Effect of Sloping a Desk in Order to Avoid Reflection from Shiny Paper. The Direct Reflected Ray B. C. from the Flat Surface, Enters the Eye; the Reflected Ray B Cl, from the Sloping Desk Does Not.

Place the same books or papers upon a sloping surface and the light is thrown back below the eyes, across the shoulder. There is not the glare to face that the flat reading and working surface makes. A glance at the illustration will explain more than words, just how the sloping desk helps the eyes.

There are some simple rules that most people can follow that will help the eyesight. These are:

Never work, or read in a flickering light.

Never expose your eyes to unshaded lights so that the rays shine directly into your eyes.

The glaring white light may be twice as injurious as the mellow gas mantle light or even the carbon filament incandescent light

Always avoid great contrasts. That is, do not turn from a dark place into a glaring light suddenly, nor repeat this frequently, as the sudden change is extremely injurious in the way of straining the eyes.

Spend a little time adjusting your light and the working surface of your desk or table or bench until you are certain the rays are not glaring into your eyes, also making sure the light is quite sufficient

Never work on a white cardboard or white blotter, as it throws back the light. Use a green or red or brown covering, green or brown being preferable, as they absorb much of the light.

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Why Nobody Likes to Entertain England's King & Queen!

"As soon as the King and Queen threaten to visit, there is a rus h. Sickness is feigned, all kinds of excuses are polished up—metaphorically, at least, everybody is nailing up windows and putting 'Not at Home' signs everywhere."

Royal Visits Eat Up All the Hosts' Cash, Turn "the Stately Home" Inside Out, and Make Noble Husbands and Wives Pretend to Love One Another

London, March 21.

NO little fluttering of the dovecotes at Buckingham Palace has been caused by the intimation that has been recently made to Queen Mary that some hostesses who had been put down on the list of those who might expect to be honored with a visit from Their Majesties in the coming July and August as their country houses were anxious to be omitted from the list.

Prominent among those who have sought to be relieved of the distinction of a royal visit are the Duke and Duchess of Norfolk. The Duke has in the past few years laid out nigh a matter of a quarter of a million of money in improving Arundel Castle and the Sussex estate, and the Duke and Duchess, to replace this heavy capital outlay, have been living very quietly and exercising many economies.

A royal visit to Arundel Castle is, therefore, the very last thing in the world they would desire. It would cost the Duke at the lowest estimate $50,000—the recent royal visit to the Duke and Duchess of Portland at Welbeck is said to have cost the Duke $75,000

Among the big items in the expenses which the host of the sovereign and his consort have to bear are the installation of a temporary telegraphic wire and the establishment of a postal and telegraphic office at his house. Then the suite of rooms Their Majesties are to occupy have to be entirely redecorated, and a large staff of extra servants have to be engaged

A royal visit, between guests and servants, means the feeding of at least 120 persons a day, and both visitors and servants have to be fed sumptuously

The visit lasts as a rule five days, and the host is lucky if he can get out of it at $10,000 a day.

The Duke and Duchess of Norfolk had, therefore, good reason for wishing that when the King and Queen began their progress of country visits, Arundel Castle might not be made one of their halting places

When they heard that this was just what Their Majesties intended to do, the Duchess took counsel with Lady Eva Dugdale, a lady in waiting, who is a particular friend of Her Grace, and besought her by hook or by crook to get her and the Duke relieved of the honor of having to entertain Their Majesties.

This is not the first time that the Duke and Duchess have "ducked" a royal visit

A couple of years before the late King's death the Duke was threatened with a visit from King Edward and Queen Alexandra. Through Lord Knollys, however, the Duke was able to hint to His Majesty his desire to escape the distinction of becoming a host of royalty; King Edward took the hint in perfect good humor, and the visit never happened.

In the present instance, however, the hint had to be conveyed to Queen Mary, for it is Her Majesty who plans and arranges all matters in connection with the royal visits; it was accepted by no means cheerfully or agreeably, and Lady Eva Dugdale is now unlikely ever again to undertake to perform such a mission as she did for the Duchess for any one

It was, to be sure, a delicate and difficult mission, and the trouble seems to have been that Lady Eva, who is one of the most intimate friends Queen Mary has, did not quite appreciate its difficulty or delicacy.

Without much preliminary skirmishing she came to the point and put it quite plainly to Her Majesty that the Duke and Duchess of Norfolk would not, for the reasons already stated, find a royal visit very agreeable or convenient this year.

Queen Mary has been heard to say that one of the qualities she so much admires in Lady Eva Dugdale is her "downrightness." But on this particular occasion her Lady Eva has been less downright and more diplomatic, she might have been saved a most disagreeable quarter of an hour.

Queen Mary has a great regard for Lady Eva, but the gulf that separates a Queen from her ladies in waiting is wide and deep, and Queen Mary let her friend know this, and that she considered it something approaching an impertinance for a lady in waiting to have undertaken such a mission as had the luckless Lady Eva.

There will be no royal visit this year to Arundel Castle, but if ever the Duke and Duchess want to dodge one again they will find it extremely difficult to get any member of the present royal entourage to interfere in the matter

Another great hostess who has managed to get out of a royal visit is Her Grace of Westminster. The Duchess of Westminster objects to a visit from King George and his consort, however, for different reasons altogether from those of the Duke and Duchess of Norfolk. A royal visit to Eaton Hall would mean, of course, that the Duke and Duchess of Westminster would have to be present at Eaton Hall together to receive Their Majesties, and this is at present what the Duchess strongly objects to do.

There are several reasons for the estrangement between the Duke and Duchess of Westminster; one of the reasons, in the shape of a Miss Gerlie Millar, has recently been removed, for the close relations between her and the Duke have been brought to an end, and since this has occurred some officious people at the English Court have suggested to Queen Mary that a royal visit would now be an excellent way of bringing about a reconciliation between the Duke and Duchess. As a matter of fact, it would not; there are still circumstances which keep the Duke and Duchess apart, which are not likely to be removed in the immediate future and which their coming together to entertain King George and Queen Mary would not alter or abate in the least. But there are one or two people who have some influence with Queen Mary who think that were the Duke and Duchess brought together to entertain Their Majesties, that their differences could be satisfactorily settled.

When, however, it reached the ears of the Duchess that Eaton Hall might be visited by the King and Queen, Her Grace promptly proceeded to take measures to put a stop to the possibility of any such event taking place. What the precise character of the measures were is not known, but it appears that the Duchess got a friend "who knows a good deal" to "tackle" one of the officious persons who had suggested the visit, to whom the well-informed lady put it plainly that she must get Queen Mary to abandon the idea of visiting Eaton Hall.

The officious lady found the task imposed upon her about as disagreeable a one as she could well undertake, but she recognized the fact that it had to be done, and it was done, and it will be some considerable time before she attempts to interfere in the adjusting and arranging of a royal visit again.

Another hostess who may, much against her inclination, have to entertain the King and Queen in the coming Summer, is Lady Evelyn Cotterell. Lady Evelyn is a daughter of the Duke of Richmond and wife of Sir John Cotterell, whose country house, "Garnons," in Herefordshire, Queen Mary is specially anxious to see, on account of the wonderful tapestries there, in which Her Majesty is much interested, and a royal visit to "Garnons" has been promised for some time. Now Lady Evelyn and her husband have a horror of large country house parties and never join one or give one at their own house. To both the idea of a royal visit, and all that it means in the way of a regiment of visitors, rooms to be turned inside out, the providing of a round of varied entertainments every night, and all the ceaseless rush and bustle it entails, is something like a horrible nightmare Sir John and Lady Evelyn would be delighted to be favored with a quiet visit from the King and Queen, but unfortunately, except in the case of a few extremely intimate friends of royalty, a quiet royal visit is a thing that is impossible, and Sir John and Lady Evelyn Cotterell are not among the intimates of King George and Queen Mary.

There is, however, one resource that the owners of the beautiful tapestries, in which Queen Mary is so much interested, may try in order to avoid being paid the distinction of a visit from Their Majesties, and that is to plead ill health, and perhaps that idea has occurred to Lady Evelyn, for a rumor has already been put about that she is not in very robust health; but, of course, there may not be any real connection between this rumor and the Cotterell's desire to escape a royal visit. It may merely be a coincidence.

The fact is, that to people like the Duke and Duchess of Norfolk or Lady Evelyn Cotterell a royal visit means a vast deal of trouble and expense without any particular compensating advantages. It does not increase one jot their social importance or add in any way to their social influence or power.

The late King thoroughly understood his, and those whom he favored by becoming their guest were chiefly people to whom a royal visit was no empty honor, but added tremendously to their social importance. It was an honor, as a matter of fact, for which several of the late King's hosts and hostesses thought it worth while to pay enormous sums to those who secured it for them. Of course, King Edward did visit people whose social power and importance a royal visit could not add to, like the late Duke of Devonshire and Lord Savile. But these were old and intimate personal friends of King Edward, and they did not find a royal visit in any way disturbing.

King George and Queen Mary, if they pleased, could certainly find, as King Edward found,

The Duchess of Westminster, Who Put Off the Visit of the King and Queen, Because It Would Have Compelled Her to Pretend to Be on Good Terms With Her Husband.

A British Duchess Receiving Queen Mary, After Vainly Endeavoring to Be Relieved from Her Majesty's Visit.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox---English "Best Seller"

AS a rule, England's literary critics do not grow enthusiastic over American authors and poets in comparison with their own. The plain figures of booksales, however, have compelled a London literary statistician to give Ella Wheeler Wilcox the palm for the widest popular appeal to English readers in the matter of poetry.

The best-selling novelist is Mrs Florence Barclay, author of "The Rosary." The book which has made her reputation first appeared in November, 1909, and for some months created no stir. Gradually the demand for it grew. To-day it is in its 40th thousand and is in greater demand than ever. "The Rosary" circulates everywhere. It is, for example, very popular among sailors. Mrs. Barclay has issued other books since, and her five volumes have sold to the extent of almost a million copies When one remembers that Mr Kipling's greatest success, "The Jungle Book," is only in its 105th thousand the significance of this figure appears.

Miss Marie Corelli never in her spinniest days reached the demand that there is now for Mrs. Barclay's books, but she comes next in popularity

In poetry the best "seller" is also a woman Her name is Mrs Ella Wheeler Wilcox. She has issued eleven volumes; two of them are in their twenty-second editions, and the circulation of the others is nearly as large. Her books are issued at every price, from the shilling pocket volume to the edition de luxe.

The writer went to a leading London bookseller for a solution of the mystery.

"What," I asked, "is the secret of the popularity of Mrs. Barclay and Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox? Both of them are highly moral and highly emotional writers."

"Their books are uplifting," said my bookseller.

"People like emotion; they like to feel their better impulses stirred. They are optimistic. Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox has sympathy, inspiration, fancy, cheerfulness, hope and philosophy. The literary draper, the city clerk will take her poems home, read them with satisfaction, and say, 'She writes just what I thought.' He has no difficulty in understanding her meaning. She is modern, and she voices the aspirations of the everyday man with a facility and gracefulness which he himself does not possess.

"Scott's novels are now in small demand; it appears, indeed, that when people want to read Scott they generally turn to his poems

"Stevenson, too, is called for today as constantly as though his books were being newly issued."

Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

THE MYSTERY OF COCOS ISLANDS 'FATAL' TREASURE SOLVED?

A Remarkable Confession Which Indicates That the Famous Treasure for Which Hundreds of Lives Have Been Sacrificed, Was Removed from Its Resting Place Sixty Years Ago

MISS GENEVIEVE DAVIES and Mrs. Barry Till, the two courageous Englishwomen who set out from Plymouth last July to seek the fabulous treasure supposed to be buried on the little Pacific Island of Cocos, have just come back. Their expedition proved unusually successful.

It is true that, like all of their predecessors, they came back without the treasure, but is also true that, unlike most of their predecessors, came back. That is the fortunate part of it. That is why the two ladies are being congratulated on all sides. Most of those who in the past ninety years or so have started out after the Cocos treasure have not come back.

The strange fatality which has attended all expeditions to recover this hidden treasure is now a matter of history. At least a dozen different expeditions have been organized to unearth the buried loot, but for one reason or another every one has failed.

The svarice of men who have learned of the existence of the treasure and have set out to grasp it has led to considerable bloodshed and murder and unsuccessful seekers for it have been wont to ascribe their ill-luck to the dying curse put upon it by those whose lives it has cost.

A far more simple explanation of the mystery has just been advanced, however. Before giving this explanation, it may be well to make clear just what this buried treasure consists of.

Cocos Island is a deserted, rocky piece of land located about three hundred miles from the cost of Costa Rica

In 1820, when Peru was being torn asunder by a revolution, the trembling citizens, realizing how feeble was the protection afforded by their banks and the altars of their churches, entrusted it to the captain of an English vessel. This man weighed anchor and sailed for Cocos Island, where he buried the treasure, amounting to twelve million dollars.

The balance of the treasure was buried on the island by no less a character than the notorious pirate Benito Bonito, who with a loyal crew of cutthroats did an immense amount of damage in the western Atlantic from New York to Rio Janeiro in 1816-17. Bonito then doubled Cape Horn and ravaged the Pacific shore of America as far as Mexico, sacking the churches and other repositories of plate, jewels and specie until his loot amounted to over twenty million dollars.

In searching for a spot to bury this treasure he came upon Cocos Island. There he buried his share of it in a cave, while his officers and crew chose other hiding places. The following year the pirate and his crew were captured by a British corvette and slain.

Twice Earl Fitzwilliam tried to find the fabled fortune.

In 1904 he landed there only to have a premature blast fracture his skull and wound sixteen of his men.

In 1907 he tried again, but lost his ship in a gale off Honduras, and was nearly drowned.

That same year Harold W. S. Gray, another Englishman, went to the island with a large party of men, only to have them fall desperately ill and abandon the search.

Then, last Summer the two Englishwomen started from Plymouth. A steamer with hull and decks sheathed in steel, bristling with enough cannon and other armament to make of it a veritable protected cruiser, formed a striking part of their equipment. A few weeks ago this extraordinarily equipped expedition returned, the leaders and their crew worn out, discouraged and financially crippled.

At the same time another daring expedition started out from Marseilles. It was headed by the beautiful French woman, Mlle. Mathilde Durand. Although she has been absent for months, not a word has been heard from or of her, and it is feared that she has suffered the fate of so many who have gone before her.

But while this strange fatality connected with the Cocos treasure is inexplicable, a very good reason why the treasure has never been located is now advanced. It comes from the quaint little town of Cedar Grove, Idaho, where lives a white-haired, frosty-bearded old sea captain named James Brown. Captain Brown is now nearly eighty years old. For the last fifteen years he has been trying to establish his claim that he alone knows the exact location of the buried millions.

And his startling explanation for the fruitless efforts of the gold hunters is that the treasure is not on Cocos Island at all, but was removed by him and others to another island fifty years ago!

In 1851 he was in the harbor of Kingston on a vessel from Halifax, but changed ships at the Jamaica port to join another vessel as mate. Although he believed this ship was going pearl fishing, he found later that the vessel was thoroughly armed, carried a crew of fifty-two men and was bound for Cocos Island to hunt for buried treasure.

The captain, Brown says, declared he was the son of one of the original buccaneers. On reaching the island the captain produced a diagrammatic chart, and after some difficulty the gold was found. At the suggestion of the captain the treasure was removed to another island, reburied and sail was set for Melbourne, where the captain had heard that a ship carrying an immense quantity of bullion was about to sail.

The captain managed to ship some of his crew on this vessel, who murdered everybody else on board as soon as land was left behind. The gold ship was then taken to the island where the treasure had been cached, and the bullion removed from the vessel.

Then, before the bullion could be divided, the crew, with the exception of the captain, Brown, and a steward, mysteriously sickened and died. As the three men left were not enough to man the pirate ship, they loaded as much gold as they could into a small boat, and, after burying the remainder, started back to Australia.

The steward, Brown says, died during the trip. Then, one day, Brown declares, the captain attacked him with a pistol, but Brown fired first, killing his assailant. On reaching Australia he managed to dispose of the gold in the boat for about $100,000, but speculated with it until a few years afterward he found himself impoverished.

In the Pirates' Graveyard at Cocos Island.

In 1902 a number of wealthy men subscribed $20,000 for an expedition to recover the treasure under Brown's leadership, but the strange uncanny fate that seems to balk all efforts in this direction interfered and mishap after mishap visited the gold-seekers. Shipwreck and illness turned them back.

Brown swore then that he would never repeat the attempt, but he is now negotiating for a final expedition to recover the buried treasure

Miss Mathilde Durand, Leader of the French Expedition of Which No Word Has Been Heard, and Which May Have Met the Fate That Has Befallen So Many Others

Miss Genevieve Davies, Leader of the Unsuccessful Expedition

BEAUTIFUL EYES

Wonderful Free Secret Will Make Your Eyes Fascinating as Well as Aid Your Sight.

You Can Have Long, Silky Eyelashes and Well-Arched Eyebrows as Well.

You can also secure long, silky eyelashes and thick, well-arched eyebrows, which are to a lady's eyes what a fine setting is to a brilliant diamond.

If you wish to make your eyes bright, healthy and beautiful, write to-day, enclosing 2 cents in stamps for mailing, to Marguerite Merlain (Dept. 1018A), Pembroke House, Oxford Street, London, W., England, and you will receive the secret free.

My Secrets of Beauty--By Mme. Lina Cavalieri, the Most Famous Living Beauty

No. 220—Exercises to Cure Spring Fever.

WHEN I first heard of Spring fever in our country I thought it was a new malady. "Is it dangerous?" I asked. "It is troublesome, but not fatal," was the laughing reply. "Can you catch it from any one?" I persisted. "Evil examples corrupt good manners," was the response. Soon I found that my friends were having fun with, instead of enlightening me, and that Spring fever is the lassitude or, as you frankly say, "laziness" of the vernal season. It marks the change from Winter to Spring.

There is good reason for this sluggishness that follows six months of cold weather. There are, in fact, two reasons which equally share the responsibility for our dull eyes and listless movements. We have eaten too much food of the weight making nature. We have had insufficient out of door exercise.

Naturally, to rid ourselves of that sleepy feeling and that lack interest in life we must reverse our manner of living, must, as the doctors so often say, "remove the cause."

We must eat less food and what we eat should be of a lighter, less clogging sort. We should eat less meat and more fruit, eat less sugar and drink more water and fruit juices.

We must take more counsel with the great Doctor Out of Doors. Instead of running to catch the nearest car or standing shivering on street corners waiting for the next car, stride down the street, briskly covering block after block for as long as you can possibly spare the time. And while you walk deeply breathe without moving your shoulders.

These exercises, that can be taken in your room and at most require ten minutes each morning, will rout Spring fever.

First throw open the windows wide, then, sitting on the edge of the bed or a window seat or hard chair, move the feet from the ankles. Twist them from right to left and left to right. Then up and down. Do this first with one foot, then another, and finally with both together.

Lying on your back on a hard bed or on the rug on the floor, slowly bring yourself to sitting posture, grasping your knees with your hand. Do this by flinging your arms in a half circle from the side to the knees. Repeat this several times, varying the exercise by swinging the hands in the same semi-circle to the ankles. Each time slowly rise from lying to sitting posture while seizing knees and ankles.

Lie on your abdomen, your brow resting on your folded arms. Slowly raise at the same time the arms, the head on the chest, from the floor, for a distance of one to six inches. Then slowly lower them again to the former position of forehead on folded arms. Gradually increase the number of times of this exercise until you reach twenty.

Place your left arm behind your back and raise the right as high as you can, bending the body backward as you do, turning the face upward. Then stooping, but not bending the knees, try to reach the floor with the tips of the fingers of the right hand. Repeat this exercise with the right arm.

I INCREASED MY MEASUREMENT SIX INCHES IN 30 DAYS

After I had tried Pills, Massage, Wooden Cups, and Various Advertised Preparations without the slightest results.

A Simple, Easy Method which any Lady can use at home and quickly obtain a large and beautiful Bust.

By MARGARETTE MERLAIN.

Well do I know the horrors and intense humiliation of being flat-chested; of having the face of a woman set on the form of a man; and I cannot find words to tell you how good I felt, and what a terrible load was lifted off my mind when I first saw my bust had really grown six inches in size. I felt like a new being, for, with no bust I realized I was really neither a man nor a woman, but just a sort of creature half way between.

With what pity must every man look at every woman who presents to him a flat chest—a chest upon by charlatans and frauds, who sold me all sorts of pills and appliances for enlarging my bust, but which did me no good whatever. I therefore determined my unfortunate sisters should no longer be robbed by these "Tabbies" and frauds, and I wish to warn all women against them.

The discovery of the simple process with which I enlarged my bust six inches in thirty days was due entirely to a lucky accident, which I believe was brought about by Divine Providence, and as Providence was so good to give me the means to obtain a beautiful bust, I feel I should give my secret to all my sisters who need it. Merely enclose two 2-cent stamps for reply, and I will send you particulars by return mail

I will positively guarantee that every lady can obtain a wonderful enlargement in her bust in thirty days' time, and that she can easily use this process in the privacy of her own house, without the knowledge of anyone. Address, Margarette Merlain (Dept. 1018A), Pembroke House, Oxford Street, London, W., England.

Keep this picture and see your own Bust undergoing the same transformation.

FREE COUPON FOR READERS OF Hearst's Magazine Section.

Cut out this coupon and send it to-day, with your name and address, enclosing two 2-cent stamps for mailing, to Marguerite Merlain (Dept. 1018A), Pembroke House, Oxford Street, London, W., England. Please write address clearly and fully.

Name .....

Street and Number .....

City ..... State .....

Note.—All ladies who wish to obtain a large and beautiful bust should write Madame Merlain at once, as the above is an honest straightforward offer on her part, made for the good of her sisters, and she in no way profits by the transaction, but generously offers her help absolutely free to all who use the free coupon above. Ladies who fear that their busts may become too large are cautioned to stop the treatment as soon as they have obtained all the development desired.

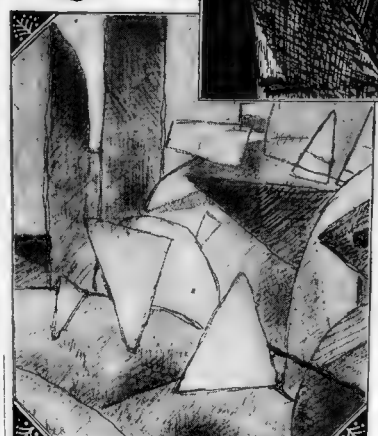
Copyright, 1913, by the Star Company. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

"How New York Looks To Me"

BY PICABIA

The Leading Exponent of the Most Advanced Art Tells How He Sees New York--Through His Brain--and Why It Is the Only Cubist City in the World

How a Cat Looks to the Post-Cubist Artist.



"Going North on Fifth Avenue." Where the Subtle Perfume of Femininity Is Impressed on the Brain. Mr. Picabia Resents the Suggestion That It Is "The Spirit of Nassau Street at Lunch Hour."

The Way Man Looked to the Aborigines of Easter Island and to the Futurists of To-day.

MONSIEUR FRANCIS PICABIA tells for the first time his impressions of New York, but not in an impressionistic manner. Monsieur Picabia, who by the way, prefers to be called Mister Picabia while in this country, is the man who has out-cubed the Cubist and out-futured the Futurist.

He is one of the foremost painters of Paris and was one of the first of the prominent painters to blaze the trail for the Moderns. He has a ways outrun his followers artistically and financially, for he has sold his work since he was twenty, he is now thirty-four.

Francis Picabia is the son of a Cuban father and a French mother. He was one of the early Impressionists, but soon saw that they were on the wrong tack and then he saw possibilities in the Cubist movement, but to-day Mr. Picabia feels that they are wrong and he places his ideas before us in this article and in these pictures.

Incidentally, one should not speak of Mr. Picabia without mentioning his Madame Picabia, who has come to New York with him and who talks as fluently and as charmingly of her husband's work as he does himself. And to her other charms Madame Picabia adds a remarkable knowledge of the English language.

By FRANCIS PICABIA.

WHAT do I think of New York? This is a question that you, of this wonderful city asked me when I landed and which you ask every new comer whose opinion you think will be of interest, but what can I say, what I shall say probably does not affect you in the least. But you have gone farther with me and have been specific. "What do you, as a post-cubist, think of New York and the New York idea?"

"How are you affected by New York?" should be the question you want answered, for everything with me is emotion, it is how I "feel" New York that I am showing you in these pictures, and which I will explain, or perhaps I should say, interpret in this article.

The spirit of your New York is so elusive, so magnificently and tremendously atmospheric, while the city itself is so concrete, that I find it hard to put in words just how I am affected by it. My pictures, therefore, will tell it better perhaps than I can myself.

But first, before interpreting my pictures for you I must go into a bit of history and explanation of what my art really is and means. I find it very difficult to make the New York public understand what I am portraying; what my fellow artists are portraying. The public goes to see our pictures expecting to see a concrete thing treated in some peculiar manner; expecting, perhaps, to see a horse with two legs, a female form with eyes in its knees, another female form, nude, descending a staircase. They expect to be astonished, amused, puzzled, but they fully expect to see some form, some familiar substance in the pictures. I am writing now of the cubist and post-cubist school, not of the earliest schools. Of them later.

Therefore when the public sees my pictures and those of my compatriots it sees nothing and laughs. It is very amusing they say, but it is not art.

Art, Art, what is art? Is it copying faithfully a person's face? A landscape? No, that is machinery. Painting Nature as she is, is not art, it is mechanical genius. The old masters turned out by hand the most perfect models, the most faithful copies of what they saw. That all their paintings are not alike is due to the fact that no two men see the same things the same way. Those old masters were, and their modern followers are, faithful depicters of the actual, but I do not call that art to-day, because we have outgrown it. It is old, and only the new should live. Creating a picture without models is art.

They were successful, those old masters; they filled a place in our life that cannot be filled otherwise, but we have outgrown them. It is a most excellent thing to keep their paintings in the art museums as curiosities for us and for those who will come after us. Their paintings are to us what the alphabet is to the child.

We moderns, if so you think of us, express the spirit of the modern time, the twentieth century. And we express it on canvas the way the great composers express it in their music. In music we feel the tragedy of life, we hear the roll of drums calling to battle, we feel every human emotion. We feel these emotions, we do not need to see them visualized before us. An opera

"The Spirit of New York" as Picabia Sees It Expressed in a Riot of Geometrical Figures

presentation which visualizes for us the thought which was in the creator's mind is not the highest expression of music. The older schools of art which visualize every detail for us, are to painting what opera is to music.

You of New York should be quick to understand me and my fellow painters. Your New York is the cubist, the futurist city. It expresses in its architecture, its life, its spirit, the modern thought. You have passed through all the old schools, and are futurists in word and deed and thought. You have been affected by all these schools just as we have been affected by our older schools.

Because of your extreme modernity therefore, you should quickly understand the studies which I have made since my arrival in New York They express the spirit of New York as I feel it, and the crowded streets of your city as I feel them, their surging, their unrest, their commercialism, and their atmospheric charm

You see no form? No substance? Is it that I go out into your city and see nothing? I see much, much more, perhaps, than you who are used to it see. I see your stupendous skyscrapers, your mammoth buildings and marvellous subways, a thousand evidences of your great wealth on all sides. The tens of thousands of workers and toilers, your alert and shrewd looking shop girls, all hurrying somewhere, I see your theatre crowds at night gleaming, fluttering, smilingly happy, smartly gowned. There you have the spirit of modernity again

But I do not paint these things which to my eyes see. I paint that which my brain, my soul sees. I walk from the Battery to Central Park, I mingle with your workers, and your Fifth avenue mondaines My brain gets the impression of each movement; there is the driving hurry of the former, their breathless haste to reach the place of their work in the morning and their equal haste to reach their homes at night. There is the languid grace of the latter, emanating a subtle perfume, a more subtle sensuousness

I hear every language in the world spoken, the clarets of the New Yorker, the soft cadences of the Latin people, the heavy rumble of the Teuton, and the ensemble remains in my soul as the ensemble of some great opera

At night from your harbor I look at your mammoth buildings I see your city as a city of aerial lights and shadows; the streets are your shadows. Your harbor in the day light shows the shipping of a world, the flags of all countries add their color to that given by your sky, your waters, and your painted craft of every size.

I absorb these impressions I am in no hurry to put them on canvas I let them remain in my brain, and then when the spirit of creation is at flood-tide, I improvise my pictures as a musician improvises music The harmonies of my studies grow and take form under my brush, as the musician's harmonies grow under his fingers. His music is from his brain and his soul just as my studies are from my brain and soul Is this not clear to you?

The public is like a child learning to talk. It is necessary to explain in words of one syllable to make them understand. But the artists and students of the new school look at these studies of your New York and feel my impressions without my telling them. They feel the movement of the craft on the waters, they feel the colors left on my mind, they feel the crowds on the streets and receive the impression of the scents and perfumes that fill the streets when your mondaines gather.

I show Paris on canvas as I see it given to pleasure. The impression that Paris makes on my brain is expressed by a group of tables at one of our Montmartre cafes The spirit of the real Paris as felt by me, is thus shown

On my return to Paris I shall put on canvas my impressions of the post-cubist qualities of your New York. These studies which I have made are but the foundation for the greater picture

Were I still an impressionist, I would make of your New York a picture of what I see in a material way, as an impressionist. But I have passed beyond that stage as you know, and I do not even call myself a cubist. I have come to realize that cubes can not always be made to express the thought in the brain, the feeling in the soul. I am called a post-cubist, but that does not quite explain my school I have got entirely beyond the material, therefore there is nothing materialistic in my studies of New York nor anything sensual. For a picture that is created from the brain can not be sensual. The older art was and is sensual. Many of our masterpieces are the epitome of sensuality.

Art should be pure. When a picture is created from the brain, it is pure. There can be no sensuality in a picture created in a brain and expressed in geometrical forms. Cubism, broadly speaking, is an intellectual threat. It is a threat of what will come when artists are free to paint as they think and feel, as they are supposed to see.

Don't Wear a Truss!

C. E. Brooks the Discoverer

Brooks' Appliance, the modern, scientific invention, the wonderful new discovery that cures rupture, will be sent on trial. No obnoxious springs or pads. Has no hard rubber Air Cushion. Binds and draws the broken parts together as you would a broken limb. No salves to use. Durable, cheap. Sent on trial to prove it. Catalogue and measure blank mailed free. Send name and address to-day. C. E. BROOKS, 2611 S. State St., Marshall, Mich.

WE SHIP on APPROVAL

without a penny in advance. Select any bicycle in our 1913 catalog, ride it for a week and if you don't find it the equal of bicycles sold elsewhere at $15 to $20 more, send it back at our expense and you will not be out a penny. We make this possible by selling you direct at the lowest factory prices. We save you all middlemen's profits. You pay no more than the actual cost of the bicycle. Our prices are from $9.75 to $27.50 for the highest grade 1913 models.

FACTORY PRICES On our big catalog we show you a wide range of bicycles at every price, all fully guaranteed, and we sell a reliable wheel for much less than you have been accustomed to pay. Write today for our handsome catalog and our liberal offer.

RIDER AGENTS wanting big profits, a wheel to ride and exhibit, should write us at once. We can tell you how to make money. Do not waste a minute but write today for our special offer. Do not buy a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you get our catalog and our unheard of offers. Write today. Tires, coaster-brake rear wheels, lamps, parts and sundries at half usual prices. Do not wait, write today. MEAD CYCLE CO., Dept. W-44 CHICAGO

SONG POEMS WANTED

We pay hundreds of dollars yearly for available words or melodies. Submit your work or write for our free booklet. Hundreds have been successful under our instructions. Send to-day. Don't delay. Address, Dept. 175 Washington, D.C.

SONG POEMS WANTED

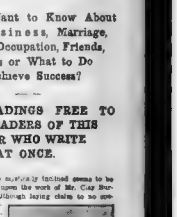
Have you written words or music for a song? If so, send them to us at once. We will examine them free, and if we find they possess merit, will secure copyright in your name, publish and advertise the song at our own expense, and if successful, pay you a royalty on every copy sold. Don't delay, but write us to-day. Address, Dept. 12, Metropolitan Building, New York City.

Is This Man Gifted With Strange Power?

Prominent People Say He Reads Their Lives as an Open Book.

Do You Want to Know About Your Business, Marriage, Changes, Occupation, Friends, Enemies or What to Do to Achieve Success?

TEST READINGS FREE TO ALL READERS OF THIS PAPER WHO WRITE AT ONCE.



THE NATIONAL MARKET PLACE.

SONGS.

SONG WRITING SONGS—We pay hundreds of dollars a year to successful writers. Experience unnecessary. Complete outfit and booklet containing valuable information sent free. Send us your work to-day. Acceptance guaranteed. If available, Largest concern in the country. Free particulars. Dugdale Co., Dept. 12, Washington, D. C.

SONG POEMS WANTED—Big money in success. Anyone may write words or music. Submit your poems or melodies. You may be asked to write for further particulars immediately. If acceptable, by the world's greatest song publishers. We pay 50 per cent. on the profits. Booklet free. Write immediately. HAIG & HAIG, Inc., Dept. 12, Washington, D. C.

SONG WORDS WANTED. SONG POEMS WANTED. Have you written words or music for a song? If so, send them to us at once. We will examine them free, and if we find they possess merit, will secure copyright in your name, publish and advertise the song at our own expense, and if successful, pay you a royalty on every copy sold. Don't delay, but write us to-day. Address, Dept. 12, Metropolitan Building, New York City.

SONG POEMS WANTED—Have you written words or music for a song? If so, send them to us at once. We will examine them free, and if we find they possess merit, will secure copyright in your name, publish and advertise the song at our own expense, and if successful, pay you a royalty on every copy sold. Don't delay, but write us to-day. Address, Dept. 12, Metropolitan Building, New York City.

HIGH GRADE HELP.

LEARN TO WRITE ADVERTISEMENTS—Earn $25 to $100 weekly. We can positively show you how. Send for booklet free. Page-Davis Co., Dept. 83, Page Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

AN intelligent person can earn $100 monthly representing us; no canvassing; send for particulars. Press Standards, Tarrytown, N. Y.

I WILL START YOU earning $4 daily at home in spare time, silvering mirrors; no capital; free instructive booklet, giving plans of operation. G. P. Redmond, Dept. D, Boston, Mass.

ANTISEPTIC LINIMENT

VARICOSE VEINS, Bad Legs, etc., are promptly relieved with Hexpensive home treatment. It absolutely removes the pain and reduces the swelling. Full particulars on receipts of stamps. W. F. Young, P. D. F., 310 Temple Street, Springfield, Mass.

VAUDEVILLE.

TO IN THE STAGE—Vaudeville or ofered. Free instruction necessary. Illustrated booklet free. Write to-day. Hall Dramatic School, 1135 Hall Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

HYPNOTISM.

FREE illustrated Book on Hypnotism and other occult sciences to all who send their address. Write to-day and learn how to influence and control others. M. D. RUTTS, Sta. W, Jackson, Mich.

FOR WOMEN.

A PERFECTLY DEVELOPED BUST. Gives a graceful, stylish appearance to the form. Health restored, $1 by mail. Write Miss Annette Parkins, Station 194, East 33d st., New York.

COINS.

$2.25 paid for Flying Eagle Cent of 1856. Send dimes and other coins bought, send list, for buying catalog. A. H. Kraus, 208 E. Chestnut st., Milwaukee, Wis.

PATENTS AND INVENTIONS.

WANTED, IDEAS—Man of ideas and moderate ability, should write for our list of needed inventions and prizes offered by leading manufacturers. Patents secured or fee back. Randolph & Co., Dept. 83, Washington, D. C. Book "How to Get Your Patent and Your Money," and "What to Invent" sent free to any inventor. RANDOLPH & CO., 624 F St., Washington, D. C.

PATENTS. PATENTS procured promptly. Our books telling how to obtain and realize them, sent free on request. Highest references. Best results. Registered Patent Attorneys. 624 F Street, Washington, D. C.

IDEAS WANTED—Manufacturers are writing for patents procured through Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D. C. Books free. Highest references. Best results. Promptness assured. Address, Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D. C.

INVENTORS—Write for our free list of inventions wanted and $1,000 prizes offered for them. Send sketch or model for free search of Patent Office records. Our three books for inventors sent free. Patents secured or fee back. Highest references. Prompt service. Victor J. Evans & Co., 759 9th, Washington, D. C.

WANTED IDEAS—Write for list of inventions wanted and $1,000 prizes offered for them. Send sketch or model for free search of Patent Office records. Our three books for inventors sent free. Patents secured or fee back. Highest references. Prompt service. Victor J. Evans & Co., 759 9th, Washington, D. C.

INVENTORS—Write for our free list of inventions wanted and prizes offered for them. Send sketch or model for free search of Patent Office records. Our three books for inventors sent free. Patents secured or fee back. Highest references. Prompt service. Victor J. Evans & Co., 759 9th, Washington, D. C.

INVENTORS WANTED—Manufacturers are writing for patents procured through Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D. C. Books free. Highest references. Best results. Promptness assured. Address, Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D. C.

INVENTORS—Write for our free list of inventions wanted and $1,000 prizes offered for them. Send sketch or model for free search of Patent Office records. Our three books for inventors sent free. Patents secured or fee back. Highest references. Prompt service. Victor J. Evans & Co., 759 9th, Washington, D. C.

WANTED IDEAS—Write for list of inventions wanted and $1,000 prizes offered for them. Send sketch or model for free search of Patent Office records. Our three books for inventors sent free. Patents secured or fee back. Highest references. Prompt service. Victor J. Evans & Co., 759 9th, Washington, D. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOS FREE. How to procure it. 3 x 5 Book Free. Kite 2. Wood, Box 64 G, New York City.

WANTED—A few good articles to manufacture. Special or unskilled. Address H. L. Pilot, 1 Madison Ave., New York City.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

I MADE $20,000 in five years with a small mail order business begun with $5. Will tell for free to first Telling How. Benson, 42 Locust, N. Y.

TRICKS, JOKES, PUZZLES.

MAGIC POCKET PUZZLE and catalog for 6c. M. H. CO., Dept. 2, 3954 W. Lake St., Chicago.

STAGE BUSINESS.

FREE—Book of Vaudeville Dramas. Stage guide. Lists, 3, 210 W. 42nd st., N. Y.

BOOKS.

OLD BOOKS ARE VALUABLE and often discovered in your attic. An old Bible brings $1,000 at auction. I have just published a list of 1000 books that are worth from $20 to $50,000. Better send for a dime and see if you have any. W. H. PARKER, West Haven, Ct.

PLAYWRITING.

WRITE MOTION PICTURE PLOTS. We teach how. Good prices and ready for $10 to $100. Send for free booklet and money-back guarantee. American School for Photoplay Writers, Dept. A., Washington, D. C.

A New Way of Picking Lazy Women's Pockets

THE butcher, the baker, the grocer and other tradesmen have reason to bless the now almost universal telephone service for its assistance in enabling them to increase the profits of their trade with indolent housewives. When the order comes over the phone, not only are the matters of price and quantity less carefully considered, but the tradesman can deliver fresh or stale goods according to his ability or choice.

This way of picking lazy women's pockets is pretty well established, but over in Paris a brand-new way has made a promising start. Its inventor, anxious about the women who worry themselves into nervous prostration over the details of making their dress allowance cover their personal choice of fabrics and styles, urges them to turn over their annual dress appropriations to him and let him do the rest—including the worrying.

The woman who wishes to look her best always is recommended to place in his hands the sum she finds herself able to spend on dress, paying monthly if she so desires. In return the couturier is to plan out and provide a supply of garments which will be at once more elegant and in better keeping with one another than those she could supply for herself at the same sum, even after an immense expenditure of time and the boredom of separate fittings in various establishments.

Indeed, a further simplification of the dress problem is suggested by some men's tailors, who already have the system now in working order among their men clients.

By this plan, for a comparatively small sum, the tailor provides his customers with a certain number of suits each year on condition that the worn ones are given back to him. Thus, if you have bargained for four lounge suits a year, when the tailor's man comes round with your Spring suit on the first of April you deliver up to him the one he brought at the beginning of January. The tailor is able to sell the suits again, and there is economy all round.

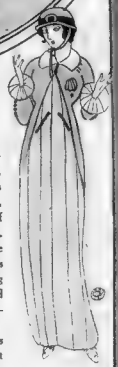
"I have no doubt that the scheme would become popular," said a fashionable ladies' tailor. "Ten years ago there was no demand for any such scheme, but nowadays we have a new type of woman to cater for—the woman whose profession compels here to be always on view. The woman whose duties were entirely social or domestic used to have opportunities to 'wear up' her suits and gowns on quiet occasions at home or on her country holidays.

"The lady doctor or journalist or suffragist lecturer—has no such chances of getting any value out of her costumes after their first freshness has gone. She must maintain a high standard of style every day alike. These women, too, are frequently less interested in dress, although they realize its importance as a business asset, than the average man, who has to be coaxed or bullied by his wife into paying a visit to the tailor."

The Littlest New Hats.

How Paris Wears the Hat Petite, and Glimpses of the Latest Novelties in Drapery and Ribbons

The Latest Glove-Fitting Hat, with the New Donkey Ear Trimming.



The Novel Striped Silk, with the Odd Drapery on Skirt and Bodice

The Tam o' Shanter Hat with the Tortured Plume, and (Above) the "Up and Down" Hat, Showing the New Trimming That Paris Likes.

By Lady Duff-Gordon ("Lucile")

NEVER were the early Spring hats so small and so lacking in freakish features. I am very pleased with all the shapes that Paris smiles on just now. Later in the Summer, of course, we will have the wide-brimmed hat, but just now everything is the hat petite. Every shape seems to demand its own particular decoration. Then, too, there are some straws that demand a certain kind of trimming. The rough hemp, for instance, can stand having the least bit of decoration, while the finer straws need more.

In the first picture I am showing you the tight or glove-fitting hat. This, as you can see, is created in heavy or coarse hemp. Its color is a bright rose. Hats of this kind, by the way, are invariably very vivid in tone. The only decorations are the two small donkey ears, one turning up and the other down. These are of black velvet covered with a rose cord or braid. This is a shape that is particularly good for motoring, as it fits so snugly and also protects the hair.

In the second I show you what I call the "Up-and-Down" hat. The lovely paradise feather in this case is divided; half stands up, half turns down. This up and down effect promises to be very smart this season. The hat is a pale tan Milan straw, and is very small indeed.

Just below this is a hat that is slightly larger than any of the others that I send you. This I call the Tam o' Shanter hat. The crown, as you can readily see, is modelled on the full velvet crowns that were so chic last season. This is created in a black Milan. The curiously twisted feather is of several shades of green, and it is placed just at the back of the crown.

One of the most chic hats that I have seen this Spring is this "All-in-the-Back" affair that will be becoming to most women who are not too tall nor stout. The slender svelt woman can wear this most charmingly, but all others should beware. The straw is of smooth hemp; the brim is turned up in the back, and on this turn are placed several uncurled ostrich feathers and a standard of stiff quills. The color scheme is delightful. The hat is a deep lavender or orchid; the satin scarf is a deeper shade, while the feathers and quills are in several orchid shades.

The "All-in-the-Back" Hat, the Very Latest Word in Trimming.

And now I want to attract your attention to the odd little gown in the centre of the page. This is created in a black and white striped taffeta. The apron drapery on the skirt and the bib of lace on the bodice are very novel touches. I think that variations of this chic little model will be popular this Spring in New York. Notice, too, the bang that shades the wearer's face. Bangs are really coming back, and will be the mark of the latest Spring and Summer coiffures.

But hats and bangs do not a wardrobe make.

You will be wise to lay in a good stock of ribbons, for I can promise you that you will find uses for all you buy. For, to begin with, long Directoire sashes of three and one-half to five inches wide black moire or corded velvet ribbons will be a distinctive feature of many new dress models, and one which, I need hardly perhaps remind you, can be easily added to some dresses already in your possession, which otherwise could hardly lay claim to any novelty, but which as thus adorned will pass muster as up-to-date on occasions not perhaps of the very first importance.

Then, how do you like the idea of a taffeta ribbon which, whatever the color of its five inch wide centre part, where little pink roses and blue forget-me-nots are lightly scattered, is invariably provided with a rather wide border of white moire, beyond which just a tiny picot edging of the chosen color is in evidence.

You can imagine perhaps that it is very pretty, especially in pale blue beige or rose shadings, while it is specially dainty, too, in all white as to the ground work and edging, but with the tiny flowers in those same soft shadings of pink and blue. Another novelty is a very wide or pastel-colored taffeta ribbon, with a central and far-spreading device of faintly colored flowers, divided in very uncommon and effective fashion with four or five narrow stripes of either gold or silver; metallic effects, I must tell you, being destined to be very much in evidence in every form of trimming.

Stamped revere ribbons are also to be noted, and can be admired, too, when, for instance, a raised design of soft pure roses and green foliage is shown against a background of Saxon blue satin, a tiny picot edging of black being a final and very effective addition. The same design looks well, too, carried out in nattier blue shadings on old gold, while when black satin is chosen as a background you will find the velvet roses, shading through some wonderfully blended tones of mauve and purple and blue, the green of the leaves being patterned in the satin itself and only the flowers standing out boldly, and yet softly, in the velvet.

Fringe, too, is being used again as an edging for some of the narrower silken ribbons, but it is very modest as regards its width, though, on the other hand, it is perhaps a little thicker and fuller in texture than last season. A black fringe edging of this kind looks wonderfully well when the ribbon is of cerise or purple coloring, and indeed some such vivid tone is needed for the black fringe to be shown off to the best advantage.

On these same Directoire hats there will, in other cases, be deftly draped and looped, some silken ribbons, with a plain colored or black centre and somewhat daringly contrasted border, while a feature is also going to be made of black ribbons with a Roman stripe border.

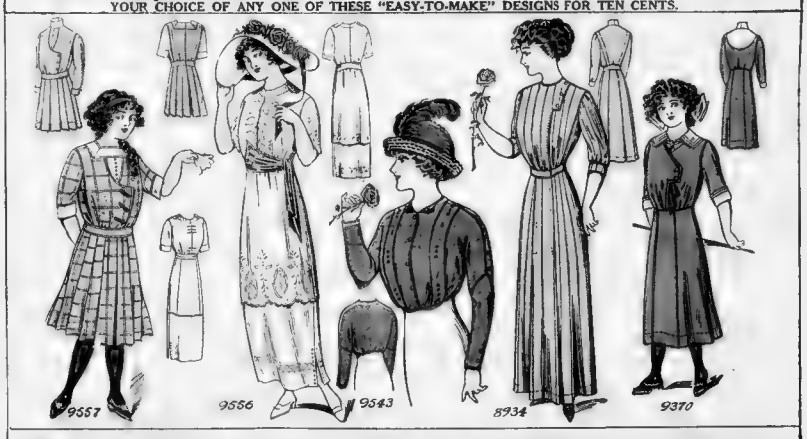
LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the fashion article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's Paris establishment brings her into close touch with that centre of fashion.

Lady Duff-Gordon's American establishment is at Nos. 37 and 39 West Fifty-seventh street, New York.

Sunday American-Examiner Patterns

YOUR CHOICE OF ANY ONE OF THESE "EASY-TO-MAKE" DESIGNS FOR TEN CENTS.



No. 9557.—New Dress for Mother's Girl.

THE skirt is plaited. Chambray, percale, galatea, challie, lawn, linen or linens, silk or cashmere are all suitable for this design.

The pattern is cut in four sizes—8, 10, 12 and 14 years. It requires 5 yards of 27-inch material for a 12-year size.

No. 9556.—A Dainty Lingerie Gown.

The design may be finished without the tunic. The skirt has a three-piece upper part, lengthened by a straight flounce.

The pattern is cut in five sizes—14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 years. It requires 5¾ yards of 36-inch material for a 16-year-old size.

No. 9543.—Ladies' Blouse.

This model shows one of the new features in sleeve. The waist is arranged in deep box plaits over the front, and is made with a collarless neck. Tiny lapels or revers finish the neck opening in front.

The pattern is cut in six sizes—32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It requires 2 yards of 44-inch material for a 38-inch size.

No. 8934.—Ladies' House Dress, with Seven-Gore Skirt.

The waist has a shaped side closing and the skirt is cut with the popular inverted back plait.

The pattern is cut in six sizes—32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It requires 7 yards of 36-inch material for the 36-inch size.

No. 9370.—Frock for the Growing Girl.

Flannel, cashmere, serge, repp, galatea, gingham, chambray, linens or linen may be used for this design.

The pattern is cut in four sizes—8, 10, 12 and 14 years. It requires 3 yards of 44-inch material for the 10-year size.

To obtain any of these desirable models, fill in the accompanying coupon and mail, with **10 cents for each pattern** in silver or stamps, to

SUNDAY PATTERNS,
Post Office Box 249,
New York City.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Send 10 cents in silver or stamps for our **Up-to-Date 1913 Spring and Summer Catalogue**, containing over 400 designs of ladies', misses' and children's patterns and a concise and comprehensive article on dressmaking.

SUNDAY AMERICAN-EXAMINER PATTERNS.
10 CENTS EACH.

No. 9557.—Size.... Years. No. 9543.—Size.....Bust.

No. 9556.—Size.....Years. No. 8934.—Size.....Bust.

No. 9370.—Size.....Years.

Name.....

Street and Number.....

City and State.....

Society and Foreign News

SOCIETY "KIDDIES" ON THE AVENUE

Maids of Society Amuse "400" at Cabaret Dinners

By ELIZABETH ELLIOTT

NOW that Lent is over the social season once a pleasant memory and the majority of the fashionables making their annual pilgrimages in search of pleasure the perplexing question is: What is to be done?

"What's to be done?" is the cry left ringing in the ears of the departing, from those left stranded behind, dinner, and there are heaps of them since this year's exodus has started. Is there another that the lost for some thing new is invented for every one.

Among the girls of Boston society during the cabaret suppers before the conventional evening dinner gave for all these dances so out of style as to be employed. It's confined strictly to the smart set members and more than one clever dancer or singer who has been hiding her light under a bushel is blossoming forth as a star.

To add to the interest in the performance the entertainers are always masked and there is no end of speculating regarding their identity. Prizes are also being offered for those who guess correctly. Little slips of paper are at each place, on which the owner writes his guess. These are afterwards read and should one guess correctly the prize is immediately awarded.

But that there are girls accomplished and clever beyond reckoning in Boston's most exclusive circles, is now being recognized. Each hostess strives to have the largest and most interesting cabaret — and just the spice needed to make life more live and interesting for those compelled through any reason or another to remain in town while the rest of the clans are scattered to the four winds, has been supplied.

No more smothered yawns or silent yearnings for the courses to end, but a fresh breath every minute, and can't girls dance and sing? But while this is going on among the stay-at-homes other society members still fluter about, always on the search for pleasure.

With the mad rush back and forth to and from Europe, the South and the seashore homes, it seems harder than ever to keep any sort of tabs on the wanderers.

Among our society girls who will shortly go on to Washington to be in the group of attendants at the wedding there of Miss Dorothy G. Williams and Monroe E. Pickard are Miss Faith Sumpkins and the Misses Alice and Julia Meyer who are now at their North Shore estate at Hamilton.

The I. Tucker Burrs who have been for some time in Bermuda will shortly return to their Boston home where they will remain only a few weeks prior to going to their North Shore home for the Summer.

SAIL SOUTH IN DAYS OF SPRING.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Frothingham who have been for the Winter at their beautiful estate in Lenox, sailed Tuesday from New York for Bermuda, where they will remain a month.

The Edward B. Kellogg's have sailed for Panama and will spend several weeks there. The Kellogg's will be for a short while at their Beacon street home prior to leaving for their shore villa.

Miss Alice Haughton, who has been in Stockbridge for some time, has returned to her apartments at the Chariesgate and was a notable figure at the opera during the week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kittredge, who recently sailed for Bermuda, are to return to their Beacon Street home the last of April.

The Misses Ella and Ida Mason, who will be among the pioneer arrivals at Newport, will first spend several weeks at their country place at Debtis, N. H.

Mr and Mrs. Albert C. Nickerson, the latter formerly Miss Christine Adkinson of Baltimore are the guests in that city of Mrs. Nickerson's brother and sister-in-law, Dr. and Mrs. A. Duval Attinson. Mrs. Nickerson is a sister of Mrs. Philip Gardner and Mrs. John Eliot.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin A. Feast of Edgartown, Mass., announce the engagement of their daughter, Eva Stuart Feast, to Roger Sherman Hoar, son of Mrs. Sherman Hoar and a graduate of Harvard, class of '09. Mr. Hoar at present makes his home in Boston.

Colonel and Mrs. Henry E. Russell, who have been spending this season at the Copley Plaza, are now at the licensetend, Virginia Hot Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. James Melville Hunnewell have issued cards for an at home on Wednesday afternoon, April 2, from 4 until 7, at 14 Chestnut street. Mrs. Hunnewell, whose marriage was an event of importance a couple of years ago, is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin H. Hudson.

Thursday night will be a gala night at the Boston Arena when the performances is to be given for Fraulein and Herr Mueller. Any number of society folk, members of the Back Bay Skating Club, for which the Misellars have been instructors the past season, are to take part, besides those already announced. The hockey game in costume is creating much excitement among the friends of Arnold Lawson and "Dono" Minot, who are to take part.

Among Bostonians now in Lenox and vicinity is Miss Emily Beebe, who is at the Adams Inn in Stockbridge; Miss Katherine Bullard, who is at the Curtis at Lenox; Mrs. William Comstock of Brookline and Miss Clara Comstock, who are the guests of Mrs. William Bryce at Fort Hill.

"Billy," Edmand and Frederick Faulkner.

Among well-known Bostonians just arriving on the other side are Louis Agassiz Shaw, who has joined Mrs. Shaw, who sailed several weeks ago; Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Dexter, who will make an extended tour abroad, and Mrs. Charles A. Prince, who has been the guest of relatives and friends in Boston, and who is now returning to her home just outside Paris.

Mrs. A. Lawrence Rotch, who, with her children, has been spending the Winter at the Puritan, has gone to her home in Readville for the Summer.

Richard and Marion Park arm-in-arm.

Sally Cabot and her interesting protector.

SO MANY interesting kiddies make gay the fashionable streets of the Back Bay these days! More than one person has remarked the numbers of children seen out in their carriages, on roller skates, or just walking with their nurses.

Two especially interesting children are Richard Park and Marion Park, son and daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Charles E. C. Park of No. 347 Marlboro street. Every day they are out and are fine sampers of the Fens. Are babies they are supposed to be.

Little Sally Cabot with her French bulldog is another notable figure among these future beaux and belles of the smart set. Little Miss Cabot is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Cabot of No. 107 Marlboro street and a niece of Miss Nancy Cabot.

An interesting little trio of future society folk is composed of "Billy," Edmand and Frederick Faulkner, the little children of Dr. and Mrs. W. E. Faulkner of No. 320 Marlboro street, while Constance Crocker and Leslie Greenough are two other interesting and distinguished figures.

Constance Crocker and Leslie Greenough.

Among the most brilliant of the Easter events in New York was the dinner dance which Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., daughter of Mrs. Henry S. Grew of Beacon street gave the day night at her house, No. 231 Madison avenue, in honor of her daughter, Miss Jane Morgan.

Mrs. Morgan's sisters are Mrs. Stephen V. R. Cassin and Mrs. Boylston Beal. Miss Morgan is well known in Boston, having been entertained here quite extensively by her relatives.

A pivot bridge is to be given at the Copley-Plaza on Monday, April 14, in aid of the South End Nursery. This is an annual affair which is given by the auxiliary for the outing of the mothers and children of the South End Day Nursery.

Mrs. C. Minot Weide, who have formed more conspicuously than usual in the smart affairs of their set this Winter, are planning to sail for Europe in the very near future and will remain abroad for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dumas of Brookline announce the engagement of their niece, Miss Lucille Babin, to Michael S. O'Connell.

A bit of sentiment carried out in the Faxon-Brooks wedding on Saturday afternoon was the fact that Mrs. George Faxon, the bride, and young daughter, Miss Edith Faxon, were acted as maid of honor for her mother, all three wore some part of the mother's wedding gown.

Having just returned from an extended trip to Panama, Porto Rico and Nassau, Mr. and Mrs. Francis S. Eaton and the latters daughter, Miss Olive Foster, are being royally welcomed.

Mrs. Robert D. Evans and Miss Belle Hunt, who have been conspicuous figures at the opera this Winter, are shortly sailing for Europe to join Miss Alice Hunt, who sailed a couple of weeks ago.

Mrs. William Farnsworth has just returned to Boston from a visit with her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Loomis, at their home at Tuxedo Park.

The marriage of Miss Helen Louise Fitch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra C. Fitch, and Julian Fairfield will take place Tuesday afternoon, April 15, at 5:30 at the home of Mrs. Fitch's parents, No. 346 Beacon street.

North Shore cottagers are glad to know that Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Livingston Hoyt of New York are to again have the William Endicott cottage at Beverly Cove the coming season. Mrs. Hoyt is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis R. Appleton of Boston and the North Shore and is decidedly popular.

Miss Rachael Warren, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fiske Warren, who has been spending the year in England in school and whose engagement to Rogers McVeagh of New York was announced just before she sailed has returned to her home in Boston, where she is being royally welcomed by her many young friends.

Pretty Anne Nelson of 27 Marlboro street a niece of Mrs. Joseph S. Hinckley, is to be one of the bridesmaids at the wedding in Morristown, N. J., Saturday, April 12, of Miss Rosetta S. Ford and Ashley King.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Lothrop Ames, who have been wintering in Egypt, are to sail for home April 9 and will go directly to their Ames estate at North Easton.

Notes of the Fashionable World

Long List of Weddings For Society's Calendar

MANY weddings are on society's calendar these days and brides and prospective brides are busy with their preparations and the many entertainments being given in their honor.

Saturday, April 26, has been selected by pretty Aleid Schenck and Hayden Channing for their marriage. The ceremony, which will be attended by Boston and New York society folks, will take place at Valley Head, the beautiful Lenox estate of the bride's mother, Mrs. J. Frederick Schenck.

Mrs. William B. Bacon, the mother of Mrs. Joseph Lovering of Jamaica Plain and sister of Mrs. Schenck, has arrived in Lenox and is stopping at the Curtis while preparations for the opening of her Lenox villa before the wedding.

Mr. Channing is a son of Dr. and Mrs. Walter Channing of Brookline and Shelbourne.

* * *

The important wedding of last week was that on Tuesday of Miss Ruth N. Faxon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Hastings Faxon of Evans road, Brookline, and Rev. Arthur Bradford Brooks, Harvard, '07, son of Mr and Mrs. Elwin Lincoln Brooks of Dedham. The ceremony took place at the First Parish Church in Brookline, the Rev. Dr. William H. Lyon officiating.

Miss Edith Faxon was her sister's maid of honor and the other attendants were: Miss Edwin Brooks of Dedham, Mrs. Robert Jackson Cram, Miss Alice Hamblin and Miss Helen Wright of Brookline. Miss Margaret Pope of Concord, and Miss Evelyn Tostenin of Philadelphia.

Edwin Brooks of Dedham was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Paul Perkins and Albert Mason Harlow of Brookline, Edward Belcher of Framingham, Richard Wiswall of Dedham, Oliver Ames Ington of Belmont and Huntington Faxon, brother of the bride. A small reception at the Faxon home followed the ceremony. The young couple will make their future home in Concord.

* * *

One of the weddings of the Easter season will be that on Tuesday, April 8, of Miss Elizabeth Sears, daughter of Herbert M. Sears of Commonwealth avenue, and Rayard Warren.

The ceremony will take place in the Arlington Street Church and will be performed by the Rev. Paul Revere Frothingham. Miss Sears will be attended by her sister, Miss Phyllis Sears, as maid of honor, but will have no bridesmaids.

Samuel D. Warren will be his brother's best man and the ushers will include Charles P. Curtis, Jr., Percy L. Wendell, Robert S. Potter, Gordon H. Smith, A. Montgomery Sneddin, Joseph Hurley, Thorwes H. Frothingham, Frederick Farber, Jr., Daniel Sargent, George C. Cutler, Jr., Upton S. Sullivan and Junius S. Morgan, Jr.

After conclusion of an extended honeymoon tour abroad they will make their home in Portland, Me., where Mr. Warren is in business.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Dunham of Hartford, Ct., announce the engagement of their daughter, Sarah Root Dunham, to John Carter Rowe, Jr., son of Dr. and Mrs. John Carter Rowe of Boston. He was graduated from Harvard 1902, Harvard Medical 1906, son of Dr. and Mrs. Francis H. Rowley of Brookline.

* * *

An important event of the near future will be that of Miss Ellen Hoar and Stephen C. Pepper, both of Concord.

Miss Hoar, who is a great favorite, is interesting and charming girl, is the older daughter of Mrs. Sherman Hoar of the Chilton, and Mr. Hoar is a grandson of the Hon Sherman Hoar. She is a granddaughter of the late Judge Rockwood Hoar and a cousin of Miss Frances Hoar, a prominent debutante of the season both in Washington and Boston. Her brother, Walter, Miss Elizabeth Hoar has not yet been presented. Her brothers are Roger S. Hoar, Harvard '09, and Syedman Hoar. Mr. Pepper, who is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hoyer Pepper, will graduate from Harvard in June.

* * *

Another important wedding of the near future will be that of Miss Josephine Whitney, the youngest of the four daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Whitney, and Francis R. Duveneck.

Miss Whitney was prominent among the debutantes of three years ago, when the entertainments given in her honor were as lavish as they were numerous.

Miss Whitney, who is a decided beauty in a tall, slender blonde. Her sisters are Mrs. John Pennington Gardiner of Cohasset, Mrs. Herbert Lyman of Marlboro street and Mrs. N. Philips Dodge, Jr., of Omaha, Neb. James S. Whitney, Harvard, '08, is the only brother.

For several years Mrs. Whitney and her daughter have been spending their summers abroad. Miss Whitney is a niece of Mrs. Henry F. Dimock of New York, who is this season in Washington.

Mr. Duveneck makes his home in Beacon street with Arthur T. Lyman, the father of Herbert Lyman, who married Miss Ruth Whitney.

* * *

In the First Church, Berkeley and Marlboro streets, will occur on Saturday afternoon, April 12, at 4 o'clock, the wedding of Miss Josephine Swift Lord and William Ennis Roscoe. The Rev. Charles E. Park, pastor of the church, will officiate.

The bridesmaids will be Miss Margaret Russell, sister of the bridegroom, who came from her home in San Remo, Italy, last Autumn, to be presented in Boston and spent the Winter with Colonel and Mrs. Henry F. Russell of the Copley-Plaza; Miss Marion Swan of Cambridge, a cousin of Miss Russell; Miss Elizabeth Lee of Brookline, who is to marry Harry Prior McKean, Jr.; Miss Eleanor Cotton of Boston, and Miss Dorothy Sturges and in Miss Frances Lippett of Providence. Miss Sturges is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howard O. Sturges, and Miss Lippitt's father is Henry L. Lippitt of Providence and Washington.

Richard M. Russell will be his brother's best man and the ushers, most of them classmates, Harvard '08, will be: Alfred Vincent Kidder, who married Miss Madeline Appleton; Joseph B. Russell, Jr., of Cambridge; William Power Biddgett of Clarence Hill, Frederick Huntington Gray of Lexington Frederick I. Emery of Brookline and William F. Kurtz of Germantown, Pa.

Following the ceremony there will be a reception at the Cabrenaie, where Mrs. Dorre will make their home. The young people will make their home in Cambridge.

* * *

"Cabaret" for Infants' Hospital.

The ladies in charge of the refreshments at the "Cabaret" to be given in aid of the Infants' Hospital, on Thursday, April 10, at the Copley-Plaza, are: Mrs. Joseph B. Bradley, Mrs. James Jackson, Jr., Miss Adelaide Jackson, Miss Anne Means and Mrs. J. S. Woodard. The vaudeville performers will include songs by Miss Lillian Cotton, a song and dance by Mrs Vinton Freedley and Miss Anne Means, a song and dance by Daisy Mendum and Ralph Pope. There will be dancing between each number. Tickets may be secured from Miss Porter, at Porter, at Herricks, or the Copley-Plaza. There will be about sixty tables.

PATRONESSES

Mrs. T. Adamowski	Mrs. O. Isaac
Mrs. Alden Ames	Mrs. Jacob Ilsley
Mrs. Thomas Allen	Mrs. Herbert Jaques
Mrs. Wm. Endicott Apthorp	Mrs. Herbert Jaques, Jr.
Mrs. W. S. Appleton	Mrs. George G. Jay
Mrs. Walter C. Baylies	Mrs. J. T. Lawes
Mrs. H. Bissell	Mrs. Frank Locke
Mrs. R. H. Bennett	Mrs. C. Lorrier
Mrs. Wm. Blair	Mrs. Arthur T. Lothrop
Mrs. Charles J. Bliss	Mrs. C. S. Lovering
Mrs. Wm. Boardman	Mrs. C. F. Mayo
Mrs. Jos. Bowker	Mrs. H. Manning
Mrs. Arthur Brigham	Mrs. Wm. Minot
Mrs. Arthur Brooks	Mrs. G. P. Parker
Mrs. Amesbury Cheekman	Mrs. C. Pabody
Mrs. Wm. Cabot	Mrs. Charles Peabody
Mrs. C. H. Cotting	Mrs. R. T. Paine, 2nd
Mrs. John Codman	Mrs. F. Peabody
Mrs. Allen Curtis	Mrs. F. Peabody
Mrs. W. F. Curtis, Jr.	Mrs. Wm. Phillips
Mrs. Louis Curtis	Mrs. J. P. Putnam
Mrs. Wm. Endicott	Mrs. Richard Peters
Mrs. Wm. Endicott, Jr.	Mrs. Wm. S. Richardson
Mrs. Joseph Farley	Mrs. Wm. Rotch
Mrs. Wm. Farnsworth	Mrs. Henry Russell
Mrs. G. H. Fearing, Jr.	Mrs. S. A. Sargent
Mrs. S. Fessenden	Mrs. Robert Shaw
Mrs. C. H. Fiske Jr.	Mrs. G. P. Shaw Jr.
Mrs. Robert Fulton	Mrs. Quincy A. Shaw
Mrs. Robert Grant	Mrs. George S. Simmons
Mrs. Bayard Gray	Mrs. Wm. Sohier
Mrs. A. S. Gould	Mrs. Frederick Thayer
Mrs. A. S. Hale	Mrs. Wm. Thayer
Mrs. G. C. Hammond	Mrs. R. S. Webster
Mrs. Wm. Hooper	Mrs. Wm. Whitman
Mrs. F. L. Higginson	Mrs. John C. Whitney
Mrs. Wm. H. Hill	Mrs. Wm. Whitney
Mrs. W. Hooper	Mrs. G. P. Wolcott
Mrs. Wm. Hooper	Mrs. Wm. Wolcott
Mrs. C. Hubbard	

Minstrel Show for Social Club.

All roads will lead to Nazareth Hall on the evenings of Saturday, April 19, and Monday, April 21, when the Medford Social Club of South Boston will give its second annual minstrel show.

Ralph Crossen has charge of the revue and from all indications it will be one of the big hits of the show.

There will be numerous acts in which some clever dancing will be seen, one of which is the "pony ballet," and will include the following young misses: Beatrice Pryor, Monica Byrne, Genevieve Sheehan, Gladys Savoy, Mary Minton, Lena Sullivan, Mary Fitzpatrick and Dorothy Norton. The other number is called the "Mad Caps," and will be composed of twelve men and eight young women as follows: John Quinn, Frank Gallano, William Sullivan, Thomas Fitzpatrick, Jack Abrahamsis, and the entire show will be given under the personal direction

Some of the best local talent will be seen in the show's production, including "Chat" Murphy, John Manning, Denny Drohan, "Jim" Leary, Representative John J. Lydon and Augustus Hayes, the almost Joseph Crossens, William Bagley, Thomas Begley, Rita Murphy, Lottie Gaffney, Pauline Prior, Josephine Murphy, Lillian Marvie, Anna Finnel, Grace Lynch and Susan Rugg.

Chat Murphy and Miss Josephine Murphy will be the principals in an Irish sketch and will have the assistance of sixteen members of the club, many of whom are clever step dancers. This number promises to be a scream, as there will be some real comedy introduced.

The committee in charge of the arrangements is sparing no expense in regard to costumes and stage setting to make the affair one of the most finished productions ever witnessed in the Peninsular district. The committee is composed of the following: Joseph A. O'Donnell, chairman; John Turley, John Bagley, Daniel Clifford, Frank Dooley, Robert Thoms, Thomas Bagley P. O'Brien, J. Thoms, J. Cahill, John O'Brien and Hugh De Fatile.

* * *

Ladies' Auxiliary No. 21, A. O. H., is planning to give a dance in Bernice Hall, Tuesday, April 30. State Treasurer Mrs. Ellen Murphy will be one of the prominent persons who will attend and address the members and guests.

* * *

Miss Winifred A. O'Brien of City Point is the guest of her brother, James J. O'Brien of Washington, D. C., where she has been the past week. She will return home tomorrow.

* * *

The annual ball of the Hawthorne Club will be given in Odafield Hall, Friday evening, April 15.

* * *

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Church of the Redeemer will give a whist party in Washburn Hall tomorrow evening.

FOR INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, GAS, SOUR STOMACH--PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN

Time it! In five minutes your Stomach feels fine—Surest, quickest Stomach doctor in the world.

You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is bad—or an uncertain one—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable; you mustn't injure it with drastic drugs

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in giving relief; its harmlessness; its certain, unfailing action in regulating sick, sour, gassy stomachs. Its millions of cures in indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis and other stomach troubles has made it famous the world over

Keep this perfect stomach doctor in your home—keep it handy—get a large fifty-cent case from any drug store and then if anyone should eat something which doesn't agree with them; if what they eat lays like lead, ferments and sours and forms gas; causes headache, dizziness and nausea; eructations of acid and undigested food—remember, as soon as Pape's Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. Its promptness, certainty and ease in overcoming the worst stomach disorders is a revelation to those who try it.

Amateurs to Give Surprise

The two performances of "Pandora's Box," to be given at the Boston Opera House on next Thursday afternoon at 2.30 and on Friday evening at 8.30, promises to be something quite unusual in the line of amateur entertainments. Those two performances are to be given for the Sharon Sanatorium.

Miss Mary G. Kellogg, who is in charge of the entertainment, herself takes part, having several most artistic roles in this production and both have given valuable suggestions as to the color scheme and costuming. Miss Porter, at Herricks, the Azores, is now on his way home and will be at the opera house for the performances.

Following are the characters and the persons who will impersonate them:

Pandora	Miss George H. Root
Epimetheus	Miss Howes Denham
Hermes	Miss Elizabeth Wiswall
Bacchus	Miss Mary Kellogg
Cupid	Miss Eleanor Kellogg
Graces	Miss Keagor, Cotton
	Miss Thacher, Vaughan
Artemis	Miss Rose Thacher
Aphrodite	Miss Ruth Cotton
Gorgiathea	Miss Louise Hixon
Hope	Miss Dorothy Jaques

GROUP OF "PLAYMATES."

Miss Esther Weiss	
Miss Dolores Dunbar	
Miss Ruth Dunbar	
Miss Isabel Hoyt	
Miss Dorothy Donald	
Miss Clarice Bennett	
Miss Marion Bennett	
Miss Ruth Whitney	
Miss Katherine Plaisted	
Miss Ruth Hall	
Miss James Sanborn	
Miss Gretchen Tracy	
Miss Mary Ayer II	
Miss Harriet Bryher	
Miss Marjorie Bryher	
Miss Isabel Sanborn	

GROUP OF "ROSE HOURS."

Mrs. A. T. Higginson	
Miss Rosamond Porter	
Miss Gertrude Pratt	
Miss Mary Pratt	
Miss Ruth Burnett	
Miss Ruth Barr	
Miss Marion Barr	
Miss Elizabeth Barr	

The players will include Mrs. Henry Scott, Mrs. Harry Livermore, Mrs. Henry Tudor, Mrs. J. W. Farley, Mrs. Frank Talbot, Mrs. Charles Minter, Mrs. Joseph Beach, Miss Grace Simpkins and Miss Susanna B. Dabney.

The full list of patronesses are:

Mrs. John Quincy Adams	Mrs. A. H. Howe
Mrs. Alfred Aloysius Aldrich	Mrs. Herbert Jaques
Mrs. Thorndike Adamowski	Mrs. Frank Kidder
Mrs. Bryce J. Allen	Mrs. William B. Kolmer
Mrs. Edward D. Asbury	Kennard
Mrs. Leo Andrews	Mrs. Charles A. Kidder
Mrs. Edward D. Andrew	Mrs. Horatio A. Lamb
Mrs. William Apeleton	Mrs. Frank Lamson
Mrs. Harold Wendell Baker	Mrs. John M. Little
Mrs. Lewis W. Bartol	Mrs. Fred A. Long
Mrs. Franklin H. Bush	Mrs. H. V. Long
Mrs. Walter C. Bayliss	Mrs. Ben Loud
Mrs. Frederick Bancroft	Lowell
Mrs. Frank Bancroft	Mrs. Percival Lowell
Mrs. Robert Bacon	Mrs. Abbott Lawrence
Mrs. Richard S. Bowditch	Mrs. Richard S. Lyman
Mrs. Bennett	Mrs. George H. Lyman
Mrs. Frederick Bennett	Mrs. Henry Parkman
Mrs. Edward Boit	Mrs. Arthur Perry
Mrs. Robert Bacon	Mrs. Arthur Perry
Mrs. Alfred Bishop	Mrs. Benjamin F. Pope
Mrs. Benjamin F. Bullock	Mrs. James A. Putnam
Mrs. Charles Bowditch	Mrs. Jarvis A. Putnam
Mrs. George H. Brown	Mrs. Richard Parker
Mrs. Catherine G. Bond	Mrs. Robert T. Rice
Mrs. Bigelow	Mrs. Frederick Rice
Mrs. Henry Cabot	Mrs. John Richardson
Mrs. Henry B. Cabot	Mrs. Richard Rich
Mrs. Arthur Cabot	Mrs. H. S. Russell
Mrs. Arthur Cabot Cary	Mrs. Edward C. Smith
Mrs. Edward Cunning	Mrs. Arthur Cheney
Mrs. Arthur Cheney Curtis	Shurtleff
Mrs. B. Clay	Mrs. Lewis Curtis Shaw
Mrs. J. Amory Codman	Mrs. Margaret Cushing
Mrs. Ward Thoron Codman	Shaw
Mrs. Eugene A. Crocker	Mrs. Arthur T. Smith
Mrs. Cabot	Mrs. Henry Sturgis
Mrs. Lewis Curtis	Mrs. Arthur B. Sweet
Miss Margaret Cushing	Mrs. Arthur Sweetser
Mrs. Arthur T. Davis	Mrs. Ellen B. Draper
Mrs. Henry Dalton	Mrs. Ellen B. Draper
Mrs. Arthur B. Dennis	Mrs. Charles Sprague
Mrs. Ellen B. Draper	Sargent
Mrs. Ellen B. Draper	Mrs. Marshall Spelling
Mrs. Marshall Spelling	Mrs. T. H. Stone
Mrs. T. H. Stone	Mrs. James Storrow
Mrs. Edward G. Dexter	Mrs. Edward G. Dexter
Mrs. Charles H. Dalton	Mrs. Charles H. Dalton
Mrs. Eaglish	Mrs. Eaglish
Mrs. Thomas C. Desmond	Mrs. Thomas C. Desmond
Mrs. Richard Thayer	Mrs. Richard Thayer
Mrs. Robert Thayer	Mrs. Robert Thayer
Mrs. William Sumner Thayer	Mrs. William Sumner Thayer
Mrs. Edward Tuckerman	Mrs. Edward Tuckerman
Mrs. Theodore Thayer	Mrs. Theodore Thayer
Mrs. Lawrence Turnure	Mrs. Lawrence Turnure
Mrs. Lowell	Mrs. Lowell
Mrs. Wendell	Mrs. Wendell
Mrs. Edward Wigglesworth	Mrs. Edward Wigglesworth
Mrs. Arthur Wellington	Mrs. Arthur Wellington

Society Dogs at the Resorts

Rival Leaders at Newport

NEWPORT, R. I., March 29.—There was a time—and it ended with the death of Mrs. William Astor—when there was no question of social leadership of Newport.

Mrs. Astor did hold that title undisputed. Since her death, which was so great a blow to Newport, others have aspired to that honor. But the title of leader of Newport's cottage settlement has never been acknowledged, although two women—Mrs. John R. Drexel and Mrs. Ogden Mills—were aspirants for that title.

There are too many circles and too many prominent families of high social standing summering in Newport each Summer who will not submit to such a revision.

The matron who entertains the most elaborately and frequently in Newport is he one looked upon as the season's leading social light, but not the leader.

Let Mrs. Ogden Mills bring over from London the Earl and Lady Cromer, or Mrs. Vanderbilt have Count and Countess Szechenyi, or Mrs. William Watts Sherman have Lord and Lady Cassel for their season's guests, then the question of "Who's Who in Newport" will become fast and furious. Such a situation, now regarded as very likely, will mean an abundance of steady entertaining, as was the case at the Breakers, last Summer, with Mrs. Vanderbilt, who had Count and Countess Szechenyi as her guests for the greater part of the season. When Mrs. Vanderbilt was not entertaining for the young couple others were.

But some rich cities may bring over a new face from the "titled foreigner" marts of Europe this Summer, as reports in that direction are already heard, and the matron so fortunate will find her social cards well filled. And still she may not be the acknowledged leader or director of Newport's cottage settlement.

There are too many powerful society members who have their own cliques in Newport to bow to any one person as their leader. Besides, the moneyed interests have changed wonderfully in the past ten years, and this is another source of interest which has helped greatly to keep the title of social leader at Newport in camphor.

Who will be the audacious one to claim the crown?

Which of the grand dames, young or otherwise, will aspire to the throne of leadership, to break the trece of long standing neutrality?

The wise ones predict that the coming season will not have reached further than mid-Summer before the new princess will proclaim her rights and demand allegiance of her social subjects. Can it be possible?

Already, it is assured, that there will be a large number of celebrities at Newport during the ensuing season than for a decade past. But will any one of the incumbency of society at hand, who will dare to assume the role of Pretender to the Throne?

The answer may be found sooner than expected. But at present there is not a vim to indicate which way the wind is to blow.

Those who are already spending sleepless nights upon the question have added to the list attention, perhaps, to the following array of women, foremost in society's ranks, who will of a certainty be hostesses in Newport during the approaching season:

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Alfred G.

YOUNG WOMEN OF IDLE HOUR CAMP TO DANCE

Photo by Aram, Boston.

Miss Daisy Rooney, president of the club (at top), and Miss Glen Bennett, the vice-president.

Vanderbilt, Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, Mrs. French Vanderbilt, Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Mrs. George H. Warren, Mrs. Whitney Warren, Mrs. Henry A. C. Taylor, Mrs. Charles F. Hoffman, Mrs. Henry Clews, Mrs. John Nicholas Brown, Mrs. Harold Brown, Mrs. Herman Lanston, Mrs. Astor, Mrs. Oelrichs, Mrs. Wilmarth Payne Thompson, Mrs. George B. Dexter, Mrs. Edward J. Berwind, Mrs. Cornelius Peabody Wetmore, Mrs. Alexander Cochrane, Mrs. Norman Whitehouse, Mrs. James B. Haggin, Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James, Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry, Mrs. J. Townsend Burden, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mrs. Paul A. Andrews, Mrs. J. Laurens Van Alen, Mrs. William D. Leeds, Mrs. Henry O. Redmond, Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Jr., Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. Goelet, Mrs. Louis C. Lorillard, Mrs. H. McK. Twombley, Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Mrs. Ritchi Dyer, Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer, Mrs. William Watts Sherman, Mrs. Suffern Tailer, Mrs. Royal Phelps Carroll, Mrs. Hamilton Fish Webster, Mrs. Burke-Roach, Mrs. Stewart Duncan, Mrs. Joseph E. Widener, Mrs. George D. Widener, Mrs. Craig Biddle, Mrs. Rodrick Terry, Mrs. James J. Kernochan.

Comedians Figure in Activities of Wellesley's Social Clubs.

"Mrs. Crompton's Manager," a comedy in three acts, was successfully presented Wednesday evening by members of the Wellesley Improvement Association, in the Town Hall, under the management of Mrs Helen L. T. Bryant. Those taking part were: Benjamin W. Guernsey, George C. Anthony, Herbert T. Davis, R. Winsford Dancer, Clara E. Sedig, Emma S. Nickerson, Gertrude A. Pomeroy, Earnest R. Songrave, Agnes Harris, Karl M. Bemish, C. Evelyn Hobbins, George R. Guernsey and Vaneeta Denton.

The Lower Falls A. A. are planning a dance to be held in Early Hall April 4.

Members of the exclusive Mangus Club will present "Raffles," the well known production of the late Kyrle Bellew, on the evenings of April 11 and 12. The cast of characters will include:

Thornley Storey ..... Wm. Edwards
Preston P. Bryant ..... Mrs. Howard Stanwood
Percy P. Hurlburt, Jr. ..... Ruth Bryant
Howard Sherwood, Jr. ..... Mrs. Charles A. Jones
Walter A. Storey ..... Mrs. Walter A. Storey
Howard D. Doty ..... Mrs. John B. Osborn

At the March meeting of the Wellesley Unitarian Club, held this week at the Wellesley Inn, Howard B. Gross spoke on "A Day with Prince Bismarck."

Boston Folks at Lakewood

LAKEWOOD, N. J., March 29.—Horseback riding is always in vogue, and every bright morning the younger set among the cottage colony and at the two larger hotels, the Laurel in the Pines and the Laurel House, make ready for their daily canter over the numerous bridle paths.

Trap shooting at the Laurel House Gun Club traps is a favorite sport with the members, and the semi-weekly shoots of the club are always well attended.

Messrs. L. M. Stafford of Milton and J. W. Flood of Boston return for their usual visit. "Mr. and Mrs. J. Louis Taylor of Boston are recent arrivals.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Murdock and Miss C. B. Murdock of Boston were recent visitors.

Miss Helen L. Stetson and Miss R. Colburn of Boston will make an indefinite stay.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Hatch of Boston resume.

Messrs. A. G. Richardson and Charles B. Morrill of Boston were recent visitors.

Robert E. Stone of Boston joins Mrs. H. O. Stone.

Miss L. F. Danforth and Miss Danforth of Boston spent the week here.

Mr. H. C. Philbrick of Boston is again here for golf.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McElwain of Boston will remain several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Buchanan of Brookline and Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Beckwith of Brookline come for March.

Mr. Harold Crane of Fitchburg joins the golfers.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Judd of Holyoke will remain some time.

Mr. and Mrs. V. F. McNeil of New Haven come for April

Mr. and Mrs. James Tobin of West Haven spend the week here

Mrs. F. W. Hurd, Mrs. Goodwin Stoddard and Miss O. M. Smith of Bridgeport will make a long sojourn.

Mrs. J. D. Hunter of North Adams and Sanford Stoddard of Bridgeport join the golfers

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Ives of Cheshire, Ct., return for a fortnight.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Tracy of Waterbury are spending a few weeks here.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Lee, Jr., and Mrs. J. W. Gilbert, and Mr. F. R. Hedger of Norwich, Ct., will remain some time.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hancock and Master John Hancock of Providence are spending a fortnight here

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Biannell of Providence, will make a long sojourn

Mrs. H. F. Thayer of Manchester is again here.

Mrs. R. M. Johnson of Hallowell returns for the second visit of the season.

Mr. E. J. Spaulding of Burlington, Vt., returns for the rest of the season.

Glad Spring Days at Point Comfort.

OLD POINT COMFORT, Va., March 29.—The Chamberlin is full and indications are that it will continue so well into May

A number of parties went from Old Chamberlin to Norfolk to witness the game between the Yale and Holy Cross teams, which was the first game of the season. In the party chaperoned by Mrs. Hurlburt were: Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Osborne and Miss Osborne of Boston, Mr. and Mrs. George Brown of Stamford, Ct.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Allen Kimberley gave a dinner party at the Chamberlain Saturday evening for Mr. Dana, of New York. Mrs. Kimberley's brother. The guests were Lieutenant and Mrs. Haight, Lieutenant and Mrs. Hentz

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. G. Taylor, of Hartsdale, Mass., who have been spending some time here at the Chamberlin, left this week for a visit to Richmond, and Raleigh.

Among the recent arrivals are: Mr. and Mrs. William R. Wilson, Miss Florence M. Petree of Boston, Messrs Wolcott Hallowell and Hugh G. Hallowell of Hartford, Ct.; Mr. R. F. Churchill, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Anderson, of Boston, Mr. and Mrs. George Brown, of Stamford, Ct., Mrs. Irvin H. Clause, Misses Elizabeth and Dorothy Chase and Mrs. Walter Barber, of Waterbury, Ct.; Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Whipple, Miss Whipple, Miss Gertrude Hopkins, of Portland, Me.

Pinehurst Is Enjoying Life

PINEHURST, N. C., March 29.—Wondrous Spring days are these, when nature beckons and mankind yields, the air balmy with the sweet fragrance of many flowers and musical with the song of the mocking bird and scores of other feathered songsters.

Among numerous dinners at the Carolina was a spread tendered the Country Club board of governors by President Leonard Tufts preceding the annual meeting. The selection of officers resulted in the re-election of President Tufts, Secretary and Treasurer Herbert L. Pilsen, and ten other members of the board, including C. L. Becker of Boston, H. W. Ormsbee of Fitchburg.

A tie of eighty-one between Mr. C. L. Becker of Woodland, who played with Mrs. Herbert L. Pilsen of Maplewood, N. H., and Charles B. Fowsee and Miss Louise Elkins of Oakmont, each with handicaps of six strokes, gave rise to the annual invitation mixed foursomes of the Silver Falls. In the playoff Mr. Becker and Mrs. Pilsen won with a net card of eighty-five to meet—as for their opponents. In the second round Mr. and Mrs. George C. Dutton of Oakley (3), and Mr. W. L. Milliken of Minneapolis and Miss Edith Barnett of New Haven (12) and Rev. Dr. Charles M. Pendleton and Miss Gwendolyn Cummings of Brookline (15), were bunched in triple tie at eighty-two. The higher score recorded in a field which numbered thirty-eight pairs, was one hundred and two.

An Easter egg hunt on the Village Green Monday afternoon, was much enjoyed by the little folks, and for the weeks to come much is planned for their entertainment.

The week has brought many arrivals who come to enjoy April's delights.

Surprise for Milton Girl.

Miss Marion T Young of the Readville section was surprised by friends They generated her with a handsome silver tea set, in honor of her birthday anniversary Among those present were:

Miss Lotta Ferguson	Miss Barrington
Miss Mary Goodrich	Miss Ward
Miss Mary Tinton	Hebert Winters
Miss Lena Tinton	Miss A. Summers
Miss Grace E. Barbery	Robert Babbitt
Miss Mary Manning	Miss Ruth Beach
Miss Gertrude Thomas	Daniel L. Dyer
Miss Edith Randall	Lovell A. Dyer

The I. O. Girls of the Mattapan section are planning a dancing party to take place in the said Hall, River street, on the evening of April 16. The proceeds of the party will go towards the fitting of a bungalow at one of the seashore resorts for the members of the club during the Summer

The annual meeting of the East Congregational Parish will take place in the vestry of the church tomorrow evening and a large attendance is looked forward to.

NEWTON

Newton society was well represented Wednesday and Thursday evenings at the concert by the Hunnewell Glee Club in the club hall, which was given under the direction of Carl Pierce. Mrs. Grace Whitley Hilton, soprano soloist, and Mrs. May Sargent Hayward, pianist, assisted the members. Hunnewell members taking part were William C. Briggs, Dr. Henry C. Spencer, George F. Tracey, Charles N. Pitts, C. E. Greenwood, Mason Stone, Charles A. Drew, Herbert H. Howe, George M. Nash, T. F. Murray, H. P. Curtiss, Edward E. Hayward, Peter Robertson, Fred Whiting and Louis Gibbs.

Members of the Women's Alliance of the West Newton Unitarian Church listened this week to a paper on Child Labor, presented by Mrs. George H. Tripp.

The Woman's Auxiliary of the Newton Y. M. C. A. entertained over 100 residents of the city yesterday afternoon, at a pop concert and open house

Edwin Maloney, Deputy Commissioner and Secretary of the State Commission on Probation, addressed the Woman's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. this week, on "The Law Breaker"

The engagement was announced of Miss Dorcas Carlisle, daughter of Mrs. Abraham Wakefield, and Alonzo Pratt of Bridgewater, ...

Mrs. F. P. Bosson of Hillside road, Newton Highlands, was hostess to the Monday Club Kleidarly, with a demonstration, was the subject

Mrs. Sweetser of Lincoln street, Newton Highlands entertained the L. S. C. ...

At a meeting of the Wilson Woman's Club this week Mrs. Hyson Tewksbury and Mrs. Addie Burr Brooks entertained with "words and lyrics of Ireland." Tea was served.

Preparations for a Home Trade Day to be held April 5, were made at the meeting of the Auxiliary Monday evening with Mrs. Samuel W. Lake of Hancock street

Mrs John Tompkins of Chestnut street, Newton Upper Falls, was hostess to the Pierian Club, Wednesday afternoon

Mrs. F. H. Bisbee of Franklin road, Newtonville, has returned from a visit to ...

A minstrel show by members of the Newton Boat Club will be given in the Lasell Seminary auditorium, Auburndale, ... Newtonville Hall, April 27 and 28.

Members of the exclusive North Side Club of West Newton are rehearsing a farce comedy, "Mrs. Briggs of the Poultry Yard," to be given late in April

The Men's Club of the Grace Church, Newton, will furnish an entertainment and supper on April 14. The committee in charge ... Arthur H. Howard Atherton, A. ... Holmes, William Hasson, W. F. Holmes and Charles H. Jones.

Society at Hot Springs

HOT SPRINGS, Va., March 29.—With the opening of ... many visitors and ... last week from Florida ... has been ... and under way for a week or more, and most of the Palm Beach crowd have come on to Hot Springs, where there has been a ... reception.

With the arrival here of several women who have ... during the season—some even admitting that Lent has had no effect upon their consumption of vintages and luncheon feasts—there will be much falling off of flesh and reduction under the scientific methods practiced at the Hot Springs ... In order to ... the Hot Springs ... in order to ... the ...

Mr. and Mrs. ... and Mrs. ... and Mrs. Frank ... are among regular patrons of ... are provided to serve here before many days, and the fashionable Arlington is getting to let a Spring season pass without a visit to the quiet where she has had some of her best times of her careful life.

Mrs. Lorecroft H. Bradley the Paul ... of the Spring ... Milton ... Mr. and ... Mrs. ... Mrs. ... Mrs.

Social Events in and About Town

Active Days for Dorchester Clubs

ARRANGEMENTS have been completed by the Dorchester A. A. for its Twin-white and dancing party, to take place at the Columbia Club tomorrow evening. The general committee is headed by Wm. J. Coughlin. Thomas O'Rourke, and Harry West, who have the assistance of the following club committees:

[illegible]

The Howard A. A. is making arrangements for a dancing party to take place early in the month at one of the houses in the district. The proceeds will go towards the fitting out of a ball team. The following committee has charge: Leo Murphy, John Lyons, William Henderson, Edward Dillon, Edward Gillespie, Richard Lyons and John Phelan.

The Edward Everett Athletic Club will hold a meeting at its headquarters in the Edward Everett square section tomorrow evening, to make further arrangements for its annual dancing party, to take place in Intercolonial Hall, Dudley street, on May 10. The committee in charge is composed of Francis Sexton, chairman, James Callahan, William Wright, Edward Cotter, William Robinson, John Fallon, Stephen Lanigan, Frank Galloway, Frank Wynan, William Annetto and Charles Graham.

The Dorchester Driving Club will have the regular meeting in Washington Hall, Codman square, tomorrow evening, and plans will be made for the opening of the racing season at Franklin Field, which takes place on Saturday afternoon following. President Hiley M. Crosby will be in charge of the meeting, while William Hayward chairman of the racing committee, will arrange the program of the first races.

Tomorrow evening, Wednesday and Saturday evenings the Samoset Club will hold rehearsals at its headquarters on Evans street for its minstrel show to take place in Washington Hall on April 10. William Mahoney is coaching the members of the cast. The committee in charge is composed of Ross Perry, William Thayer, George Daggett, William Dever, Joseph Oh and and Arthur M. Smith. The proceeds of the show will go towards the fitting out of the ball team that will play on Franklin Field.

Tuesday evening the members of the Athletic A. C. of the Meeting House Hill section, will make arrangements for its annual dancing party to take place at Bloomfield Hall on April 15. The committee in charge of the arrangements are Robert McClelland, chairman; Herbert McCarthy, William Martin, John B. Edwards, Bernard Casey, Charles Morgan and Lawrence Bonney.

Tomorrow evening the Pythane Pleasure Club of the Neponset section will hold a [illegible]

[illegible] Thursday afternoon the Dorchester Daughters of Maine held an interesting meeting at the [illegible] rooms on Centre street. Mrs. Sarah Pierce, the president, was in charge. The hostesses for the afternoon were Mrs. John W. Beerine, Mrs. James Flint, Mrs. Mary Gallant, Mrs. Joseph Philbrick, Mrs. Maude M. Hill, Mrs. Charles Rowell, Mrs. Hattie S. Wagner, Mrs. Annie Bowen, Mrs. Benjamin McIville and Miss Stearns.

Mrs. Martha Thomas of Fort Worth, Tex., is stopping with her daughter, Mrs. Dr. C. R. Taomas, on Minot street.

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Splaine of Brookline announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mae Beatrice Splaine, to Albert L. Mills of Dorchester Center.

Mr. and Mrs. John M McClintock of Columbia road announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ruth Chandler McClintock, to Robert Bayard Belamy, of the Mt. Bowdoin section.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Frost and their son Kinsie L. of Frost avenue, are on their way to Panama.

Francis Carroll of Atherwoln street, president of the Colonial Club and a member of other Caledon organizations of the district who has been spending a short vacation in New York, arrived home the early part of the week.

Wednesday evening Mrs. John A. Andrew Tent 1 Daughters of Veterans, will hold its meeting in Grand Army Hall, Keefe. The meeting will be in charge of the president, Miss Annie J. Keefe. The other officers assisting are: Miss Grace Hayward, S. V. P.; Miss Madeline Dunfin, J. V. P.; Mrs. Ethel Wallingford, chaplain; Miss Bertha Nelson, treasurer; Mrs. Margaret A. Smith, secretary; Mrs. M. E. Burr, P. I.; Miss Henrietta Stowell, guide; Miss Mildred Oachs, guard; Miss Caroline Wharf, A. G.; Mrs. Elizabeth Forbes, musician, and others.

S. Chandler Handy of Bloomfield street, a student at Yale College, has been spending the Easter vacation at the home of his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Sanders of Tremlett street have gone to Florida.

Mr and Mrs Hurry Alcott Allen of Dorchester Centre announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Rosa Vitali, to Bertram Clark Ayer.

Friday afternoon and evening the members of Benjamin Stone Post 68, G. A. R., will hold an entertainment and apron sale at Grand Army Hall, in the Harrison avenue section of the district. The proceeds of the affair will go toward the relief fund of the association. The large committee in charge of the arrangements is headed by Mrs. Julia Smith, as chairman.

Mr. and Mrs. George R. Tierney of Bloomhill avenue, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Louise Tierney, to Dr. Joseph Francis Dolan of Tremlett street. The wedding will take place early in June.

The Three-O-Five Club of Dorchester held an Easter party in Oberle's Emporium, Mattapan. Frank O'Neil, Joseph Hughes and John Healy were in charge of the affair, being assisted by George Doherty, Frank Short, Isabel Gill, Temple Grandi and Patrick Cassidy. The following young ladies made up the refreshment committee: Miss Catherine Hughes, Catherine Gill, Agnes Ward, Pauline De Blois, Julia Cooney, Mary Mullen and Catherine Burke. During the intermission Frank Short, a well-known local singer, entertained the crowd with a rendition of "Last Night Was the End of the World," while Frank O'Neil helped out with a few gymnastic stunts.

SWEET VOICES OF PRETTY HYDE PARK GIRLS TO BE HEARD IN I. O. O. F. MINSTRELS

On left, top row, Miss Bessie L. Beane; centre, Miss Helen Flett; right, Miss Blanche H. Allen; below, left, Miss Alice Bentley and Miss Edith M. Hamper, soloists for Forrest Lodge minstrels.

Chorus of One Hundred Will Sing at Waverly Opera House April 2 and 3.

The minstrel and comedy show of Forrest Lodge, No. 148, I. O. O. F., Hyde Park, to be given on Wednesday and Thursday evenings, April 2 and 3, in Waverly Opera House, promises to outdo any previous performance given by the society. For weeks those who are to take part have been rehearsing under the direction of William Kee.

The program will consist of some catchy songs, several sketches, clever dancing with a chorus of 100 mixed voices. Among the chorus will be some well-known women who have previously scored hits in amateur theatricals.

Leon A. Pratt, the treasurer of the lodge, will be interlocutor, and the ends will be taken care of by Walter Henderson, James B. Smith, Scott F. Taylor, Walter A. White, William F. Henderson and James Wilkinson.

The soloists will include Miss Blanche H. Allen, Miss Ethel Allen, Miss Alice Bentley, Miss Helen H. Flett, Miss Edith M. Hamper, Miss Flora O'Connell, Miss Millie L. Bentley, Miss Avil Pratt and Miss [illegible]

[illegible] Alice Bentley, Bessie L. Beane

Hilda M. Smith, Dorothy F. Mackrow, Harriet V. Schaefer, Anna V. Swan, Ethel J. Wilkinson, Mary M. Wilkinson, Edith M. Bates, Louie Andrews, Fred A. Allen, George H. Brown, Walter J. Bates, Philip C. Bowen, Miss D. Bolton, Jane G. C. Bergmann, J. Arthur Lenniman, George F. Bennett, J. Francis Gunn, J. Hardie Henderson, Stanley Haigh, Philip Bailey, Harold B. Higbee, Arthur C. Johnson, Walter Lane, Charles McIntire, Chas. G. Mellor, Miss Alice Mellor, L. Alice Mc Alpine, James J. Murdoch, F. H. Osborne, Albert L. Schwab, Charles W. Schultz, Mark T. Wentzell, Ralph E. Streeter

The committee in charge of the entertainment is C. Thomas Griffiths, chairman; Alfred D. Ayer, William Thomas, Robert H. Henderson, Walter Henderson, William Holihan, Louis Johnson, Harrison Jones, Leon A. Pratt, James H. Smith and Walter A. White.

Watertown High Pupils to Present Opera of "Martha"

Pupils of the Phillips High School are preparing to present the opera "Martha," on April 17, in the Assembly Hall.

The recently formed choral class of the Watertown Woman's Club held its first meeting this week with Mrs. Carrie March Fuller of Palfrey street. An entertainment for children of the members is being planned by a committee comprising Mrs. Edna Harris, Mrs. Jennie Priest and Mrs. Ellen Meehan.

The assembly hall in the new high school was formally opened this week. Members of the senior class gave a dancing party. The arrangements were in the hands of class students. Basil Collins was general manager. Frederic Packard Marion Thurston, Theodore A. Skinner, Arthur Morse and Albert Simons.

FREE ADVICE TO SICK WOMEN

Thousands Have Been Helped By Common Sense Suggestions.

Women suffering from any form of female ills are invited to communicate promptly with the woman's private correspondence department of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman, and this has been established a confidential correspondence which has extended over many years and which has never been broken. Never have they published a testimonial used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which they have to draw from, it is more than possible that they possess the very knowledge needed in your case. Nothing is asked in return except your good will, and their advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass.

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.

Good All Round

aids to good health—and to the strength, comfort and cheerfulness which depend on the condition of health—are the famous, time-tested, safe and speedy

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

Beneath Your Fat a Graceful Figure Dwells

How would you like, some day, to find your own slim self emerging from the folds and folds of fat that have gathered on chest, hips, waist, chin, cheeks and neck, covering up and distorting the lithe, graceful figure beneath? How happy you will be! Supple or pliant tissue would soon displace the cruel fat that has been doing its work of spoiling the shape of your form, and you would be in the enjoyment of health; in short, to find one's own slim self beneath the fatty sheath has been made possible to a host of people whose Marmola Prescription helped thousands upon thousands of men and women to reduce safely and surely from fat to fit in a few weeks. Until the general health of the system is restored and the excess results. Marmola Prescription Tablets, the new form of this great remedy, each contain an exact dose of the famous Marmola Prescription. Like the original prescription, they are absolutely sure and harmless. Nearly every druggist has the three wonderful little tablets, or they may be secured direct by mail from the Marmola Co., Farmer Bldg., Detroit, Mich. The fee is a large case in the uniform price.

Color Your Last Year's Straw Hat with COLORITE

TRADE MARK

MAKES OLD STRAW HATS LOOK NEW.

Splendid for fixing up Ladies & Children's hats.

EASY TO APPLY

Dries in 30 Minutes.

Waterproof and Durable.

Jet Black Dull Black Cardinal Red Navy Blue Cadet Blue Sage Green Burnt Straw Brown Violet

Avoid all substitutes insist on genuine COLORITE

DEPARTMENT & DRUG STORES SELL IT or send 25c in stamps to Dept M.

CARPENTER-MORTON COMPANY. BOSTON-MASS.

HAIR STOPS FALLING, DANDRUFF DISAPPEARS--25 CENT "DANDERINE"

Save your Hair! Beautify It! Invigorate your scalp! Danderine grows hair and we can prove it.

Try as you will, after an application of Danderine, you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or a loose or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you will actually see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine now will immediately double the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is immediate and amazing your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy and have an appearance of abundance: an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance, and beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and prove to yourself tonight—now—that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all.

Reunions on Malden List

Malden society will attend the wedding tomorrow evening of Miss Frances Viola, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Swanson of Arlington, to Harold R. Mason of Malden, at the Franklin Square House, Boston.

The engagement is announced of Miss Dora Cox of No. 89 Appleton street, Malden, to Reynolds Washburn of Providence. During the coming week several showers are to be tendered the bride-to-be at her home.

Another engagement of interest to Malden people is announced by Mr. and Mrs. Leslie M. Frye of Marlboro, of their daughter, Miss Olive Bishop Frye, to William L. Brauer of Roslindale. The bride-to-be is a former Malden girl, having resided on Highland avenue.

Mrs. J. A. Alger leaves this week for Seattle en route to Alaska, where she will be joined at Port Townsend by her husband, Lieutenant J. A. Alger, who is returning from a trip around the world.

Invitations will be issued this week by the ladies of the Linden Association for the annual banquet given by them to the octogenarians of the eastern section of the city, more than a score in number, which will be held April 19 in Associate Hall. Mrs. E. J. Whidden has been elected chairman of the banquet committee.

On Thursday evening the alumni of the Maplewood school will hold its annual reunion and dance in Powers Hall. Mrs. Schumaker, wife of Mayor Charles Schumaker, will be one of the matrons.

Members of Maplewood Lodge of Workmen who participated in the league bowling the past season will attend the annual banquet of the A. O. U. W. Bowling League at the Quincy House, Boston, on Wednesday evening.

Crystal Star Chapter of the Eastern Star has issued invitations for a dancing party to be held April 22, in Archer Hall. The committee which will have charge of the party consists of W. H. Millard, chairman, D. P. Green, E. A. Marsh, Miss Grace L. Grover and Miss Wilhelmina Thompson.

Mrs. P. C. Gerisch will be the hostess at an invitation dancing party to be given in Odd Fellows Hall the evening of April 11.

Malden Teachers' Club will meet April 9, in the High School Hall, when Leland Powers, impersonator, is to give the entertainment.

Invitations will be issued tomorrow for the annual junior prom of the High School, to be held April 12, in the High School Hall.

This is the dance which has caused so much interest among Malden young people, Head Master Thornton Jenkins having decreed that there should be no turkey trotting nor bunny hugging, and that none of the new dances, including the Tango, one-step and others, should be allowed. The committee in charge of the dance is: Harold E. Neal, Miss Ruth Ammann, Miss Rose Whittemore, Miss Barbara Brown, Robert Fish and Miss Mabel McManus.

Members of the Harmony Club, all of whom have signed a pledge never to marry on penalty of inviting all of the 300 members of the club to their wedding, will hold its annual meeting Wednesday evening at the residence of the president, Edward P. Dunn, No. 221 Emerald street. The meeting will be in charge of the directors, Miss May Kelley, Miss Mary Shields and Charles Doyle.

The committee in charge of the Maplewood Alumni dances Thursday evening consists of Councilman Elmer K. Potter, Edgar Caulfield, Miss Natalie Blaisdell and Miss Beatrice M. West.

The ladies of the Centre Methodist Church will open their three days' bazaar in the vestry, Miss William M Polley being chairman of the general committee in charge.

On Friday evening two social events are to be held in Linden, one being the entertainment of the Ashby Club and the other being the dance of the Linden Baseball Club. Both will be held in the Associates building.

Concert and Ball for Knights of Pythias.

Hub Company No. 4, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, will hold its twenty-eighth annual civic and military ball on Friday evening, at the armory, No. 2307 Washington street, opposite Dudley street terminal. There will be a concert from 8 to 9 and dancing from 9 to 2. The Second Regiment orchestra will play. General L. McKenzie and Adjutant Hall and C. Hutchinson and Adjutant Lieutenant Colonel A. Johnson and past Brigadier General John McBride will attend.

Events of Week in Cambridge

The Foreign Missionary Society of the First Congregational Church met Wednesday afternoon in the chapel. The meeting was designated as a searchlight meeting. The business were Mrs. C. P. Stratton and Mrs. H. S. Brew. Mrs. R. C. Bartlett, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. M. L. Gordon, pioneer missionaries in Japan, gave an address.

The annual parish meeting of the Shepard Congregational society will be in the chapel tomorrow evening. Harvard Lodge, A. F. & A. M., is making plans to co-operate with Sutherland and Nelson lodges for the annual June 24 outing.

The Cambridge Circuit Epworth League held a public rally Thursday evening in the First M. E. church, Cambridgeport. Rev. Albert Parker Fitch, D. D., president of the Andover Theological Seminary, was the principal speaker.

The annual meeting of the Cambridge Board of Trade was held Wednesday evening.

Red Cross Commandery, Knights of Malta, held its annual masquerade ball in Cyprus Hall, Cambridgeport, Thursday evening.

A testimonial and benefit dance were tendered William Reese in Odd Fellows' Hall, Cambridgeport, Monday evening. Among the officials were John Keefe, Charles Sanders, Captain "Joe" Williams, James McDonald and William Davidson.

The employees of the J. H. Cross Shoe Company will hold their annual ball in St. Mary's Hall, Cambridgeport, Tuesday evening, April 9. The committee on arrangements is Charles L. Church, chairman; Robert Clark, treasurer, and Miss Gertrude Wentworth, secretary.

A Mother Goose entertainment for the children was especially enjoyed this week held at the First Church Congregational, yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Sisterhood Guild.

The tenth annual concert of Miss Eleanor Soule Hayden will be held in Bertha Hall tomorrow night.

The senior class of Rindge Technical School held its annual minstrel show and dance in Rindge Hall Friday evening. The show was under the personal direction of Walter Hutchinson. The interlocutor was H. Pratt. The end men were L. F. Bingham, J. E. Wallis, T. F. Holden, J. Newman and S. Smith. H. E. Larner. The soloists were A. A. Graham, M. R. Elliott, J. P. Dickson and J. W. O'Brien. C. A. Bass, substitute, B. Constable, cellist and K. D. McCarthy, J. Pine, H. B. Gardner and W. R. Lynch in character songs, were other features. The committee on arrangements was Fred R. Lawson, chairman; Edwin A. Lee, business manager; H. B. Arnold, advertising manager, A. F. Burke, C. R. Graham, J. Higgins, A. E. Tuttle, F. F. Hodges and A. J. Smith.

How W. B. Elastine Reduso CORSETS Reduce The Hips and Give Slender Lines To Stout Figures

W. B. Elastine Reduso CORSETS

effect slender lines in the large figure without discomfort, and are *guaranteed* to

Reduce Hips and Abdomen One to Five Inches

Wear-Proof Elastine Gores provide comfort, and warrant gore-durability during the life of the corset. Specially woven materials, guaranteed not to rust, tear or break. Sizes, 18 to 36.

No. 786, low bust, coutil and batiste, $3.00; No. 785, low bust, imported coutil, $5.00; No. 784, medium bust, coutil and batiste, $3.00; No. 780, medium bust, imported coutil, $5.00; No. 784, with abdominal band, coutil, $3.00.

W. B. NUFORM CORSETS

give slender, fashionable figure-lines, gracefully modeled bust and subtiled hips. Superior quality coutil and batiste, daintily trimmed. Guaranteed not to rust. $1 up.

W B Broadcross, gracefully proportioned, fit without wrinkles, soft clinging, durable materials, de luxe trimmings, rust-proof flexible boning. Prices, 90c to $2.00.

At All Dealers

WEINGARTEN BROS., New York

LONDON Chester Overton John L. Eddy PARIS Marquis de Castellane Paul Pierre Rignaux BERLIN Ernst Wallenberg Count V. Elphberg ROME J. M. d'Aquin George M. Bruce

SUNDAY AMERICAN'S SPECIAL CABLE LETTERS FROM THE CAPITALS OF EUROPE

MANY BOSTONIANS JOIN GAY THRONG IN FRENCH CAPITAL

Seen in Brilliant Foyers at Opera and at the Theatre.

MANY NOTED AT HOTELS

Art Colony Excited Over Presence of Walter M'Ewen of Canal Exposition.

By POLLY BACKBAY.
Special Correspondent to Sunday AMERICAN.

PARIS, March 10.—Vienna was when Paris in March was an barren of Americans as the Sahara Desert. Those of us who were in Europe were either in Italy or along the Riviera.

This season, however, the French capital is extremely well patronized, and everywhere one goes one meets Bostonians and New Yorkers until one wonders who are left at home.

Paris during the month of March is disagreeable. It is rainy and cold, and the hotels and pensions do not understand the art of heating.

I saw a splendid performance of "Thais" the other night and among the chattering French people, who jammed the wonderful foyers I met several Boston people I knew. Why haven't they broad and roomy drawing rooms and foyers in the Boston Opera, with refreshment bars where one might slip a glass of wine if one wished. I am sure more people would go to the Opera.

Stackpoles There.

Leaning over the balustrade of the grand staircase I saw Mrs. Frederick D. Stackpole and Miss Mary Bowles, of the Back Bay, regarding the gay throng and the wonderful scene. They are stopping at the Grand Hotel, but are only remaining here a few days because they are bound for the Riviera.

Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Leichton were also in the throng. The Leightons are at the Hotel Westminster and say they adore Paris in Winter because it is so different from Paris in Summer; it is like another world.

Mr. and Mrs. M. I. Thornton of Boston were standing beside a column watching the passing show and I saw Mr. and Mrs. Max Brunnel of our town, who are putting up at the Hotel de Crillon, so they said.

Underwoods at Hotel.

Next day I visited the Hotel Montana, where I have some English friends, and I discovered comfortably domiciled there Mrs. W. D. Underwood, Miss Underwood and Miss P. M. Carling of Boston.

The whole American colony is excited over the presence in the city of Walter McEwen, who is organizing for the Panama-Pacific Exposition in San Francisco an exhibition of paintings by American artists in Europe.

Mr. McEwen is to select a jury that will select the pictures by American artists in France and it is whispered that a Boston artist is to be chosen the head of this important body. In the British Isles John Sargent will direct the assembly of works by American artists.

I had a letter yesterday from Helen, you know who! Just now she is visiting in Berlin and she says that there are lots of people from Boston in the German capital. There is plenty of snow and ice in Berlin and the fun is mostly sleighing and skating.

The Skaters in Tights.

At the Ice Palace she met Mr. and Mrs. Robert G. Shaw. There was the usual ballet on skates going on below the well-heated restaurant balconies. So was entertained when Mrs. Shaw exclaimed, pointing at the skaters in tights: "Why don't they dress with so little clothes?" It is a mystery, isn't it.

Mrs. E. Sportord of Boston is at the Adlon, too, but does not expect to remain more than a few days longer.

She writes me that Miss Anne Ward of Boston is living at the New Era Club, which is a combination of all modern social facilities. The world is moving when German women are forming clubs just like the men.

Mrs. Paul Thorndike and Miss Anne Thorndike of Boston, so Helen says, are staying just now with Mr. and Mrs. Thackeray. Mr. Thackeray is the American Consul General.

Brother Henry Disgusted.

Later—My brother Henry arrived unexpectedly today from Italy. He says he is going back home to the land where they don't think you crazy if you have ice in your water glass, and where they have steam heat that really warms.

He met lots of folks from home in Rome it. For example he run into Mr. and Mrs. Brooks Prothingham at the Hotel de l'Europe in Milan. They had just come from St. Moritz. In Naples he met Mr. and Mrs. Hammond W. Whitney and Miss Whitney, Miss M. Shaw and Miss Helen Hall. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Parker of Boston were also spending a few days in Naples.

I hear that the winter season is pretty gay in Rome and Florence, despite the detestable climate. I had a few lines from Marion Sprague of our town who intends to go to the Riviera as fast as she can, but is just now in London. So is Miss Gertrude Hunnewell and Dorothy Arnold, who is visiting friends, Mrs. R. L. Emerson, Miss Edith Prescott and Mrs. A. H. Holbrook.

"FINDS" EUCALYPTUS.

Fashionab'e Women Now Use the Leaves to Ward Off Gripe.

LONDON, March 20.—The women of fashion in London are resorting to a new antidote against influenza. This charm is the eucalyptus leaf, and in our drawing rooms the long narrow-like leaf is seen floating in porcelain bowls filled with water, the hostess believing that the leaf wards off infection and keeps her invigorating from the too fashionable complaint.

Sometimes the pungent bud of the eucalyptus is introduced as well as the leaf, and quantities of both leaf and bud have been imported from the Riviera during the last week or two and are selling in Covent Garden and in the West End flower shops.

A Princess of Egypt Wedded to Man Who Never Saw Her Face

Khedive's Daughter, the Veiled Bride of Turk, Gets $175,000 Cash Wedding Gifts.

CAIRO, March 29.—This city was en fete today for the wedding of the Khedive's daughter, Princess Atiat Allah, to Mohammed Djed Ellis, son of former Vizier Ferid Pasha of Turkey. The bridal procession had a military escort to Abdin palace, where the contract was signed.

The bride was heavily veiled and her face was seen by the bridegroom for the first time after the signing of the contract. The Khedive gave the bride presents worth $75,000. The bridegroom gave her a dowry of $100,000.

X-Ray Movies Exhibit Our Innermost Self

Medicos in Berlin Congress See the Stomach at Work by Means of New Invention.

BERLIN, March 29.—Moving pictures showing the working of the internal organs of the human body were exhibited at the Physio-Therapeutics Congress here today by Dr. Rosenthal, the inventor of the apparatus.

The medicos attending the congress were able to see the stomach at work and to detect the presence of disease.

It is asserted that Dr. Rosenthal's invention, which combines the cinema-camera and X-Ray, will revolutionize prevailing systems of diagnosis.

Princess Victoria Luise Picks Bridesmaids
Selects 3 Prettiest Royal Girls in Eurone

THE imperial bride-elect, the Kaiser's only daughter, and her betrothed, Prince Ernst of Cumberland; both very, very happy. Below, the pictures of her three bridesmaids.

Princess Mary of Wales, the only daughter of the King and Queen of England.

Princess Elisabeth, eldest daughter of the Crown Princess of Rumania.

Grand Duchess Olga, eldest daughter of the Czar and Czarina of Russia.

Hotels for Women as a Stead Memorial

English Admirers of the Late Journalist Believe the Plan a Fit Tribute.

LONDON, March 29.—An appeal has been issued by a committee formed by a group of the late W. T. Stead's friends and admirers for the purpose of opening a fund with which to erect homes for women workers, and to be known as "The Stead Hotels."

It is contended that the best memorial to a man is to carry out the spirit of his life, and as Mr. Stead's work was international, it is hoped that the Stead Hotels will be erected in many countries.

The first to respond to the appeal is Queen Alexandra, a warm friend of the late distinguished journalist. The first hotel is to be erected in London, and many other will quickly follow in various parts of the country. Earl Grey, late Governor-General of Canada, acted as chairman of the inaugural meeting, and the name of Norman Angell, "the author of 'The Great Illusion,'" is the first on the list of the members of the council.

Says Church Shou'd Advertise for Souls

English Bishop Advocates Insertion of Display Appeals to Sinners Who Won't Attend Service.

LONDON, March 29.—The Anglican Bishop of Willesden, one of the Suffragan of Dr. Ingram, Bishop of London, is convinced that something must be done to meet the problem of empty churches. The plan he proposes is that the ecclesiastical authorities should imitate the proprietors of table sauces, breakfast foods and cough mixtures, by advertising largely in the newspapers.

"If I had my way," declares Bishop Perrin, "I would like to take space in a paper and reason with a million readers. Most of the Sunday papers are the papers of people who never go to church. I am confident that short messages to them and display advertisements would do much good."

Lady Decies' First Party in Irish Home

Daughter of George Gould to Give Dance at Luttrelstown, Near Dublin, on April 18.

LONDON, March 29.—Lady Decies, formerly Miss Vivien Gould, daughter of George Gould of New York, makes her first formal appearance as hostess in Irish society on April 18, when she gives a dance at her new home of Luttrelstown, near Dublin.

During the following week she will entertain a big house party for the Punchestown races. Lady Decies, who is getting to be a very popular figure in Irish society, has recently been a member of Lady Fingall's household in Ireland, but has now returned to Luttrelstown.

By the way, Lord Decies is telling a good story about a certain American millionaire, whose first name he gives as Augustus, and who always travels with a large retinue of valets, chauffeurs and secretaries. According to Lord Decies, Augustus arrived at a certain English country house at the opening of the shooting season with several motorcycles and was dressed on all sides with the profoundest deference, but the head gamekeeper, although he did not seem lacking in respect, insisted upon calling him Augustus.

All the time it was Augustus this, Augustus that. The millionaire looked darkly on hearing it for the first time, but said nothing.

Presently the host appeared and hearing the gamekeeper say to the millionaire: "Well winged, Augustus," he took the man aside and whispered: "Are you drunk, man? The idea of calling this gentleman by his first name!"

The keeper, looking terribly distressed, stammered: "Oh, sir, I hope you will excuse me. I thought Augustus was a title, a very high title, like My Lord Duke, or Your Serene Highness."

Wedding of Kaiser's Daughter in May Will Look Like Beauty Show.

BERLIN, March 29.—That notable bride-elect, the Kaiser's only daughter, Princess Victoria Luise, has selected three of her bridesmaids to bear her company at her coming wedding to Prince Ernst of Cumberland. They are Princess Mary of England, Princess Elizabeth of Roumania, and Grand Duchess Olga, the eldest daughter of the Czar.

In the selection of her bridesmaids Princess Luise has been obliged to take them from the limited circle of her girl friends of equal rank. The three princesses who will accompany her to the altar when the houses of Hohenzollern and Guelph are united next May are three of the prettiest princesses in Europe, and the announcement of their selection has been with the gratified consent of the courts of England, Roumania and Russia.

The three princesses are of distinctly different types of prettiness. Princess Mary is fair-haired, light, with the ruddy complexion of England. The Grand Duchess Olga is a pronounced brunette, with sombre hair and eyes, while Princess Elisabeth is of the brilliantly coral Caucasian type, and is almost as beautiful as her mother. If a fourth bridesmaid be added it will most probably be Princess Ycanda, the daughter of the King and Queen of Italy, considered the reigning beauty of Southern Europe.

Should this prove correct the imperial wedding in May will see a gathering of princesses that will make the ceremony a famous for the beauty as for the rank of the participants.

No intimation has been as yet given of the bridesmaids' dresses, but it is known that the bride has determined to give a distinctive German tone to her wedding by having all her wardrobe purchased, if not made, in Germany. Whatever benefit is to be reaped by the tradespeople occasion of the wedding she wishes shall accrue to German dealers and workers.

Baroness Von Hutton Is Regaining Health

American Novelist Declares She Has Conquered Illness by Force of Will.

LONDON, March 29.—After a three months' struggle and hovering between life and death, the American novelist, Baroness von Hutton, formerly Miss Bettina Riddle of Erie, Pennsylvania, is at last pronounced to be on the road to recovery. Her friendship for a well-known London actor who is noted for his handsome face and figure and who is married to a famous American actress, was the cause of a deal of gossip some time ago, but both seem now to have gotten over it.

The Baroness, who has been an inmate of a nursing home here for some time, declares she only conquered her illness by sheer force of will. She has been a great literary lion since the publication of "Pigs," while her most recent book, "Sharrow," has resulted in a fine contract to write a novel annually for her publisher, Hutchinson.

AWAIT NEW SOCIAL LEADER

LONDON, March 29.—A good deal of speculation is rife as to the plans for the coming season of Mrs. Jerome B. Duke a comparatively new American hostess in London. She is the wife of the Tobacco King and beyond the fact that she has taken Mrs. James Henry Smith's fine house in Grosvenor square, little is known of how she intends to make her social entry here.

Mrs. Duke has many friends in London society who prophesy that when the history of the London season of 1913 comes to be written her name will figure largely in it. She is expected to take up her residence here shortly.

Historic Chateau of Chenonceaux Is on the Market

Model for Schwab's House Will Be Sold at Auction by ex-American Owner.

By MARQUIS DE CASTELLANE.

PARIS, March 29.—The fine old chateau of Chenonceaux in Touraine is to be sold by auction on April 6.

The fate of this chateau has a twofold interest for Americans. The first arises from the fact that as American women is the present chatelaine of what is undoubtedly the premier country house of the chateau country. For the lady who now presides over Chenonceaux is the Countess Stanislas de Castellane, formerly Miss Terry, daughter of Emilio Terry, niece of the late Antonio Terry and first cousin of the Princess Guy Faucigny Lusinga.

The second American interest in the fate of the famous chateau arises from the fact that Charles M. Schwab, former president of the Steel Trust of America, took it as his model for the show house he built on Riverside drive, New York.

The sale will take place in Paris and chateau and furniture and all dependencies will be sold in one lot. The setup price, which is no strict indication of its real value, is $700,000. The chief difficulty of placing this figure is to indicate where bidding ought to begin.

Recently a rumor was spread that somebody was about to purchase it for the purpose of transferring it to America. But this contingency was quickly disposed of by the Minister of Fine Arts, who states that Chenonceaux is classed among the natural monuments and consequently cannot be taken either wholly or in part out of the country.

Another rumor now going the rounds of the salons is that a generous donor who wishes to keep his name secret for the present is about to buy the chateau and present it to the State. If this be so, neither Count Stanislas de Castellane, nor the notary charged with the formalities of the sale, nor the Minister of Fine Arts knows anything about such contemplated generosity.

"The Chateau of Chenonceaux offered for sale?" said the Minister of Fine Arts to me. "This would be a most agreeable surprise. We should accept such a precious gift with great pleasure and the donor would have the gratitude of the nation. But it remains to be seen whether or not such a generous person exists."

Nobleman of Sixty to Take Young Bride

Lord Hemphill, a Second Baron and a New Member of Aristocracy, Will Marry Lady May Hamilton.

LONDON, March 29.—A marriage, which will take place shortly between Lord Hemphill and the Lady May Hamilton is arousing great interest because the bridegroom, who is a bachelor, is sixty, and the bride-elect is twenty-five years his junior.

In addition, Lord Hemphill represents the new element in the House of Lords, while Lady May represents the old aristocracy.

Lord Hemphill is the second baron, the title having been conferred on his father in 1906. He is a barrister, practicing at the Irish bar and has made a few speeches in the House of Lords.

Lady May is the second of the seven daughters of the late Lord Belhaven and Stenton, a title conferred in 1647 upon the Hamiltons, but for several hundred years before the family were very powerful aristocrats in the land.

There have been many instances of the very new aristocracy marrying with the old in recent years, and ironmasters, shipbuilders, brewers and financiers have found a way into the proudest families.

Muriel Wilson Now Has Beauty Rival

Much Sought English Woman Must Share Honors with Louise Troubridge.

LONDON, March 29.—For several seasons Miss Muriel Wilson of Trenby Croft has held her place as the typical English beauty. Her picture has appeared at the Academy more than once and her portrait has been reproduced in illustrated weeklies more than a thousand times.

That she is still Miss Wilson is not because of lack of suitors, but rather the contrary multiplicity. Prince Francis of Teck would have married her had not King Edward said "No!" and imposed the swarthy Marquis de Soveral instead. Robert Walter Goelet was spoken of as being devoted to her and Foxhall Keane's name has been romantically associated with hers. Winston Churchill has been reckoned among her admirers and so has the Duke of Marlborough.

But she is still Miss Wilson. And now a sensational beauty has arisen in the social firmament to usurp the honor she so long has held. This fair usurper is Miss Louise Troubridge, daughter of Captain Sir Thomas and Lady Troubridge.

Margaretta Drexel's Health Causes Worry

Viscountess Maidstone Recovers from Recent Illness, but Is Still Delicate.

LONDON, March 29.—The many American friends of Viscountess Maidstone, who was Miss Margaretta Drexel, will be pleased to learn that she has recovered from her recent illness, but at the same time they will be concerned to read that her general condition is not entirely satisfactory.

The fact of the matter is that the beautiful American wife of the heir to the Earldom of Winchelsea and Nottingham has not been what one might call strong and well since her marriage. It is not publicly admitted that she is in a delicate state of health, but this is really the case and the English Winters are sorely trying to her.

Her lack of robustness has only added a delicacy to her beauty and she is assuredly one of the loveliest members of England's American colony.

ELDEST DAUGHTER OF CZAR FINDS HER SISTER IS A RIVAL

Grand Duke Dimitri, Engaged to Grand Duchess Olga, Confesses He Loves Tantania.

SENT TO PERPETUAL EXILE

Special Cable to Sunday American.

BERLIN, March 29.—A sensational report which comes from St. Petersburg and has been circulated in Berlin, is that a great romance has aroused and grieved the Russian Imperial family.

As was announced semi-officially last Summer, the official engagement of the Grand Duchess Olga, the Czar's eldest daughter, to the young Grand Duke Dimitri Pavlovitch, her cousin, was to be made during the recent Romanoff anniversary celebration. Now it appears that at the eleventh hour all ceremonies linked with the engagement were cancelled.

The reason, it is stated here, is to be found in the fact that the Grand Duchess Tatania, the second daughter of the Czar, has completely eclipsed her sister in the Grand Duke's affections and the alleged attack of fever with which Tatania is said to be suffering is in reality the result of the exposure of her duplicity. The Grand Duke has made a complete and dramatic confession to the Czar and will be exiled perpetually from Russia.

Only the fear of a greater scandal prevented the Czar from taking even more stringent action against his nephew. It is further reported here that the Grand Duchess Olga, who has been so rudely deceived by her sister and by her intended, now wishes to finish her life in a nunnery.

Both the Czar and Czarina are said to be broken-hearted at the outcome of what was described as a love romance.

Great Blow to Russia's Court.

All of which accentuates the bitter grief over the Czarevitch's condition, which is now recognized as incurable. Owing to the terrible kidney disease from which he suffers, he probably will never be able to walk or even to stand. At the recent Romanoff celebrations in St. Petersburg the young Prince was following his parents in a state coach. As the people cheered he tried to stand up in his carriage, but could not. An aide-de-camp then was ordered to lift the Prince so that the people could catch a glimpse of him.

Count Zechi, who is considered a most intimate friend of the Austrian heir presumptive, writing to friends in Berlin, said:

"We all know we will have war some time in 1914, either with Servia and Montenegro or with even Russia, and of course this will mean a general European struggle. The Archduke wants his war, and, despite the Emperor, who wishes to finish his reign peacefully, he will get it. It is only owing to strong advice from Berlin and London that the conflict with Montenegro was avoided, but the next time Austria will strike the first blow before anybody has been warned, and then it will be too late for diplomatic negotiations."

Archduke Francis a Firebrand.

In Vienna and Buda Pest everybody knows that war has been decided upon at a recent meeting of Austrian and Hungarian military and naval officers, all those who enjoy the confidence of the future Emperor naturally voting for war. Germany is greatly alarmed at the possibility of this war, which would cost her much money and possibly weaken her position, as Austria will not be able to fight more than two weeks without German assistance.

The Kaiser and his brother, Prince Henry, who is Grand Admiral of the fleet and commander of the Second German Squadron in case of war, are trying to use their influence on the Archduke in favor of a peaceful solution of all Oriental difficulties, but because they do not want Germany to be involved in war, and secondly, because they only want Germany to be called to fight when the armaments under the coming military law are completed—that is, after the year 1915.

As far as one can see, it seems most probable that there will be war in Europe immediately after the Balkan peace is arranged and the most responsible for this war will surely be Archduke Francis Ferdinand, for he and his military party have never been so decided about war as now.

YOUNG NOBLES IN TRADE.

England's Titled Sons Condescend to Make an Honest Living.

LONDON, March 29.—To the already long list of well-known young men with titles, who have elected to go to work in the city (or downtown) is Lord Leven and Melville. He will be twenty-seven in April and is a bachelor, and he has joined the firm of Messrs. Frederick Hurt & Co., well known merchants.

During the past few years an extraordinary change has come over the younger noble set who no longer think it beneath the dignity of a titled family to dabble in trade. Soon after his marriage to Miss Margharetta Drexel, Lord Maidstone went into the city office. Lord Acheson, who married Miss Mildred Carter, works every day in a downtown office, and Miss Phyllis Page, who recently married the Galaty actress, Olive May, has joined a stock exchange firm.

TO SEE LONDON.

Crown Prince and Princess Plan Quiet Stay at a Hotel.

LONDON, March 29.—The Crown Prince and Princess of Germany are expected to pay a visit to London toward the end of May. They will make their headquarters at one of the leading hotels in the West End, where they will stay for two or three weeks.

They are expected to make their appearance at one of the Courts at Buckingham Palace, and may remain in London long enough to accompany the Royal family to Windsor for Ascot week. It is expected that while the Prince is in London the King will gazette him a colonel of the British Army.

Twentieth Century Whist Club Ball

The annual subscription party of the Twentieth Century Whist Club will be held next Friday evening at Hotel Copley-Plaza. Both ballrooms are reserved for the dancing, also the boxes overlooking the ballroom.

General John J. Sullivan will be in charge of the floor. Many novel features have been prepared—a carnival march, confetti shower dance and favors for each guest.

Whist will be played in the gold and green tea rooms. Arrangements are made for one hundred tables.

The president, Mrs. Richard A. Lynch, will receive the guests in the palm room, assisted by Mrs. Frank W. Lavary, secretary; Mrs. Horace Bassett, Mrs. Thomas F. Hayes, Mrs. W. A. Hildreth, Mrs. Patrick Coleman, Mrs. G. F. Cushman, Mrs. Simon Donovan, Mrs. James H. Doyle, Mrs. George E. Jennett, Mrs. William Lanagan, Mrs. John W. Lavery, Mrs. David Mahoney, Mrs. Joseph F. McGreevery, Mrs. John Regan and Mrs. John J. Sullivan.

The following young ladies will act as ushers:

Eva Boudrot, Julia S. Dolan, Annie W. Burke, Mae Houghton, Loretta Kennedy, Doris Arcadie, Miss Leonard, Eulalia Masterson, Marion Brassett, Marion Farrell, Louise Curry, Dorothy Lane, Miss Mulhern, Lottie Scannell, Charlotte Minzer, Margaret Mahoney, Sarah Coltenan, Gladys Carney, Freda Gore, Frances Fuller, Dorothy M. Keltie.

The subscription list includes:

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Mosher, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Flannigan, Mr. and Mrs. William Hagarty, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hosier, Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Fleming, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin D. Kelley, Mr. and Mrs. Fred S. Gore, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Dever, Mr. and Mrs. Harry F. Lyons, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Mahoney, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Coyle, Hon. and Mrs. James M. Curley, Hon. and Mrs. Joseph H. O'Neil, Mr. and Mrs. D. O'Neil, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Doyle, Thomas J. Flynn, Mr. and Mrs. Francis M. Dailey, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Dolan, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Dailey, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Sommers, Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Crowley, Hon. and Mrs. James H. Vahey, Mr. and Mrs. Jose K. Bacon, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Moriarty, Mr. and Mrs. William Mahoney, Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Buckley, Mr. and Mrs. Robert T. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lavis, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Tierney, Dr. and Mrs. S. F. Carrigan, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Cronin, Mr. and Mrs. James Keeler, Mr. and Mrs. William Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Carney, Dr. and Mrs. E. M. Cooch, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Buckley, Mr. and Mrs. John Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Buckley, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Colland, Mr. and Mrs. James Donovan, Mr. and Mrs. William Whalen, Mr. and Mrs. James D. Valley, Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. William Brassett, Mr. and Mrs. John Drinan, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. Mannix, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Creed, Miss Anna Manning, Miss Mary Manning, Miss Mary Donnelly, Mr. and Mrs. William Dacey, Miss May Day, Miss Teresa Day, Mr. and Mrs. William Killion, Louis Neal, James Green, George Green, Mrs. Frank Murphy, G. H. McDermott, Mrs. Margaret Burke, Mr. and Mrs. James Logan, A. W. Donovan, Joseph Black, Vincent Jacob, William Lynch, Mrs. Frank Kemiff, Miss Rudd, Charles Kelly, Fred Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey C. Wheeler, Mrs. Hortense Wheeler, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bowers, Dr. James English, Mr. and Mrs. John Cullen, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Burke, Mr. and Mrs. James H. McCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. John Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Driscoll, William Donovan, Peter T. Green, Mr. and Mrs. Houghton, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Christopher, Miss Agnes Keefe, Charles O. Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. William Kernan, Edward Mahoney, Miss Mary Mahoney, Joseph Mahoney, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph O. Donnell, Mr. and Mrs. John O'Brien, Dr. Edward F. Powers, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Joseph Dooley, Dr. Edward Coppinger, George Farrell, Sadie Bollard, Miss Helen Sullivan, Miss Helen Gallagher, Catherine V. G. Graham, Matthew V. Cremmins, Mrs. A. Cleary, Miss Elizabeth O'Neil, Miss Margaret Schaefer, Miss Agnes Sullivan, Miss Gertrude Kelley, Miss Lenehy, Miss Charles Winslow, Mr. and Mrs. O'Hare, Mr. T. H. Casey, Miss Frances Donovan, Miss Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Mc-Donald, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. Friedlander, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McCool, Mr. and Mrs. John Mahoney, Miss Frances Coughlin, Miss Stack, Mr. and Mrs. Paul D. Lane, Mr. and Mrs. T. Hester, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Lacy, Miss Mabel Cooke, Mr. Thomas Hennessey, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Sullivan, Miss Sullivan, Miss Frances Daley, Miss Agnes Coughlin, Miss Stack, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lacy, Mr. and Mrs. Fraser, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lacy, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Mahoney, Mr. and Mrs. William Lacy, Miss Annie Sullivan, Miss Molly Fallon, J. J. Brady, Miss Frances Johnson, John Power, Walter Lavagnia, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Lane, Miss Lenehan, Miss Agnes Power, John J. Kane, Francis F. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Maloney, Dr. Leo Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Quirk, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Mahoney, Mr. and Mrs. Crowley, Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Burke, Miss Gertrude Sullivan, Dr. P. F. Butler, Miss M. Cotnoir, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Burke, Mr. and Mrs. John Barry, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Deum, Mr. and Mrs. A. Fitzgerald, Mrs. Fitzgerald, Hon. James A. Gallivan, Mrs. Gallivan, Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. T. Tucker, Miss Sheehan, Murphy, Dr. and Mrs. Howard Dalton, William Mahoney, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Nash, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Leach, Mr. and Mrs. Peter McCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Scannell, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Flynn, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Sullivan, Dr. and Mrs. John T. Prendergast, Miss Mary Jones, Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph

Reunion of St. Joseph T. A. S.

The forty-eighth annual reunion of the members and friends of the St. Joseph Total Abstinence Society of the West End district, held during the week in Copley Hall, proved a delightful event in the calendar of fraternity socials. The ball was preceded by a concert and reception, which was participated in by several hundreds of guests, including the following:

Lieutenant-Governor Walsh, Mayor Fitzgerald, Secretary of State Donahue, Congressman Murray and Carter, Senator McGonagle, Representative Lomasney, Councilor Buckley, Sheriff Quinn, Rev. Lawrence J. Slattery, pastor; Rev. James H. Courtney, Rev. Peter J. McCormack, Rev. Joseph J. Smith, Rev. Walter J. Scott, curates at St. Joseph's Church, Rev. Florence J. Harkins of Lynn, Rev. William J. Casey of Malden, Rev. Maurice J. O'Connor, Rev. Peter J. Walsh of West Waltham, Rev. Edward F. McLeod of St. Stephen's, North End, John R. Lynch, Jr., of St. Joseph's Association, William F. Leeglan, president of the North End Catholic Club, James H. Stannell, Maurice Donovan, Miss Louise H. Horley of Malden, Miss Anna Shea, representing the Archdiocesan Total Abstinence Union, and Edwin Mulready, State probation commissioner.

President William H. Cuddy was assisted by the following committee: Joseph A. Friel, floor director; John I. Fitzgerald, secretary; James B. McKenna, treasurer; George F. Wentworth, William Proudfoot, Patrick F. McKenna, Edward McGrath, William E. Barry, George Doherty, Dennis Callahan, James W. Gargan, J. Frank McCarron.

Honorary Members: James V. Hanlon, Thomas H. Ferris, Robert Ferris, Anthony Gargan, George E. Sutton, William Doherty, James A. Haggerty, Maurice Cronin, John Cowper, Neil Haggerty, Thomas Chittick, Martin A. Hernan, Howard V. Kane, J. F. McCarron.

James McLaughlin, Frank E. Burke, Thomas A. Gargan, James Howley, Daniel Driscoll, John A. Gargan, William Cuddy, Jr., John A. McKenna, Francis J. Henry, Richard Downey, Bert McGraw, Frank Mandello.

Miss Nora Cuddy, Miss Narcissus Butcel, Miss Reta Barry, Miss Irene Roach, Miss Helen L. Connolly, Miss Dorothea Guild, Miss Rose Margolies, Miss May E. Dyer, Miss Mary E. Holland, Miss Annabelle Hughes, Miss Mary V. Boyle.

Miss Gertrude Harkin, Miss Sarah Manning, Miss Katherine Gibbons, Miss Marion Healy, Miss Margaret M. Daly, Miss Mary Haggerty, Miss Anna Corrigan, Miss Rose Doherty, Miss May Corgan.

Miss May Curston, Miss Theresa Zabell, Miss Mary Hargan, Miss Marie Lee, Miss Portia Gargan, Miss Rose Cuddy, Miss Mary A. Dinneman, Miss Mary A. Winnum and Miss Mabel Lyng.

Eight Hundred Guests At Malden Church Reunion.

The annual reunion of Sacred Heart parish of Malden took place in the banquet hall of the Auditorium building, Malden last Wednesday evening. More than 800 couples were present. An entertainment was given, followed by dancing.

On the reception committee were: Miss Margaret Kearns, Miss Eleanor Lynch, Miss Grace Dolan, Miss Elizabeth McDermott, Miss Charlotte Powell, Miss Mary McInnes, Miss Nora Howard, Miss Margaret Lynch, Miss May Collins, Miss Marie Sullivan, Miss Grace Maher, Miss Minnie G. Fortune.

The members of the general committee were:

P. F. J. Carney	J. H. Conroy
J. J. Gallivan	A. P. McManus
A. H. Brazil	John J. Burns
C. H. Brazil	T. F. McMahon
John W. Quinn	J. E. Middleton
M. J. Mulvihill	J. J. Connolly
R. E. Burns	Asa Donnell
Edward M. Guthrie	Dr. R. F. Connolly
David P. Rossiter	John J. Rudolf
Dr. John J. Corbett	John H. Grady
Peter J. Lacey	Edward J. Murphy
Owen G. Palmer	Joseph Smith
Owen G. Palmer	P. H. Desmond
P. H. Cleary	A. H. O'Donnell
A. H. O'Donnell	Thomas H. Doherty
Thomas H. Doherty	M. J. Hurley
Michael J. Hurley	Michael Donnell Twomley
Michael Donnell	John Joseph Shea
Miss Isabella Sagar	Miss Nellie Malone
Mrs. J. J. Powell	Miss Mary Sullivan
Mrs. James Smith	Mrs. G. E. Fellrup
Mrs. F. F. Whalen	Mrs. Thomas Dolan
Mrs. Arthur Feeney	Miss Annie Hyfery
Mrs. William Delaney	Miss Mary E. Hurley
Mrs. Michael Donnell	Miss Mary Sullivan
Mrs. Peter J. McGuire	Miss Katherine Howard
Miss Flora Holland	Miss Agnes Quinn
Miss Nellie Howard	Mrs. D. J. McCarthy
Mrs. E. F. Vanderpoel	Miss William Delaney
Misses Fortune	Miss Anastasia Cody
Miss Mary Burns	

Oranam Council Has Crowded Program for Today.

This afternoon in St. Peter's Hall, Concord avenue, Cambridge, the first and second degrees will be exemplified upon a number of candidates of Oranam Council, Knights of Columbus. The degree staff of Oranam Council will work the first degree, the musical portion being under the direction of John H. Whoriskey, assisted by the council's quartet, John J. Keefe, J. Frank Power, Edward J. Joyce and Will-iam G. Joyce. The second degree will be exemplified by the degree staff of Boston Council under the direction of Joseph F. Rose. This degree staff is one of the best in the order, having Robert Hurley, the well known degree instructor, as chancellor and John Malloy as inquisitor. There will be between sixty and the club colors. The committee has arranged for ample car service to and from the hall to accommodate all who attend.

Arrangements have been completed for the annual ball of the South Boston Catholic Club, to be given at Odd Fellows Hall, next Friday evening. The hall where the evening will be the "Scotch Highland Costume March." The hall will be handsomely decorated with flags and bunting

EVERETT CATHOLIC CLUB PROMISES A LIVELY VAUDEVILLE SHOW

THE annual musical production of the Everett Catholic Club is to be held on the evenings of April 8 and 9, in the Broadway Theatre.

The soloists will include several well-known local entertainers. They will be supported by a chorus of fifty mixed voices. Sketches, dancing skits and tableaux will be prominent features.

Among the numbers on the program is a singing and dancing sketch by Miss Gertrude Maher and Stephen B. O'Brien. Miss Lillian Murray will present a merry skit, assisted by sixteen girls. Frances and Michael McNulty and John McKay will present a fun-making number entitled "The Comedy of the Three Mscs." No efforts have been spared by the end men to collect material for hits on the prominent members of the audience, and a general warning is issued that few will escape. The end men will be Joseph Landrigan, Samuel J. Lombard, Daniel J. Nolan, Joseph J. Holden, Martin J. Dowling, Thomas J. Flynn and Russell Kelly. Joseph P. Kelley will be interlocutor.

The chorus and specialists include:

Gertrude Mary Maher	Florence Anna Cochrane
Mary Agnes Finley	Joseph Landrigan
May Francis Connors	Samuel J. Lombard
Loretta Dumond	Daniel J. Nolan
Lillian Murray	John J. Holden
Gertrude Margaret Connors	Russell Kelly
Theresa Sarage	Warren McGibbon
Grace Sudders	Joseph J. Barry
Lillian Coleman	Joseph P. Kelley
Florence Marie Ellis	Charles E. McGail
Mabel Frances Jordan	Thomas J. Flynn
Jessie Sullivan	John F. Driscoll
Louise McCarthy	Arthur Driscoll
Mary Agnes Cochrane	William McManus
Dorothea Cochrane	Martin J. Dowling
Doris Estella McGinnis	John F. Sullivan
Lillian Ann Dumas	Walter J. Kilbourne
Grace Isabel Jordan	Stephen J. O'Brien
Marion Celina McAuley	Alfred Thomas
Gertrude Sullivan	Joseph Kelly
Rosetta Shabott	Leonard Flaherty
Mary Margaret Ross	Thomas Joseph McNulty
Angelina D'Brien	Michael McNulty
Helen Gertrude Callahan	Louis Scollins
Zeta Agnes Meaney	Francis Dolan
Beatrice Murray	Richard N. McGinnis

The following committee is in charge: Richard N. McGuinness, Joseph F. Landrigan, Walter J. Kilbourn, Arthur L. Peterson, Daniel J. Nolan, Charles P. Halpin, and Ernest J. Hill.

The announcement of the coming production has been received with enthusiasm, and the presentation is pleasurably anticipated in all section of the city.

Cathedral Concert and Ball in Revere Hall Tomorrow

The annual concert and ball of the Cathedral Young Men's Catholic Association will be held tomorrow evening in Paul Revere Hall. Great interest is taken in the event, and it is expected that the former members will take advantage of the opportunity to renew old acquaintances. The Cathedral choir will take part in the concert.

The committee in charge includes Joseph Donoghue, Michael McLaughlin, Daniel Shea, Charles Thrall, Jeremiah Minahan, Joseph Shea, Terence Gordon, Thomas Donovan, John Attridge, Joseph Leonard, Mathew Birmingham, Denis Foley, Joseph Arsenault and Frank Sullivan.

At the seventeenth anniversary banquet of Abraham Lincoln Court, C. O. F., which was held in Gloucester, Thursday evening, the high standing committee was represented by George T. Daly, M. D., and Mrs. Sarah Lundgren, D. H. C. R.

The annual reunion of the Church of the Sacrament, Cambridge, will be held in St. Mary's Hall, Friday evening, April 4. It will be under the direction of the Holy Name Society of the church and will be given for the benefit of the church building fund.

Arrangements have completed by Music Court, No. 6, C. for the annual ball of the society to be held April 11 in the Lawrence Light Guards Armory, this being the only ball of sufficient size to accommodate all of the guests expected to be present on that evening. The following committee has been named. Michael J. O'Connell, chairman; Miss Mary Phelan, secretary; Miss Margaret Phelan, Miss Helen Manley, Miss Julia O'Brien, Miss Mollie Kerrigan, Michael J. Piggot, Ernest W. Crowley, Fred Brown and Thomas Kennedy.

Mrs. Harvey C. Wheeler of Jamaica Plain will be the hostess at a German luncheon to be given on Tuesday afternoon at St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum, Camden street, complimentary to the women who have worked untiringly for the support of the home during the past year. Covers will be laid for 100 guests and an enjoyable afternoon is anticipated. Whist will follow the luncheon.

Forty Nobles In Alhambra Degree Staff

Carwan No. 3, Order of The Alhambra, which is the local branch of this rapidly growing national organization, is preparing for another class initiation with at least sixty neophytes. At a recent degree the work was by a special corps from caravans in New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City. This time the local caravan will have the elaborate and spectacular ritual of this order in its own keeping, and to this end a Grand Commander Frank E. White, at the week's meeting of the grand divan, selected the degree corps which assumes about forty nobles. The work of rehearsal has been begun. The music will be a special feature of the work and will be supplied by the caravan's recently organized orchestra and choir. The degree staff for the year is as follows:

Grand Commander, Walter A. White; Khalif, Henry A. Mulholland; Emir of Cordova, Dr. William H. Greene; Emir of Ez-Zahra, Arthur J. Harty; Emir of Granada, W. J. McAuliffe; Knight Commander, Dr. Harry F. Maclsaac; Sahat of the Doorkeeper, Frank Dowling; High Executioner, Thomas B. Pollard; Bijuk, Thomas McKenna and Edward A. White; Captain of the Bodyguard, Peter S. McNally; Columbus, P. Frank Morgan; Isabella, Louis W. deFuss; Ferdinand, Dr. John A. Flynn; master of ceremonies, George Teegan; assistant, Hugh F. McNally; Sheik, William L. Gleason; Imam, Herbert A. Kenny; Effendi, Charles H. Farrell; Alcalde, John J. Keenan.

Estrap, Thomas A. Keveney and James McKenzie; Knights of Alcantara, William J. Howe and Gilbert J. Allen; Knights of Cordova, Patrick T. Dwyer and William Burns; Knights of Ez-Zahra, J. J. Crowley and James H. Creedon; Knights of Granada, John M. McCarthy and Edward F. Flint; Electrick, Walter J. Burke and Richard A. McGee; Guards of Sultan's Bath, P. W. A. Maxwell and J. J. Murray; Court Jesters, M. W. Pitman, John C. McCoole and Thomas J. Cook; minstrels, Raymond E. Vatter, Albert O. Dion, Harold T. McKenna and Hunter Mitchell; recorders, F. J. B. Hines, Daniel J. Crowley and John L. Fahey; sages, John F. Dever, Alexander C. Chisholm, John H. Gordon, William H. Mannix, George W. Havens, Edward N. Cleary, Captain Thomas C. Evans, James F. Cavanaugh, Edward P. Barry, William J. Kelly, Frederick J. Crosby and John G. Joyce.

Muezzin, John H. Duffy, John T. Somers, James E. Monahan; mufti, John C. C. Harris, James W. Mare, C. J. B. Noden and Francis Connors; Grandees, Rudolph Henn, Charles J. F. O'Brien, John H. L. McManus, William Barrett, J. Collins, John J. Sweeney, Patrick J. Duffy, Redmond J. Fitzgerald, James W. Murphy, M. J. Shea, Moorish Patrol, Lieutenant John F. O'Connell, George A. Hilbert, Frank Kickham, John Hand, Francis Dolan, Michael Fallon, M. T. Sullivan, Michael Hurley, John H. Foran, W. J. Jeffers, T. M. Sullivan, J. P. Collins, H. L. Garten, E. N. Mitchell, W. M. Bronson, J. J. Sullivan, D. H. Twomey, John E. Mahaney, John V. Foley, John M. Gorman, William G. Boynton, Edward W. Drummond, Philip J. Kane, Stewart Joseph H. Keveney and Medical Staff, Dr. P. H. Gahan, Dr. Thomas F. Greene, Dr. Alexander A. Macdonald, Dr. J. Harris Sweeney, Dr. Thomas E. Murphy; Rolin, Peter F., Hanley, James P. Coyle, Robert J. Gray, Jr., Joseph Travis, James A. McGrath, Joseph M. Daly; Sentinel of the Tower, Jeremiah E. Twomey; Sentinel of the Desert, Peter A. Hayes.

Thousand to Dine at Plaza.

State Deputy Louis Watson of the Knights of Columbus and a large committee is planning for the annual State council banquet which this year will take the form of a reception to Cardinal O'Connell.

The banquet will be held at the Copley-Plaza on Saturday evening, April 19. It is expected that 1,000 guests will be present. One of the distinguished out-of-town speakers will be Lieutenant-Governor Marcin H. Glynn of New York.

Frank J. D. Ferguson, chairman of the entertainment committee of the K. of C. national convention committee, and Dennis F. Sheehan, chairman of the ladies' committee, are working hard for the success of the concert to be given in Boston Theatre on Sunday evening, April 13.

Thomas Egan, popular Irish tenor, will take a leading part. It will be the first appearance of this singer in Boston. The following will also share in the program: Mme. Lillian Breton, soprano of the Royal Italian Opera Company of London; Signor Michelangelo Rossini, baritone of the San Carlos Opera, Naples; Mme. Grace Kerler, pianist, and Vincent Panelli, Jr., harpist.

The thirteenth anniversary of Division 19, A. O. H. Ladies' Auxiliary will be held tomorrow evening in Fraternity Hall, Cambridge. Several distinguished guests will be present, including representatives of the State and local divisions, clergymen and men and women prominent in Catholic circles of the city. A concert, banquet and dancing will comprise the program under the direction of Mrs. Mary Stafford, president. She will be assisted by a large committee.

The members of Erin Court, Catholic Order of Foresters, have voted to found a scholarship in Boston College to be known as the "Erin Court Scholarship."

St. John's council, Knights of Columbus, will observe its annual communion morning at the Church of the Sacred Heart, East Cambridge, at the 7:30 mass Sunday, April 13. A breakfast will be served after the mass. At the next meeting of the council there will be a debate on the question, "Would it be for the best interests of St. John's council to amalgamate with some other council?"

Wonderful Treatment For Corns, Callouses and All Sore Feet

Millions of people who endure daily torture from sore feet will be glad of information that there is now a simple treatment that positively and quickly cures these ailments of all kinds. You can say goodbye to corns and callouses,

the feet in this fine foil that rubbing them on dry. Amazing results follow the first application. Soreness stops at once and your feet feel delightful; use it a week and your feet feel just tonicked with the "Step-Ease" glow. Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of Calocida compound in a basin of warm water. Soak feet fifteen minutes, gently

dry and rub callouses and corns with pumice stone. Then apply Calocida Foot Balm. Get a 25-cent package of Calocida compound at any druggist's. If he does not have it in stock he can get it in a few hours from any wholesale house. A twenty-five cent package is said to be enough to put the worst foot in fine condition.

—Advertisement.

UGH! NOT CALOMEL, OIL OR SALTS, BUT DELICIOUS "SYRUP OF FIGS"

Give your stomach, liver and 30 feet of bowels a thorough cleansing without gripe or nausea. Ends headache, billousness, indigestion and constipation.

This wonderful fruit laxative acts as a liver and bowel cleanser—tonic —not as an irritant. Action is natural and gentle—no griping. It is delicious—no unpleasant reading. It is positive and prompt—no waiting.

If your stomach is sour and filled with vile gases, your head aches, or you are billous, nervous, dizzy, half sick, your tongue coated, your thirty feet of bowels clogged with waste not properly carried off—don't wait. Surely take a teaspoonful of delicious Syrup of Figs tonight, and in the morning all constipated waste, sour bile, gases and poisons will move on and out of the system, gently but thoroughly—no griping—no nausea—no weakness. In the old days people let these matters run until they needed a large dose of physic, then they took something severe, like castor oil, salts or cathartics, that meant almost as bad a feeling. Now in the days of the gentle and natural—the days of Syrup of Figs. This way you are not depriving yourself. Syrup of Figs, being composed entirely of luscious figs, senna and aromatics, cannot cause injury.

Ask your druggist for "Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna," and look for the name, California Fig Syrup Company on the label. This is the genuine—old reliable. Any other so-called Fig Syrup is an imitation often meant to deceive you. Refuse such with contempt.

Galway Drama in B. C. Hall April 7

The Irish drama, "The Mayor of Galway," will be presented by the "Father Tom Burke Dramatic Club" at Boston College Hall on Monday evening, April 7, under the auspices of the Central Council of Irish County Clubs. The story of the play is taken from an incident which occurred in the city of Galway in the latter part of the fifteenth century. James Lynch Fitzstephens, the Mayor and also Judge of the city was a man of such inexorable sense of justice that he dealt with his son Walter who has slain in a duel their guest, a Spanish noble, as with a hardened criminal, even placing the noose about his son's neck when the hangmen refused to perform his duty. The King of England having heard of the astounding fidelity of the Mayor, sent a full pardon to the boy. Historically, the pardon came when life was extinct. But this is not so in the play and the pardon arrived in the nick of time, thus dropping the curtain on a happy scene.

Those in the cast include: John Quinn, Miss Mary O'Rouke, Matthew Quinn, Miss Mollie Carroll, Miss Kathleen Quinn, Michael Malley, John Feeney, Joseph Watson, Denis O'Malley, Joseph Walsh, Miss Maura Quinn, Mark Conroy, Joseph Donnelan, Owen Murphy, Miss Mary Conroy, Miss Elizabeth O'Hare, Miss Catherine O'Hare, Miss Josephine Scully, Miss Comadine Hampe, Miss Ernestine Hampe, Miss Harriet Cantere, Miss Elizabeth Vennett. Thomas V. Rooney is dramatic instructor. The music will be in charge of Mrs. Mary Hale.

The two principal social affairs the coming week in Irish club circles will be the third annual May party of the Roscommon Ladies' Association, to be held in Paine Hall on Wednesday evening, and the fourth grand reunion and ball of the County Antrim Association in Catholic Union Hall on Friday evening, April 4.

Both affairs are assured successes as the committees have worked earnestly and the demand for tickets has been very large. At a special meeting held last evening by the Roscommon Ladies' Association, Mrs. R. A. Hughes was elected head of the reception committee.

All arrangements are completed for the reunion of the Antrim Club. Joseph Marshall will be Francis J. McCorry assistant. Miss Miss A. Boyle and Miss A. William McCurry; assistant, Miss Mary McVay. Daniel McDermott, Mrs. Mary Dargrove, Patrick Thomas McCarty, Patrick Ryan and John F. Hanna are members of the reception committee. John Cosgrove is chief of aides, who include: Miss Jessie Hussie, Miss Max Hamill, Richard Martin, James Morgan and Robert Young. The ball committee is as follows: President, Mae A. Burt; James M. Morgan, Francis J. McCorry, John F. Bladen and Miss Mary McVeigh.

All former members of the County Down Club and former residents of Down are requested to communicate with James T. Keaney, No. 4 Logan street, Roxbury. The County Down Association will be reorganized at an early date.

Waterford members will have their annual May party in Paine Hall on May 17.

The Clare Ladies' Association will have an "Apron and Necktie" party in Vernon Hall, No. 1208 Tremont street, on Friday evening, April 4. Miss B. M. Carr is head of the committee.

Mr. James Lenihan, president of the Meath Association, has secured the applications of a number of former residents of the county to form a branch there in Intervolontal Hall, No. 280 Dudley street, next Sunday afternoon.

The Mayo Men's Benevolent Association will meet in Friendship Hall, No. 12 Knox street, next Sunday, at 3 o'clock, to make final arrangements for the anniversary requiem mass for deceased members in the Church of the Sacred Heart, East Cambridge, on Patriots' Day. Joseph M. Thornton will preside.

Invitations have been extended to Governor Foss, Mayor Fitzgerald, Congressman James M. Curley, Councilman Timothy A. Buckley and James J. Storen and the officers of the Central Council and every county club to attend the ball of the Monaghan Club in Berkeley Hall on Thursday evening, April 10.

A handsome sum will be given to the benevolent fund as a result of the Louth Club reunion.

A meeting will be held at 67 Warren street next Wednesday evening to reorganize the Westmeath Club.

Anniversary Banquet of Court Alma Mater

Alma Mater Court, M. C. O. F., will observe its eighteenth anniversary by a banquet in Paul Revere Hall, East Boston, tomorrow evening. Miss Margaret T. Leahy, chief ranger of the court, will preside and will be the historical review of the accomplishments of the court since its institution. Rev. James H. Scully, LL.D., Timothy J. Collins, H. J. C., and Daniel F. Murray, D. H. C. R., will make addresses.

FEEL BULLY! HEAD CLEAR, STOMACH SWEET, BOWELS RIGHT—"CASCARETS"

You men and women who can't get feeling right—who have headache, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath, dizziness, can't sleep, are nervous and upset, bothered with a sick, gassy, disordered stomach and are all worn out.

Are you keeping your bowels clean with Cascarets—or merely dosing yourself every few days with salts, cathartic pills, castor oil and other harsh irritants?

Cascarets immediately cleanse and sweeten the stomach, remove the sour, undigested and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the constipated waste matter and poison from the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will straighten you out by morning—a 10-cent box will keep your head clear, stomach sweet, liver and bowels regular and make you feel cheerful and bully for months. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cleansing, too.

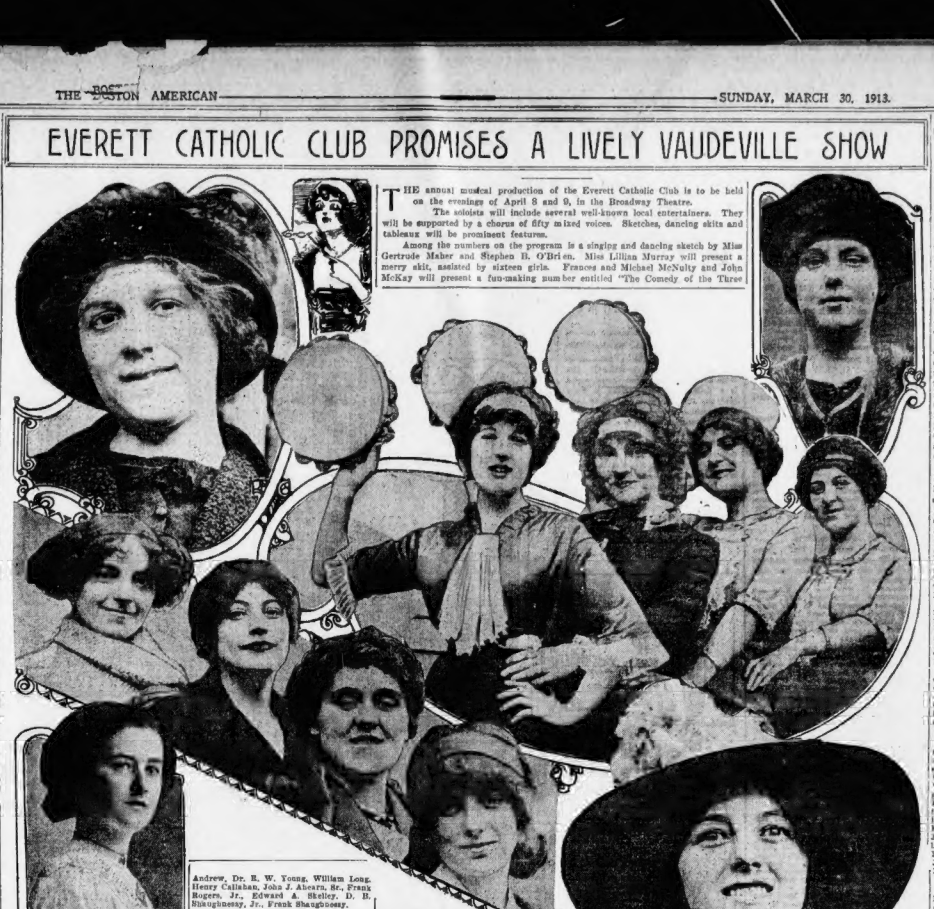
CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

10 CENT BOXES—ANY DRUG STORE

ALSO 25 to 50 CENT BOXES

WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP



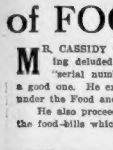
Above, at the left, is Miss Marion McAuley. On the right, at the top, is Miss Belle McGuinness. The tambourine girls, from left to right, are Lilliam A. Dumas, Gertrude Byrnes, Mabel Jordan. The lower row shows, from left to right, Louise McCarthy, Rosetta Silva, Rose Shabott and Helen Hogg. Below, at the left, is Gertrude Maher. At the right, below, is Miss Helen Doyle.

Cassidy Explains "GUARANTEED" Label No Guarantee of FOOD PURITY

MR. CASSIDY today warns New England housewives against being deluded by the fact that a certain food product bears a "serial number" into believing that that product is necessarily a good one. He explains also the meaning of the words, "Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs act."

He also proceeds to tell a little story in connection with one of the food-bills which was introduced, bearing his name.

By HARRY P. CASSIDY.



I HAVE before me a "Notice of Judgment" issued by the Federal Government, recording a conviction secured under the food law. The food in question was "Serial No. 2031."

Every careful housewife in reading the labels on her food products has seen the words, "Serial No. —," accompanied by that other legend, "Guaranteed Under the Food and Drugs Act."

And many and many a housewife, upon seeing these words, has said to herself, "Well, that proves this particular food is all right."

It proves nothing of the kind. The serial number is put in all foods shipped in interstate commerce in labelled packages, and serves simply to identify that particular product. Each serial number is on file with the department at Washington, so that if a label bore no other words than the serial number, the department, by reference to its records, could determine quickly just what that food was and by whom it was manufactured.

Don't Guarantee Wholesomeness.

The words "Guaranteed Under the Food and Drugs Act" are no guarantee of wholesomeness. They are intended, I believe, to serve as a guaranty of purity. But the thousands of prosecutions under the national law were brought in almost every case against some product that was "Guaranteed."

Laudanum is "guaranteed," arsenic is "guaranteed," strychnine is "guaranteed," and each product where prepared by individual companies is apt to bear a serial number also. The serial number identifies the article—the "guarantee" is the manufacturers' statement that the article complies with the law. Many hundreds of cases have showed that the manufacturers lied.

This is dry stuff. Let me tell you about this Notice of Judgment I have before me:

Blumenthal Brothers of Philadelphia, on March 17, 1911, shipped to North Carolina a quantity of "lemon flavoring extract" which was not a lemon flavor at all, but an extract consisting a little oil of lemon and artificially colored. The flavoring was under the coined name of "Tastrite"—just right for Blumenthal Brothers' pocketbook, but hard on the consumer.

The federal authorities seized this product—BLUMENTHAL PLEADED GUILTY, and the court imposed a fine of $1.

Let me repeat that. The firm PLEADED GUILTY TO A GROSS ADULTERATION OF THEIR PRODUCT, AND WERE FINED THE MAGNIFICENT SUM OF ONE DOLLAR.

Gives Them $2,500 Profit.

The adulteration would profit the firm in the neighborhood of $2,500 a year, let us say. They were fined $1 for it. They could afford to be arrested and fined every day of the year, and still make a handsome profit.

But this isn't the whole story.

During my work in Philadelphia, my assistant, Miss Annie Foster, bought, at my directions, some of this lemon flavor. Before the case came to trial Miss Foster, the girl, suddenly died. Therefore it was impossible for me to prosecute the case.

The other day I dined with a local soda water manufacturer—a man who is probably upright and honorable in his intentions always. He referred to this Blumenthal case, and said that Blumenthal had been boasting that he had forced me to drop the case against their firm.

My prosecuting witness died. Blumenthal bragged that he had forced me to drop the case.

All this brings me, in a roundabout fashion, to the local soda water man. I had a long and interesting talk with him. Early in my stay in Boston, I arranged for a number of pure food bills to be presented to the Legislature. One of these would force purity standards on local soda water manufacturers. This bill was assigned for a hearing on March 11.

Put Over for Time.

On that day there were half a dozen other bills up for a hearing also—so many that the last hearing has only just been held upon them. Therefore we decided it was best to drop the comparatively unimportant soda water bill for the present and it was accordingly referred to the next Legislature.

But this soda water man had the idea that the soda water men's association had killed the bill. He proceeded to outline to me what the local soda manufacturers "stand for," or believe should properly be used in soda water.

The list would amaze anyone not familiar with the subject.

Artificial color is almost universally used. You all know the gaudy coloring of the bottles that are hawked through the grandstand at the baseball games, or that you buy across the counter of small grocery and confectionery stores. You suppose perhaps that that particular kind of soda water had that distinctive color. As a matter of fact, a pink water might just as well have been blue or green or yellow. The color is simply the matter of a few drops of a coal tar product, a "certified color," guaranteed to be harmless.

Flavors from Drugs.

Artificial flavor—what crimes are perpetrated in thy name! Strawberry soda water, raspberry soda water, pineapple, many other fruit flavors, are not really made from fruit at all, but from some of the ethyl oils—drugs—with a distinct heart-depressing effect in many cases. Artificial color and artificial flavor are twin cheats.

Saccharin—to which you have been previously introduced. Saccharin is, according to manufacturers, "a crystalline, white substance, made from benzine by a series of chemical reactions, without any more food value than sawdust, but 550 times sweeter than sugar."

Saccharin is not absorbed by the body of the person who eats or drinks any of it, and in quantities exceeding .3 of a gram daily has a harmful effect upon the digestion. It is prescribed by doctors in some cases of illness, but should never be eaten except upon a doctor's orders.

But saccharin alone would give the manufacturer of soda water a handsome profit. The manufacturer quoted above made the statement that "by using saccharin instead of sugar, a soda water manufacturer can save two cents on the bottle."

And many of the local soda water men do use saccharin. I have bought samples, had them tested, and found the saccharin present.

Why Your Soda is Bubbly.

Saponin. I doubt if one out of a hundred who reads this knows what saponin is.

Saponin is a soap bark product, with many of the characteristics of common soap. It is used in soda water to make the foam.

Soda water, you know, is charged with a gas, which makes bubbles form and come to the top when the soda water bottle is opened.

If the soda water were made of real flavors and contained a little honest food instead of being just a mixture of drugs and waters, these bubbles would form and come on top. The soda water made by many Boston manufacturers, however, is so thin and so drugged, that the bubbles burst when they reach the top.

So they put a little saponin—soap—into the stuff. It gives the water a little greasy thickness, and the bubbles do not burst, but form a creamy foam.

The soda water business is one rich in adulterations. There are many manufacturers in Boston and throughout the country who are making an honest product, practically free from the above factors.

Your safety is to buy of the big firms —for as a general rule, the big manufacturer is trying to put out a good product—that's why he is big. The little fellows who hide in alleys and basements and little dingy shops that never knew the touch of a mop—those will bear watching.

Find the Horse Shoe and You Are Lucky. Stick to It and You Are Safe

TRADE H&C MARK REGISTERED

"Horse Shoe Brand"
SAUSAGE
HAMS BACON

We do not use cereal in making a sausage. We do not use preservatives in our sausage and bacon.

The underlying standard of Purity is far higher than that of the State.

HANDSCHUMACHER & CO.
Curers of "Horse Shoe Brand" Hams and Bacon
Wholesale 25 and 27 John St. BOSTON
Retail 44 North St.

Good Housekeeping Bureau of Foods, Sanitation and Health, Washington, D. C.,
Has Endorsed and Rated
White House Pure Ginger Ale
at 100%.
Do you want any better guarantee?
TRY IT! THAT'S ALL!
Standard Bottling & Extract Co.
73 Harvard Street
BOSTON

Reduce Your Cost of Living!

Wan-Eta Cocoa's Absolute Purity has been voiced by the leading food chemists of the country. None better at any price.
Money Back If Not Satisfactory
Massachusetts Chocolate Co.
Boston, Mass.

MRS. WOODROW WILSON CONSIDERS COOKING A FINE ART

HER OWN RECIPES TELL HOW TO MAKE COOKIES THE PRESIDENT LIKES TO EAT

President's Wife, Who Is a Southerner, Understands the Charm of Good Things to Eat; Learned to Cook Early in Life

AN UNUSUAL PHOTOGRAPH OF MRS. WILSON PRESIDING AT THE CHAFING DISH

COPYRIGHT BY STRATHMORE.

WE have all heard a great deal of late about Mrs. Woodrow Wilson's genius as a home-maker and of her charming domesticity. Her fame as a cook has spread abroad, and it is a delight to housekeepers to know that the First Lady in the Land looks upon cooking as an art.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson is a Southerner, and like all who are born and bred below Mason's and Dixon's line, she understands the charm that goes with delicious things to eat. She was the daughter of a clergyman—who believed in feeding the body as well as the soul, and her mother was a famous housekeeper.

In Mrs. Wilson's early years she always had a penchant for the cooky jar that used to stand in the pantry. It was always well filled and many were the different kinds of cookies that it contained, cookies to make the heart of childhood glad, with their subtle aromas and their sugary surfaces and their caraway seeded interiors, some were snappy and crisp, others soft and delicate.

And in turn the three children of Mrs. Wilson learned to love the cooky jar, for, although Mrs. Wilson has lived all of her married life in the North, she brought from the South with her the tempting recipes that made glad her girlhood's days.

To these she has added new and unusual cooky recipes and here they are, a tempting array, all delicious, all alluring to childhood's hungry taste and all well worth preserving.

WALNUT COOKIES.

CREAM one cupful of butter with one and a half cupfuls of sugar, add three beaten eggs. Put two cupfuls of chopped walnut meats into one cupful of flour and add this to the batter. Sift one teaspoonful of baking powder and one and a half cupfuls of flour together and add the last thing. Drop by spoonfuls on buttered tins, dust with granulated sugar and put a whole walnut meat on each. Bake in a moderate oven.

GINGERBREAD NUTS.

PUT one pound of brown sugar, one pound of honey and the grated rind of half a lemon in a saucepan over the fire and let simmer well together. Remove from the fire, add a fourth of a pound of butter, one ounce of ginger, one teaspoonful of soda and two pounds of flour. Roll out thin, cut into rounds and bake about twenty minutes in a slow oven.

HERMIT COOKIES.

CREAM one cupful of sugar with half a cupful of lard or butter; add half a cupful of molasses, one egg, one level teaspoonful of soda dissolved in half a cupful of lukewarm water, one cupful of raisins, one teaspoonful of cloves, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, three cupfuls of flour. Drop in buttered tins, sprinkle with sugar, and bake in a quick oven.

COFFEE NOVELTY COOKIES.

DELICIOUS cookies are made with malted milk and coffee. Mix a cupful and a half of coffee and sugar with half a cupful of butter and two cupfuls of finely ground oatmeal. Dissolve two heaping tablespoonfuls of malted milk in half a cupful of boiling water, and while very hot stir into the butter, sugar and oatmeal mixture. Stir until cool and then add a cupful of whole wheat flour and a teaspoonful of vanilla. Mix thoroughly, flour a board generously, turn the batter on to it and knead it, adding flour until a very tight, moist dough is obtained. Roll into a very thin sheet and cut into small cakes. Let the cakes stand for a few minutes to dry somewhat and then bake in a quick oven. The dough should not be too stiff. Finely chopped peanuts are sometimes added.

HONEY GINGER SNAPS.

ONE pint of honey, three-fourths of a pound of butter and two teaspoonfuls of ginger; boil together for a few minutes. When cool add enough flour —which has been prepared with the usual amount of baking powder—to make a stiff dough. Roll thin and bake quickly.

PEANUT COOKIES.

CREAM together one tablespoonful of shortening, three tablespoonfuls of peanut butter and one and a half cupfuls of sugar. Mix well with two unbeaten eggs and then add three tablespoonfuls of sour milk and one teaspoonful of soda (dissolved). Beat in flour to make the dough just stiff enough to roll. Bake about twenty minutes in a hot oven.

COOKIES WITH HONEY.

HONEY may be of great value in cooking because of the fact that its use will keep cake and cookies moist for many weeks. Bakers know this to be true and always use honey in the products which they desire to keep fresh for a long time. If the cake does become dry, it may be placed in a closed receptacle like a bread jar and will soon regain its freshness. Honey jumbles, one of the favorite products of the bakeshop, may be made at home without difficulty. The recipe calls for two quarts of flour, three tablespoonfuls of melted lard, one-fourth pint of molasses, one pint of strained honey, one and one-half level tablespoonfuls of baking soda, one level teaspoonful of salt, one-half teaspoonful of vanilla extract and one-quarter of a pint of water. Baked in a quick oven, they are delicious.

EMERGENCY COOKIES.

TAKE one pound of sugar, half a cupful of chocolate, four eggs, two ounces of citron, two tablespoonfuls of mace, one teaspoonful of baking powder and flour to make a very soft batter. Bake in pans and cut when nearly cold.

SCOTCH OATMEAL COOKIES.

TAKE three cupfuls of rolled oats, one cupful of flour, one teaspoonful of salt, a quarter of a cupful of soda, two heaping tablespoonfuls of shortening. Mix all dry ingredients, rub in the shortening and add enough cold water to mix like pie crust. Roll out thin, and bake a light brown.

LADY FINGERS.

EIGHT eggs; whip the whites to a firm snow. In the meantime have the whites beaten up with six ounces of powdered sugar. Each of these operations should be performed at least one hour. Then mix all together with six ounces of sifted flour, and when well mixed stir in half a pint of rose or orange water; stir them together for some time.

Have ready some tin plates, rubbed with white wax; take a funnel with three or four tubes, fill it with the paste, and press the cakes out upon the plates, to the size and length of a finger; grate white sugar over each; let them lay until the sugar melts and they shine; then put them in a moderate oven until they have a fine color; when cool, take them from the tins, and lay them together in couples, by the backs. These cakes may be formed with a spoon, on sheets of writing paper. Half this quantity may be made.

ARCTIC COOKIES.

PUT four ounces of butter into a basin, add three ounces of sugar, beat with a wooden spoon until creamy, then drop in one yolk of egg, beating it well in, add four tablespoonfuls of milk, half a teaspoonful of vanilla extract, sift in half a pound of flour and one teaspoonful of baking powder. Knead smooth, then roll out thinly, cut with a cutter, lay on a greased baking tin. Bake in a moderate oven for ten minutes or till yellow. Allow to cool and frost. Stir six ounces of confectioners' sugar into the white of one egg, beat very well with a wooden spoon, then spread on the cookies. Sprinkle chopped cocoanut on the top.

FAVORITE NUT COOKY.

TAKE one cupful of nuts (any kind), one cupful of brown sugar, one tablespoonful of flour, one tablespoonful of butter and one egg. Cream the butter and sugar, add the egg, well beaten, then the flour, and last the nuts. Roll out thin, cut into fancy shapes, and bake in a hot oven on a greased pan.

GINGER SNAPS.

CREAM together one cupful of fine sugar and one cupful of sweet butter. To this add a cupful of molasses in which two teaspoonfuls of soda have been dissolved. Season with a tablespoonful each of ginger and cinnamon. Roll out thin and cut in the desired shapes, in the centre of each place a raisin or a large currant, and bake in a brisk oven.

CONNECTICUT DOUGHNUTS.

ONE pint of scalded milk; when cool add one-half yeast cake dissolved in one-half cupful of water and flour for a smooth batter. Heat well and set aside to rise. When light, add one cupful of sugar beaten with lard the size of an egg, and one egg, a little salt, nutmeg and a pinch of soda dissolved in a tablespoonful of water. Beat the batter hard till well mixed and smooth, then add enough flour to make a soft dough that can be readily handled. Knead well and set in a warm place to rise. When light turn out on a floured board, roll out, cut in small, round shapes, let rise again upon the board then fry in deep, hot lard until a delicate brown. Be careful not to cook too fast, nor cut too large, as they must be well done in the middle. Sugar half the quantity with powdered sugar.

CHOCOLATE DROP COOKIES.

CREAM half a cupful of butter with a cupful of sugar, add one egg and one yoke, three-quarters of a cupful of sweet milk, two cupfuls of flour, a level teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a cupful of raisins, one cupful of chopped walnuts, three squares of unsweetened chocolate, melted in a double boiler, and vanilla. Drop on buttered pans.

OLD-FASHIONED CREAM COOKIES.

ONE-THIRD of a cupful of butter, half a cupful of sugar, two eggs, half a cupful of thin cream, two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one teaspoonful of salt, two teaspoonfuls of yellow ginger and flour to roll. Cream the butter, add the sugar, the eggs and the cream. Sift thoroughly the flour, the baking powder, the salt and the ginger, and chill. Roll on a floured board as thin as possible, using a small part of the dough at a time. Cut into shapes and bake in a moderate oven.

ZIMMERMANN
New York Philadelphia
All goods manufactured under Government Inspection
We guarantee our goods to be Absolutely Pure . . . . .
M. Zimmerman Co.
125-127 Fulton St., Boston
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer of the Celebrated
Frankfurters, Bologna, Smoked and Corned Meats
TELEPHONE CONNECTION
FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DELICATESSEN AND PROVISION STORES

These make quick, one-cross bun or gravy package
GLUTEN FLOUR DIET FOR DIABETICS
Kidney and Liver Troubles, Rheumatism, Obesity and all ailing from excessive Uric Acid
Rich in Protein. Ask your Physician. Leading grocers
FARWELL & RHINES, Watertown, N.Y., U.S.A.

Eight CHEFS Prepare a Dinner That's PERFECT

Eight of the greatest food experts in England got up what they called a "perfect dinner." Then they and the members of the Universal Cookery and Food Association ate it at Prince's restaurant in London.

Here is the dinner:

Delicatesses Finlandaises.
Poule au pot Henri IV.
Creme Lamballe.
Supreme de Sole Margarery.
Riz de Veau a la Banquiere.
Selle de Behague persiles.
Pommes nouvelles sablees.
Haricots verts au beurre.
Poulardine en casserole chez soi.
Salade.
Fonds d'artichaut Florentine.
Parfait au chocolat praline.
Gourmandises.
Croutes a l'Ecossaise.
Dessert.

The Chefs Who Did It.

The men responsible for this dinner were:

H. Cedard, chef to King George V. of England.

J. Menager, who was chef to King Edward VII.

A. F. Feltham, who was chef to Queen Victoria.

Isidor Salmon.

C. Herman Senn, secretary of the Universal Cookery and Food Association.

J. Lindsey, chef of the Carlton Hotel.

V. Scherpereel, chef of the Piccadilly Hotel.

A. Judah, chef of the Cafe Royal.

Delicatesses Finlandaises are a hors d'oeuvre consisting of little fishes found only in the cold waters of the Baltic and the northern parts of the North Sea.

Poule au pot Henri IV. is a soup made like the familiar potiza varnishe of our menus only having stuffed chickens in it, the meat of which is served floating in the clear soup.

Green Peas and Vermicelli.

Creme Lamballe is a cream of green peas with vermicelli in it.

Supreme de Sole Margoery is a filet of sole with a sauce made of wine, mussels and shrimps. A dish called sole often appears on the bills of fare of American restaurants, but it is very rarely sole. It is almost always flounder. For the sole does not swim in our waters and the only way an American chef can get sole is from the ice box of an Atlantic liner that has just arrived from Europe, and then it is at least a week old. Sole is a far daintier fish than flounder and it must be eaten very fresh to be any good.

Riz de Veau a la Banquiere is a dish of sweetbreads.

Selle de Behague persille is saddle of mutton from the forest of Behague in France, which is famous for the superfine quality of its sheep. It is braised and sprinkled with chopped parsley before being roasted.

Pommes nouvelles sablees are new potatoes roasted.

Poularidine en casserole chez soi is a young pullet cooked in a casserole with bacon, potatoes and other vegetables. Every cook would blend the vegetables differently.

Fonds d'artichaut Florentine are the hearts of artichokes pinced upon a bed of spinach, sprinkled with grated cheese and browned.

Parfait au chocolat praline is like the familiar chocolate sundae with almonds in it.

Gourmandises are small cakes and sweet fancy biscuits.

Croutes a l'Ecossaise are slices of toast spread with anchovy or lobster paste. Such dishes as this, called savories, are often served in England between the iced dessert and the nuts, but here in America it is more usual to serve cheese, which answers the same purpose.

The dessert is, of course, fruit.

GINGER ALE

Pure as childhood and sweet—spicy—pungent to the taste. No wonder children like it! And you can give it to them—freely, as well as to the adults of the family. Analysis has proven its Purity.

OLD GRIST MILL HEALTH BREAD FLOUR
The Bread Made from this Flour Contains More Nutriment
Ask your baker for the Old Grist Mill Health Bread and look for entire loaf wrapped with the
OLD GRIST MILL WRAPPER.
BREAD from the BAKER. FLOUR from the GROCER.

THE AMERICAN does not desire on its Pure Food Page the advertisement of any product which does not conform to the highest standard of purity. No one is authorized to solicit advertising for the Pure Food Page on any other basis.